



Digital Design Verification

Assignment # 04

POINTERS

Submitted by:

Name:	Khalil Rehman
Instructor:	Hira Sohail

Date:
July 22, 2025

NUST Chip Design Centre (NCDC), Islamabad, Pakistan



Question1: How would we initialize p so that it points to x?

Answer:

```
int x = 100; //variable x
```

```
int *p = &x; // p is a pointer to an integer (int *p), so it can hold that address  
//&x gives the address of x
```

Question2: What would happen if we passed p instead of *p to printf?

Answer:

```
//Code  
int x = 10;  
int *p = &x;  
  
printf("%d", p);
```

It would print the memory address (or cause a warning/error if %d is used). Use %p to print p, or %d to print *p.

Question3: What would happen if we dereferenced a pointer that had the value of NULL?

Answer:

It would cause a segmentation fault (crash the program).

Question4:

Output:

```
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ gcc testing.c -o test  
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ ./test  
42 42  
7 42  
8 7 8 8  
123 8 7 123 123  
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ 
```



4.1. Update t to point to c. Use a pointer dereference to change the value of c to 555. Verify that it worked by adding a printout. Does this change any of the other values?

Answer:

//Code

```
//No change in other values  
t = &c;  
*t = 555;  
printf("%d %d\n", c, *t);
```

Output:

```
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ gcc testing.c -o test  
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ ./test  
555 555
```

4.2. Change the value of c again using a direct assignment. Verify that the pointer t still points to the value by printing the result of dereferencing it.

Answer:

//Code

```
c = 777;  
printf("%d %d\n", c, *t);
```

Output:

```
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ gcc testing.c -o test  
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ ./test  
555 555  
*777 777  
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ 
```



Question5: Would happen if you tried to execute the following code? How could you fix it?

//Code

```
int *v = &t;  
printf("%d\n", *v);
```

Answer:

It causes a type mismatch and print garbage value or crash.

//Fix

```
int **v = &t;  
printf("%d\n", **v);
```

Output:

```
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ gcc testing.c -o test  
khalilrehman@khalilrehman-ThinkPad-T14-Gen-1:~/Documents/Assignment # 4$ ./test  
777
```