

BÀI BÁO CÁO TUẦN 4

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Assignment 1

CODE:

#Laboratory Exercise 5, Assignment 1

.data

test: .ascii "Nguyen Trong Khanh Duy"

.text

li \$v0, 4 # \$v0 = 4

la \$a0, test # Dia chi cua test duoc ghi vao \$a0

syscall # Loi gọi dịch vụ hệ thống

Kết quả:

The screenshot displays the Mars MIPS simulator interface. The main window is divided into several panes:

- Text Segment:** Shows the assembly code with columns for Bkpt, Address, Code, Basic, and Source. The code includes instructions for loading the value 4 into \$v0, loading the address of the 'test' label into \$a0, and performing a syscall.
- Data Segment:** Shows a table of memory addresses and their corresponding values. The 'test' label is located at address 0x10010000 and contains the string "Nguyen Trong Khanh Duy".
- Registers:** A table showing the state of the MIPS registers. The \$v0 register contains the value 4, and the \$a0 register contains the address 0x10010000.
- Output Window:** Displays the message "Nguyen Trong Khanh Duy" and a status message indicating that the program is finished running.

Nhận xét: Chuỗi được lưu vào bộ nhớ với thứ tự ngược lại. Và mỗi value sẽ có 4 ký tự.

Address	Value (+0)	Value (+4)	Value (+8)	Value (+c)	Value (+10)	Value (+14)	Value (+18)	Value (+1c)
0x10010000	y u g N	T n e	g n o r	a h K	D h n	\0 \0 y u	\0 \0 \0 \0	\0 \0 \0 \0

Assignment 2

CODE:

#Laboratory Exercise 5, Assignment 2

#Gia su s1 = 11, s2 = 46 => sum = 57

.data

str1: .ascii "The sum of "

str2: .ascii " and "

str3: .ascii " is "

