

Competitive Programming Team Notebook

BUBT_ModZero

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/*****BUBT_ModZero*****/
/*****Team Notebook*****/
/*****String*****/
/*****Hashing*****/
// Double Hashing
// 1. Modular Exponentiation Needed
// 2. Init must be call and set the maximum length of the string
// 3. If sub string hash required then Compute hash have to call
// 4. If prefix and suffix hash required ComputePreAndSufHash have to call
struct ModularExponentiation {
    template <typename T> T Pow(T b, T p) {
        T res = 1;
        while (p > 0) {
            if (p % 2 == 1) res = res * b;
            b = b * b;
            p /= 2;
        }
        return res;
    }
    template <typename T> T Mod(T a, T m) {
        return ((a % m) + m) % m;
    }
    template <typename T> T BigMod(T b, T p, T m) {
        T res = 1;
        if (b > m) b %= m;
        while (p) {
            if (p % 2 == 1) res = res * b % m;
            b = b * b % m;
            p /= 2;
        }
        return res;
    }
    template <typename T> T ModInv(T b,T m) {
        return BigMod(b , m - 2 , m);
    }
};

struct DoubleHashing {
    long long base[2] = {1949313259, 1997293877};
    long long mod[2] = {2091573227, 2117566807};
    vector <long long> pow[2] , inv[2];
    vector <long long> prehash[2] , sufhash[2];
    int maxN , flag = 0 , len;
    void Init(int n) {
        maxN = n + 2;
        for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
            pow[i].resize(maxN);
            inv[i].resize(maxN);
        }
        Generate();
    }
    void Generate() {
        ModularExponentiation Ex;
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
            pow[j][0] = 1;
            inv[j][0] = 1;
            long long minv = Ex.ModInv(base[j] ,mod[j]);
            for (int i = 1; i < maxN; i++) {
                pow[j][i] = pow[j][i - 1] * base[j] % mod[j];
                inv[j][i] = inv[j][i - 1] * minv % mod[j];
            }
        }
    }
};

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}
long long GetHash(string &s) {
    long long hash_val[2] = {0, 0};
    int n = s.size();
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            hash_val[j] = (hash_val[j] + s[i] * pow[j][i]) % mod[j];
        }
    }
    return (hash_val[0] << 32LL) | hash_val[1];
}

void ComputeHash(string &s) {
    flag = 1;
    len = s.size();
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) prehash[j].resize(maxN);
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) prehash[j][0] = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
            prehash[j][i + 1] = (prehash[j][i] + pow[j][i] * s[i]) % mod[j];
        }
    }
}

long long GetSubstrHash(int l, int r) {
    if (!flag) { cout << "ComputeHash\n"; return -1; }
    long long hash_val[2];
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
        hash_val[j] = (prehash[j][r + 1] - prehash[j][l]) * inv[j][1] % mod[j];
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) if (hash_val[j] < 0) hash_val[j] += mod[j];
    return (hash_val[0] << 32) | hash_val[1];
}

void ComputePreAndSufHash(string &s) {
    flag = 1;
    len = s.size();
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
        prehash[j].resize(maxN);
        sufhash[j].resize(maxN);
    }
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) prehash[j][0] = sufhash[j][0] = 0;
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) {
        for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
            prehash[j][i + 1] = (prehash[j][i] + pow[j][i] * s[i]) % mod[j];
            sufhash[j][i + 1] = (sufhash[j][i] + pow[j][len - i + 1] * s[i]) % mod[j];
        }
    }
}

long long GetPrefixHash(int l, int r) {
    return GetSubstrHash(l, r);
}

long long GetSuffixHash(int l, int r) {
    if (!flag) { cout << "ComputePreAndSufHash\n"; return -1; }
    long long hash_val[2];
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
        hash_val[j] = (sufhash[j][r + 1] - sufhash[j][l]) * inv[j][len - r + 1] % mod[j];
    for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++) if (hash_val[j] < 0) hash_val[j] += mod[j];
    return (hash_val[0] << 32) | hash_val[1];
}

bool IsPalindrome(int l, int r) {
    return (GetPrefixHash(l, r) == GetSuffixHash(l, r));
}

vector<int> RabinKarp(string &txt, string &ptrn) {
    ComputeHash(txt);

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        long long ptrn_hash = GetHash(ptrn);
        vector<int> occurences;
        int txtlen = txt.size();
        int ptrnlen = ptrn.size();
        for (int i = 0; i < txtlen - ptrnlen + 1; i++) {
            long long cur_hash = GetSubstrHash(i , ((i + ptrnlen) - 1));
            // pattern match...
            if (cur_hash == ptrn_hash)
                occurences.emplace_back(i + 1);
        }
        return occurences;
    }
} ;
/*****
/*****KMP*****/
// Building Prefix array
vector<int> BuildPrefixArray(string pattern) {
    vector<int> pfix(pattern.length()) ;
    pfix[0] = 0 ;
    for(int i = 1 ,j = 0 ; i < pattern.length() ; ) {
        if(pattern[i] == pattern[j])
            pfix[i++] = ++j ;
        else {
            if(j == 0) pfix[i++] = 0 ;
            else j = pfix[j - 1] ;
        }
    }
    return pfix ;
}
int Kmp(string text , string pattern) {
    vector<int> pfix = BuildPrefixArray(pattern) ;
    int cnt = 0 ;
    for(int i = 0 , j = 0 ; i < (int)text.length() && j < (int)pattern.length() ; ) {
        if(text[i] == pattern[j]) {
            i++ ;
            j++ ;
        }
        else {
            if(j == 0) i++ ;
            else j = pfix[j - 1] ;
        }
        if(j == (int)pattern.length()) {
            cnt++ ; // Number of occurances..
            j = pfix[j - 1] ;
        }
    }
    return cnt ;
}
/*****
/*****Suffix Array*****/
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

template<typename T, bool maximum_mode = false>
struct RMQ {
    int n = 0;
    vector<vector<T>> sptab;
    static int Largest_Bit(int x) {
        return 31 - __builtin_clz(x);
    }
    static T Better(T a, T b) {

