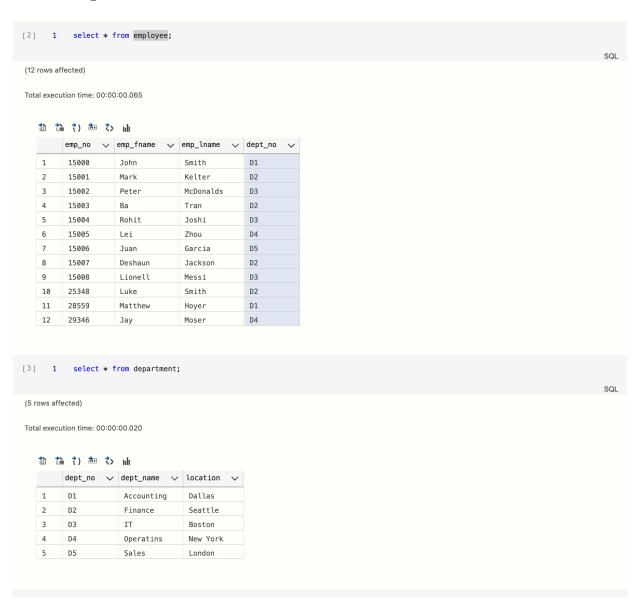
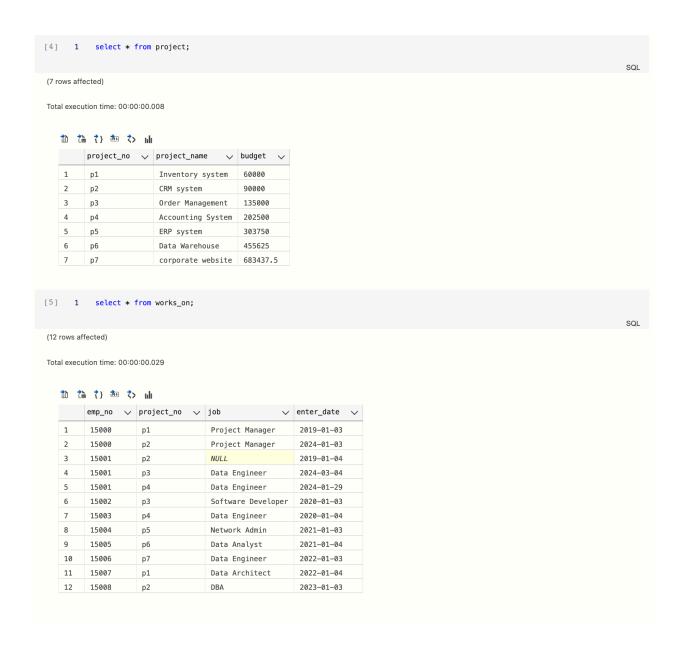
Assignment 12

use SAMPLE;

Data Profiling:





Use "sample" database to answer the following questions:

☐ Create GetEmployeeDetails stored procedure return result set of the total number of projects each employee is working on and the total budget for these projects. This will involve joining multiple tables and using aggregate functions. All employees must be returned even if no projects were assigned.

Columns to be returned:

emp_no,
emp_fname,

```
emp_Iname,
   dept_name,
   TotalProjects,
   TotalBudge
CREATE PROCEDURE GetEmployeeDetails
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT e.emp_no, e.emp_fname, e.emp_lname, d.dept_name,
           ISNULL(COUNT(w.project_no), 0) AS TotalProjects,
           ISNULL(SUM(p.budget), 0) AS TotalBudget
    FROM employee e
    LEFT JOIN department d ON e.dept_no = d.dept_no
    LEFT JOIN works_on w ON e.emp_no = w.emp_no
    LEFT JOIN project p ON w.project_no = p.project_no
    GROUP BY e.emp_no, e.emp_fname, e.emp_lname, d.dept_name
END
```

