Beginner's Essential

# **Javascript Cheat Sheet**

The language of the web.



## **Table of Contents**

Javascript Basics	2
Variables	2
Arrays	3
Operators	4
Functions	5
Loops	7
If - Else Statements	7
Strings	7
Regular Expressions	9
Numbers and Math	10
Dealing with Dates	12
DOM Node	14
Working with the Browser	18
Events	21
Errors	27

## **Javascript Basics**

## Including JavaScript in an HTML Page

```
<script type="text/javascript">
  //JS code goes here
</script>
```

## Call an External JavaScript File

```
<script src="myscript.js"></script><code></code>
```

## Including Comments

11

Single line comments

/\* comment here \*/

Multi-line comments

## **Variables**

## var, const, let

var

The most common variable. Can be reassigned but only accessed within a function. Variables defined with var move to the top when code is executed.

#### const

Cannot be reassigned and not accessible before they appear within the code.

#### let

Similar to const, however, let variable can be reassigned but not re-declared.

## Data Types

```
var age = 23
```

Numbers

var x

Variables

```
var a = "init"
Text (strings)
var b = 1 + 2 + 3
Operations
var c = true
True or false statements
const PI = 3.14
Constant numbers
var name = {firstName:"John", lastName:"Doe"}
Objects
Objects
var person = {
  firstName:"John",
  lastName:"Doe",
 age:20,
  nationality:"German"
};
Arrays
var fruit = ["Banana", "Apple", "Pear"];
Array Methods
concat()
Join several arrays into one
indexOf()
Returns the first position at which a given element appears in an array
join()
Combine elements of an array into a single string and return the string
lastIndexOf()
Gives the last position at which a given element appears in an array
```

## pop()

Removes the last element of an array

## push()

Add a new element at the end

#### reverse()

Reverse the order of the elements in an array

## shift()

Remove the first element of an array

#### slice()

Pulls a copy of a portion of an array into a new array of 424

#### sort()

Sorts elements alphabetically

## splice()

Adds elements in a specified way and position

#### toString()

Converts elements to strings

#### unshift()

Adds a new element to the beginning

#### valueOf()

Returns the primitive value of the specified object

## **Operators**

## Basic Operators

- + Addition
- Subtraction
- \* Multiplication
- / Division
- (..) Grouping operator
- % Modulus (remainder)
- ++ Increment numbers
- -- Decrement numbers

## Comparison Operators

```
== Equal to
=== Equal value and equal type
!== Not equal
!== Not equal value or not equal type
> Greater than
< Less than
>= Greater than or equal to
<= Less than or equal to
? Ternary operator
```

## Logical Operators

```
&& Logical and
|| Logical or
! Logical not
```

## Bitwise Operators

```
& AND statement
| OR statement
~ NOT
^ XOR
<< Left shift
>> Right shift
>>> Zero fill right shift
```

## **Functions**

```
function name(parameter1, parameter2, parameter3) {
   // what the function does
}
```

## Outputting Data

```
alert()
```

Output data in an alert box in the browser window

```
confirm()
```

Opens up a yes/no dialog and returns true/false depending on user click

```
console.log()
```

Writes information to the browser console, good for debugging purposes

#### document.write()

Write directly to the HTML document

## prompt()

Creates an dialogue for user input

## Global Functions

## decodeURI()

Decodes a Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) created by encodeURI or similar

## decodeURIComponent()

Decodes a URI component

## encodeURI()

Encodes a URI into UTF-8

## encodeURIComponent()

Same but for URI components

## eval()

Evaluates JavaScript code represented as a string

## isFinite()

Determines whether a passed value is a finite number

#### isNaN()

Determines whether a value is NaN or not

## Number()

Returns a number converted from its argument

## parseFloat()

Parses an argument and returns a floating point number

## parseInt()

Parses its argument and returns an integer

## Loops

```
for (before loop; condition for loop; execute after loop) {
   // what to do during the loop
}
for
```

The most common way to create a loop in Javascript

#### while

Sets up conditions under which a loop executes

#### do while

Similar to the while loop, however, it executes at least once and performs a check at the end to see if the condition is met to execute again

#### break

Used to stop and exit the cycle at certain conditions

#### continue

Skip parts of the cycle if certain conditions are met of 724

## If - Else Statements

```
if (condition) {
   // what to do if condition is met
} else {
   // what to do if condition is not met
}
```