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        return maximum_mode? max(a , b): min(a, b);
    }
    void Build(const vector<T> &values) {
        n = int(values.size());
        int levels = Largest_Bit(n) + 1;
        sptab.resize(levels);
        for (int k = 0; k < levels; k++) sptab[k].resize(n - (1 << k) + 1);
        if (n > 0) sptab[0] = values;
        for (int k = 1; k < levels; k++) {
            for (int i = 0; i <= n - (1 << k); i++) {
                sptab[k][i] = Better(sptab[k - 1][i], sptab[k - 1][i + (1 << (k - 1))]);
            }
        }
    }
    int query_value(int a, int b) const { // Complexity : O(1)
        assert(0 <= a && a < b && b <= n);
        int level = Largest_Bit(b - a);
        return Better(sptab[level][a], sptab[level][b - (1 << level)]);
    }
};
RMQ<int>rmq;
// Complexity O(N * LogN) [radix_sort used]
struct SuffixArray{
    string s;
    int n;
    vector <int> sar , lcp, rank; // suffix array, lcp , rank
    SuffixArray() {}
    SuffixArray(string _s) {
        Init(_s);
    }
    void Init(string _s) {
        s = _s;
        s += "$";
        n = s.size();
        sar.resize(n);
        rank.resize(n);
        lcp.resize(n);
        BuildSuffixArray();
        BuildLCPCArray();
        rmq.Build(lcp);
    }
    void BuildSuffixArray() {
        vector <pair<char,int>> a(n);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] = {s[i] , i};
        sort(a.begin() , a.end());
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) sar[i] = a[i].second;
        rank[sar[0]] = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
            rank[sar[i]] = rank[sar[i - 1]];
            if (a[i].first != a[i - 1].first) rank[sar[i]]++;
        }
        for (int k = 0; (1 << k) < n; k++) {
            vector <pair<pair<int , int>, int>> a(n);
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) a[i] = {{rank[i] , rank[(i + (1 << k)) % n]} , i};
            Radix_Sort(a);
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) sar[i] = a[i].second;
            rank[sar[0]] = 0;
            for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                rank[sar[i]] = rank[sar[i - 1]];
                if (a[i].first != a[i - 1].first) rank[sar[i]]++;
            }
        }
    }
};

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    }
}
void Radix_Sort(vector <pair<pair<int , int>, int>> &a) {
    vector <int> cnt(n, 0) , pos(n);
    vector <pair<pair<int , int> , int>> a_new(n);
    for (auto it: a) cnt[it.first.second]++;
    pos[0] = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) pos[i] = pos[i - 1] + cnt[i - 1];
    for (auto it : a) {
        int i = it.first.second;
        a_new[pos[i]] = it;
        pos[i]++;
    }
    a.swap(a_new);
    cnt.assign(n , 0);
    for (auto it: a) cnt[it.first.first]++;
    pos[0] = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) pos[i] = pos[i - 1] + cnt[i - 1];
    for (auto it : a) {
        int i = it.first.first;
        a_new[pos[i]] = it;
        pos[i]++;
    }
    a.swap(a_new);
}
// algorithm of Kasai, Arimura, Arikawa, Lee and Park.
// Complexity O(n)
void BuildLCPArray() {
    int k = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        int pi = rank[i];
        int j = sar[pi - 1];
        while (s[i + k] == s[j + k]) k++;
        lcp[pi] = k;
        k = max(k - 1, 0);
    }
}
int get_lcp_from_ranks(int a, int b) const {
    if (a == b) return n - sar[a];
    if (a > b) swap(a, b);
    return rmq.query_value(a + 1, b + 1);
}
int get_lcp(int a, int b) const {
    if (a >= n || b >= n) return 0;
    if (a == b) return n - a;
    return get_lcp_from_ranks(rank[a], rank[b]);
}
// Compares the substrings starting at `a` and `b` up to `length` in O(1).
int compare(int a, int b, int length = -1) const {
    if (length < 0) length = n;
    if (a == b) return 0;
    int common = get_lcp(a, b);
    if (common >= length) return 0;
    if (a + common >= n || b + common >= n) {
        return a + common >= n ? -1 : 1;
    }
    return s[a + common] < s[b + common] ? -1 : (s[a + common] == s[b + common] ? 0 : 1);
}
void ShowSuffixArray() {
    cout << "Rank LCP    SA    Suffixes\n";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

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        cout << rank[i] << " " << lcp[i] << " " << sar[i] << " " <<
s.substr(sar[i] , n - sar[i]) << "\n";
    }
}
// Extends Templates(Queries)...
// Binary search Complexity O(logN)
long long NumOfUniqueSubStr() {
    long long sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < lcp.size(); i++) sum += lcp[i];

    long long sz = ((n - 1) * n) / 2;
    return sz - sum;
}
bool IsSubstr(string &t) {
    if ((int)t.size() > (int)s.size()) return false;
    int low = Lower_Bound(t);
    if (s.substr(sar[low] , min(int(t.size()) , n)) == t) return true;
    return false;
}
int Lower_Bound(string &t) {
    int low = 0 , high = n , tlen = t.size();
    while (low < high) {
        int mid = (low + high) >> 1;
        if (s.compare(sar[mid], tlen, t) < 0)
            low = mid + 1;
        else
            high = mid;
    }
    return low;
}
int Upper_Bound(string &t) {
    int low = 0 , high = n , tlen = t.size();
    while (low < high) {
        int mid = (low + high) >> 1;
        if (s.compare(sar[mid], tlen, t) <= 0)
            low = mid + 1;
        else
            high = mid;
    }
    return low;
}
int SubstrOccurences(string &t) {
    int low = Lower_Bound(t) , up = Upper_Bound(t);
    if (low == up || s.substr(sar[low] , min(int(t.size()) , n)) != t) return 0;
    return (up - low);
}
string LCS(string &a, string &b) {
    int alen = a.size();
    Init(a + "&" + b);
    int tot = sar.size();
    bool color[tot];
    for (int i = 0; i < tot; i++) {
        if (sar[i] < alen) color[i] = 1;
        else color[i] = 0;
    }
    int mx = -1 , mxid = -1;
    for (int i = 1; i < tot; i++) {
        if (color[i] != color[i - 1] && mx < lcp[i]) {
            mx = lcp[i];
            mxid = sar[i];
        }
    }
}

