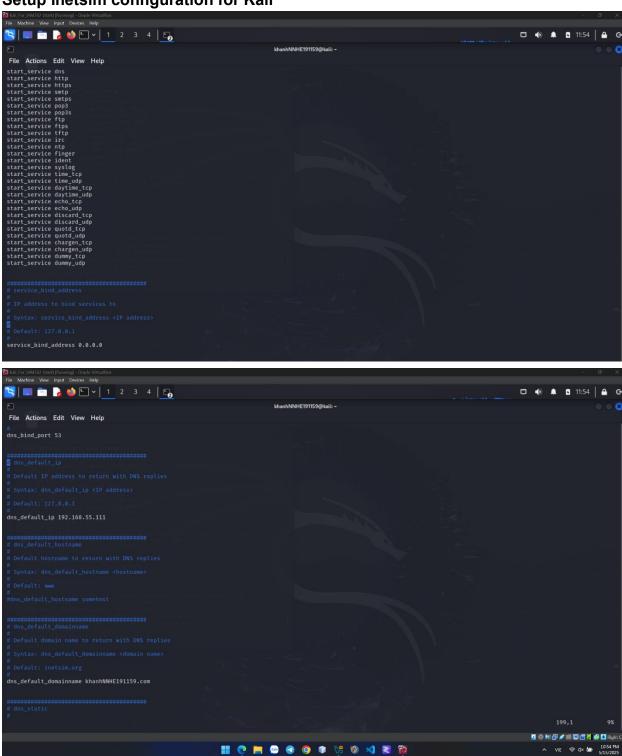
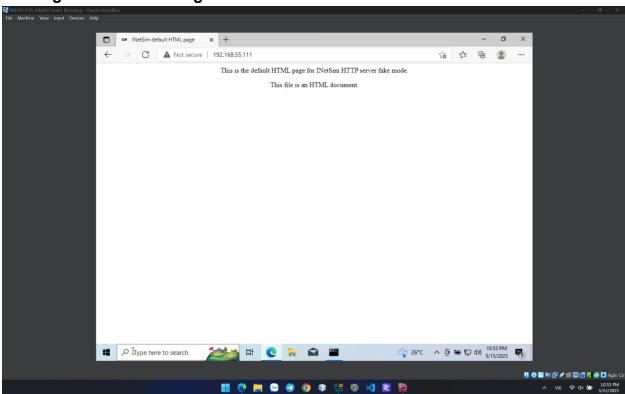
LAB 1: Setting Up Environment