.text

li \$s0, 11 # s0 = 11

li \$s1, 46 # s1 = 46

li \$v0, 4 # \$v0 = 4

la \$a0, str1 # Địa chỉ của str1 được ghi vào \$a0

syscall

li \$v0, 1 # \$v0 = 1

add \$a0, \$s0, \$zero # a0 = s0 + 0

syscall

li \$v0, 4 # \$v0 = 4

la \$a0, str2 # Địa chỉ của str2 được ghi vào \$a0

syscall

li \$v0, 1 # \$v0 = 1

add \$a0, \$s1, \$zero # a0 = s1 + 0

syscall

li \$v0, 4 # \$v0 = 4

la \$a0, str3 # Dia chi cua str3 duoc ghi vao \$a0

syscall

add \$s2, \$s1, \$s0 # sum = s2 = s1 + s0

li \$v0, 1 # \$v0 = 1

add \$a0, \$s2, \$zero # a0 = s2 + 0

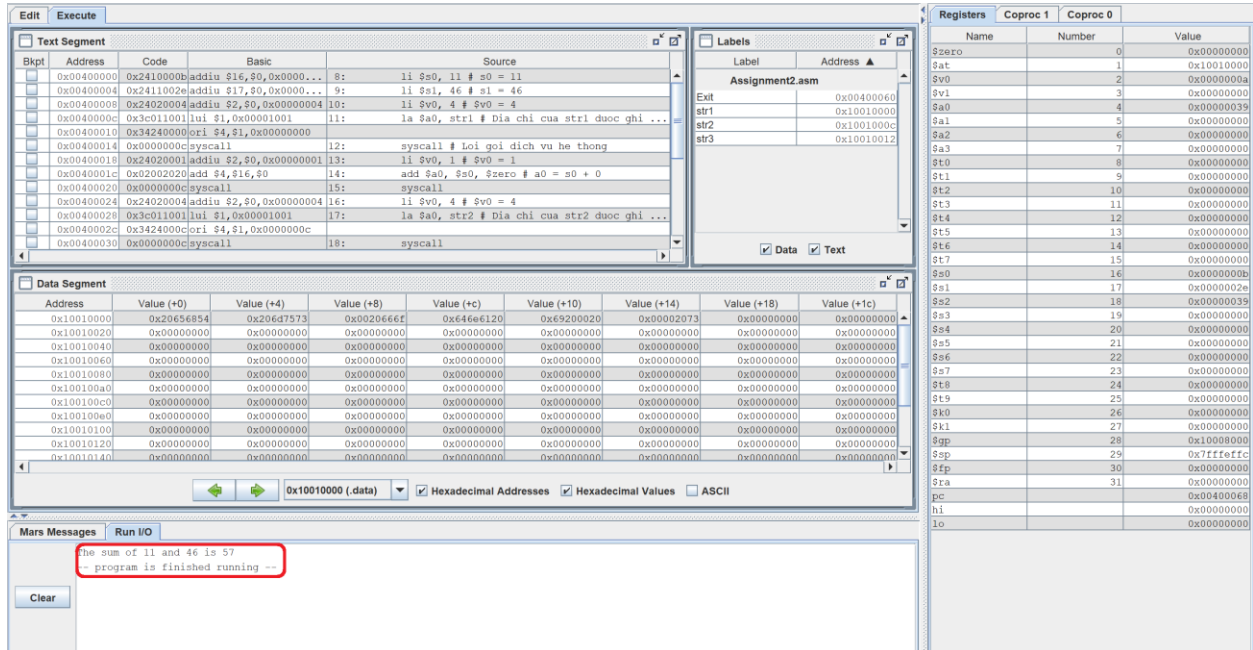
syscall

Exit:

li \$v0, 10 # \$v0 = 10

syscall

Kết quả:



Assignment 3

CODE:

#Laboratory Exercise 5, Assignment 3

.data

x: .space 32

destination string x, empty

y: .asciiz "Hello"

source string y

.text

strcpy:

add \$s0, \$zero, \$zero

\$s0 = i = 0

la \$a1, y

\$a1 = address of y[i]

la \$a0, x

\$a0 = address of x[i]

L1:

add \$t1, \$s0, \$a1

\$t1 = \$s0 + \$a1 = i + y[0]

lb \$t2, 0(\$t1)

\$t2 = value at \$t1 = y[i]

add \$t3, \$s0, \$a0

\$t3 = \$s0 + \$a0 = i + x[0]

sb \$t2, 0(\$t3)

x[i] = \$t2 = y[i]

beq \$t2, \$zero, end_of_strcpy

if y[i] == 0, exit

nop

addi \$s0, \$s0, 1

\$s0 = \$s0 + 1 <-> i = i + 1

j L1

next character

nop

end_of_strcpy:

Kết quả:

The screenshot displays the Mars MIPS simulator interface. The main window is divided into several panes:

- Text Segment:** Shows assembly code with addresses, codes, basic instructions, and source comments. The code implements a string copy function. A red box highlights the first two instructions: `add $t1, $s0, $a0` and `lb $t2, 0($t1)`.
- Labels:** Lists labels defined in the code, including `strcpy`, `L1`, `end_of_strcpy`, `x`, and `y`.
- Registers:** A table showing the state of MIPS registers. The `$s0` register is highlighted in red, showing its value as `0x00000001`.
- Data Segment:** Shows the memory layout of the program, with addresses and data values.

At the bottom, there are checkboxes for `Hexadecimal Addresses`, `Hexadecimal Values`, and `ASCII`.

Assignment 4

CODE:

#Laboratory Exercise 5, Assignment 4

.data

string: .space 50

Message1: .ascii "Nhap xau: "

Message2: .ascii "Do dai xau la: "

.text

main:

get_string:

li \$v0, 54

la \$a0, Message1

la \$a1, string

la \$a2, 50

syscall

get_length:

la \$a0, string

\$a0 = address(string[0])

add \$t0, \$zero, \$zero

\$t0 = i = 0

check_char:

add \$t1, \$a0, \$t0

\$t1 = \$a0 + \$t0

= address(string[i])

lb \$t2, 0(\$t1)

\$t2 = string[i]

beq \$t2, \$zero, end_of_str

is null char?

```
addi $t0, $t0, 1
```

\$t0 = \$t0 + 1 -> i = i + 1

```
j check_char
```

```
end_of_str:
```

```
end_of_get_length:
```

```
print_length:
```

```
li $v0, 56
```

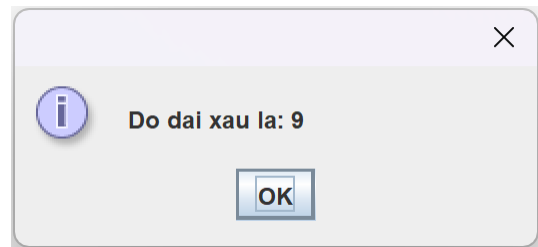
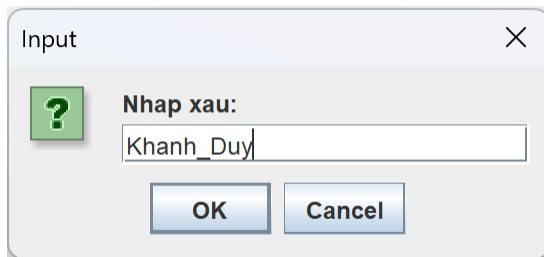
```
la $a0, Message2
```

```
addi $a1, $t0, -1
```

