```
In [ ]: from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```

```
Choose Files No file chosen
```

Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session. Please rerun this cell to enable.

Saving Auto.csv to Auto (8).csv

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import io

df = pd.read_csv('Auto.csv')
    print(df.head)
    print('\nDimesnions of data frame:',df.shape)
```

<pre><bound method="" ndframe.head="" of<="" pre=""></bound></pre>				mpg	cylinde	rs displa	cement hor	sepower
weight acceleration year \								
0	18.0	8	307.0		130	3504	12.0	70.0
1	15.0	8	350.0		165	3693	11.5	70.0
2	18.0	8	318.0		150	3436	11.0	70.0
3	16.0	8	304.0		150	3433	12.0	70.0
4	17.0	8	302.0		140	3449	NaN	70.0
		• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •		
387	27.0	4	140.0		86	2790	15.6	82.0
388	44.0	4	97.0		52	2130	24.6	82.0
389	32.0	4	135.0		84	2295	11.6	82.0
390	28.0	4	120.0		79	2625	18.6	82.0
391	31.0	4	119.0		82	2720	19.4	82.0

	origin	name
0	1	chevrolet chevelle malibu
1	1	buick skylark 320
2	1	plymouth satellite
3	1	amc rebel sst
4	1	ford torino
		•••
387	1	ford mustang gl
388	2	vw pickup
389	1	dodge rampage
390	1	ford ranger
391	1	chevy s-10

[392 rows x 9 columns]>

Dimesnions of data frame: (392, 9)

```
In [ ]:
        print(df.mpg.describe())
         print(df.weight.describe())
         print(df.year.describe())
                  392.000000
         count
        mean
                   23.445918
                    7.805007
         std
         min
                    9.000000
         25%
                   17.000000
         50%
                   22.750000
         75%
                   29.000000
                   46.600000
        max
        Name: mpg, dtype: float64
         count
                   392.000000
                  2977.584184
        mean
         std
                   849.402560
        min
                  1613.000000
         25%
                  2225.250000
         50%
                  2803.500000
         75%
                  3614.750000
                  5140.000000
        max
        Name: weight, dtype: float64
                  390.000000
         count
        mean
                   76.010256
         std
                    3.668093
                   70.000000
        min
         25%
                   73.000000
         50%
                   76.000000
         75%
                   79.000000
        max
                   82.000000
        Name: year, dtype: float64
```

The average of MPG is 23.44 MPG and the range is from 9 MPG to 46.6 MPG.

The average of Weight is 2977.58 LB and the range is from 1613 LB to 5140 LB.

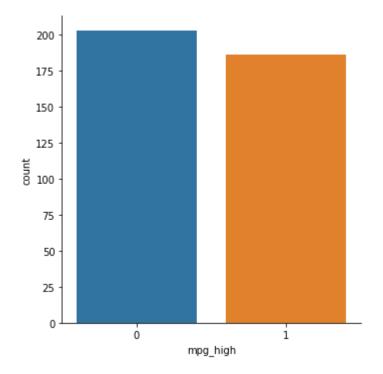
The average for Year is 76.01 Years while the range is from 70 Years to 82 Years.

```
df.dtypes
In [ ]:
Out[]: mpg
                          float64
        cylinders
                            int64
         displacement
                          float64
        horsepower
                            int64
        weight
                            int64
         acceleration
                          float64
        year
                          float64
                            int64
         origin
         name
                          object
         dtype: object
```

```
In [ ]: df1 = df.copy()
        df1.cylinders = df1.cylinders.astype('category').cat.codes
        df1.origin = df1.origin.astype('category')
        print(df1.dtypes)
                          float64
        mpg
        cylinders
                             int8
        displacement
                          float64
        horsepower
                            int64
                            int64
        weight
                          float64
        acceleration
        year
                          float64
        origin
                         category
        name
                           object
        dtype: object
In [ ]: df1.isnull().sum()
        df1 = df1.dropna()
In [ ]: print('\nDimensions of data frame:', df1.shape)
        Dimensions of data frame: (389, 9)
In [ ]: import numpy as np
        df1['mpg_high'] = np.where(df1.mpg > np.mean(df1.mpg), 1, 0)
        df1.drop('mpg', inplace=True, axis=1)
        df1.drop('name', inplace=True, axis=1)
In [ ]: print(df1.head())
           cylinders
                       displacement
                                                 weight
                                                          acceleration
                                                                        year origin \
                                     horsepower
        0
                   4
                              307.0
                                            130
                                                   3504
                                                                  12.0
                                                                        70.0
                                                                                  1
        1
                                                                  11.5
                    4
                              350.0
                                            165
                                                   3693
                                                                        70.0
                                                                                  1
        2
                    4
                              318.0
                                            150
                                                   3436
                                                                  11.0
                                                                        70.0
                                                                                  1
                    4
                                                                                  1
        3
                              304.0
                                            150
                                                   3433
                                                                  12.0
                                                                        70.0
        6
                    4
                              454.0
                                            220
                                                   4354
                                                                   9.0
                                                                        70.0
                                                                                  1
           mpg_high
        0
                   0
        1
                   0
        2
                   0
        3
                   0
                   0
        6
```

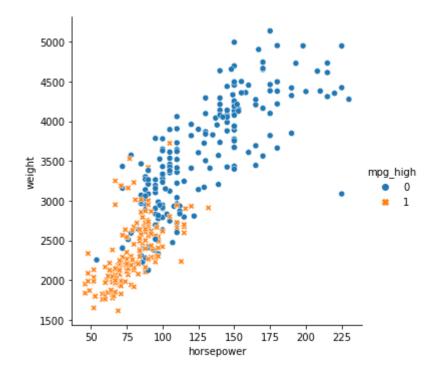
```
In [ ]: import seaborn as sb
sb.catplot(x="mpg_high", kind='count',data=df1)
```

Out[]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7fdcf9dfa990>



There is more cars that are under the average MPG than over the average MPG.

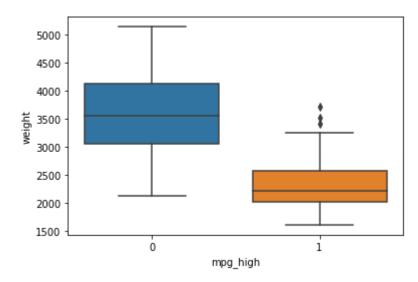
Out[]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x7fdcf9304310>



The cars that have less MPG compared to the average MPG have higher horsepower and tend to weigh heavier.

```
In [ ]: sb.boxplot(x='mpg_high',y='weight',data=df1)
```

Out[]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fdcf91268d0>



There is some correlation between the cars with lower than average MPG and how much they weigh. The cars with lower MPG on average weigh more than cars with a higher MPG then the average.

Splitting data into Test and Train

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X = df1.loc[:,['cylinders','origin','displacement','horsepower','weight','acce
leration', 'year']]
Y = df1.mpg_high
train_X, test_X, train_Y, test_Y = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2,random
_state=1234)
print('\ntrain_Y:',train_X.shape)
print('\ntest_Y:',test_X.shape)

train_Y: (311, 7)
test_Y: (78, 7)
```

Logistic Regression

```
In [ ]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    LR = LogisticRegression(max_iter=400)
    LR.fit(train_X,train_Y)
    LR.score(train_X, train_Y)

Out[ ]: 0.9035369774919614

In [ ]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_
    score
    LRPred = LR.predict(test_X)

    print('accuracy score: ', accuracy_score(test_Y, LRPred))
    print('precision score: ', precision_score(test_Y, LRPred))
    print('recall score: ', recall_score(test_Y, LRPred))
    print('f1 score: ', f1_score(test_Y, LRPred))

    accuracy score: 0.8974358974358975
    precision score: 0.77777777777777778
    recall score: 1.0
    f1 score: 0.875000000000000001
```

Decision Tree

```
In [ ]: | from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
        DT = DecisionTreeClassifier()
        DT.fit(train_X, train_Y)
        DTPred = DT.predict(test X)
In [ ]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, precision score, recall score, f1
        score
        print('accuracy score: ', accuracy_score(test_Y, DTPred))
        print('precision score: ', precision_score(test_Y, DTPred))
        print('recall score: ', recall_score(test_Y, DTPred))
        print('f1 score: ', f1_score(test_Y, DTPred))
        accuracy score: 0.9358974358974359
        precision score: 0.8709677419354839
        recall score: 0.9642857142857143
        f1 score: 0.9152542372881356
In [ ]: | from sklearn import tree
        tree.plot_tree(DT)
```

Neural Network

```
In [ ]: from sklearn import preprocessing
        scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler().fit(train X)
        X train scaled = scaler.transform(train X)
        X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(test_X)
In [ ]: from sklearn.neural network import MLPClassifier
        NN = MLPClassifier(solver='lbfgs', hidden_layer_sizes=(5, 2), max_iter=500, ra
        ndom state=1234)
        NN.fit(X_train_scaled, train_Y)
Out[ ]: MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(5, 2), max_iter=500, random_state=1234,
                       solver='lbfgs')
        pred = NN.predict(X_test_scaled)
In [ ]:
In [ ]: | print('accuracy = ', accuracy_score(test_Y, pred))
        confusion matrix(test Y, pred)
        accuracy = 0.8717948717948718
Out[]: array([[43, 7],
               [ 3, 25]])
In [ ]: from sklearn.metrics import classification report
        print(classification_report(test_Y, pred))
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                       support
                            0.93
                                      0.86
                                                0.90
                                                            50
                   0
                            0.78
                                      0.89
                    1
                                                0.83
                                                            28
            accuracy
                                                0.87
                                                            78
                                                0.86
                                                            78
           macro avg
                            0.86
                                      0.88
        weighted avg
                            0.88
                                      0.87
                                                0.87
                                                            78
```

Second Neural Network

After doing both the Neural Networks, the accuracy between two are similar because the changes in the classifier was not enough to cause a dramatic change.

Analysis

Out of the 3 different methods, the Decision tree had the best accuracy, however, it also had the worst because it has different variation based on the path that it chose.

```
In [ ]:
        print('Logistic Regression Classification Report')
         print(classification_report(test_Y, LRPred))
         print('Decision Tree Classification Report')
         print(classification_report(test_Y,DTPred))
         print('Neural Network Classification Report')
         print(classification_report(test_Y,NN2Pred))
         Logistic Regression Classification Report
                       precision
                                     recall f1-score
                                                         support
                    0
                            1.00
                                       0.84
                                                 0.91
                                                              50
                    1
                            0.78
                                       1.00
                                                 0.88
                                                              28
                                                 0.90
                                                              78
             accuracy
            macro avg
                            0.89
                                       0.92
                                                 0.89
                                                              78
        weighted avg
                            0.92
                                       0.90
                                                 0.90
                                                              78
        Decision Tree Classification Report
                                     recall f1-score
                       precision
                                                        support
                    0
                            0.98
                                       0.92
                                                 0.95
                                                              50
                    1
                            0.87
                                       0.96
                                                 0.92
                                                              28
                                                 0.94
                                                              78
             accuracy
                                       0.94
                                                 0.93
                                                              78
            macro avg
                            0.92
        weighted avg
                            0.94
                                       0.94
                                                 0.94
                                                              78
        Neural Network Classification Report
                       precision
                                     recall
                                            f1-score
                                                         support
                    0
                            1.00
                                       0.82
                                                 0.90
                                                              50
                    1
                            0.76
                                       1.00
                                                 0.86
                                                              28
             accuracy
                                                 0.88
                                                              78
                                                              78
            macro avg
                            0.88
                                       0.91
                                                 0.88
        weighted avg
                            0.91
                                       0.88
                                                 0.89
                                                              78
```

The differences between Decision Tree and the rest that caused it to have a higher accuracy was the fact that it has higher scores overall compared to the other results. The f1-score was higher for classifaction therefore it was able to achieve a higher accuracy.

I highly prefer sklearn because it is easier to do things like logistic regression or decision trees because it has a function already built in and makes filling in the missing fields easier whereas if I did this in R I would have to make sure I import the right libraries and then make sure the data fits and doesn't cause errors when implementing it.