



SPRINTS

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# RGB LED CONTROL V2.0 REPORT

RGB LED  
CONTROL V1.0

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<b>1 - Project Introduction</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1 - Project Description	3
1.2 - Project Components	3
1.2.2 Hardware Requirements	3
1.2.3 Software Requirements	3
<b>2 - High Level Design</b>	<b>4</b>
2.1 - Layered Architecture	4
2.2 - Modules Description	4
2.2.1 - GPIO Module	4
2.2.2 - SYSTICK TIMER Module	5
2.2.3 - LED Module	5
2.2.4 - PUSH_BUTTON Module	5
2.2.5 - APP Module	5
2.3 - Drivers' documentation	5
2.3.1 - GPIO Driver	5
2.3.2 - SYSTICK TIMER Driver	7
2.3.3 - LED Driver	8
2.3.4 - PUSH_BOTTON Driver	9
<b>3 - Low-Level Design</b>	<b>9</b>
3.1 - Module Flow Charts	9
3.1.1 - GPIO Flow Charts	9
3.1.1.1 - GPIO_INIT	9
3.1.1.2 - GPIO_WRITE	11
3.1.1.3 - GPIO_READ	12
3.1.1.4 - GPIO_TOGGLE	13
3.1.1.5 - GPIO_ENABLE_INTERRUPT	14
3.1.1.6 - GPIO_HANDLER	15
3.1.2 - LED FLOW Charts	16
3.1.2.1 - LED_INIT	16
3.1.2.2 - LED_TURNON	16
3.1.2.3 - LED_TURNOFF	16
3.1.2.4 - LED_TOGGLE	16
3.1.3 - PUSH_BUTTON Flow Charts	17
3.1.3.1 - PUSH_BUTTON_INIT	17
3.1.3.2 - PUSH_BUTTON_READ	17
3.1.4 - SYSTICK TIMER Flow Chart	18
3.1.4.1 - SYSTICK_init	18
3.1.4.2 - SYSTICK_setDelayInMs	19
3.1.4.3 - SYSTICK_interruptEnable	20
3.1.4.4 - SYSTICK_interruptDisable	21
3.1.5 - MAIN Flow Charts	22
3.2 - Pre Compiling Files	23
3.2.1 - GPIO Driver	23
3.2.2 - LED Driver	23

3.2.3 - PUSH_BUTTON Driver-----	23
3.2.4 - SYSTICK_TIMER Driver-----	23
3.3 - Pre Linking Configuration-----	23
3.3.1 - GPIO Driver-----	23
3.3.2 - LED Driver-----	23
3.3.3 - PUSH_BUTTON Driver-----	23
3.3.4 - SYSTICK_TIMER Driver-----	24
<b>FOR FLOW CHART WITH HIGH QUALITY IT IS ON GITHUB-----</b>	<b>24</b>

# 1 - Project Introduction

## 1.1 - Project Description

develop the GPIO Driver and use it to control RGB LED on the TivaC board based using the push button.

## 1.2 - Project Components

### 1.2.2 Hardware Requirements

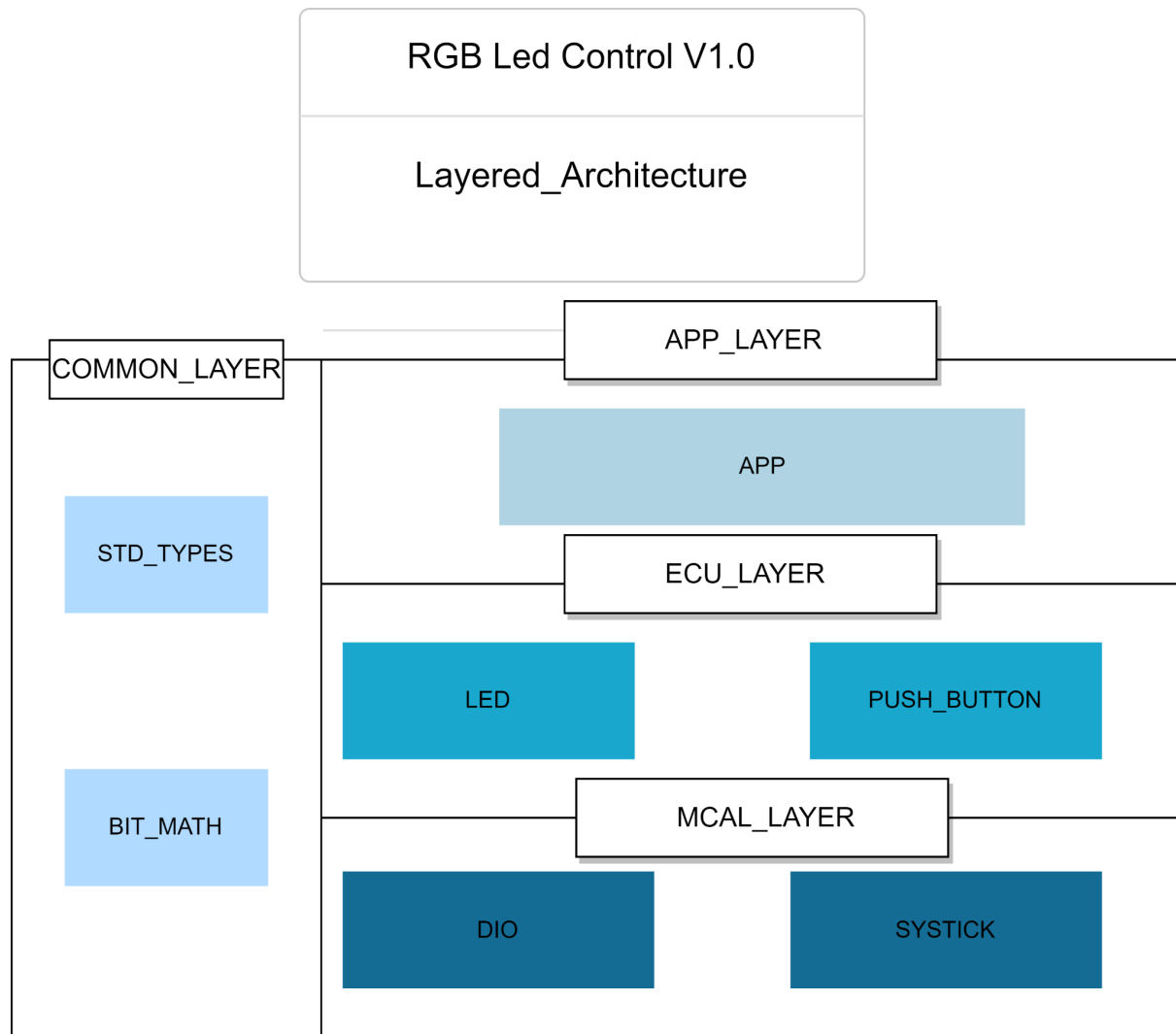
- Use the TivaC board
- Use SW1 as an input button
- Use the RGB LED

### 1.2.3 Software Requirements

- After the first press, the Red led is on for 1 second only
- After the second press, the Green Led is on for 1 second only
- After the third press, the Blue led is on for 1 second only
- After the fourth press, all LEDs are on for 1 second only
- After the fifth press, should disable all LEDs
- After the sixth press, repeat steps from 1 to 6

## 2 - High Level Design

### 2.1 - Layered Architecture



### 2.2 - Modules Description

#### 2.2.1 - GPIO Module

A DIO (Digital Input/Output) module is a hardware component that provides digital input and output capabilities to a system. It can be used to interface with digital sensors, switches, and actuators, and typically includes features such as interrupt capability, programmable resistors, overvoltage/current protection, and isolation. Additionally, some DIO modules may include advanced features such as counter/timer functionality or PWM.