## **Strings**

```
var person = "John Doe";
```

## Escape Characters

```
\' - Single quote
\" - Double quote
\\ - Backslash
\b - Backspace
\f - Form feed
\n - New line
\r - Carriage return
\t - Horizontal tabulator
```

#### \v - Vertical tabulator

## String Methods

## charAt()

Returns a character at a specified position inside a string

## charCodeAt()

Gives you the unicode of character at that position

#### concat()

Concatenates (joins) two or more strings into one

#### fromCharCode()

Returns a string created from the specified sequence of UTF-16 code units

### indexOf()

Provides the position of the first occurrence of a specified text within a string

## lastIndexOf()

Same as indexOf() but with the last occurrence, searching backwards

### match()

Retrieves the matches of a string against a search pattern

#### replace()

Find and replace specific text in a string

#### search()

Executes a search for a matching text and returns its position

#### slice()

Extracts a section of a string and returns it as a new string

## split()

Splits a string object into an array of strings at a specified position

#### substr()

Similar to slice() but extracts a substring depended on a specified number of characters

## substring()

Also similar to slice() but can't accept negative indices

#### toLowerCase()

## Convert strings to lowercase

## toUpperCase()

Convert strings to uppercase

#### valueOf()

Returns the primitive value (that has no properties or methods) of a string object

## **Regular Expressions**

#### Pattern Modifiers

```
e - Evaluate replacement
i - Perform case-insensitive matching
g - Perform global matching
m - Perform multiple line matching
s - Treat strings as single line
x - Allow comments and whitespace in pattern
U - Non Greedy pattern
```

## Brackets

```
[abc] Find any of the characters between the brackets
[^abc] Find any character not in the brackets
[0-9] Used to find any digit from 0 to 9
[A-z] Find any character from uppercase A to lowercase z
(a|b|c) Find any of the alternatives separated with |
```

#### Metacharacters

```
- Find a single character, except newline or line terminator
\w
     - Word character
\W
    - Non-word character
\d
    - A digit
\D
    - A non-digit character
\s
    - Whitespace character
\s
   - Non-whitespace character
\b
     - Find a match at the beginning/end of a word
\B
    - A match not at the beginning/end of a word
\0
    - NUL character
\n
    - A new line character
\f
    - Form feed character
\r
   - Carriage return character
\t
   - Tab character
\v
    - Vertical tab character
```

```
\xxx - The character specified by an octal number xxx
\xdd - Character specified by a hexadecimal number dd
\uxxxx - The Unicode character specified by a hexadecimal number xxxx
```

## Quantifiers

```
n+ - Matches any string that contains at least one n
n* - Any string that contains zero or more occurrences of n
n? - A string that contains zero or one occurrences of n
n{X} - String that contains a sequence of X n's
n{X,Y} - Strings that contains a sequence of X to Y n's
n{X,} - Matches any string that contains a sequence of at least X n's
n$ - Any string with n at the end of it
^n - String with n at the beginning of it
?=n - Any string that is followed by a specific string n
?!n - String that is not followed by a specific string n
```

## **Numbers and Math**

## Number Properties

## MAX\_VALUE

The maximum numeric value representable in JavaScript

## MIN VALUE

Smallest positive numeric value representable in JavaScript

#### NaN

The "Not-a-Number" value

## NEGATIVE INFINITY

The negative Infinity value

#### POSITIVE INFINITY

Positive Infinity value

#### Number Methods

## toExponential()

Returns a string with a rounded number written as exponential notation

## toFixed()

Returns the string of a number with a specified number of decimals

#### toPrecision()

String of a number written with a specified length

## toString()

Returns a number as a string

#### valueOf()

Returns a number as a number

## Math Properties

```
E Euler's number

LN2 The natural logarithm of 2

LN10 Natural logarithm of 10

LOG2E Base 2 logarithm of E

LOG10E Base 10 logarithm of E

PI The number PI

SQRT1_2 Square root of 1/2

SQRT2 The square root of 2
```