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    }
    if (mxid != -1) return s.substr(mxid , mx);
    return "";
}
};
/*****
/*****Trie*****/
struct node{
    bool endmark ;
    node *next[27] ;
    node() {
        endmark = false ;
        for(int i = 0 ; i < 26 ; i++)
            next[i] = NULL ;
    }
};
node *root = new node() ;
void Insert(string str , int len) {
    node *curr = root ;
    for(int i = 0 ; i < len ; i++ ) {
        int id = str[i] - 'a' ;
        if(curr->next[id] == NULL)
            curr->next[id] = new node() ;
        curr = curr->next[id] ;
    }
    curr->endmark = true ;
}
bool Search(string str , int len) {
    node *curr = root ;
    for(int i = 0 ; i < len ; i++) {
        int id = str[i] - 'a' ;
        if(curr->next[id] == NULL)
            return false ;
        curr = curr->next[id] ;
    }
    return curr->endmark ;
}
void ClearMemory(node *cur) {
    for(int i = 0 ; i < 26 ; i++)
        if(cur->next[i])
            ClearMemory(cur->next[i]) ;
    delete(cur) ;
}
/*****
/*****Data Structure*****/
/*****Segment tree*****/
/*
    1. constructor
    2. init
    3. build
    4. take care of INF9 and INF18
*/
#define INF9          2147483647
#define INF18         9223372036854775806
template <typename T> struct SegmentTree {
    vector <T> seg;
    vector <T> lazy;
    vector <T> ar;
    int type , up;
    SegmentTree() {
        type = 0;

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        up = 0;
    }
    SegmentTree(int tp , int u) {
        type = tp;
        up = u;
    }
    void Init(int N) {
        seg.assign(N << 2, 0);
        lazy.assign(N << 2 , 0);
    }
    void Init(vector <T> &s) {
        Init(s.size() + 1);
        ar = s;
    }
    void PushDown(int cur , int left , int right) {
        if (type == 0) {
            if (up == 1) seg[cur] += (right - left + 1) * lazy[cur];
            else seg[cur] = (right - left + 1) * lazy[cur];
        } else {
            if (up == 1) seg[cur] += lazy[cur];
            else seg[cur] = lazy[cur];
        }
        if (left != right) {
            if (up == 1) {
                lazy[cur << 1] += lazy[cur];
                lazy[cur << 1 | 1] += lazy[cur];
            } else {
                lazy[cur << 1] = lazy[cur];
                lazy[cur << 1 | 1] = lazy[cur];
            }
        }
        lazy[cur] = 0;
    }
    T Merge(T x , T y) {
        if (type == 0) return x + y;
        if (type == 1) return max(x , y);
        if (type == 2) return min(x , y);
    }
    void Build(int cur , int left , int right) {
        lazy[cur] = 0;
        if (left == right) {
            seg[cur] = ar[left];
            return;
        }
        int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
        Build(cur << 1 , left , mid);
        Build(cur << 1 | 1 , mid + 1 , right);
        seg[cur] = Merge(seg[cur << 1] , seg[cur << 1 | 1]);
    }
    void Update(int cur , int left , int right , int pos , T val) {
        Update(cur , left , right , pos , pos , val);
    }
    void Update(int cur , int left , int right , int l , int r , T val) {
        if (lazy[cur] != 0) PushDown(cur , left , right);
        if (l > right || r < left) return;
        if (left >= l && right <= r) {
            if (up == 0) lazy[cur] = val;
            else lazy[cur] += val;
            PushDown(cur , left , right);
            return ;
        }
    }

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        int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
        Update(cur << 1 , left , mid , l , r , val);
        Update(cur << 1 | 1 , mid + 1 , right , l , r , val);
        seg[cur] = Merge(seg[cur << 1] , seg[cur << 1 | 1]);
    }
    T Query(int cur , int left , int right , int l , int r) {
        if (l > right || r < left) {
            if (type == 0) return 0;
            if (type == 1) return -INF18;
            if (type == 2) return INF18;
        }
        if (lazy[cur] != 0) PushDown(cur , left , right);
        if (left >= l && right <= r) return seg[cur];
        int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
        T p1 = Query(cur << 1 , left , mid , l , r);
        T p2 = Query(cur << 1 | 1 , mid + 1 , right , l , r);
        return Merge(p1 , p2);
    }
};
//for sum = 0, max = 1, min = 2, for assignment update send 0 or 1 for increment.
SegmentTree <long long> tr(0 , 0);

/*****2D Segment tree*****/
const int mxN = 1e3;
int a[mxN + 1][mxN + 1];
int t[mxN << 2][mxN << 2];
int m;
void build_y(int vx, int lx, int rx, int vy, int ly, int ry) {
    if (ly == ry) {
        if (lx == rx)
            t[vx][vy] = a[lx][ly];
        else
            t[vx][vy] = t[vx*2][vy] + t[vx*2+1][vy];
    } else {
        int my = (ly + ry) / 2;
        build_y(vx, lx, rx, vy*2, ly, my);
        build_y(vx, lx, rx, vy*2+1, my+1, ry);
        t[vx][vy] = t[vx][vy*2] + t[vx][vy*2+1];
    }
}
void build_x(int vx, int lx, int rx) {
    if (lx != rx) {
        int mx = (lx + rx) / 2;
        build_x(vx*2, lx, mx);
        build_x(vx*2+1, mx+1, rx);
    }
    build_y(vx, lx, rx, 1, 0, m-1);
}
int sum_y(int vx, int vy, int tly, int try_, int ly, int ry) {
    if (ly > ry)
        return 0;
    if (ly == tly && try_ == ry)
        return t[vx][vy];
    int tmy = (tly + try_) / 2;
    return sum_y(vx, vy*2, tly, tmy, ly, min(ry, tmy))
        + sum_y(vx, vy*2+1, tmy+1, try_, max(ly, tmy+1), ry);
}
int sum_x(int vx, int tlx, int trx, int lx, int rx, int ly, int ry) {
    if (lx > rx)
        return 0;
    if (lx == tlx && trx == rx)