### 2.2.2 - SYSTICK TIMER Module

The systick timer is a 24-bit down counter that is integrated as part of the NVIC (Nested Vector Interrupt Controller) on all ARM Cortex-M devices. It can be used to generate periodic interrupts for operating systems, enabling task and context switching. The systick timer can be configured by setting the reload value, the clock source and the enable bit in the SYST\_CSR register.

### 2.2.3 - LED Module

A LED (Light Emitting Diode) module is a hardware component that provides visual output to a system. It can be controlled by software running on a microcontroller and typically includes features such as brightness control, colour selection, and blinking patterns. The LED module is useful for providing status indicators, displaying data, or as a user interface, and can be interfaced with the microcontroller through different protocols such as I2C, SPI, or digital I/O.

### 2.2.4 - PUSH\_BUTTON Module

A push button is a simple switch mechanism that controls some aspect of a machine or a process. It is usually made of plastic or metal and has a flat or shaped surface that can be easily pressed or pushed. A push button can be either momentary or latching, meaning that it returns to its original state when released or stays in the pushed state until pressed again. Push buttons are used for various purposes, such as turning on or off devices, performing calculations and controlling games.

### 2.2.5 - APP Module

An app module can use ECU driver modules to handle the flow of a specific application within a system. The ECU driver module provides low-level access to the hardware components of the system, such as sensors and actuators. The app module uses these driver modules to interact with the system and perform its specific tasks, resulting in more efficient development and better code organization.

## 2.3 - Drivers' documentation

### 2.3.1 - GPIO Driver

```
/**
```

```
* @brief Initializes the GPIO pin with the given configuration parameters.
```

```
* @param arg_pincfg A pointer to a structure that contains the configuration parameters for the GPIO pin.
```

```
* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after the initialization.
```

```
*/
```

```
ENU_GPIO_systemState_t GPIO_init(ST_dio_pinCfg_t *arg_pincfg);
```

```
/**
```

```
 * @brief Enables the interrupt for the GPIO port that contains the given pin.  
 * @param arg_pincfg A pointer to a structure that contains the configuration  
 parameters for the GPIO pin.  
 * @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after enabling the  
 interrupt.
```

```
*/
```

```
ENU_GPIO_systemState_t GPIO_interruptPortEnable(ST_dio_pinCfg_t  
*arg_pincfg);
```

```
/**
```

```
 * @brief Disables the interrupt for the GPIO port that contains the given pin.  
 * @param arg_pincfg A pointer to a structure that contains the configuration  
 parameters for the GPIO pin.  
 * @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after disabling the  
 interrupt.
```

```
*/
```

```
ENU_GPIO_systemState_t GPIO_interruptPortDisable(ST_dio_pinCfg_t  
*arg_pincfg);
```

```
/**
```

```
 * @brief Writes a logic value (high or low) to the GPIO pin.  
 * @param arg_pincfg A pointer to a structure that contains the configuration  
 parameters for the GPIO pin.  
 * @param arg_logicValue An enumeration value that indicates the logic value to be  
 written to the GPIO pin.  
 * @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after writing the  
 logic value.
```

```
*/
```

```
ENU_GPIO_systemState_t GPIO_writeLogic(ST_dio_pinCfg_t *arg_pincfg ,  
ENU_GPIO_logic_t arg_logicValue);
```

```
/**
```

```
 * @brief Reads a logic value (high or low) from the GPIO pin.  
 * @param arg_pincfg A pointer to a structure that contains the configuration  
 parameters for the GPIO pin.
```

\* @param arg\_logicValue A pointer to an enumeration value that stores the logic value read from the GPIO pin.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after reading the logic value.

\*/

**ENU\_GPIO\_systemState\_t GPIO\_readLogic(ST\_dio\_pinCfg\_t \*arg\_pincfg ,  
ENU\_GPIO\_logic\_t \*arg\_logicValue);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Toggles a logic value (high or low) of the GPIO pin.

\* @param arg\_pincfg A pointer to a structure that contains the configuration parameters for the GPIO pin.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after toggling the logic value.

\*/

**ENU\_GPIO\_systemState\_t GPIO\_toggleLogic(ST\_dio\_pinCfg\_t \*arg\_pincfg);**

### 2.3.2 - SYSTICK TIMER Driver

/\*\*

\* @brief Initializes the systick timer with the given configuration parameters.

\* @param systickCfg A pointer to a structure that contains the configuration parameters for the systick timer.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after the initialization.

\*/

**ENU\_SYSTICK\_systemState\_t SYSTICK\_init(STR\_SYSTICK\_cfg\_t \*systickCfg);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Enables the systick timer interrupt.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after enabling the interrupt.

\*/

**ENU\_SYSTICK\_systemState\_t SYSTICK\_enableInterrupt(void);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Disables the systick timer interrupt.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after disabling the interrupt.

\*/

**ENU\_SYSTICK\_systemState\_t SYSTICK\_disableInterrupt(void);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Sets the delay time for the systick timer in milliseconds.

\* @param arg\_delayInMs The delay time in milliseconds.



\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after setting the delay time.  
\*/

**ENU\_SYSTICK\_systemState\_t SYSTICK\_setDelayMs(Uint32\_t arg\_delayInMs);**

### 2.3.3 - LED Driver

/\*\*

\* @brief Initializes the LED with the given pin configuration parameters.

\* @param led A pointer to a structure that contains the pin configuration parameters for the LED.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after the initialization.

\*/

**ENU\_LED\_systemState\_t LED\_initialize(const ST\_led\_pinCfg\_t \*led);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Turns on the LED by writing a high logic value to the pin.

\* @param led A pointer to a structure that contains the pin configuration parameters for the LED.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after turning on the LED.

\*/

**ENU\_LED\_systemState\_t LED\_turnOn(const ST\_led\_pinCfg\_t \*led);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Turns off the LED by writing a low logic value to the pin.

\* @param led A pointer to a structure that contains the pin configuration parameters for the LED.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after turning off the LED.

\*/

**ENU\_LED\_systemState\_t LED\_turnOff(const ST\_led\_pinCfg\_t \*led);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Toggles the LED by writing the opposite logic value to the pin.

\* @param led A pointer to a structure that contains the pin configuration parameters for the LED.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after toggling the LED.