## Math Methods

## abs(x)

Returns the absolute (positive) value of x

## acos(x)

The arccosine of x, in radians

## asin(x)

Arcsine of x. in radians

### atan(x)

The arctangent of x as a numeric value

## atan2(y,x)

Arctangent of the quotient of its arguments

#### ceil(x)

Value of x rounded up to its nearest integer

#### cos(x)

The cosine of x (x is in radians)

## exp(x)

Value of Ex

## floor(x)

The value of x rounded down to its nearest integer

#### log(x)

The natural logarithm (base E) of x

```
max(x,y,z,...,n)
```

Returns the number with the highest value

```
min(x,y,z,...,n)
```

Same for the number with the lowest value

## pow(x,y)

X to the power of y

#### random()

Returns a random number between 0 and 1

#### round(x)

The value of x rounded to its nearest integer

#### sin(x)

The sine of x (x is in radians)

## sqrt(x)

Square root of x

#### tan(x)

The tangent of an angle

## **Dealing with Dates**

## Setting Dates

#### Date()

Creates a new date object with the current date and time

## Date(2017, 5, 21, 3, 23, 10, 0)

Create a custom date object. The numbers represent year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds, milliseconds. You can omit anything you want except for year and month.

## Date("2017-06-23")

Date declaration as a string

## Pulling Date and Time Values

### getDate()

Get the day of the month as a number (1-31)

### getDay()

The weekday as a number (0-6)

## getFullYear()

Year as a four digit number (yyyy)

## getHours()

Get the hour (0-23)

## getMilliseconds()

The millisecond (0-999)

## getMinutes()

Get the minute (0-59)

## getMonth()

Month as a number (0-11)

### getSeconds()

Get the second (0-59)

#### getTime()

Get the milliseconds since January 1, 1970

## getUTCDate()

The day (date) of the month in the specified date according to universal time (also available for day, month, fullyear, hours, minutes etc.)

#### parse

Parses a string representation of a date, and returns the number of milliseconds since January 1, 1970

## Set Part of a Date

## setDate()

Set the day as a number (1-31)

## setFullYear()

Sets the year (optionally month and day)

### setHours()

Set the hour (0-23)

## setMilliseconds()

Set milliseconds (0-999)

## setMinutes()

Sets the minutes (0-59)

## setMonth()

Set the month (0-11)

## setSeconds()

Sets the seconds (0-59)

## setTime()

Set the time (milliseconds since January 1, 1970)

## setUTCDate()

Sets the day of the month for a specified date according to universal time (also available for day, month, fullyear, hours, minutes etc.)

## **DOM Node**

## Node Properties

#### attributes

Returns a live collection of all attributes registered to and element

#### baseURI

Provides the absolute base URL of an HTML element

#### childNodes

Gives a collection of an element's child nodes

#### firstChild

Returns the first child node of an element

#### lastChild

The last child node of an element

#### nextSibling

Gives you the next node at the same node tree level

## nodeName

Returns the name of a node

## nodeType

Returns the type of a node

#### nodeValue

Sets or returns the value of a node

#### ownerDocument

The top-level document object for this node

#### parentNode

Returns the parent node of an element

## previousSibling

Returns the node immediately preceding the current one

#### textContent

Sets or returns the textual content of a node and its descendants

#### Node Methods

## appendChild()

Adds a new child node to an element as the last child node

## cloneNode()

Clones an HTML element

## compareDocumentPosition()

Compares the document position of two elements

## getFeature()

Returns an object which implements the APIs of a specified feature

#### hasAttributes()

Returns true if an element has any attributes, otherwise false

#### hasChildNodes()

Returns true if an element has any child nodes, otherwise false

#### insertBefore()

Inserts a new child node before a specified, existing child node

## isDefaultNamespace()

Returns true if a specified namespaceURI is the default, otherwise false

## isEqualNode()

Checks if two elements are equal

## isSameNode()

Checks if two elements are the same node

## isSupported()

Returns true if a specified feature is supported on the element

## lookupNamespaceURI()

Returns the namespaceURI associated with a given node

#### lookupPrefix()

Returns a DOMString containing the prefix for a given namespaceURI, if present

#### normalize()

Joins adjacent text nodes and removes empty text nodes in an element

#### removeChild()

Removes a child node from an element

#### replaceChild()

Replaces a child node in an element

#### Element Methods

#### getAttribute()

Returns the specified attribute value of an element node

## getAttributeNS()

Returns string value of the attribute with the specified namespace and name

#### getAttributeNode()

Gets the specified attribute node

#### getAttributeNodeNS()

Returns the attribute node for the attribute with the given namespace and name

#### getElementsByTagName()

Provides a collection of all child elements with the specified tag name

## getElementsByTagNameNS()

Returns a live HTMLCollection of elements with a certain tag name belonging to the given namespace

