

O‘zbekiston Respublikasi
Maktabgacha va maktab ta’limi vazirligi huzuridagi
Ixtisoslashtirilgan ta’lim muassasalari agentligi
2022-2023 o‘quv yili III-chorak
Ixtisoslik fanlaridan choraklik summativ
baholash test savollari.
(aniq fanlar yo‘nalishi)
11-sinf
II VARIANT

1-12 algebra, 13-20 geometriya, 21-35 fizika, 36-50 ingliz tili.
(B-bilish; Q-qo‘llash; M-mulohazaga oid test savollari)

O‘quvchi (F.I.SH).....

1. (B 2,5 ball) Aniq integralni hisoblang: $\int_0^1 (x^2 + 4x - 2) dx$

A) $-\frac{1}{3}$ B) 3 C) $\frac{1}{3}$ D) -3

2. (B 2,5 ball) Aniq integralni hisoblang: $\int_e^{e^2} \frac{1}{x \ln x} dx$

A) $\ln 4$ B) $\ln 2$ C) $\ln 3$ D) 1

3. (B 2,5 ball) Aniq integralni hisoblang: $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{dx}{5-3\cos x}$

A) $\frac{1}{2} \arctg 2$ B) $2 \arctg \frac{1}{2}$ C) $\arctg 2$ D) $\arctg \frac{1}{2}$

4. (Q 3,5 ball) Agar $y(1) = \frac{1}{2}$ bo‘lsa, $xy' + y = y^2$ differensial tenglamani yeching.

A) $y = \frac{1}{1+x}$ B) $y = \frac{1}{x} - 0,5$ C) $y = x - 0,5$ D) $y = \frac{1}{2x}$

5. (Q 3,5 ball) Agar $y(2) = 1$ bo‘lsa, $\frac{y}{y'} = \ln y$ differensial tenglamani yeching.

A) $y = e^{\sqrt{2x+2}}$ B) $y = e^{\sqrt{2x-4}}$ C) $y = e^{\sqrt{x-4}}$ D) $y = e^{\sqrt{2x}} + 1$

6. (Q 3,5 ball) Ushbu chizmada $y = \ln x$ funksiya grafigi,

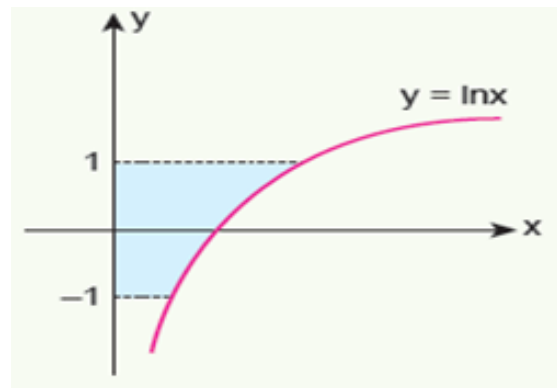
$y = -1$ va $y = 1$ chiziqlar bilan chegaralangan sohani yuzi necha birlik kvadrat.

A) $\frac{e^2-2}{e}$

B) $\frac{e^2-1}{e}$

C) $\frac{e^2+1}{e}$

D) $\frac{e^2+2}{e}$



7. (Q 3,5 ball) Ikki jism to'g'ri chiziqli bo'ylab bir vaqtning o'zida bitta nuqtadan bir yo'nalishda $v_1(t) = 3t^2 - 5$ (m/c) va $v_2(t) = 3t^2 + 2t + 1$ (m/c) qonuniyatlarga ko'ra harakatlana boshladi. Harakat boshlangandan 4 sekund o'tgach, bu jismlar orasidagi masofa (m) qanchaga teng bo'ladi?

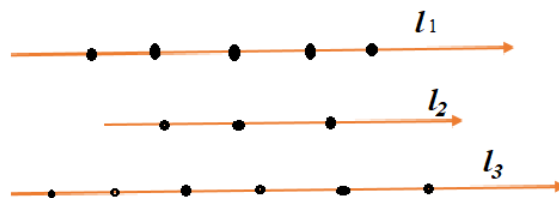
A) 38 B) 42 C) 40 D) 36

8. (Q 3,5 ball) $y = |x - 1|$, $x = -1$, $x = 2$ va $y = 0$ chiziqlar bilan chegaralangan figurani absissalari o'qi atrofida aylanishidan hosil bo'lgan jismning hajmini toping.

A) 3π B) 4π C) 5π D) π

9. (Q 3,5 ball) Ushbu l_1, l_2 va l_3 to'g'ri chiziqlar bir tekislikda yotadi va o'zaro parallel. l_1 chizidan 5 ta, l_2 chiziqdan 3 ta va l_3 chiziqdan 6 ta nuqta olingan. Uchlari shu nuqtalarda bo'lgan nechta uchburchak yasash mumkin.

A) 386 B) 342 C) 354 D) 333



10. (Q 3,5 ball) Ushbu $(x + y + z)^{10}$ ifoda yoyilmasida x^4 ko'paytuvchisiga ega bo'lgan nechta turli hadi bor?