\*/

**ENU\_LED\_systemState\_t LED\_toggle(const ST\_led\_pinCfg\_t \*led);**

## 2.3.4 - PUSH\_BUTTON Driver

/\*\*

\* @brief Initializes the push button with the given pin configuration parameters.

\* @param btn A pointer to a structure that contains the pin configuration parameters for the push button.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after the initialization.

\*/

**ENU\_PUSH\_BTN\_systemState\_t PUSH\_BTN\_initialize(const ST\_PUSH\_BTN\_pinCfg\_t \*btn);**

/\*\*

\* @brief Reads the current state of the push button (pressed or released).

\* @param btn A pointer to a structure that contains the pin configuration parameters for the push button.

\* @param btn\_state A pointer to an enumeration value that stores the current state of the push button.

\* @return An enumeration value that indicates the system state after reading the push button state.

\*/

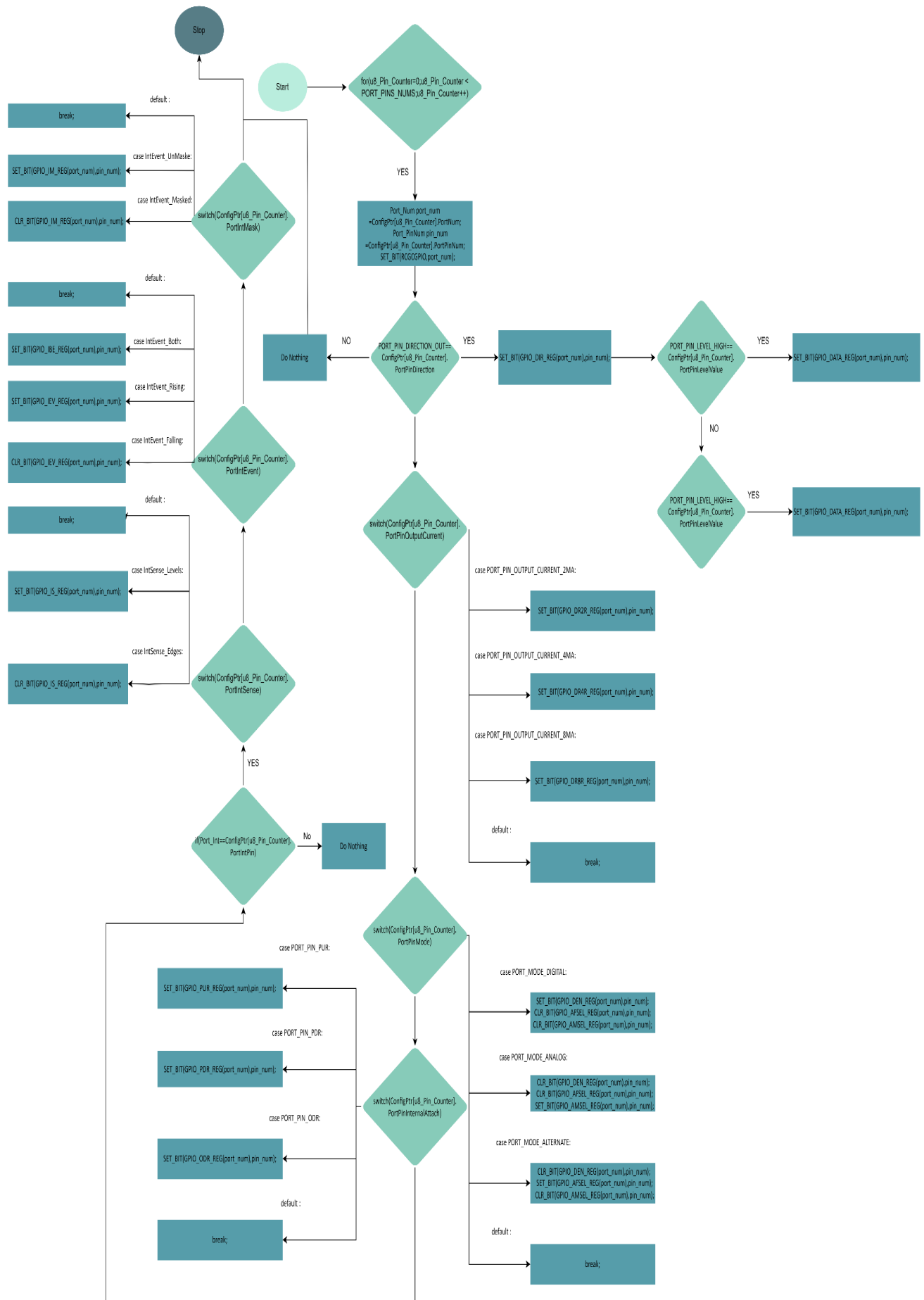
**ENU\_PUSH\_BTN\_systemState\_t PUSH\_BTN\_read\_state(const ST\_PUSH\_BTN\_pinCfg\_t \*btn , ENU\_PUSH\_BTN\_state\_t \*btn\_state);**

