



This is the earliest museum established in Hue (1923), with the first name being Musée Khai Dinh. After that, this museum was renamed many times: Hue Museum of Antiquities (1947), Hue Museum (1958), Gallery of Antiquities (1979), Hue Museum of Antiquities (1992), Royal Fine Arts Museum Hue (1992). The museum's campus is 6,330 square meters, the main building in the middle is 1,185 square meters and some outbuildings are used as treasuries of antiquities and gardens.

The building that was originally Long An Palace in Bao Dinh Palace was moved here in 1909 to house the Tan Tho Library of Quoc Tu Giam School. In 1923 at the request of the Ancient Citadel of Hieu, this building was used as Khai Dinh Museum. Long An is a beautiful wooden structure built in the "duplicate" style with 128 columns. The interior decoration is extremely rich, artistic and very elegant. Artifacts in the Museum have been collected and stored since 1913 (when the Ancient Citadel Hieu Hoi was founded), until 1945, there were about 10,000 items, most of which were furniture, used furniture, and furniture. used by the court, works of art in the Palace ... in many materials, gold, silver, jade, bronze, ivory, glass, cloth, paper...

In addition, at the museum there is an archive of thousands of artifacts produced by the court on the spot, or made to order, and ordered as gifts of exceptional sets. An archive of more than 80 Cham artifacts collected in ancient Chau O and Chau Ly and during an ancient survey at Tra Kieu (1927).