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        return sum_y(vx, 1, 0, m-1, ly, ry);
    int tmx = (tlx + trx) / 2;
    return sum_x(vx*2, tlx, tmx, lx, min(rx, tmx), ly, ry)
        + sum_x(vx*2+1, tmx+1, trx, max(lx, tmx+1), rx, ly, ry);
}

void update_y(int vx, int lx, int rx, int vy, int ly, int ry, int x, int y, int new_val) {
    if (ly == ry) {
        if (lx == rx)
            t[vx][vy] ^= 1;
        else
            t[vx][vy] = t[vx*2][vy] + t[vx*2+1][vy];
    } else {
        int my = (ly + ry) / 2;
        if (y <= my)
            update_y(vx, lx, rx, vy*2, ly, my, x, y, new_val);
        else
            update_y(vx, lx, rx, vy*2+1, my+1, ry, x, y, new_val);
        t[vx][vy] = t[vx][vy*2] + t[vx][vy*2+1];
    }
}

void update_x(int vx, int lx, int rx, int x, int y, int new_val) {
    if (lx != rx) {
        int mx = (lx + rx) / 2;
        if (x <= mx)
            update_x(vx*2, lx, mx, x, y, new_val);
        else
            update_x(vx*2+1, mx+1, rx, x, y, new_val);
    }
    update_y(vx, lx, rx, 1, 0, m-1, x, y, new_val);
}

int main() {
    ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);
    cin.tie(0);
    cout.tie(0);

    int n, q; cin >> n >> q;
    m = n;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            char ch; cin >> ch;
            a[i][j] = (ch == '*')? 1 : 0;
        }
    }
    build_x(1, 0, m - 1);
    while (q--) {
        int typ; cin >> typ;
        if (typ == 2) {
            int y1, x1, y2, x2;
            cin >> y1 >> x1 >> y2 >> x2;
            y1--, x1--, y2--, x2--;
            cout << sum_x(1, 0, m - 1, y1, y2, x1, x2) << '\n';
        } else {
            int y, x; cin >> y >> x;
            y--, x--;
            update_x(1, 0, m - 1, y, x, 1);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

/*****
/*****Disjoint Set Union Find*****/

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// 1. assign max size with constructor
// 2. each test case call makeset
struct DSU {
    vector <int> parent;
    vector <int> siz;
    DSU(int mxN) {
        mxN <= 1;
        parent.resize(mxN + 1);
        siz.resize(mxN + 1);
    }
    void Makeset(int n) {
        for (int i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++) {
            parent[i] = n + i;
            parent[n + i] = n + i;
            siz[n + i] = 1;
        }
    }
    int Find(int u) {
        if (parent[u] == u) return u ;
        return parent[u] = Find(parent[u]) ;
    }
    void Union(int u , int v) {
        u = Find(u);
        v = Find(v);
        if (u != v) {
            if (siz[u] < siz[v]) swap(u , v);
            parent[v] = u;
            siz[u] += siz[v];
        }
    }
    bool SameSet(int u , int v) {
        return (Find(u) == Find(v)) ;
    }
    void MoveUtoSetV(int u , int v) {
        if (SameSet(u , v)) return;
        int x = Find(u);
        int y = Find(v);
        siz[x]--;
        siz[y]++;
        parent[u] = y;
    }
    int Size(int u) {
        return siz[Find(u)];
    }
};
/*****
/*****HeavyLightDecomposition*****/
/* 1. All nodes are number from 0 to n - 1 */
/* 2. Assign the graph by Init(graph) or simply Init(total nodes) and
    call AddEdge(u , v) for all the edges */
/* 3. Must be Take the node value from input directly or use the
    TakeNodeVal(nodeval) to assigning the node value */
/* 4. Call Build() to construct hld and segment tree */
/* 5. simply use the path query by query(u , v) and update(pos , val)
/*
/* 6. use optimized segment tree sometimes it cz TLE
/*****Segment tree*****/
/*
1. constructor
2. init
3. build

```

4. take care of INF9 and INF18

```
*/
#define INF9          2147483647
#define INF18         9223372036854775806
template <typename T> struct SegmentTree {
    vector <T> seg;
    vector <T> lazy;
    vector <T> ar;
    int type , up;
    SegmentTree() {
        type = 0;
        up = 0;
    }
    SegmentTree(int tp , int u) {
        type = tp;
        up = u;
    }
    void Init(int N) {
        seg.assign(N << 2, 0);
        lazy.assign(N << 2 , 0);
    }
    void Init(vector <T> &s) {
        Init(s.size() + 1);
        ar = s;
    }
    void PushDown(int cur , int left , int right) {
        if (type == 0) {
            if (up == 1) seg[cur] += (right - left + 1) * lazy[cur];
            else seg[cur] = (right - left + 1) * lazy[cur];
        } else {
            if (up == 1) seg[cur] += lazy[cur];
            else seg[cur] = lazy[cur];
        }
        if (left != right) {
            if (up == 1) {
                lazy[cur << 1] += lazy[cur];
                lazy[cur << 1 | 1] += lazy[cur];
            } else {
                lazy[cur << 1] = lazy[cur];
                lazy[cur << 1 | 1] = lazy[cur];
            }
        }
        lazy[cur] = 0;
    }
    T Merge(T x , T y) {
        if (type == 0) return x + y;
        if (type == 1) return max(x , y);
        if (type == 2) return min(x , y);
    }
    void Build(int cur , int left , int right) {
        lazy[cur] = 0;
        if (left == right) {
            seg[cur] = ar[left];
            return;
        }
        int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
        Build(cur << 1 , left , mid);
        Build(cur << 1 | 1 , mid + 1 , right);
        seg[cur] = Merge(seg[cur << 1] , seg[cur << 1 | 1]);
    }
    void Update(int cur , int left , int right , int pos , T val) {
```