## 3 - Low-Level Design

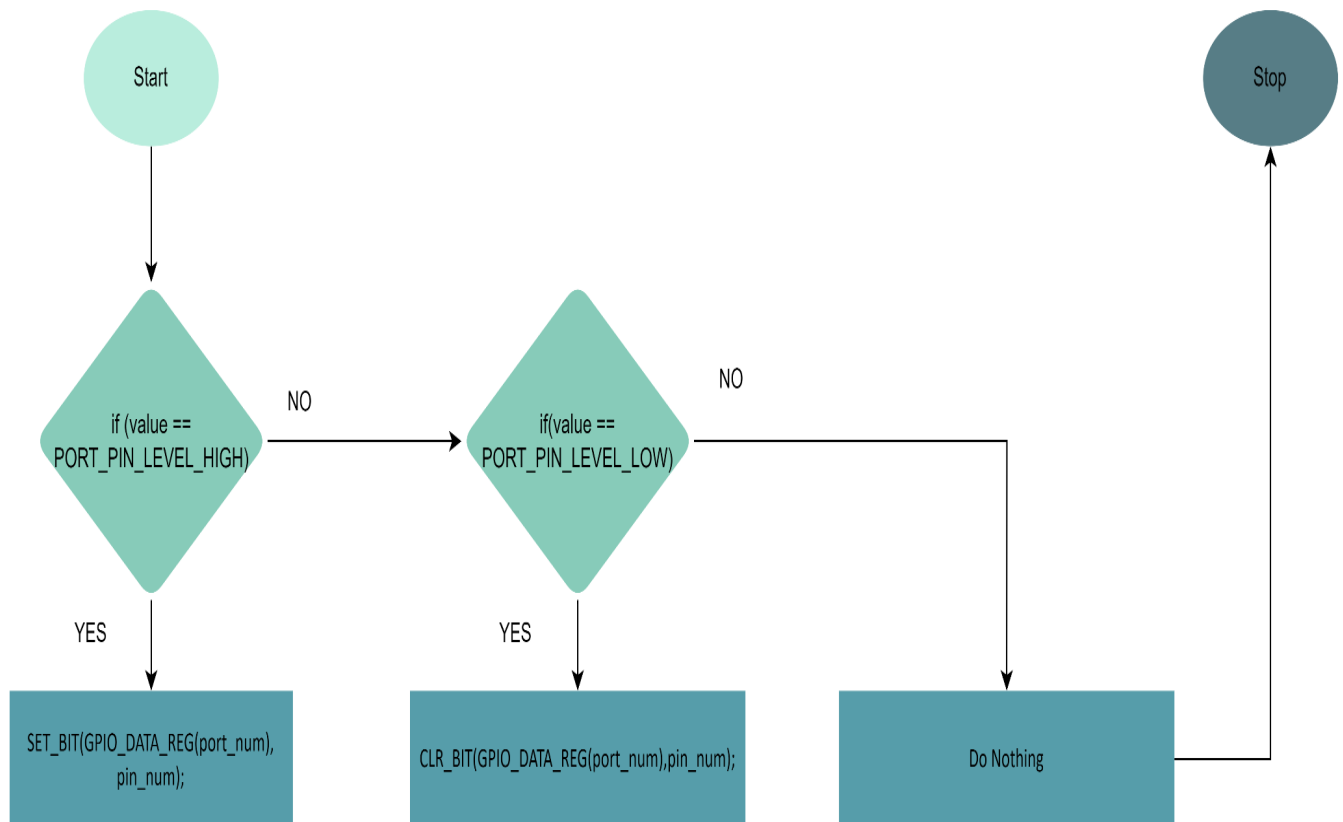
### 3.1 - Module Flow Charts

#### 3.1.1 - GPIO Flow Charts

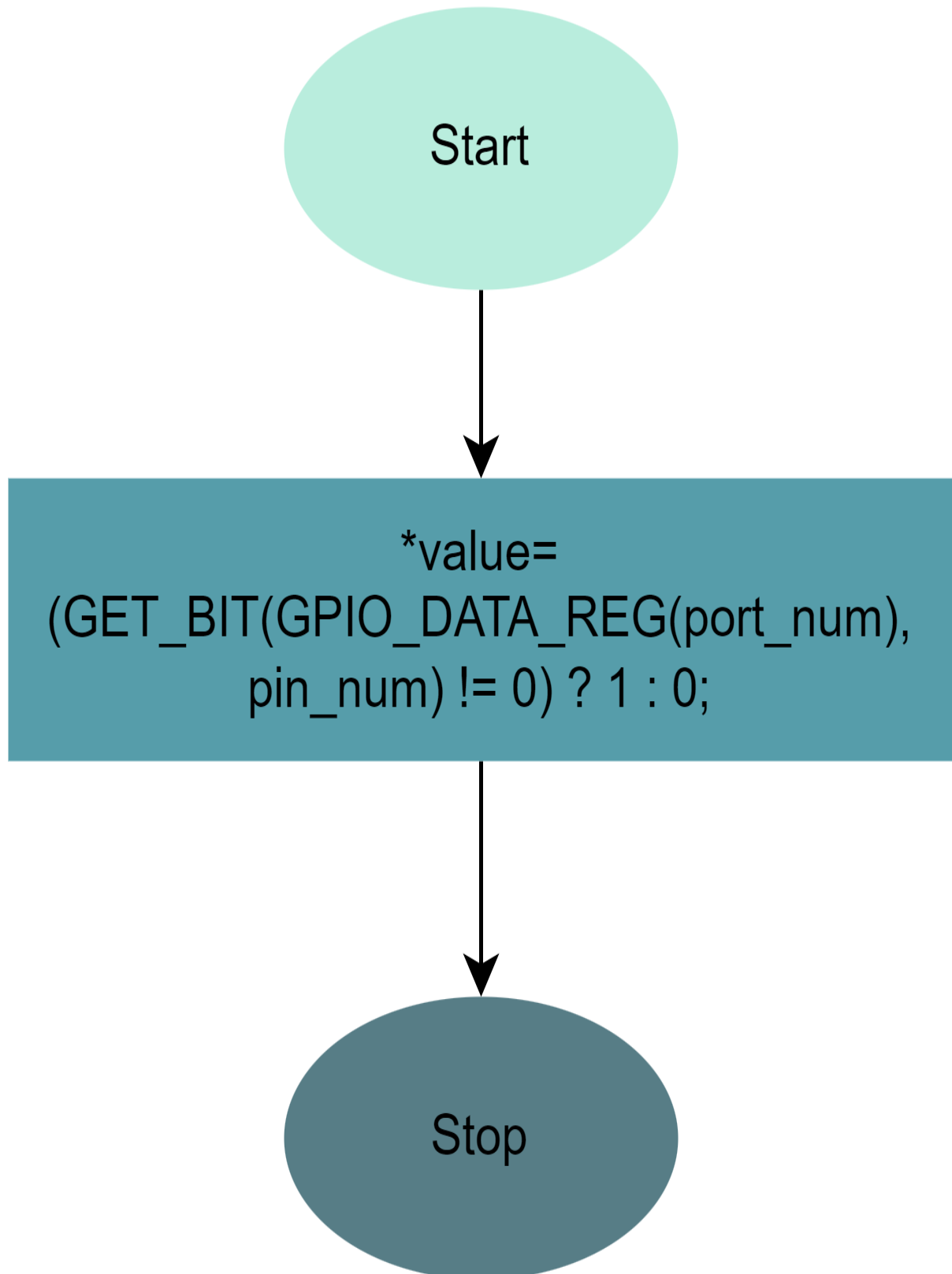
##### 3.1.1.1 - GPIO\_INIT



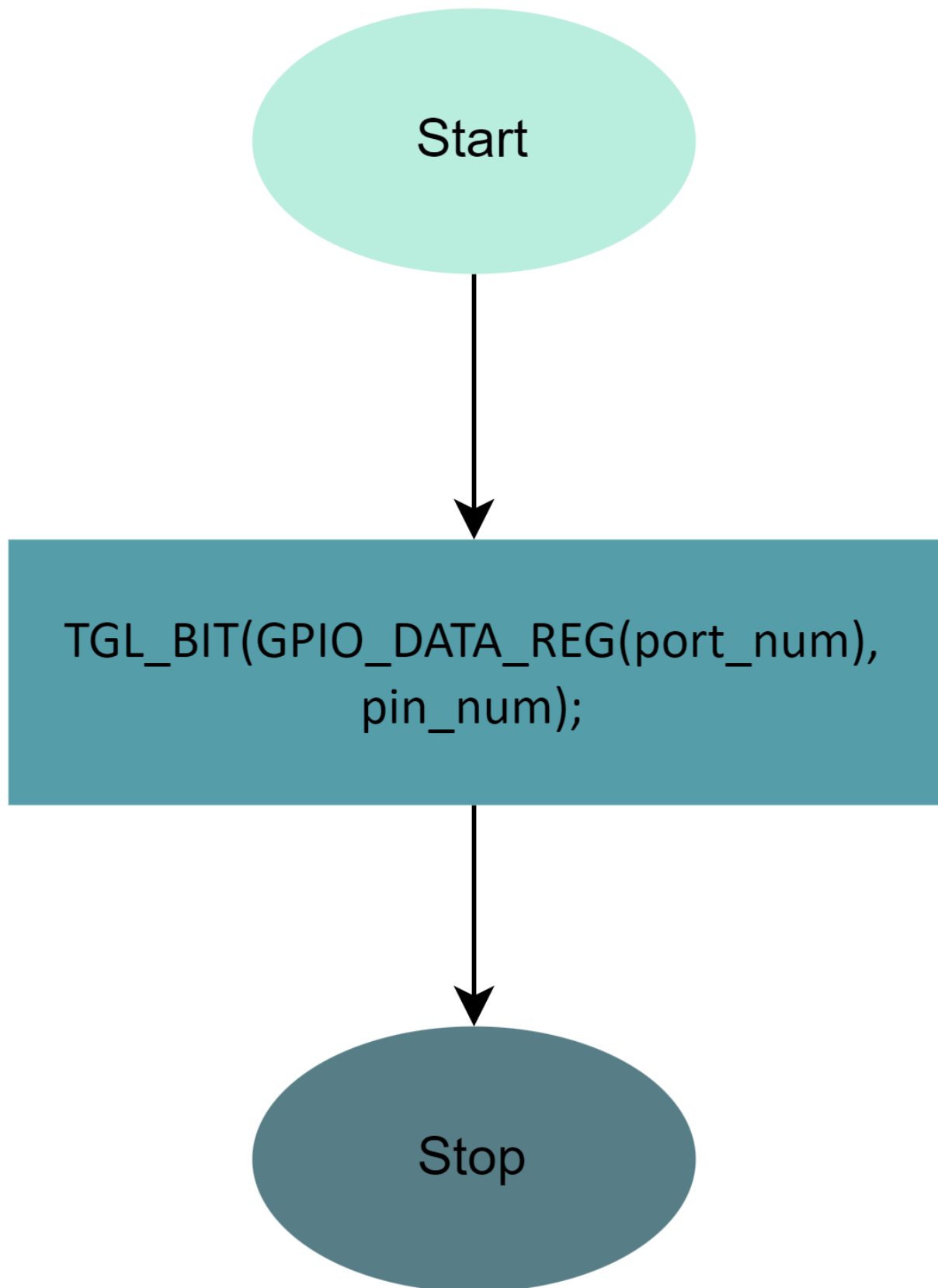