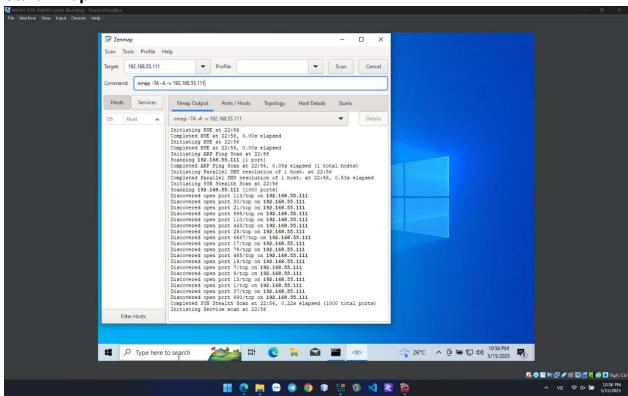
Setup Inetsim configuration for Kali



Viewing an HTTP Web Page

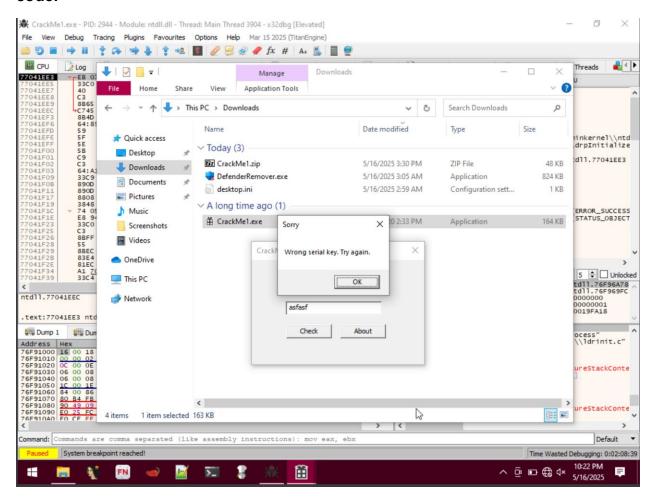


Start Nmap



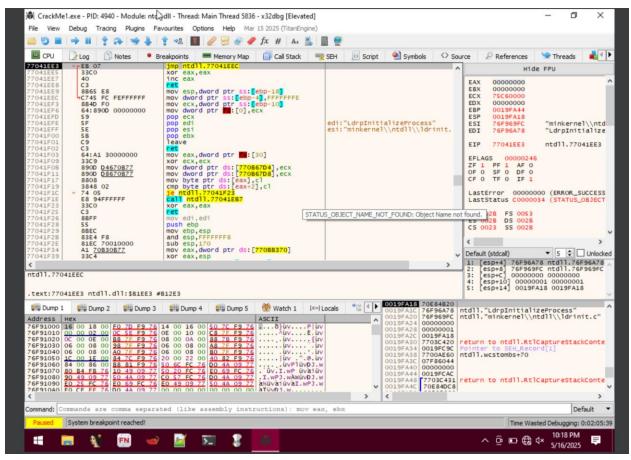
BÀI CRACKME 1

Open the CrackMe1.exe file and test it with a random serial key, resulting in the message "Wrong serial key. Try again." This is a critical indicator, as it will guide us to locate the correct serial key in subsequent steps by analyzing the related code.

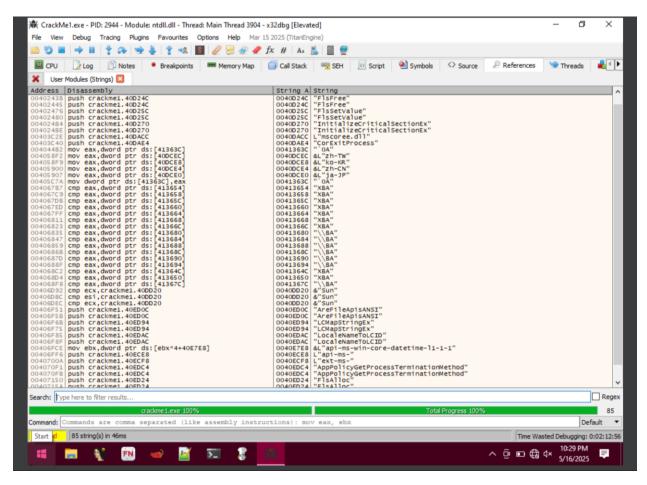


Open the CrackMe1.exe file in x32dbg to start the analysis.

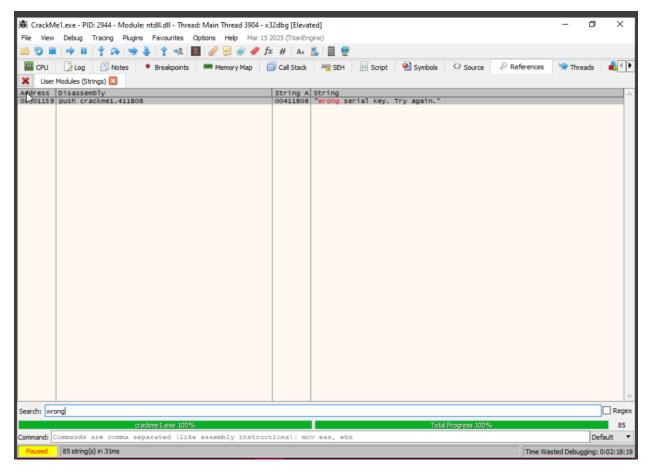
Note: x32dbg is a debugger used to analyze the program's machine code (assembly). The CPU tab displays the assembly instructions we will examine.



Right-click, scroll to "Search for" => "All User Modules" => "String References" to view the mappings of meaningful strings to hexadecimal values stored at addresses in the assembly code.



Then search for the string "Wrong serial key. Try again." which we noted during the initial test run of the .exe file.