```

    Update(cur , left , right , pos , pos , val);
}
void Update(int cur , int left , int right , int l , int r , T val) {
    if (lazy[cur] != 0) PushDown(cur , left , right);
    if (l > right || r < left) return;
    if (left >= l && right <= r) {
        if (up == 0) lazy[cur] = val;
        else lazy[cur] += val;
        PushDown(cur , left , right);
        return ;
    }
    int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
    Update(cur << 1 , left , mid , l , r , val);
    Update(cur << 1 | 1 , mid + 1 , right , l , r , val);
    seg[cur] = Merge(seg[cur << 1] , seg[cur << 1 | 1]);
}
T Query(int cur , int left , int right , int l , int r) {
    if (l > right || r < left) {
        if (type == 0) return 0;
        if (type == 1) return -INF18;
        if (type == 2) return INF18;
    }
    if (lazy[cur] != 0) PushDown(cur , left , right);
    if (left >= l && right <= r) return seg[cur];
    int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
    T p1 = Query(cur << 1 , left , mid , l , r);
    T p2 = Query(cur << 1 | 1 , mid + 1 , right , l , r);
    return Merge(p1 , p2);
}
};
//for sum = 0, max = 1, min = 2, for assignment update send 0 or 1 for increment.
SegmentTree <long long> T(0 , 0);
struct HeavyLightDecompose {
    vector <vector <int> > g ; // graph
    vector <long long> node_val;
    int N , root = 0;
    vector <int> depth , parent , sub;
    // HLD staffs
    int chain_no, indx;
    vector <int> chain_head , chain_ind;
    vector <int> node_serial , serial_node;
    vector <long long> segarr; // tree on linear format
    void Init(int n) {
        N = n;
        g.assign(N , {});
        node_val.clear();
        segarr.resize(N);
        depth.resize(N);
        parent.resize(N);
        sub.resize(N);
        chain_head.assign(N, -1);
        chain_ind.resize(N);
        node_serial.resize(N);
        serial_node.resize(N);
        return;
    }
    void Init(const vector <vector<int>> &_g) {
        Init(_g.size());
        g = _g;
        return;
    }
}

```

```

void AddEdge(int u , int v) {
    g[u].push_back(v) ;
    g[v].push_back(u) ;
    return;
}
void TakeNodeVal(const vector <long long> &_node_val) {
    node_val = _node_val;
}
void Build() {
    Dfs(root);
    chain_no = 0, indx = 0;
    HLD(0);
    T.Init(segarr);
    T.Build(1 , 0 , N - 1);
}
void Dfs(int u, int par = -1) {
    sub[u] = 1;
    if (par == -1) {
        depth[u] = 0;
        parent[u] = -1;
    }
    for (int v : g[u]) {
        if (v == par) continue;
        parent[v] = u;
        depth[v] = depth[u] + 1;
        Dfs(v , u);
        sub[u] += sub[v];
    }
    return;
}
void HLD(int u , int par = -1) {
    if (chain_head[chain_no] == -1) chain_head[chain_no] = u;
    chain_ind[u] = chain_no;
    node_serial[u] = indx;
    serial_node[indx] = u;
    segarr[indx] = node_val[u]; // tree flatting..
    indx++;
    int heavychild = -1 , heavysize = 0;
    for (int v : g[u]) {
        if (v == par) continue;
        if (sub[v] > heavysize) {
            heavysize = sub[v];
            heavychild = v;
        }
    }
    if (heavychild != -1) HLD(heavychild , u);
    for (int v : g[u]) {
        if (v != par && v != heavychild) {
            chain_no++;
            HLD(v , u);
        }
    }
    return;
}
void Update(int p , int val) {
    T.Update(1 , 0 , N - 1, node_serial[p] , val);
    node_val[p] = val;
}
long long Query(int u , int v) {
    long long ans = 0;

```

```

        for ( ; chain_ind[u] != chain_ind[v] ; v = parent[chain_head[chain_ind[v]]]) {
            if (depth[chain_head[chain_ind[u]]] > depth[chain_head[chain_ind[v]]])
                swap( u , v );
            ans += T.Query(1 , 0 , N - 1 , node_serial[chain_head[chain_ind[v]]] ,
node_serial[v]);
        }
        if (depth[u] > depth[v])
            swap(u , v);
        ans += T.Query(1 , 0 , N - 1 , node_serial[u] , node_serial[v]);
        return ans;
    }
} hd;
/*****
/*****Lowest Common Ancestor*****/
/* 1. All nodes are number 0 to n - 1 */
/* 2. simply Init(total nodes) and call AddEdge(u , v) for all the edges */
/* 3. Call Build() to run dfs and build the sparse table */

struct LowestCommonAncestor {
    int N , root = 0, po;

    vector <vector <int> > g;
    vector <vector <int> > sptab;
    vector <int> depth;
    vector <int> parent;

    void Init(int _n) {
        N = _n;
        po = log2((N)) + 1;
        g.assign(N, {});
        depth.resize(N);
        parent.resize(N);
        sptab.assign(N, {});
    }
    void AddEdge(int u , int v) {
        g[u].push_back(v);
        g[v].push_back(u);
    }
    void Dfs(int u , int par = -1) {
        if(par == -1) {
            depth[u] = 0;
            parent[u] = -1;
        }
        for(int v : g[u]) {
            if (v == par) continue;
            parent[v] = u;
            depth[v] = depth[u] + 1;
            Dfs(v , u);
        }
    }
    void SparceTable() {
        for(int i = 0 ; i < N ; i++) sptab[i][0] = parent[i];
        for(int j = 1 ; (1 << j) < N ; j++) {
            for(int i = 0 ; i < N ; i++) {
                if(sptab[i][j - 1] != -1) {
                    sptab[i][j] = sptab[sptab[i][j - 1]][j - 1];
                }
            }
        }
    }
    void Build() {

```