## 3.1.1.2 - GPIO\_WRITE



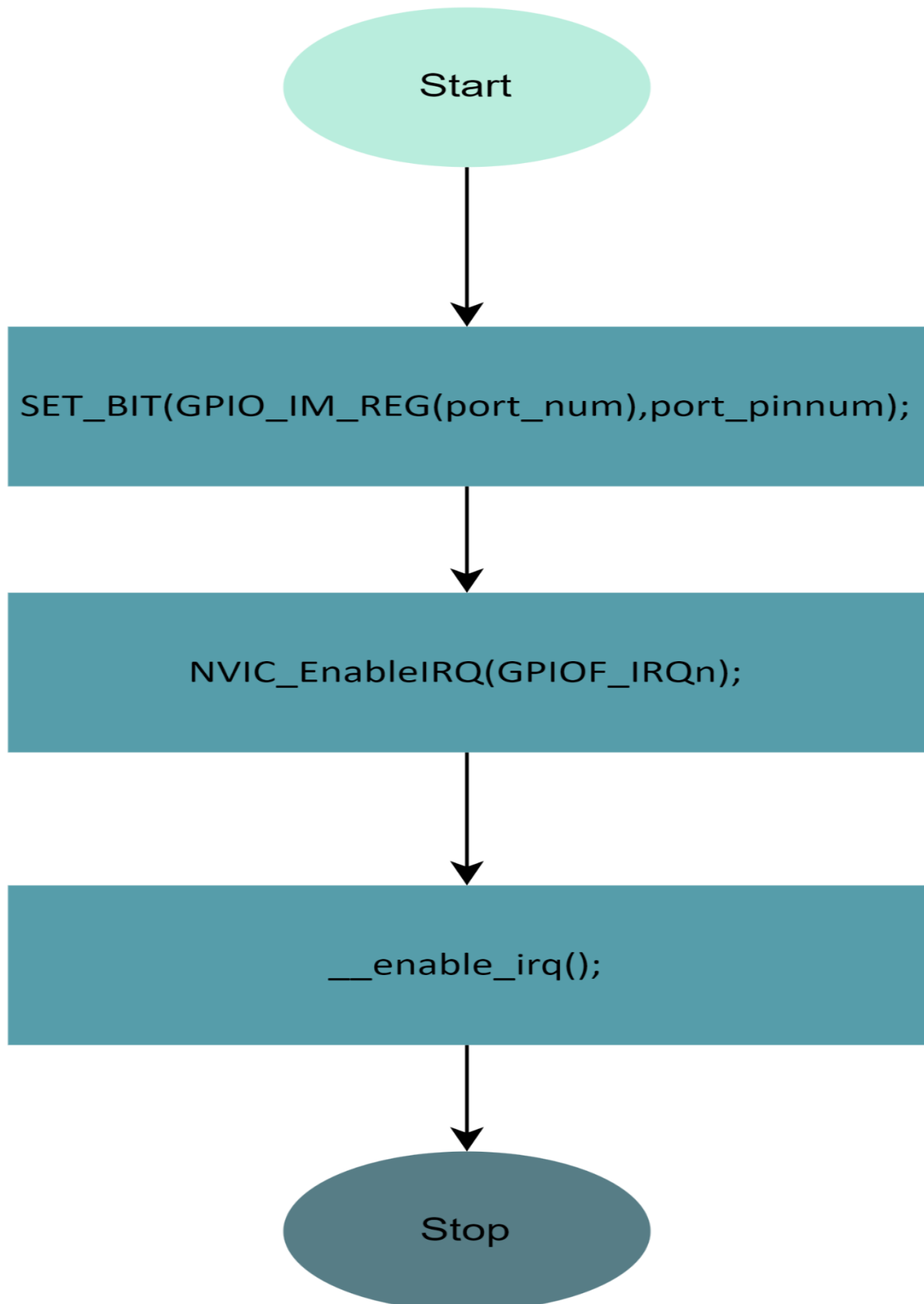
## 3.1.1.3 - GPIO\_READ



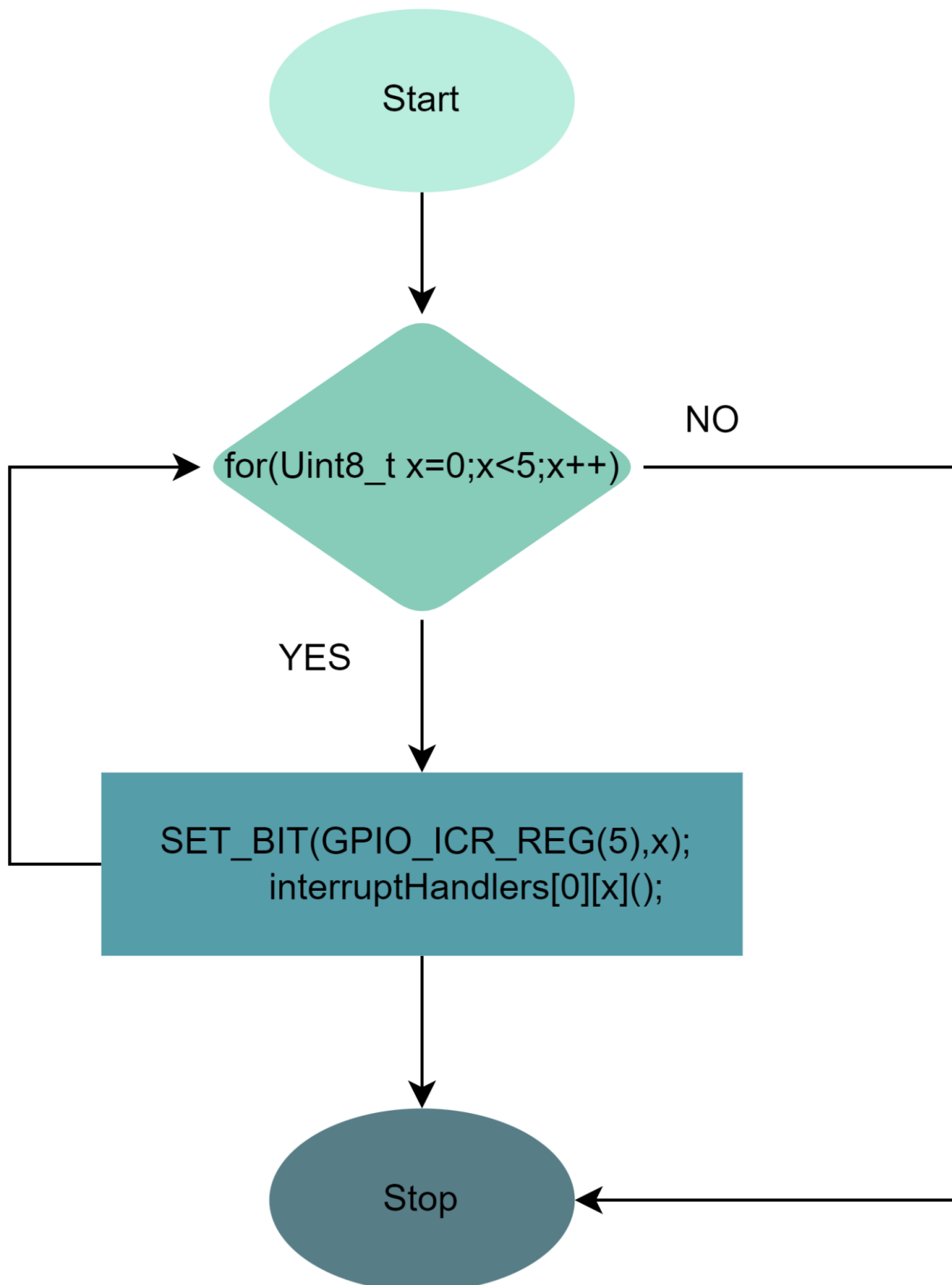
## 3.1.1.4 - GPIO\_TOGGLE



## 3.1.1.5 - GPIO\_ENABLE\_INTERRUPT



