Lab4 TCP

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1.将文件传输到 gaia.cs.umass.edu 的客户端计算机 (源) 使用的 IP 地址和 TCP端口号是什么?

使用实验文档中提供包tcp-ethereal-trace-1的截图,

Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info 1 0.000000 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 62 1161 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=16384 Len=0 2 0.023172 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 62 80 → 1161 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=17520 3 0.023265 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 54 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=17520	
2 0.023172 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 62 80 → 1161 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=	
	MSS=1460 SACK_
3 0.023265 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 54 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=17520	5840 Len=0 MSS=
	Len=0
4 0.026477 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 619 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=:	17520 Len=565 [
5 0.041737 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=566 Ack=1 Win	n=17520 Len=146
6 0.053937 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=566 Win=6780	∂ Len=0

ip: 192.168.1.102

TCP端口号: 1161

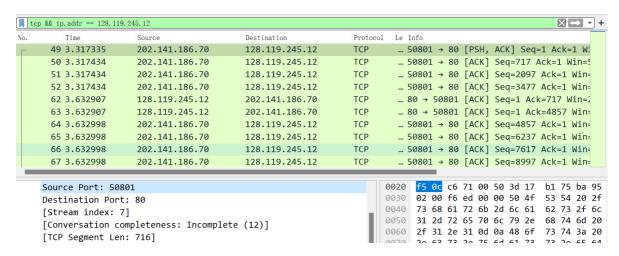
2.gaia.cs.umass.edu 的 IP 地址是什么? 在哪个端口号上发送和接收此连接的 TCP 区段?

IP 地址: 128.119.245.12

接收连接的端口号:80

3.用于在客户端计算机和 gaia.cs.umass.edu 之间启动 TCP 连接的 TCP SYN 区段的序列号是什么? 将区段标识为 SYN 区段的区段有什么功能?

截图如下,



我的客户计算机使用的 IP 地址为 202.141.186.70 , 端口号为 50801 .

4.用于在客户端计算机和 gaia.cs.umass.edu 之间启动 TCP 连接的TCP SYN网段的

使用实验文档中提供包tcp-ethereal-trace-1的截图,

可以看出,序列号为 0;

Flags设置为 **0x002** , Syn字段设置为1 (Syn:Set) , Flags中只含Syn标志位表示它是 SYN 报文段.

```
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.102, Dst: 128.119.245.12
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1161, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 0, Len: 0
    Source Port: 1161
    Destination Port: 80
    [Stream index: 0]
    [Conversation completeness: Incomplete, DATA (15)]
    [TCP Segment Len: 0]
    Sequence Number: 0 (relative sequence number)
    Sequence Number (raw): 232129012
    [Next Sequence Number: 1
                              (relative sequence number)]
    Acknowledgment Number: 0
    Acknowledgment number (raw): 0
    0111 .... = Header Length: 28 bytes (7)
  Flags: 0x002 (SYN)
      000. .... = Reserved: Not set
      ...0 .... = Accurate ECN: Not set
      .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced: Not set
      .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
      .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
      .... ...0 .... = Acknowledgment: Not set
      .... 0... = Push: Not set
       .... .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
    > .... syn: Set
      .... .... 0 = Fin: Not set
      [TCP Flags: ······S·]
    Window: 16384
```

5.gaia.cs.umass.edu 发送给客户端计算机以回复 SYN 的 SYNACK 网段的序列号是多少? SYNACK 网段中Acknowledgement字段的值是多少? gaia.cs.umass.edu 如何确定该值? 该网段中标识该网段为 SYNACK 网段的内容是什么?

使用实验文档中提供包tcp-ethereal-trace-1的截图,

序列号为 0;

Acknowledgement字段值为 1;

Acknowledgement字段的值等于客户发出的SYN序列号加 1;