[12] 1 EXEC GetEmployeeDetails; Warning: Null value is eliminated by an aggregate or other SET operation. (12 rows affected) Total execution time: 00:00:00.229 ७ ७ ₹ 🖎 🖎 🖆 emp_no v emp_fname v emp_lname v dept_name v TotalProjects v TotalBudget v 15000 Smith Accounting 2 150000 15001 Mark Kelter Finance 3 427500 Peter McDonalds IT 1 135000 Ba Tran Finance 1 202500 IT 15004 Rohit Joshi 303750 15005 Lei Zhou Operatins 1 455625 15006 Juan Garcia Sales 1 683437.5 8 15007 Finance 1 60000 Deshaun Jackson 90000 9 15008 Lionell Messi IT 1 10 25348 Finance 0 0 Luke Smith Hoyer Accounting 0 11 28559 Matthew Operatins 12 29346 Jay Moser

2. Create CalculateTotalBudget function that takes dept_no as input parameter and returns -1 if the department does not exist. Also, make the function calculate the average budget per project for the specified department.

```
CREATE FUNCTION CalculateTotalBudget (@dept_no CHAR(4))
RETURNS FLOAT
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @TotalBudget FLOAT
    SELECT @TotalBudget = AVG(p.budget)
    FROM project p
    WHERE p.project_no IN (SELECT w.project_no FROM works_on w JOIN employee e ON w.emp_no = e.emp_no WHERE e.dept_no = @dept_no)
    RETURN ISNULL(@TotalBudget, -1)
END
```

Give D1 as input department

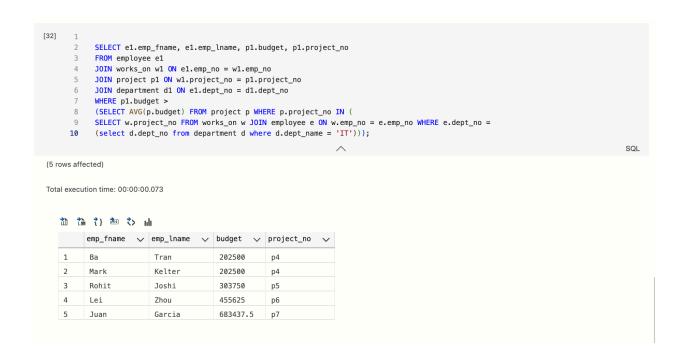
select dbo.CalculateTotalBudget('D1') as total_budget



☐ Formulate a query using a subquery to find the names of all employees who work on projects with a budget greater than the average budget of all projects in the 'IT' department.

```
SELECT e1.emp_fname, e1.emp_lname, p1.budget, p1.project_no
FROM employee e1
JOIN works_on w1 ON e1.emp_no = w1.emp_no
JOIN project p1 ON w1.project_no = p1.project_no
JOIN department d1 ON e1.dept_no = d1.dept_no
WHERE p1.budget >
(SELECT AVG(p.budget) FROM project p WHERE p.project_no IN (
```

```
SELECT w.project_no FROM works_on w JOIN employee e ON w.emp_no = e.emp_no WHERE
e.dept_no =
(select d.dept_no from department d where d.dept_name = 'IT')));
```



□ Construct a query that shows the department names with average budget greater than \$176,250

```
SELECT d.dept_name, AVG(p.budget) Average_Budget
FROM department d
JOIN employee e ON d.dept_no = e.dept_no
JOIN works_on w ON e.emp_no = w.emp_no
JOIN project p ON w.project_no = p.project_no
GROUP BY d.dept_name
HAVING AVG(p.budget) > 176250;
```

```
[35] 1 SELECT d.dept_name, AVG(p.budget) Average_Budget
2 FROM department d
3 JOIN employee e ON d.dept_no = e.dept_no
4 JOIN works_on w ON e.emp_no = w.emp_no
5 JOIN project p ON w.project_no = p.project_no
6 GROUP BY d.dept_name
7 HAVING AVG(p.budget) > 176250;
8
```

(2 rows affected)

Total execution time: 00:00:00.048

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	dept_name 🗸	Average_Budget 🗸
1	Operatins	455625
2	Sales	683437.5