```

        for(int i = 0 ; i < N ; i++) {
            for(int j = 0 ; j <= po ; j++) {
                sptab[i].push_back(-1);
            }
        }
        Dfs(root);
        SparceTable();
    }
    int Lca(int u , int v) {
        if(depth[u] < depth[v]) swap(u , v);
        int log;
        for(log = 1 ; (1 << log) <= depth[u] ; log++); log--;
        for(int i = log ; i >= 0 ; i--) {
            if(depth[u] - (1 << i) >= depth[v]) {
                u = sptab[u][i];
            }
        }
        if(u == v) return u;
        for(int i = log ; i >= 0 ; i--) {
            if(sptab[u][i] != -1 && sptab[u][i] != sptab[v][i]) {
                u = sptab[u][i];
                v = sptab[v][i];
            }
        }
        return parent[u];
    }
    int KthAncestor(int u, int k) {
        int log;
        for(log = 1 ; (1 << log) <= depth[u] ; log++); log--;
        for(int i = log ; i >= 0 ; i--) {
            if(k - (1 << i) >= 0) {
                u = sptab[u][i];
                k -= (1 << i);
            }
        }
        return u;
    }
    int Getdist(int u , int v) {
        return (depth[u] + depth[v] - (2 * (depth[Lca(u , v)]))) ;
    }
    bool IsAnsector(int u , int v) {
        int cur = Lca(u , v);
        if(cur == u) return 1;
        return 0;
    }
} lca;
/*****
/*****MO's ALgorithm*****/
/*.....Range query.....*/

```

/* Given an array of length n and q querys of range l , r . Find the number of unique elements in the given range */

```

#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std ;

```

```

#define FasterIO ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
const int BLOCK = 555;
const int mxN = 100000;
struct query {
    int l , r , idx;

```

```

};
query Q[mxN + 5];
int ar[mxN + 5] , ans[mxN + 5];
int freq[mxN + 5];
int cnt = 0;
bool Cmp(query &a , query &b) {
    if (a.l / BLOCK != b.l / BLOCK)
        return a.l / BLOCK < b.l / BLOCK;
    return a.r < b.r;
}
void Add(int pos) {
    freq[ar[pos]]++;
    if (freq[ar[pos]] == 1) cnt++;
}
void Remove(int pos) {
    freq[ar[pos]]--;
    if (freq[ar[pos]] == 0) cnt--;
}
void Input_Query(int q) {
    for (int i = 0 ; i < q ; i++) {
        cin >> Q[i].l >> Q[i].r;
        Q[i].idx = i;
        Q[i].l--; Q[i].r--;
    }
}
void MosAlgo(int q) {
    Input_Query(q);
    sort(Q , Q + q , Cmp);
    int ML = 0 , MR = -1;
    for (int i = 0 ; i < q ; i++) {
        int L = Q[i].l;
        int R = Q[i].r;
        while (ML > L) Add(--ML);
        while (MR < R) Add(++MR);
        while (ML < L) Remove(ML++);
        while (MR > R) Remove(MR--);
        ans[Q[i].idx] = cnt;
    }
}
int main() {
    FasterIO
    int n , q ;
    cin >> n ;
    for(int i = 0 ; i < n ; i++)
        cin >> ar[i] ;
    cin >> q ;
    MosAlgo(q) ;
    for(int i = 0 ; i < q ; i++) {
        cout << ans[i] << "\n" ;
    }
    return 0 ;
}
/*****
/*****Wavelet Tree*****/
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
// 1 based index...
const int N = 3e5, M = N;
const int MAX = 1e6;
int a[N];
struct wavelet_tree {

```

```

int lo, hi;
wavelet_tree *l, *r;
vector <int> b;
vector <int> c; // c holds the prefix sum of elements
//nos are in range [x,y]
//array indices are [from, to)
wavelet_tree(int *from, int *to, int x, int y) {
    lo = x, hi = y;
    if( from >= to) return;
    if( hi == lo ) {
        b.reserve(to - from + 1);
        b.push_back(0);
        c.reserve(to - from + 1);
        c.push_back(0);
        for(auto it = from; it != to; it++) {
            b.push_back(b.back() + 1);
            c.push_back(c.back() + *it);
        }
        return ;
    }
    int mid = (lo + hi) / 2;
    auto f = [mid](int x) {
        return x <= mid;
    };
    b.reserve(to - from + 1);
    b.push_back(0);
    c.reserve(to - from + 1);
    c.push_back(0);
    for(auto it = from; it != to; it++) {
        b.push_back(b.back() + f(*it));
        c.push_back(c.back() + *it);
    }
    //stable_partition the lamda function
    auto pivot = stable_partition(from, to, f);
    l = new wavelet_tree(from, pivot, lo, mid);
    r = new wavelet_tree(pivot, to, mid + 1, hi);
}
// swap a[i] with a[i+1] , if a[i]!=a[i+1] call swapadjacent(i)
void swapadjacent(int i) {
    if(lo == hi) return ;
    b[i] = b[i - 1] + b[i + 1] - b[i];
    c[i] = c[i - 1] + c[i + 1] - c[i];
    if( b[i + 1] - b[i] == b[i] - b[i - 1]) {
        if(b[i] - b[i - 1])
            return this->l->swapadjacent(b[i]);
        else
            return this->r->swapadjacent(i - b[i]);
    }
    return ;
}
//kth smallest element in [l, r]
int kth(int l, int r, int k) {
    if(l > r) return 0;
    if(lo == hi) return lo;
    int inLeft = b[r] - b[l - 1];
    int lb = b[l - 1]; //amt of nos in first (l-1) nos that go in left
    int rb = b[r]; //amt of nos in first (r) nos that go in left
    if(k <= inLeft) return this->l->kth(lb + 1, rb, k);
    return this->r->kth(l - lb, r - rb, k - inLeft);
}
//count of nos in [l, r] Less than or equal to k

```