### hasAttribute()

Returns true if an element has any attributes, otherwise false

## hasAttributeNS()

Provides a true/false value indicating whether the current element in a given namespace has the specified attribute

#### removeAttribute()

Removes a specified attribute from an element

#### removeAttributeNS()

Removes the specified attribute from an element within a certain namespace

#### removeAttributeNode()

Takes away a specified attribute node and returns the removed node

#### setAttribute()

Sets or changes the specified attribute to a specified value

#### setAttributeNS()

Adds a new attribute or changes the value of an attribute with the given namespace and name

#### setAttributeNode()

Sets or changes the specified attribute node

## setAttributeNodeNS()

Adds a new namespaced attribute node to an element

## **Working with the Browser**

## Window Properties

#### closed

Checks whether a window has been closed or not and returns true or false

#### defaultStatus

Sets or returns the default text in the statusbar of a window

#### document

Returns the document object for the window

#### frames

Returns all <iframe> elements in the current window

## history

Provides the History object for the window

## innerHeight

The inner height of a window's content area

### innerWidth

The inner width of the content area

## length

Find out the number of <iframe> elements in the window

#### location

Returns the location object for the window

#### name

Sets or returns the name of a window

## navigator

Returns the Navigator object for the window

## opener

Returns a reference to the window that created the window

## outerHeight

The outer height of a window, including toolbars/ scrollbars

#### outerWidth

The outer width of a window, including toolbars/ scrollbars

## pageXOffset

Number of pixels the current document has been scrolled horizontally

## pageYOffset

Number of pixels the document has been scrolled vertically

#### parent

The parent window of the current window

#### screen

Returns the Screen object for the window

#### screenLeft

The horizontal coordinate of the window (relative to screen)

## screenTop

The vertical coordinate of the window

#### screenX

Same as screenLeft but needed for some browsers

#### screenY

Same as screenTop but needed for some browsers

#### self

Returns the current window

#### status

Sets or returns the text in the statusbar of a window

#### top

Returns the topmost browser window

#### Window Methods

## alert()

Displays an alert box with a message and an OK button

## blur()

Removes focus from the current window

#### clearInterval()

Clears a timer set with setInterval()

### clearTimeout()

Clears a timer set with setTimeout()

#### close()

Closes the current window

### confirm()

Displays a dialogue box with a message and an OK and Cancel button

#### focus()

Sets focus to the current window

## moveBy()

Moves a window relative to its current position

## moveTo()

Moves a window to a specified position

## open()

Opens a new browser window

#### print()

Prints the content of the current window

## prompt()

Displays a dialogue box that prompts the visitor for input

## resizeBy()

Resizes the window by the specified number of pixels

#### resizeTo()

Resizes the window to a specified width and height

## scrollBy()

Scrolls the document by a specified number of pixels

#### scrollTo()

Scrolls the document to specific coordinates

#### setInterval()

Calls a function or evaluates an expression at specified intervals

## setTimeout()

Calls a function or evaluates an expression after a specified interval

#### stop()

Stops the window from loading

## Screen Properties

## availHeight

Returns the height of the screen (excluding the Windows Taskbar)

#### availWidth

Returns the width of the screen (excluding the Windows Taskbar)