#Do ký tự cuối là null nên ta phải - 1

```
syscall
```

Kết quả:



Assignment 5

CODE:

#Laboratory Exercise 5, Assignment 5

.data

get_char: .space 20

message1: .asciiz "Nhap ky tu thu "

message2: .asciiz ": "

message3: .asciiz "\n"

message4: .asciiz "Chuo i ky tu vua nhap la: "

.text

li \$s0, 20 # N = 20

li \$s1, 0 # i = 0

la \$s2, get_char # Load address of get_char[0]

li \$s3, 10 # Char \n in ASCII

read_char:

beq \$s1, \$s0, end_read_char # i = N branch to exit

Show message "Nhap ky tu thu i: "

li \$v0, 4

la \$a0, message1

syscall

addi \$t1, \$s1, 1


```
li $v0, 1
move $a0, $t1
syscall
```

```
li $v0, 4
la $a0, message2
syscall
```

```
li $v0, 12          # Read character
syscall
move $t0, $v0
beq $t0, $s3, end_read_char # Press "Enter" branch to exit
```

```
li $v0, 4
la $a0, message3
syscall
add $s5, $s2, $s1   # $s5=Address of get_char[i]=get_char[0]+i
sb $t0, 0($s5)      # Store character to get_char[i]
addi $s1, $s1, 1    # i++
j read_char
```

end_read_char:

```
li $v0, 4          # Show message4
la $a0, message4
```

syscall

print_string:

li \$v0, 11

Show ky tu tai dia chi trong \$s5

lb \$a0, 0(\$s5)

syscall

beq \$s5, \$s2, exit # \$s5 = address của ky tu cuoi cung

addi \$s5, \$s5, -1 # Tien dan den ky tu dau tien

j print_string

exit:

li \$v0, 10

syscall

Kết quả:

D:\Courses\2021\ThucHanhKienTrucMay\Tinh\Assignments\Week5\Assignment5.asm - MARS 4.5

File Edit Run Settings Tools Help

Run speed at max (no interaction)

Text Segment

Blkpt	Address	Code	Basic	Source
	0x00400000	0x24100014	addiu \$16,\$0,20	10: li \$a0, 20 # N = 20
	0x00400004	0x24110000	addiu \$17,\$0,0	11: li \$a1, 0 # i = 0
	0x00400008	0x3e011001	lui \$1,4097	12: la \$a2, get_char # load address of get...
	0x0040000c	0x34320000	ori \$19,\$1,0	
	0x00400010	0x2413000a	addiu \$19,\$0,10	13: li \$a3, 10 # Char \n in ASCII
	0x00400014	0x24140000	addiu \$20,\$0,0	14: li \$a4, 0 # index = 0
	0x00400018	0x00127821	addu \$15,\$0,\$18	15: move \$t7, \$a2

Data Segment

Address	Value (+0)	Value (+4)	Value (+8)	Value (+c)	Value (+10)	Value (+14)	Value (+18)	Value (+1c)
0x10010000	a N o i	h o a n	a c h k	h o c B	\n D a i	p a h n	y k	t u t
0x10010020	\0 u h	\n \0 :	u h C \0	k i o	u t y	a u v	a h n	a l p
0x10010040	\0 \0 :	\0 \0 \0 \0	\0 \0 \0 \0	\0 \0 \0 \0	\0 \0 \0 \0	\0 \0 \0 \0	\0 \0 \0 \0	\0 \0 \0 \0

Registers

Name	Number	Value
\$0 (raddi)	0	0
\$12 (status)	12	65297
\$13 (cause)	13	0
\$14 (epc)	14	0

Mars Messages Run I/O

Nhap ky tu thu 3: N
Nhap ky tu thu 4: a
Nhap ky tu thu 5: h
Nhap ky tu thu 6: a
Nhap ky tu thu 7: o
Nhap ky tu thu 8: h
Nhap ky tu thu 9: k
Nhap ky tu thu 10: h
Nhap ky tu thu 11: o
Nhap ky tu thu 12: a
Nhap ky tu thu 13: h
Nhap ky tu thu 14: o
Nhap ky tu thu 15: o
Nhap ky tu thu 16: h
Nhap ky tu thu 17: i
Nhap ky tu thu 18: a
Nhap ky tu thu 19: D
Nhap ky tu thu 20:
Chuoi ky tu vua nhap la:
DaihocBachkhoaHaNoi
-- program is finished running --

Clear