Flags 字段被设为 **0x012** , Acknowledgement和Syn字段设置为1 (Acknowledgement:Set && Syn:Set) ,Flags中两个标志位都被设置,所以它是SYNACK 报文;

```
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 128.119.245.12, Dst: 192.168.1.102
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 1161, Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0
   Source Port: 80
  Destination Port: 1161
  [Stream index: 0]
  [Conversation completeness: Incomplete, DATA (15)]
   [TCP Segment Len: 0]
                       (relative sequence number)
   Sequence Number: 0
  Sequence Number (raw): 883061785
   [Next Sequence Number: 1
                            (relative sequence number)]
  Acknowledgment Number: 1
                             (relative ack number)
  Acknowledgment number (raw): 232129013
  0111 .... = Header Length: 28 bytes (7)
  Flags: 0x012 (SYN, ACK)
     000. .... = Reserved: Not set
     ...0 .... = Accurate ECN: Not set
     .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced: Not set
     .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
     .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
     .... ...1 .... = Acknowledgment: Set
     .... 0... = Push: Not set
          .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
   > .... .... ..1. = Syn: Set
     .... .... 0 = Fin: Not set
     [TCP Flags: ·····A··S·]
  Window: 5840
```

6.包含 HTTP POST 命令的 TCP 网段的序列号是多少? 请注意,为了找到POST 命令,您需要深入 Wireshark 窗口底部的数据包内容字段,寻找DATA 字段中包含"POST"的数据段

使用实验文档中提供包tcp-ethereal-trace-1的截图,

序列号为 1;

```
> Frame 4: 619 bytes on wire (4952 bits), 619 bytes captured (4952 bits
                                                                                   f5 0c 04 89 00 50 0d d6 01 f5 34
                                                                                   44 70 1f bd 00 00 <mark>50 4f</mark>
> Ethernet II, Src: Actionte_8a:70:1a (00:20:e0:8a:70:1a), Dst: Linksy:
                                                                            0040
                                                                                         61 6c 2d 6c 61 62
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.102, Dst: 128.119.245.12
                                                                            0050
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1161, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1,
                                                                                   31 2e 31 0d 0a 48 6f 73 74 3a 20
63 73 2e 75 6d 61 73 73 2e 65 64
                                                                            0060
    Source Port: 1161
                                                                            0070
    Destination Port: 80
                                                                                      72 2d 41 67 65 6e 74
                                                                            0080
    [Stream index: 0]
                                                                            0090
                                                                                                            69 6e 64
                                                                                   55 3b 20 57 69 6e 64 6f
31 3b 20 65 6e 2d 55 53
    [Conversation completeness: Incomplete, DATA (15)]
                                                                            00a0
    [TCP Segment Len: 565]
                                                                            00b0
    Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)
                                                                            00c0
                                                                                      32 29 20 47 65 63 6b
                                                                                   30 38 20 4e 65 74 73 63
    Sequence Number (raw): 232129013
                                                                            99d9
                                                                            99e9
                                                                                   0d 0a 41 63 63 65 70 74  3a 20 74
    [Next Sequence Number: 566 (relative sequence number)]
                                                                            00f0
    Acknowledgment Number: 1
                               (relative ack number)
                                                                                   6d 6c 2c 61 70 70 6c 69 63 61 74
                                                                            0100
    Acknowledgment number (raw): 883061786
                                                                                      74 6d 6c 2b 78 6d 6c
                                                                            0110
    0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
                                                                                   6d 6c 3b 71 3d 30 2e 39
61 69 6e 3b 71 3d 30 2e
                                                                            0120

    Flags: 0x018 (PSH, ACK)

                                                                            0130
       000. .... = Reserved: Not set
                                                                                   78 2d 6d 6e 67 2c 69 6d 61 67 65
                                                                            0140
       ...0 .... = Accurate ECN: Not set
                                                                            0150
       .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced: Not set
                                                                            0160
                                                                                   2f 67 69 66 3b 71 3d 30  2e 32
       .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
                                                                            0170
                                                                                   63 63 65 70 74 2d 4c 61
                                                                            0180
       .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
                                                                            0190
       .... 1 .... = Acknowledgment: Set
                                                                            01a0
                                                                                    od 0a 41 63 63 65 70 74
       .... 1... = Push: Set
                                                                            01b0
       .... .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
                                                                                      20 63 6f 6d 70 72 65
                                                                            01c0
       .... .... ..0. = Syn: Not set
                                                                            01d0
       .... .... 0 = Fin: Not set
```

7.将包含 HTTP POST 的 TCP 段视为 TCP 连接中的第一个网段。连接中前六个段的序列号是多少?