## colorDepth

Returns the bit depth of the color palette for displaying images

## height

The total height of the screen

## pixelDepth

The color resolution of the screen in bits per pixel

#### width

The total width of the screen

## **Events**

#### Mouse

#### onclick

The event occurs when the user clicks on an element

#### oncontextmenu

User right-clicks on an element to open a context menu

#### ondblclick

The user double-clicks on an element

#### onmousedown

User presses a mouse button over an element

#### onmouseenter

The pointer moves onto an element

#### onmouseleave

Pointer moves out of an element

#### onmousemove

The pointer is moving while it is over an element

#### onmouseover

When the pointer is moved onto an element or one of its children

#### onmouseout

User moves the mouse pointer out of an element or one of its children

## onmouseup

The user releases a mouse button while over an element

## Keyboard

## onkeydown

When the user is pressing a key down

## onkeypress

The moment the user starts pressing a key

## onkeyup

The user releases a key

#### Frame

#### onabort

The loading of a media is aborted

### onbeforeunload

Event occurs before the document is about to be unloaded

#### onerror

An error occurs while loading an external file

## onhashchange

There have been changes to the anchor part of a URL

### onload

When an object has loaded

## onpagehide

The user navigates away from a webpage

## onpageshow

When the user navigates to a webpage

#### onresize

The document view is resized

#### onscroll

An element's scrollbar is being scrolled

#### onunload

Event occurs when a page has unloaded

## Form

#### onblur

When an element loses focus

## onchange

The content of a form element changes (for <input>, <select>and <textarea>)

#### onfocus

An element gets focus

#### onfocusin

When an element is about to get focus

#### onfocusout

The element is about to lose focus

#### oninput

User input on an element

## oninvalid

An element is invalid

#### onreset

A form is reset

#### onsearch

The user writes something in a search field (for <input="search">)

#### onselect

The user selects some text (for <input> and <textarea>)

#### onsubmit

A form is submitted

## Drag

## ondrag

An element is dragged

## ondragend

The user has finished dragging the element

## ondragenter

The dragged element enters a drop target

## ondragleave

A dragged element leaves the drop target

## ondragover

The dragged element is on top of the drop target

## ondragstart

User starts to drag an element

## ondrop

Dragged element is dropped on the drop target

## Clipboard

## oncopy

User copies the content of an element

#### oncut

The user cuts an element's content

#### onpaste

A user pastes content in an element

## Media

#### onabort

Media loading is aborted

## oncanplay

The browser can start playing media (e.g. a file has buffered enough)

## oncanplaythrough

When browser can play through media without stopping

## ondurationchange

The duration of the media changes

#### onended

The media has reached its end

#### onerror

Happens when an error occurs while loading an external file

#### onloadeddata

Media data is loaded

## onloadedmetadata

Meta Metadata (like dimensions and duration) are loaded

#### onloadstart

Browser starts looking for specified media

## onpause

Media is paused either by the user or automatically

#### onplay

The media has been started or is no longer paused

#### onplaying

Media is playing after having been paused or stopped for buffering

#### onprogress

Browser is in the process of downloading the media

#### onratechange

The playing speed of the media changes

#### onseeked

User is finished moving/skipping to a new position in the media

#### onseeking

The user starts moving/skipping

#### onstalled

The browser is trying to load the media but it is not available

## onsuspend

Browser is intentionally not loading media

## ontimeupdate

The playing position has changed (e.g. because of fast forward)

## onvolumechange

Media volume has changed (including mute)

## onwaiting

Media paused but expected to resume (for example, buffering)

#### Animation

## animationend

A CSS animation is complete

## animationiteration

CSS animation is repeated

## animationstart

CSS animation has started

## Other

### transitionend

Fired when a CSS transition has completed

## onmessage

A message is received through the event source

#### onoffline

Browser starts to work offline

#### ononline

The browser starts to work online

## onpopstate

When the window's history changes

#### onshow

A <menu> element is shown as a context menu

## onstorage

A Web Storage area is updated

## ontoggle

The user opens or closes the <details> element

#### onwheel

Mouse wheel rolls up or down over an element

#### ontouchcancel

Screen touch is interrupted

## ontouchend

User finger is removed from a touch screen

#### ontouchmove

A finger is dragged across the screen

#### ontouchstart

Finger is placed on touch screen

## **Errors**

#### try

Lets you define a block of code to test for errors

#### catch

Set up a block of code to execute in case of an error

#### throw

Create custom error messages instead of the standard JavaScript errors

## finally

Lets you execute code, after try and catch, regardless of the result

## Error Name Values

#### name

Sets or returns the error name

## message

Sets or returns an error message in string from

#### EvalError

An error has occurred in the eval() function

## RangeError

A number is "out of range"

## ReferenceError

An illegal reference has occurred

## SyntaxError

A syntax error has occurred

## TypeError

A type error has occurred

#### URIError

An encodeURI() error has occurred