| Course<br>Code | Course Name                 | Teaching Scheme<br>(Contact Hours) |        |      |               | Credits Assigned     |        |        |       |
|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|------|---------------|----------------------|--------|--------|-------|
|                |                             | Theory                             | y Pra  | act. | Tut.          | Theory               | Tut.   | Pract. | Total |
| FEC203         | Engineering<br>Chemistry-II | 2                                  |        | -    |               | 2                    | -      | -      | 2     |
|                | Course Name                 | Examination Scheme                 |        |      |               |                      |        |        |       |
|                |                             | Theory                             |        |      |               |                      |        |        |       |
| Course<br>Code |                             | Internal Assessment End            |        |      | Exam.         | Term                 | Pract. | Total  |       |
|                |                             | Test1                              | Test 2 | Avg. | Sem.<br>Exam. | Duration<br>(in Hrs) | Work   | /oral  | Total |
| FEC203         | Engineering<br>Chemistry-II | 15                                 | 15     | 15   | 60            | 2                    |        |        | 75    |

## **Objectives**

The concepts developed in this course will aid in quantification as well as understand the applications of several concepts in Chemistry that have been introduced at the 10 + 2 levels in schools.

#### Outcomes: Learners will be able to...

- 1. Distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques.
- 2. Illustrate the concept of emission spectroscopy and describe the phenomena of fluorescence and phosphorescence in relation to it.
- 3. Explain the concept of electrode potential and nernst theory and relate it to electrochemical cells.
- 4. Identify different types of corrosion and suggest control measures in industries.
- 5. Illustrate the principles of green chemistry and study environmental impact.
- 6. Explain the knowledge of determining the quality of fuel and quantify the oxygen required for combustion of fuel.

| Module | Detailed Contents                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |    |  |  |  |  |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| 01     | Principles of Spectroscopy: Introduction: Principle of spectroscopy, Definition,Origin of spectrum, Classification of spectroscopy – atomic and molecular, selection rules. Table of relation between electromagnetic spectrum, types of spectroscopy and energy changes. | 02 |  |  |  |  |
| 02     | Applications of Spectroscopy Emission spectroscopy- Principle, Instrumentation and applications (Flame Photometry) Introduction to florescence and phosphorescence, Jablonski diagram, application of fluorescence in medicine only.                                      |    |  |  |  |  |
| 03     | Concept of Electrochemistry Introduction, concept of electrode potential, Nernst equation, types of electrochemical cells, concept of standard electrode with examples, electrochemical series, simplenumericals.                                                         | 02 |  |  |  |  |

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| 04 | Corrosion:  Definition, Mechanism of Corrosion- (I) Dry or Chemical Corrosion-i) Due to oxygen ii)Due to other gases.  (II)Wet or Electrochemical corrosion- Mechanism i) Evolution of hydrogen type ii) Absorption of oxygen.  Types of Corrosion- Galvanic cell corrosion, Concentration cell corrosion (differential aeration principle), Pitting corrosion, Intergranular corrosion, Stress corrosion.  Factors affecting the rate of corrosion- (i)Nature of metal, (ii)Nature of corroding environment.  Methods of corrosion control- (I)Material selection and proper designing,(II) Cathodic protection- i) Sacrificial anodic protection ii) Impressed current method,(III) Metallic coatings- only Cathodic coating (tinning) and anodic coatings (Galvanising)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 06 |
| 05 | Green Chemistry and Synthesis of drugs Introduction – Definition, significance Twelve Principles of Green chemistry, numerical on atom economy, Conventional and green synthesis of Adipic acid, Indigo, Carbaryl, Ibuprofen, Benzimidazole, Benzyl alcohol, % atom economy and their numericals. Green fuel- Biodiesel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 04 |
| 06 | Fuels and Combustion  Definition, classification, characteristics of a good fuel, units of heat (no conversions).  Calorific value- Definition, Gross or Higher calorific value & Net or lower calorific value, Dulong's formula & numerical for calculations of Gross and Net calorific values.  Solid fuels- Analysis of coal- Proximate and Ultimate Analysis- numerical problems and significance.  Liquid fuels- Petrol- Knocking, Octane number, Cetane number, Antiknocking agents, unleaded petrol, oxygenates (MTBE), catalytic converter.  Combustion- Calculations for requirement of only oxygen and air (by weight and by volume only) for given solid & gaseous fuels.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 06 |