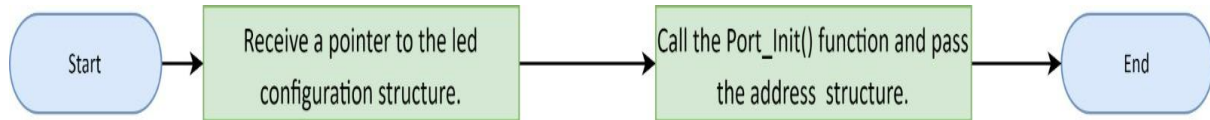
## 3.1.1.6 - GPIO\_HANDLER



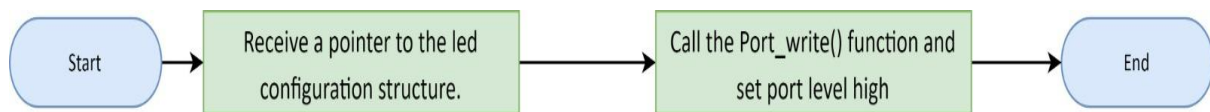


### 3.1.2 - LED FLOW Charts

#### 3.1.2.1 - LED\_INIT



#### 3.1.2.2 - LED\_TURNON



#### 3.1.2.3 - LED\_TURNOFF

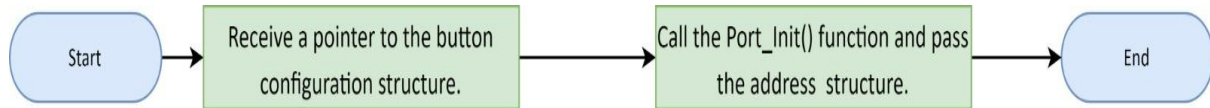


#### 3.1.2.4 - LED\_TOGGLE

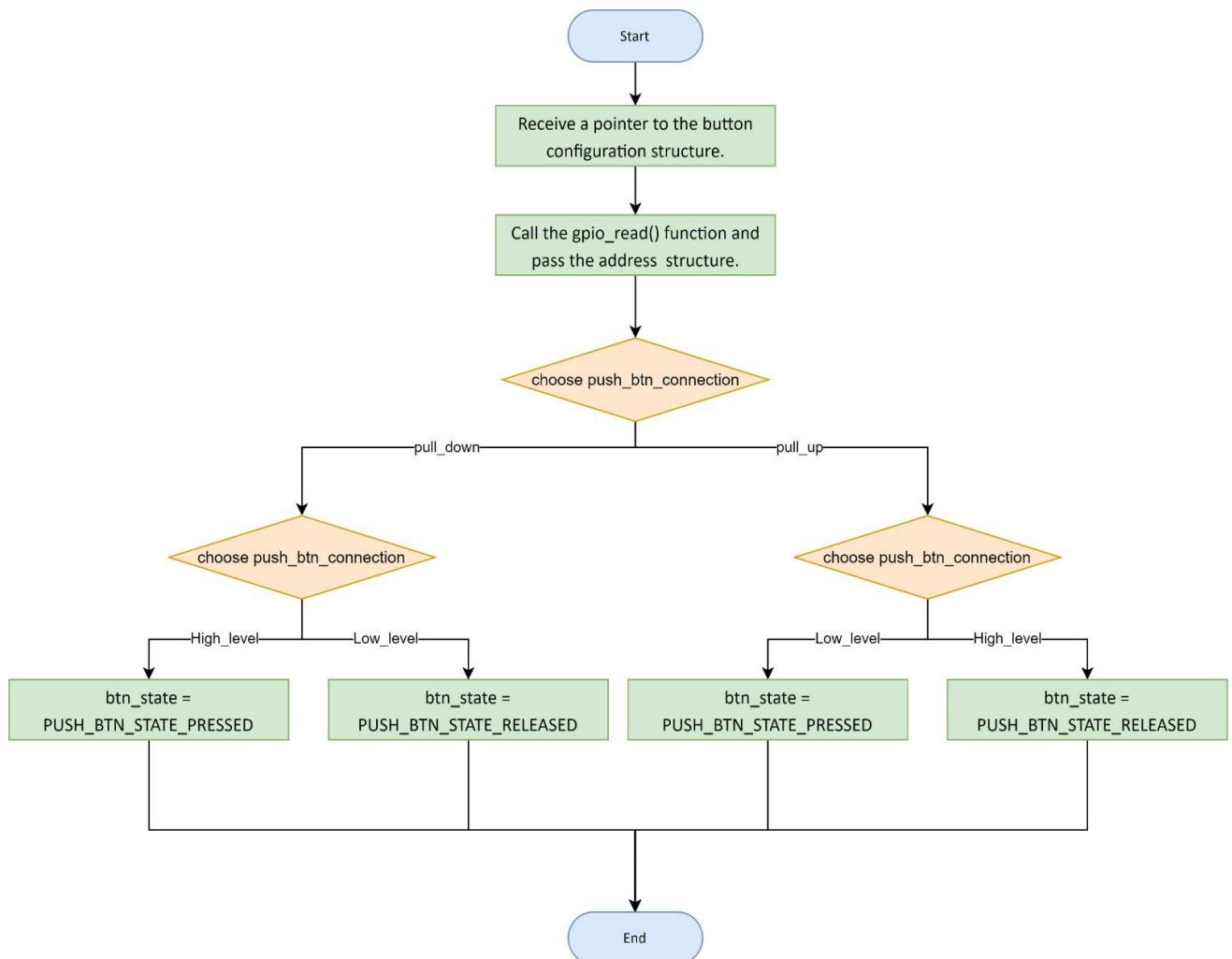


### 3.1.3 - PUSH\_BUTTON Flow Charts

#### 3.1.3.1 - PUSH\_BUTTON\_INIT

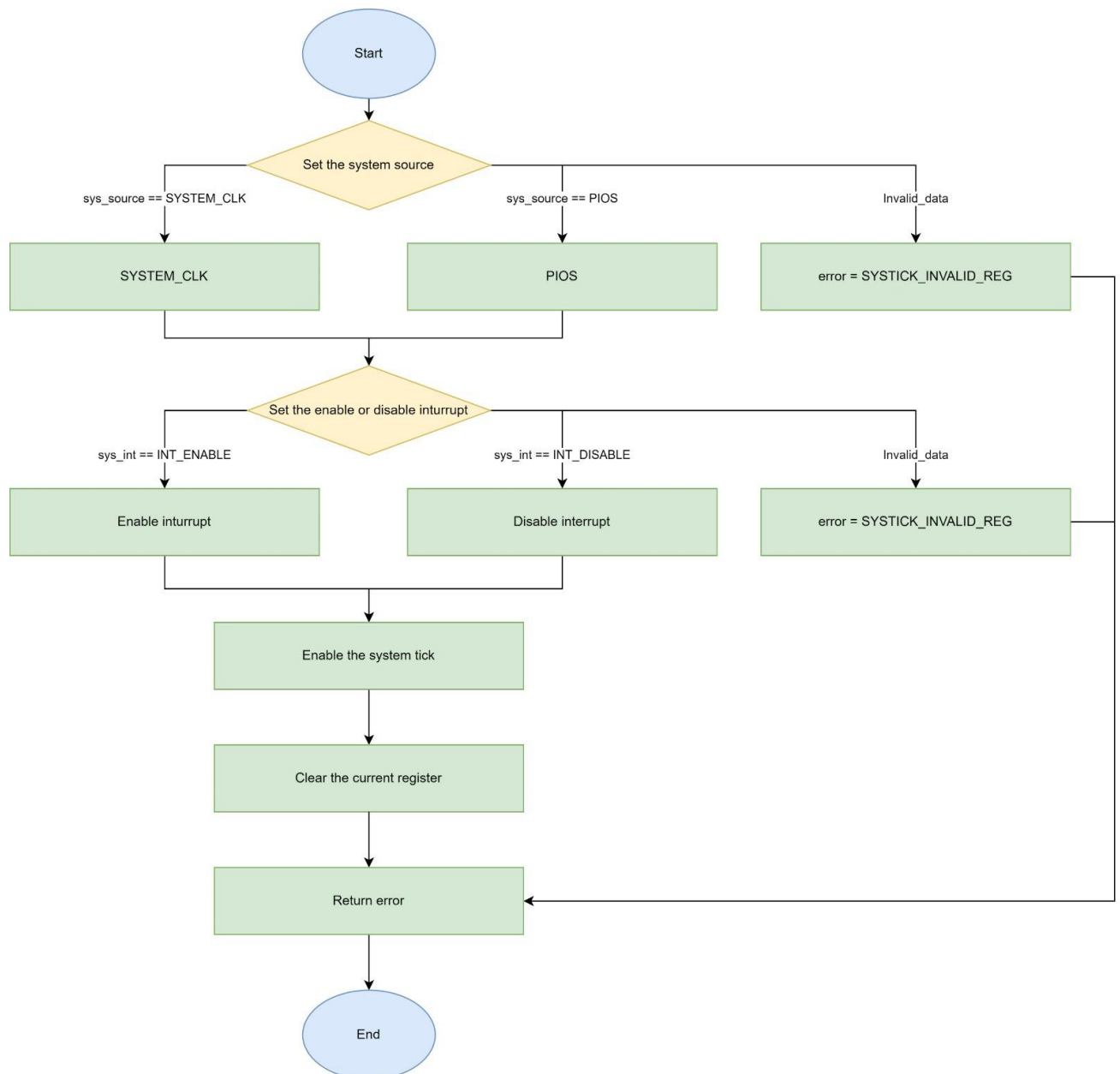