```

int LTE(int l, int r, int k) {
    if(l > r || k < lo) return 0;
    if(hi <= k) return r - l + 1;
    int lb = b[l-1], rb = b[r];
    return this->l->LTE(lb + 1, rb, k) + this->r->LTE(l - lb, r - rb, k);
}
//count of nos in [l, r] equal to k
int count(int l, int r, int k) {
    if(l > r || k < lo || k > hi) return 0;
    if(lo == hi) return r - l + 1;
    int lb = b[l - 1], rb = b[r], mid = (lo + hi) / 2;
    if(k <= mid) return this->l->count(lb + 1, rb, k);
    return this->r->count(l - lb, r - rb, k);
}
//sum of nos in [l ,r] less than or equal to k
int sumk(int l, int r, int k) {
    if(l > r || k < lo) return 0;
    if(hi <= k) return c[r] - c[l-1];
    int lb = b[l - 1], rb = b[r];
    return this->l->sumk(lb + 1, rb, k) + this->r->sumk(l - lb, r - rb, k);
}
~wavelet_tree() {
    delete l;
    delete r;
}
};
int main() {
    int n ; cin >> n;
    for(int i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++) {
        cin >> a[i] ;
    }
    // wavelet_tree T(array start address, array end address, min element, max element) ;
    wavelet_tree T(a + 1, a + n + 1 , 1, MAX) ;
    int q ; cin >> q ;
    while(q--) {
        int x ; cin >> x;
        int k , l , r ;
        if(x == 0) {
            //kth smallest element in range [l , r]
            cin >> l >> r >> k;
            cout << "Kth smallest: ";
            cout << T.kth(l, r, k) << endl;
        }
        if(x == 1) {
            //Number of Elements less than or equal to K in range [l , r]
            cin >> l >> r >> k;
            cout << "LTE: ";
            cout << T.LTE(l, r, k) << endl;
        }
        if(x == 2) {
            //count occurence of K in [l, r]
            cin >> l >> r >> k;
            cout << "Occurence of K: ";
            cout << T.count(l, r, k) << endl;
        }
        if(x == 3) {
            //sum of elements less than or equal to K in [l, r]
            cin >> l >> r >> k;
            cout << "Sum: ";
            cout << T.sumk(l, r, k) << endl;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        if(x == 4) {
            int pos ; cin >> pos ;
            if(a[pos] != a[pos + 1])
                T.swapadjacent(pos) ;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
/*.....MKTHNUM.....*/
int main() {
    FasterIO
    int n , m ;
    cin >> n >> m ;
    int ar[n + 1] ;
    map<int ,int> mp , rev_mp ;
    for(int i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++) {
        cin >> ar[i] ;
        mp[ar[i]] = 1 ;
    }
    int k = 1 ;
    for(auto &it : mp) {
        rev_mp[k] = it.first ;
        it.second = k++ ;
    }
    for(int i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++) {
        ar[i] = mp[ar[i]] ;
    }
    wavelet_tree T(ar + 1 , ar + n + 1 , 1 , k) ;
    while(m--) {
        int l , r , k ;
        cin >> l >> r >> k ;
        cout << rev_mp[T.kth(l , r ,k)] << "\n" ;
    }
    return 0 ;
}
/*****
/*****Graph*****/
/*****SSC and Topsort*****/
struct StronglyConnectedComponent {
    vector <vector <int>> g , gr;
    vector <bool> vis;
    vector <int> order, sccid;
    int nodes , edges , scc = 0;
    void Init(int _nodes) {
        nodes = _nodes;
        edges = 0;
        scc = 0;
        g.clear();
        gr.clear();
        g.assign(nodes + 1 , {});
        gr.assign(nodes + 1, {});
        order.clear();
        vis.assign(nodes + 1, 0);
        sccid.resize(nodes + 1);
    }
    void AddEdge(int u , int v) {
        if (u == -1 || v == -1) return;
        g[u].push_back(v);
        gr[v].push_back(u);
        edges++;
    }
}

```

```

void Init() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= nodes; i++) vis[i] = 0;
}
void Dfs1(int u) {
    if (vis[u]) return;
    vis[u] = 1;
    for (int v : g[u]) Dfs1(v);
    order.push_back(u);
}
void TopSort() {
    Init();
    for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
        if (!vis[i]) Dfs1(i);
    }
    reverse(order.begin(), order.end());
}
void Dfs2(int u, int id) {
    if (vis[u]) return;
    vis[u] = 1;
    sccid[u] = id;
    for (int v : gr[u]) Dfs2(v, id);
}
void KosarajuSCC() {
    TopSort();
    Init();
    for (int i : order) {
        if (!vis[i]) {
            Dfs2(i, scc);
            scc++;
        }
    }
}
int GetAns() {
    vector<int> here(nodes + 1);
    for (int i = 0; i < scc; i++) {
        here[i] = 1;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < nodes; i++) {
        for (int j : g[i]) {
            if (sccid[i] != sccid[j])
                here[sccid[j]] = 0;
        }
    }
    int ans = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < scc; i++) ans += here[i];
    return ans;
}
};
/*****Shortest Path Faster Algorithm*****/
#define INF 1e9
vector<pair<int, int>> G[1010];
int cost[1010]; // containing shortest path costs..
int vis[1010];

// The chinese algorithm..
void ShortestPathFasterAlgorithm(int nodes) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 1010; i++) {
        cost[i] = INF;
        vis[i] = 0;
    }
}

```

```

cost[0] = 0 ; // setting the source cost as 0
queue <int> q ;
q.push(0) ;
while(!q.empty()) {
    int u = q.front() ;
    q.pop() ;
    vis[u] = 1 ;
    for(int i = 0 ; i < G[u].size() ; i++) {
        int v = G[u][i].first ;
        int wv = G[u][i].second ;
        if(cost[u] + wv < cost[v]) {
            cost[v] = cost[u] + wv ;
            if(!vis[v]) {
                q.push(v) ;
                vis[v] = 1 ;
            }
        }
    }
}