使用实验文档中提供包tcp-ethereal-trace-1的截图,

这6个段分别对应编号为4,5,7,8,10,11的包,

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Proto	Length Info	
	1 0.000000	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	62 1161 → 80	0 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=16384 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM
	2 0.023172	128.119.245.12	192.168.1.102	TCP	62 80 → 1161	1 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PERM
	3 0.023265	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	54 1161 → 80	0 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=0
	4 0.026477	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	619 1161 → 80	0 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=565 [TCP segment of a reassem…
1	5 0.041737	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	1514 1161 → 80	0 [PSH, ACK] Seq=566 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reas
	6 0.053937	128.119.245.12	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161	1 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=566 Win=6780 Len=0
	7 0.054026	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	1514 1161 → 80	0 [ACK] Seq=2026 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassemb
	8 0.054690	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	1514 1161 → 80	0 [ACK] Seq=3486 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassemb
	9 0.077294	128.119.245.12	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161	1 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=2026 Win=8760 Len=0
1	0.077405	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	1514 1161 → 80	0 [ACK] Seq=4946 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassemb
1	1 0.078157	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	1514 1161 → 80	0 [ACK] Seq=6406 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassemb…
1	2 0.124085	128.119.245.12	192.168.1.102	TCP	60 80 → 1161	1 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=3486 Win=11680 Len=0
1	3 0.124185	192.168.1.102	128.119.245.12	TCP	1201 1161 → 80	0 [PSH, ACK] Seq=7866 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1147 [TCP segment of a rea

其ACK报文分别对应编号为6,9,12,14,15,16的包。

```
5 0.041737 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=566 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a rea...
6 0.053937 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=566 Win=6780 Len=0
7 0.054026 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=2026 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassem...
8 0.054690 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=3486 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassem...
9 0.077294 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=4946 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassem...
10 0.077405 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=4946 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassem...
11 0.078157 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=4946 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reassem...
12 0.124085 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=3486 Win=1680 Len=0
13 0.124185 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1201 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=7866 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1147 [TCP segment of a reassem...
14 0.169118 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=4946 Win=14600 Len=0
15 0.217299 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=6406 Win=17520 Len=0
16 0.267802 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=6406 Win=17520 Len=0
17 0.304807 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=6406 Win=17520 Len=0
18 0.305040 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=94013 Win=23360 Len=0
18 0.305040 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=9013 Win=23360 Len=0
```

则由题意得,如下表所示

	No.	序号	报文发送 时间	对 应 ACK No.	ACK 接收 时间	RTT	接收到 ACK 报 文后的 EstimatedRTT
报 文 1	4	1	0.026477	6	0.053937	0.027460	0.027460
报 文 2	5	566	0.041737	9	0.077294	0.035557	0.028472
报 文 3	7	2026	0.054026	12	0.124085	0.070059	0.033670
报 文 4	8	3486	0.054690	14	0.169118	0.114428	0.043765
报 文 5	10	4946	0.077405	15	0.217299	0.139894	0.055781
报 文 6	11	6406	0.078157	16	0.267802	0.189645	0.072514

565 , 1460 , 1460 , 1460 , 1460 字节。

9.在整个跟踪过程中,接收方的可用缓冲空间最小值是多少?接收端缓冲空间不足是否会对发送端造成影响?

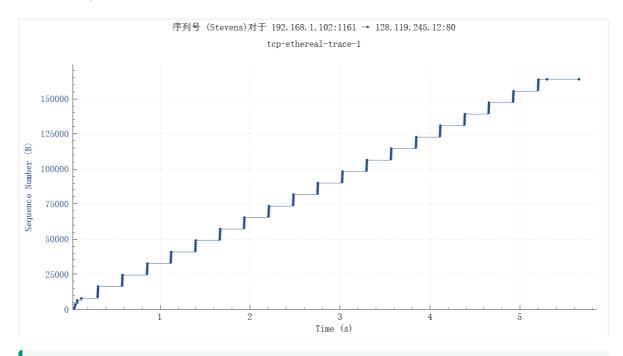
Calculated window size是5840最小可用缓冲区空间为 5840 字节。