#### Assessment

## **Internal Assessment Test**

Assessment consists of two class tests of 15 marks each. The first class test is to be conducted when approx. 40% syllabus is completed and second class test when additional 35% syllabus is completed. Duration of each test shall be one hour.

## **End Semester Examination**

In question paper weightage of each module will be proportional to number of respective lecture hours as mention in the syllabus.

- 1. Question paper will comprise of 6 questions, each carrying 15 marks.
- 2. Question number 1 will be compulsory and based on maximum contents of the syllabus
- 3. Remaining questions will be mixed in nature (for example, if Q.2 has part (a) from module 3 then part (b) will be from other than module 3)
- 4. Total four questions need to be solved.

## **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Engineering Chemistry Jain & Jain, DhanpatRai
- 2. Engineering Chemistry Dara & Dara, S Chand
- 3. Green Chemistry: A textbook V.K.Ahluwalia, Alpha Science International
- 4. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy (4th Edition) C.N.Banwell, Elaine M. McCash,
  - Tata McGraw Hill.
- 5. Elementary Organic Spectroscopy- Y.R.Sharma, S.Chand and Co.
- 6. A Text Book of Engineering Chemistry ShashiChawla, DhanpatRai
- 7. Engineering Chemistry Payal Joshi & Shashank Deep (Oxford University Press)

The final certification and acceptance of TW ensures the satisfactory performance of laboratory work and minimum passing in the TW.

| Course<br>Code | Course Name                 | Teaching Scheme<br>(Contact Hours) |        |      |               | Credits Assigned     |      |        |       |
|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|------|---------------|----------------------|------|--------|-------|
|                |                             | Theory                             | y Pra  | act. | Tut.          | Theory               | Tut. | Pract. | Total |
| FEL202         | Engineering<br>Chemistry-II |                                    | 0      | 1    |               |                      | -    | 0.5    | 0.5   |
|                | Course Name                 | Examination Scheme                 |        |      |               |                      |      |        |       |
|                |                             | Theory                             |        |      |               |                      |      |        |       |
| Course<br>Code |                             | Internal Assessment End            |        |      | End           | Exam.                | Term | Pract. | Total |
|                |                             | Test1                              | Test 2 | Avg. | Sem.<br>Exam. | Duration<br>(in Hrs) | Work | /oral  | Total |
| FEL202         | Engineering<br>Chemistry-II |                                    |        |      |               |                      | 25   |        | 25    |

Outcomes: Learner will be able to...

- 1. Determine moisture and ash content of coal
- 2. Analyze flue gas
- 3. Determine saponification and acid value of oil
- 4. Determine flash point of a lubricating oil
- 5. Synthesize a drug and a biofuel.
- 6. Determine na/k and emf of cu-zn system

# **Suggested Experiments**

- 1. Determination of Moisture content of coal.
- 2. Determination of Ash content of coal.
- 3. Flue gas analysis using Orsat's apparatus.
- 4. Saponification value of oil
- 5. Acid value of oil
- 6. Determination of Na/K by Flame photometry.
- 7. Preparation of Biodiesel from edible oil.
- 8. To estimate the emf of Cu-Zn system by Potentiometry.
- 9. Synthesis of Aspirin.
- 10. Determination of Flash point of a lubricant using Abel's apparatus

## Term work:

Term Work shall consist of minimum five experiments.

The distribution of marks for term work shall be as follows:

Laboratory work (Experiments and Journal): 10 marks
 Assignments and Viva on practicals: 10 marks
 Attendance (Theory and Practical): 05 marks

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