// If there exist a negative weight cycle returning true
bool NegativeCycle(int nodes) {
    for(int u = 0 ; u < nodes ; u++) {
        for(int i = 0 ; i < G[u].size() ; i++) {
            int v = G[u][i].first ;
            int wv = G[u][i].second ;
            if(cost[v] > cost[u] + wv)
                return 1 ;
        }
    }
    return 0 ;
}

int main() {
    int tc ;
    cin >> tc ;
    while(tc--) {
        int nodes, edges ;
        cin >> nodes >> edges ;
        for(int i = 0 ; i < edges ; i++) {
            int u , v , w ;
            cin >> u >> v >> w ;
            G[u].push_back(make_pair(v , w)) ;
        }
        ShortestPathFasterAlgorithm(nodes) ;
        bool ans = NegativeCycle(nodes) ;
        if(ans)
            cout << "possible\n" ;
        else
            cout << "not possible\n" ;
        for(int i = 0 ; i <= nodes + 1 ; i++)
            G[i].clear() ;
    }
    return 0 ;
}

/*****
/*****Number Theory*****/
/*****Big Prime and Factorisation*****/
typedef long long ll;
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef long double ld;
/*

```

支持更高的快速幂操作

```
expower.mod_pow(a,b,mod);
*/
struct Expower {
    ull Mod_mul(ull a, ull b, ull M) {
        ll ret = a * b - M * ull(ld(a) * ld(b) / ld(M));
        return ret + M * (ret < 0) - M * (ret >= (ll)M);
    }
    ull Mod_pow(ull b, ull e, ull mod) {
        ull ans = 1;
        for ( ; e ; b = Mod_mul( b, b, mod), e /= 2)
            if (e & 1) ans = Mod_mul(ans, b, mod);
        return ans % mod;
    }
} Expower;
struct BigPrime {
    /*
    Miller-Rubin素数判别
    is_prime(n);
    */
    bool IsPrime(ull n) {
        if (n < 2 || n % 6 % 4 != 1)
            return n - 2 < 2;
        ull A[] = {2, 325, 9375, 28178, 450775, 9780504, 1795265022};
        ull s = __builtin_ctzll(n - 1), d = n >> s;
        for (auto a : A) {
            ull p = Expower.Mod_pow(a, d, n), i = s;
            while (p != 1 && p != n - 1 && a % n && i--)
                p = Expower.Mod_mul(p, p, n);
            if (p != n - 1 && i != s)
                return 0;
        }
        return 1;
    }
    /*
    素因数分解
    ret=factorization(n);
    */
    ull Pollard(ull n) {
        auto f = [n](ull x) {
            return ( Expower.Mod_mul(x, x, n) + 1) % n;
        };
        if (!( n & 1))
            return 2;
        for (ull i = 2 ; ; i++) {
            ull x = i, y = f(x), p;
            while ((p = __gcd( n + y - x , n)) == 1)
                x = f(x) , y = f(f(y));
            if (p != n) return p;
        }
    }
}
vector <ull> Factorization(ull n){
    if (n == 1) return {};
    if (IsPrime(n)) return {n};
    ull x = Pollard(n);
    auto l = Factorization(x), r = Factorization(n/x);
    l.insert(l.end(), begin(r), end(r));
    return l;
}
```



```

};
int main() {
    FasterIO
    BigPrime ob;
    int tc; cin >> tc;
    while (tc--) {
        ull n ; cin >> n;
        if (ob.IsPrime(n)) {
            cout << "YES\n";
        } else {
            cout << "NO\n";
        }
    }
    return 0 ;
}
/*****
/*****Phi*****/
long long Phi(long long n) {
    if (n <= mxN) return phi[n];
    long long coprime = n;
    for (int i = 0; i < tot_primes; i++) {
        if (n <= mxN && isp[n] == 0) break;
        long long x = prime[i];
        if (x * x > n) break;
        if (n % x == 0) {
            while (n % x == 0) n /= x;
            coprime -= coprime / x;
        }
    }
    if (n != 1) coprime -= coprime / n;
    return coprime;
}
void SieveOfEulersPhi() {
    for (int i = 0; i <= mxN; i++) phi[i] = 0;
    phi[1] = 1;
    for (int i = 2; i <= mxN; i++) {
        if (phi[i] == 0) {
            phi[i] = i - 1;
            for (int j = i + i; j <= mxN; j += i) {
                if (phi[j] == 0) phi[j] = j;
                phi[j] -= phi[j] / i;
            }
        }
    }
}
/*****
// Sum of Number of divisors in range 1 to N .
// Complexity O(sqrt(N))
int SNOD( int n ) {
    int res = 0;
    int u = sqrt(n);
    for ( int i = 1; i <= u; i++ ) {
        res += ( n / i ) - i; //Step 1
    }
    res *= 2; //Step 2
    res += u; //Step 3
    return res;
}

// sum of coprimes of n
int sumofcoprimesN(int n){

```

```

    int x = phi(n);
    int ans = (x * n) / 2 ;
    return ans;
}
/*****
/*****Combinations*****/
const ll N = 5e5 + 7, mod = 998244353 ;
ll POW(ll a, ll b, ll mod) {
    a %= mod;
    ll r = 1;
    for(ll i = b; i > 0; i >>= 1) {
        if(i & 1) r = (r * a) % mod;
        a = (a * a) % mod;
    }
    return r;
}
ll f[N];
ll nCr(ll n, ll r) {
    if(n < r) return 0;
    return f[n] * POW(f[n - r] * f[r], mod - 2, mod) % mod;
}
ll nPr(ll n, ll r) {
    return nCr(n, r) * f[r] % mod;
}
void init() {
    f[0] = 1;
    for(ll i = 1; i < N; i++) f[i] = (f[i - 1] * i) % mod;
}
/*****
/*****BigMod*****/
template <typename T> T BigMod (T b,T p,T m){
    if (p == 0) return 1;
    if (p%2 == 0){
        T s = BigMod(b,p/2,m);
        return ((s%m)*(s%m))%m;
    }
    return ((b%m)*(BigMod(b,p-1,m)%m))%m;}
template <typename T> T ModInvPrime (T b,T m){
    return BigMod(b,m-2,m);
}

```