接收方的缓冲区空间不会影响到发送端。因为接收方 buffer 一直有空间,并且请求方发送的 TCP 报文长度都小于buffer 剩余值,所以TCP段的可用空间总是多余的。

```
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 128.119.245.12, Dst: 192.168.1.102
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 1161, Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0
    Source Port: 80
    Destination Port: 1161
    [Stream index: 0]
    [Conversation completeness: Incomplete, DATA (15)]
    [TCP Segment Len: 0]
    Sequence Number: 0
                         (relative sequence number)
    Sequence Number (raw): 883061785
    [Next Sequence Number: 1
                              (relative sequence number)]
    Acknowledgment Number: 1
                              (relative ack number)
    Acknowledgment number (raw): 232129013
    0111 .... = Header Length: 28 bytes (7)
   Flags: 0x012 (SYN, ACK)
    Window: 5840
   [Calculated window size: 5840]
    Checksum: 0x774d [unverified]
    [Checksum Status: Unverified]
```

10. 跟踪文件中有重发的文段吗?为了回答这个问题,您(在跟踪文件中)检查了哪些内容?

没有重发的报文。可以观察Stevens图,随着时间推移,发送报文的序号严格递增,而如果有重发的报文,序号是会减少的。



11.接收方通常在一个 ACK 中确认多少数据? 您能否找出接收方每收到一个数据段就 ACK 一次的情况 (见正文第 250 页表 3.2) ?

接收方通常在一个ACK中确认1460字节的数据;

可以找到题中所述的情况, No.60和No.61, Ack=37969和Ack=40889, 40889-37969=2920=1460*2, 是最大报文段的二倍, 满足条件。

```
59 1.200421 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=35049 Win=62780 Len=0
60 1.265026 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=37969 Win=62780 Len=0
61 1.362074 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=40889 Win=62780 Len=0
62 1.389886 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 → 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=41781 Win=62780 Len=0
63 1.390110 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 1514 1161 → 80 [ACK] Seq=41781 Ack=1 Win=17520 Len=1460 [TCP segment of a reasse...
```

12.TCP 连接的吞吐量 (单位时间内传输的字节数) 是多少? 请解释您是如何计算出这一数值的。

第一个有POST请求的TCP报文对应No.4,发送时间为0.026477s, Ack=1,

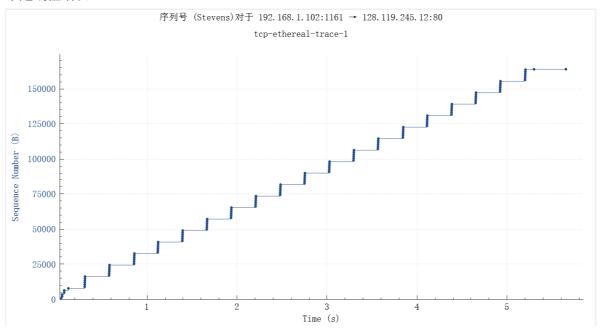
4 0.026477 192.168.1.102 128.119.245.12 TCP 619 1161 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=17520 最后一个ACK对应No.202,接收时间为5.455830s, Ack=164091,

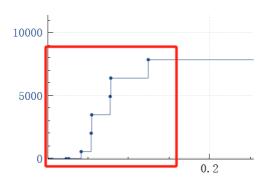
202 5.455830 128.119.245.12 192.168.1.102 TCP 60 80 \rightarrow 1161 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=164091 Win=62780 故吞吐量为 $\frac{164091-1}{5.455830-0.026477}=\frac{164090}{5.429353}=30222.75 B/s$

13.使用时间序列图Stevens绘图工具查看从客户端发送到gaia.cs.umass.edu 服务器的数据段的序列号与时间的关系图。您能确定TCP 的慢启动阶段在哪里开始和结束,以及拥塞避免在哪里接管吗?请就测量数据与我们在课文中学习的理想化 TCP 行为的不同之处发表评论。

作Stevens图如下,从图中看到,TCP的慢启动阶段大致是在0~0.125s时间,后续在大约0.3s就进入拥塞避免阶段。

其与理想化的 TCP 行为不同的是,在慢启动后拥塞避免状态下,cwnd固定为一个常数6,而不是线性增长.





14.就您从计算机向 gaia.cs.umass.edu 传输文件时收集到的痕迹,回答上述两个问题中的每个问题。

作Stevens图如下,容易看出,TCP的慢启动阶段大致是在0~1.3s时间内,1.3s后开始拥塞避免阶段。

其与理想化的 TCP 行为不同的是,在慢启动时并不是理想的指数增长;且拥塞避免状态下,cwnd固定为一个常数,而不是线性增长.

