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Deep Learning Techniques (Lab)

Date	Title	Sign
24/07/25	1. Exploring the deep learning platform	attain
31/07/25	2. Implement a classifier using open-source dataset	attain 1, 31/07/25
31/07/25	3. Study of the classifiers with respect to statistical parameters	attain 1, 31/07/25
14/08/25	4. Build a simple feed forward neural network to recognize handwritten character	attain 1, 14/08/25
22/08/25	5. Study of Activation functions and their role	attain 1, 22/08/25
09/09/25	6. Implement gradient descent and backpropagation in deep neural network	
16/09/25	7. Build a CNN model to classify cat and Dog image	

31/07/25

Lab 3

Study of the classifiers with respect to statistical parameters

* Aim:

To implement various classifiers using Iris dataset and analysis the statistical parameter

* Objectives:

1. To understand the working principles of KNN and Naive Bayes classifier
2. To implement both algorithm on a standard datasets
3. To evaluate model performance using statistical parameters
 - Accuracy
 - Precision
 - Recall
 - F1-score
4. To compare classification performance between two algorithms

* pseudocode: KNN

Input: Training data ($x_{\text{train}}, y_{\text{train}}$), Test data (x_{test}), number of neighbors k

for each sample in x_{test}

1. calculate distance from to all points in x_{train}
2. Sort distances and select the k-nearest neighbors
3. find the most frequent class label among neighbors
4. Assign that label to the test sample
5. Output: predicted class labels for all test samples.

* statistical parameters

$$\text{Accuracy} = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN}$$

$$\text{precision} = \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$$

$$\text{recall} = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$$

$$\text{F1-score} = 2 \times \frac{\text{precision} \times \text{Recall}}{\text{precision} + \text{Recall}}$$

Bayes theorem

$$P(C|X) = \frac{P(X|C) \cdot P(C)}{P(X)}$$

Naive Bayes

Input: Training data ($X_{\text{train}}, Y_{\text{train}}$), Test data (X_{test})

1. calculate prior probability for each class:

$$p(\text{class}) = (\text{number of sample in class}) / (\text{Total samples})$$

2. for each feature, calculate conditional probability

3. for each test sample:

for each class:

calculate posterior probability

output: predicted class labels for all test samples

Output:

KNN

Accuracy = 0.98

classification report

	Precision	recall	F1-score	Support
setosa	1.00	1.00	1.00	50
versicolor	1.00	0.94	0.97	50
virginica	0.92	1.00	0.96	50
Macro avg	0.97	0.98	0.98	150
Weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	150

Naive Bayes

Accuracy: 1.00

classification report

	Precision	recall	F1-score	Support
setosa	1.00	1.00	1.00	50
versicolor	1.00	1.00	1.00	50
virginica	1.00	1.00	1.00	50
Macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	150
Weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	150

*Results

Successfully have implemented the KNN

- Naive Bayes classifier using 5 statistical parameters