Double-click the string "Wrong serial key. Try again" to jump to its location in the assembly code (address 00401159).

```
jmp crackme1.401135
sbb eax,eax
00401130
                   1BC0
00401132
                   83C8 01
                                        or eax,i
                                        push 0
test eax,eax
ine crackme1.401154
push crackme1.411AE8
push crackme1.411AF4
00401135
                   6A 00
85C0
00401137
                   75 19
68 E81A4100
68 F41A4100
00401139
                                                                                              411AE8: "Congrats!"
411AF4: "Well done!"
0040113B
00401145
                   50
FF15 18D14000
                                        push eax
call dword ptr ds:[<MessageBoxA>]
00401146
0040114C
                   33C0
                                        xor eax, eax
                                        mov esp,ebp
0040114E
                   8BE5
                  5D
C2 1000
68 001B4100
                                        ret 10
push crackme1.411800
00401151
                                                                                              411B08: "Wrong serial key. Try again."
                   68 081B4100
6A 00
00401159
                                        push crackme1.411B08
                                        push 0

call dword ptr ds:[<MessageBoxA>]

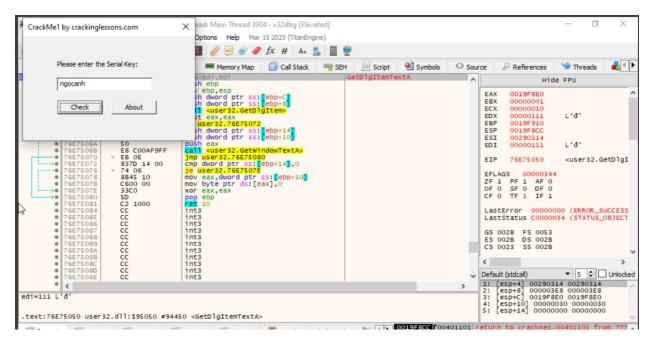
xor eax,eax
mov esp,ebp
0040115E
                   FF15 18D14000
00401160
                   33C0
00401166
00401168
                   8BE5
                  5D
C2 1000
                                        pop ebp
0040116A
0040116B
                                        push 0
call dword ptr ds:[<PostQuitMessage>]
xor eax,eax
mov esp,ebp
pop ebp
                  6A 00
FF15 14D14000
0040116E
00401170
 00401176
00401178
                   8BE5
0040117A
                   5D
                  C2 1000
56
                                        ret 10
push esi
0040117B
0040117E
                                                                                              esi: "minkernel\\ntdll\\ldrinit.c"
                                        push 2
call crackme1.4033F4
                   E8 6E220000
00401181
```

Note: This string is the message shown when the serial key is incorrect. Locating this string helps identify the code section that checks the serial key, typically just before the string is called.

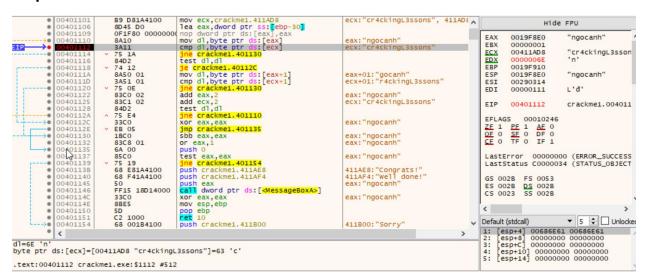
From the "Wrong serial key. Try again" string at address 00401159, scroll up to find the CMP instruction that performs the serial key comparison. The CMP instruction is found at 00401112, where "MOV ECX, crackme1.411AD8" assigns the value "cr4ckingL3ssons" to ECX. Then, CMP compares DL (each byte of input string) with ECX. If they don't match, the program jumps to the failure branch and displays "Wrong serial key. Try again".

```
411B28:"About"
411B30:"Coded by\n crackingle
                     68 281B4100
  00401006
                     68 301B4100
                                         push crackme1.411B30
                                         push eax
call dword ptr ds:[<MessageBoxA>]
  004010DB
                     50
  004010DC
                     FF15 18D14000
  004010E2
                     33C0
                                         xor eax, eax
 004010E4
                     8BE5
                                         mov esp, ebp
                                         pop ebp
  004010F6
                     5D
                    C2 1000
6A 30
                                         ret 10
push 30
004010E7
  004010EA
                     8D45 D0
                                         lea eax, dword ptr ss:[ebp-30]
                                         push eax
push 3E8
● 004010EF
                     50
                     68 E8030000
  004010F0
                                         push dword ptr ds:[4142A0]
call dword ptr ds:[KGetDlgItemTextA>]
mov ecx,crackme1.W11AD8
● 004010F5
                    FF35 A0424100
FF15 10D14000
  004010FB
  00401101
                     B9 D81A4100
                                                                                              411AD8: "cr4ckingL3ssons"
  00401106
                     8D45 D0
                                         lea eax, dword ptr ss:[ebp-30]
                    0F1F80 00000000 (nop dword ptr ds:[eax],e8 8A10 mov dl,byte ptr ds:[eax] 3A11 cmp dl,byte ptr ds:[ecx] 75 1A jne crackme1.401130
  00401109
  00401110
  00401112
   00401114
  00401116
                     84D2
                                         test dl,dl
                                         je crackme1.40112C
mov dl,byte ptr ds:[eax+1]
cmp dl,byte ptr ds:[ecx+1]
jne crackme1.401130
  00401118
                 v 74 12
                     8A50 01
  0040111A
                 3A51 01
75 0E
  0040111D
  00401120
• 00401122
                     83C0 02
                                         add eax,2
                                         add ecx,
  00401125
                     83C1 02
                     84D2
                                         test dl,dl
  00401128
                                         jne crackme1.401110
xor eax,eax
                 ^ 75 E4
  0040112A
  0040112C
                     33C0
• 0040112E
                 ∨ EB 05
                                         jmp crackme1.401135
0
```

Set a breakpoint at address 00401112 to inspect the values of registers (such as DL and ECX) during the serial key comparison, aiming to identify the correct value. Press F9 to execute the program, enter a random key ("ngocanh"), and the program will pause at the breakpoint for analysis.

