Assignment 7

code:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
#define MAX 10 // Maximum number of cities
// Structure for edges
struct Edge {
  int start, end, weight;
};
class Graph {
  int adj[MAX][MAX];
                             // Adjacency matrix
  string city[MAX];
                         // City names
  int numCities;
                       // Number of cities
                      // Minimum Spanning Tree (MST)
  vector<Edge> mst;
                      // Total cost of MST
  int totalCost;
public:
  Graph();
                      // Constructor
  void prims(int start); // Prim's algorithm to find MST
  void showMST();
                           // Display the MST
};
// Constructor: Initializes the graph
Graph::Graph() {
  totalCost = 0;
  cout << "Enter number of cities (1-" << MAX << "): ";</pre>
  cin >> numCities;
  numCities = min(numCities, MAX);
  // Get city names
  for (int i = 0; i < numCities; i++) {
    cout << "Enter city " << i + 1 << ": ";
     cin >> city[i];
  // Initialize adjacency matrix with "infinity" (no direct connections)
  for (int i = 0; i < numCities; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < numCities; j++) {
       adj[i][j] = INT MAX; // Initialize with large value
  }
  // Get city connections (edges)
  int connections;
  cout << "Enter number of city connections: ";</pre>
  cin >> connections;
  // Show city codes
  cout << "\nCity Codes: \n";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < numCities; i++) {
     cout << i << " " << city[i] << endl;
  // Read edges
  for (int i = 0; i < connections; i++) {
```

```
int x, y, cost;
     cout << "Enter connection (city1 city2 cost): ";</pre>
     cin >> x >> y >> cost;
     adj[x][y] = cost; // Undirected graph
     adj[y][x] = cost; // Symmetric
}
// Prim's Algorithm to find MST
void Graph::prims(int start) {
  bool visited[MAX] = {false}; // Array to track visited cities
  visited[start] = true;
                           // Mark the starting city as visited
  while (mst.size() < numCities - 1) { // While there are still edges to add
     Edge minEdge = {0, 0, INT_MAX}; // Initialize minEdge with maximum cost
     // Find the smallest edge from any visited city
     for (int i = 0; i < numCities; i++) {
       if (visited[i]) { // If city 'i' is visited
          for (int j = 0; j < numCities; j++) {
            if (!visited[i] && adi[i][j] < minEdge.weight) { // If city 'j' is unvisited and edge weight is less
               minEdge = {i, j, adj[i][j]}; // Update minEdge
            }
          }
       }
     }
     // Add the edge to MST
     mst.push_back(minEdge);
     totalCost += minEdge.weight;
     visited[minEdge.end] = true; // Mark the destination city as visited
}
// Display the Minimum Spanning Tree (MST)
void Graph::showMST() {
  cout << "\nMost efficient network (Minimum Spanning Tree):\n";</pre>
  for (Edge e: mst) {
     cout << city[e.start] << " - " << city[e.end] << " (Cost: " << e.weight << ")\n";
  cout << "Total network cost: " << totalCost << endl;</pre>
}
// Main function
int main() {
  Graph g;
  int start;
  cout << "\nEnter starting city code: ";</pre>
  cin >> start;
  g.prims(start);
  g.showMST();
  return 0;
```

Output:

