- 1. Given an undirected, complete graph G(V, E) with $n(\geq 2)$ nodes and $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ arcs. Let the weight of the arc (i, j) that connects node i and node j be $\frac{i^2+j^2}{i+j}$, for $i \leq i, j \leq n$. Now consider the "maximum cut problem" as we discussed in class, you are required to solve this problem by using the Simulated Annealing method.
 - (a) How large is the solution space S?
 - (b) How are you going to represent a solution? Why?
 - (c) How to generate an initial solution s_0 ?
 - (d) How to generate a neighborhood of a given solution?
 - (e) How many solutions in your neighborhood?
 - (f) How to select an initial temperature T? Why?
 - (g) How to select the iteration count Max? Why?
 - (h) How to select the temperature reduction function $\alpha(T)$? Why?
 - (i) What is your stopping condition? Why?
- 2. If you have time, write a program to show that your design works efficiently for n = 100,200 and 500.
- 3. Now you are required to solve this problem by using the Tabu Search method.
 - (a) How are you going to represent a solution? Why?
 - (b) How to generate an initial solution?
 - (c) How to generate a neighborhood of a given solution?
 - (d) How to tabu a movement?
 - (e) How to select a tabu tenure? Why?
 - (f) How to select aspiration criteria? Why?
 - (g) What is your stopping condition? Why?
- 4. If you have time, write a program to show that your design works efficiently for n = 100,200 and 500.
- 5. Compared the results obtained by using the above two methods, which one works better for this particular problem? Why?