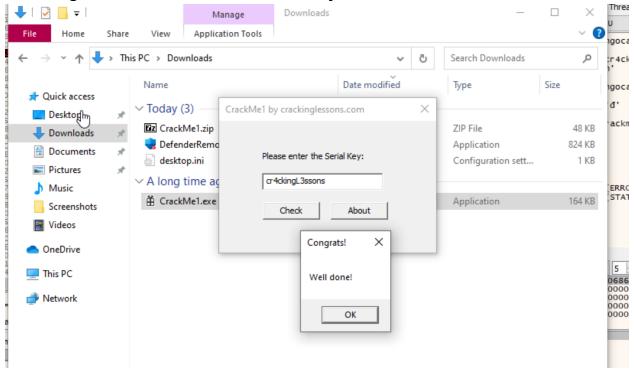


Press F8 to step through the code until the breakpoint, focusing on the register window with variables EAX, ECX, and ESP. Observe their changes after each code step.

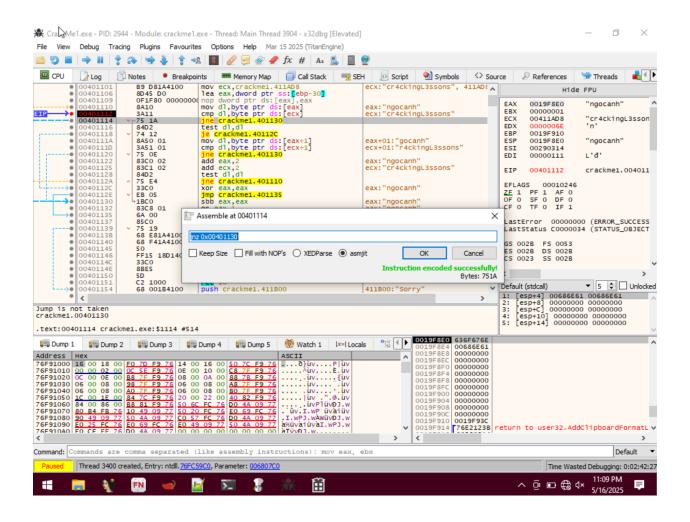


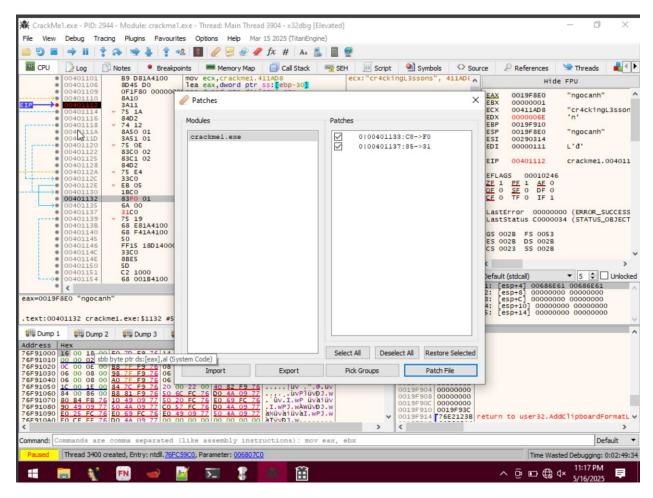
At the breakpoint, we observe that the first byte of EAX (stored in DL) is 'n', while the ECX string starts with 'c'. This raises doubts about the accuracy of

"cr4ckingL3ssons" as the correct serial key.

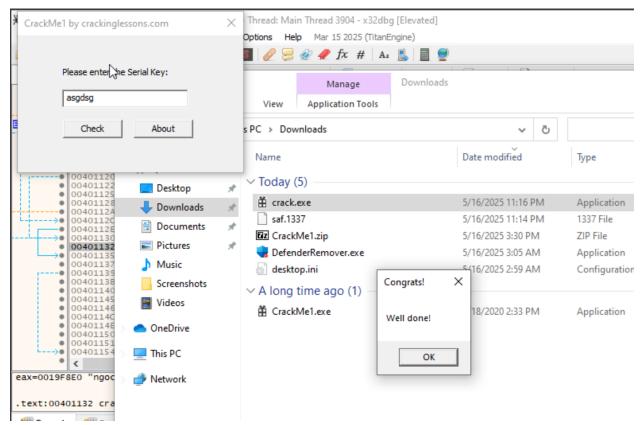


Test the CrackMe1.exe file, resulting in the message "Well done!" Conclusion: The serial key is "cr4ckingL3ssons".





Convert test eax, eax to xor eax eax and patch file



then check random key and bypass!