A) 4 B) 5 C) 7 D) 8

11. (Q 3,5 ball) Tasodifiy ravishda tanlangan 32 tup g'o'za o'simligining asosiy poyasidagi bo'g'inlar soni quyidagi jadvalda berilgan:

Jadvaldan foydalanib nisbiy chastotalarini toping.

A) $w_1 = \frac{1}{32}, w_2 = \frac{1}{32}, w_3 = \frac{15}{32}, w_4 = \frac{29}{32}$

B) $w_1 = \frac{1}{32}, w_2 = \frac{9}{32}, w_3 = \frac{11}{32}, w_4 = \frac{10}{32}$

C) $w_1 = \frac{1}{32}, w_2 = \frac{9}{32}, w_3 = \frac{13}{32}, w_4 = \frac{9}{32}$

D) $w_1 = \frac{1}{32}, w_2 = \frac{8}{32}, w_3 = \frac{13}{32}, w_4 = \frac{11}{32}$

10	11	10	10	10	9	9	11
11	11	11	7	9	10	10	10
10	10	11	11	11	10	10	11
9	10	9	9	9	9	10	9

12. (M 4,5 ball) Tashkilotning avtomashinalari bir haftada sarflagan yoqilg'i miqdori haqidagi ma'lumotlar quyidagicha bo'lsin: 58, 44, 56, 52, 60. Bu qatorning standart chetlanishini hisoblang.

A) $2\sqrt{3}$

B) $4\sqrt{3}$

C) $4\sqrt{5}$

D) $4\sqrt{2}$

13. (B 4,5 ball) To'g'ri burchakli uchburchakning katetlari 6 cm va 8 cm ga teng. M nuqta uchburchak tekisligidan 12 cm masofada va uning hamma tomonlaridan bir xil masofada joylashgan. Shu masofani toping.

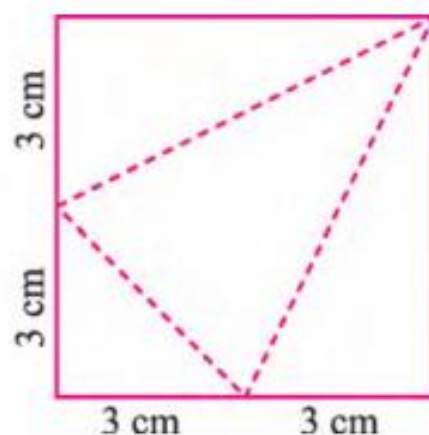
- A) 12 cm B) 13 cm C) 15 cm D) 14 cm

14. (B 4,5 ball) Uchburchakli muntazam piramida asosining tomoni 10 ga teng. Yon yog'i asos tekisligi bilan 45° li burchak hosil qiladi. Piramidaning balandligini toping.

- A) $5\sqrt{2}$ B) $5\sqrt{3}$ C) $4\sqrt{3}$ D) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$

15. (Q 5 ball) Tomoni 6 cm bo'lgan kvadrat shaklidagi varaqni rasmda ko'rsatilgandek qilib buklab, uchburchakli piramida hosil qilindi. Bu piramida hajmini toping.

- A) 8 cm B) 18 cm C) 9 cm D) 16 cm



16. (Q 5 ball) Hajmi 36 ga teng bo'lgan muntazam to'rtburchakli piramidaning asosidagi ikki yoqli burchagi 45° . Piramida asosining tomonini toping.

- A) 4 B) 8 C) 6 D) 12

17. (Q 5 ball) Konus asosining radiusi 2 ga, yasovchisi va asos tekisligi orasidagi burchak 60° ga teng. Konusning hajmini toping. (Q. 5,2 ball)

- A) $\frac{8\pi}{3}$ B) $\frac{8\pi\sqrt{3}}{3}$ C) 24π D) $8\pi\sqrt{3}$

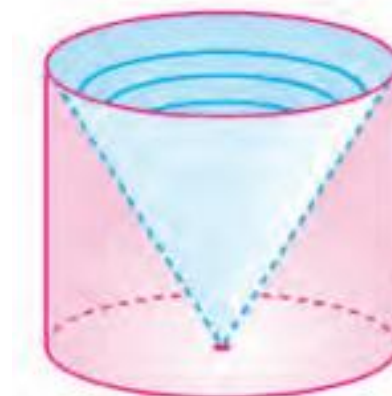
18. (Q 5 ball) Konusning balandligi 10 ga, o'q kesimi uchidagi burchagi 120° ga teng. Konus hajmining konus yon sirtiga nisbatini toping. (Q. 5,2 ball)

- A) $\frac{5}{\sqrt{3}}$ B) 2 C) $2\sqrt{3}$ D) $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$

19. (Q 5 ball) Muntazam uchburchakning tomoni 2 ga teng. Shu uchburchakni uchidan o'tuvchi va qarama - qarshi tomoniga parallel o'q atrofida aylantirishdan hosil bo'lgan jismning hajmini toping.

- A) 6π B) 4π C) $\frac{11}{2}\pi$ D) 8π

20. (M 6 ball) Silindrdan konus rasmda ko'rsatilgandek o'yib olingan. Agar silindr asosining radiusi 6 cm va balandligi 8 cm bo'lsa, hosil bo'lgan jismning hajmini toping.



- A) 148π B) 172π
C) 136π D) 192π