#### 3.1.3.2 - PUSH\_BUTTON\_READ

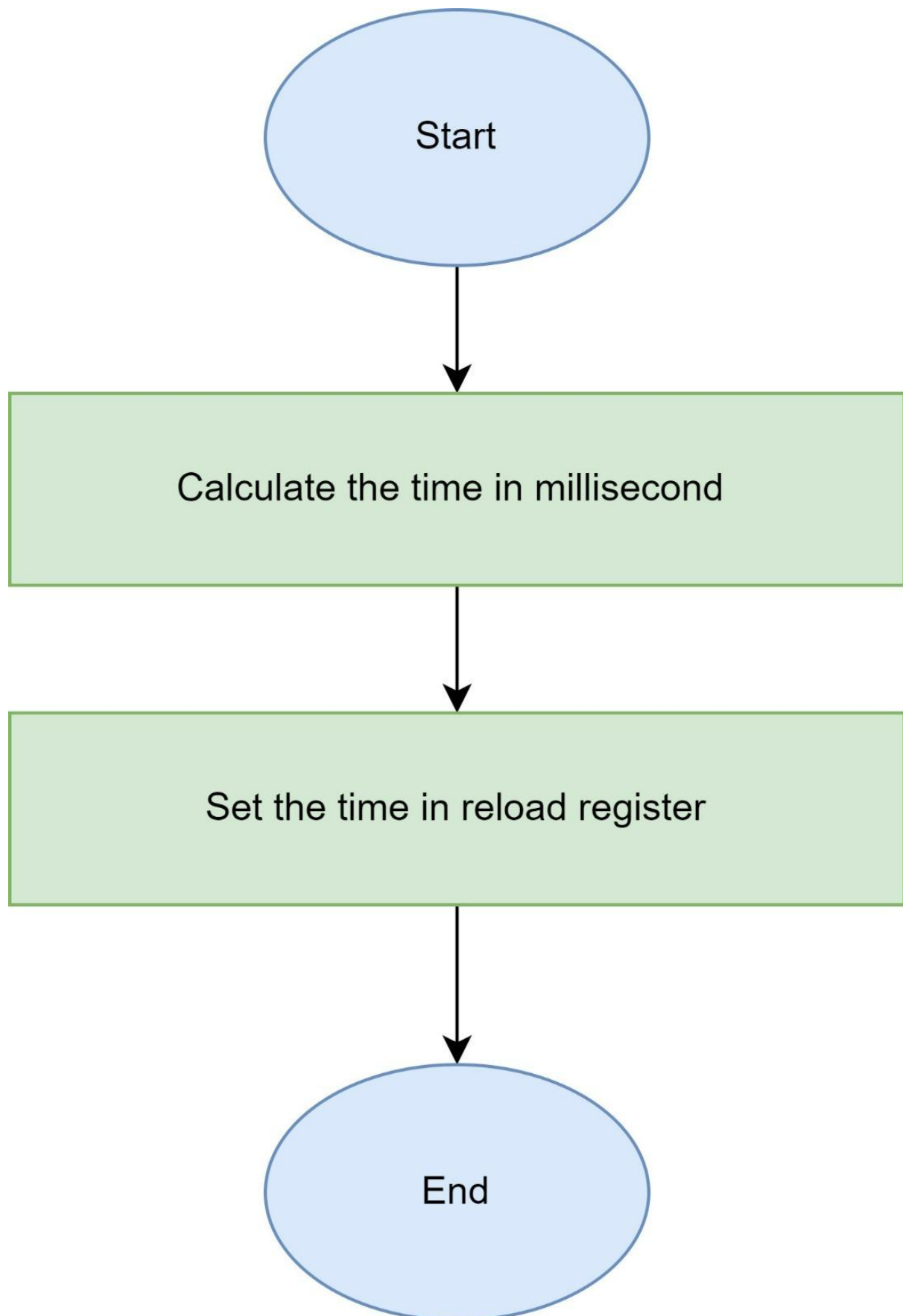


### 3.1.4 - SYSTICK TIMER Flow Chart

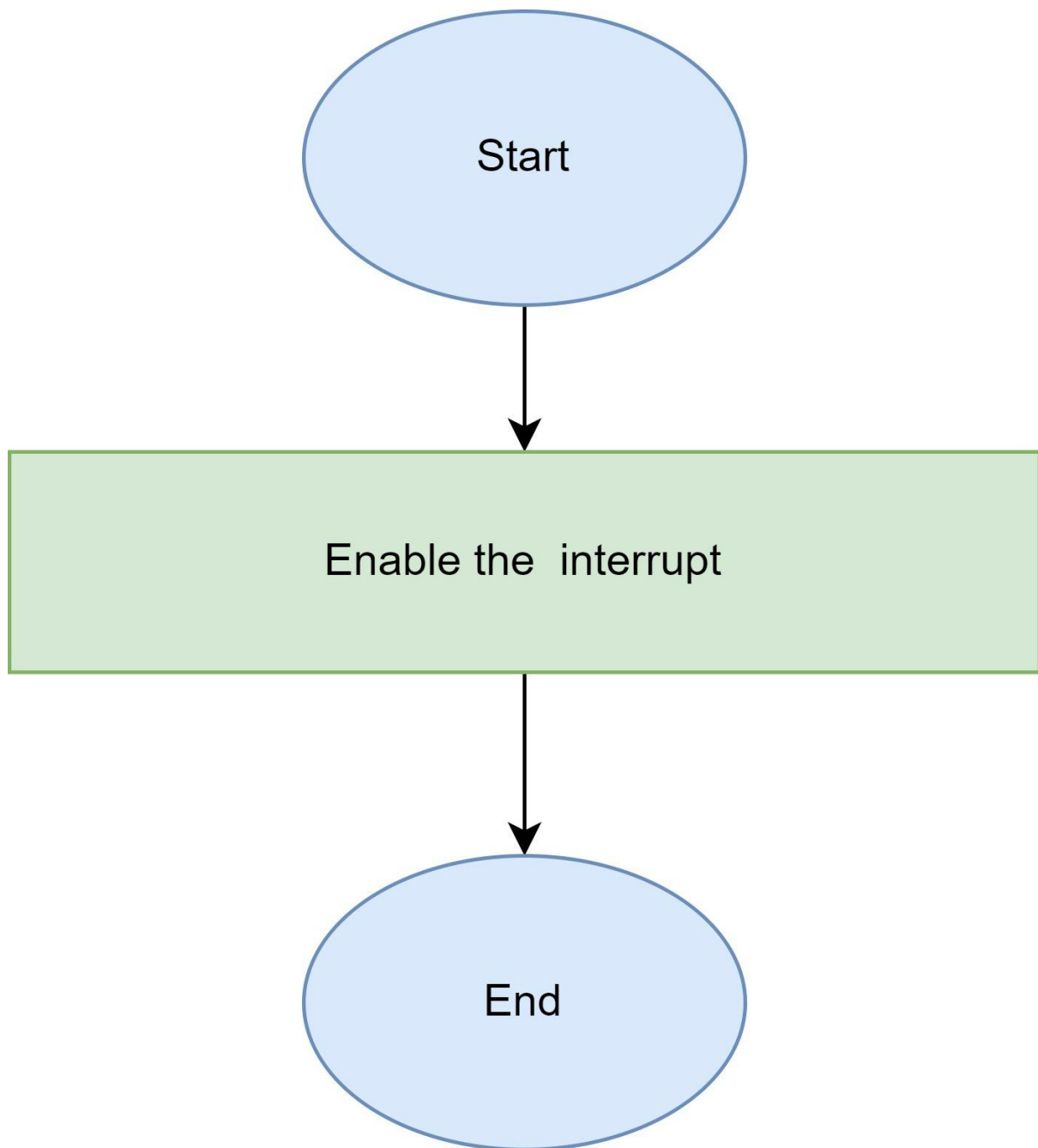
#### 3.1.4.1 - SYSTICK\_init



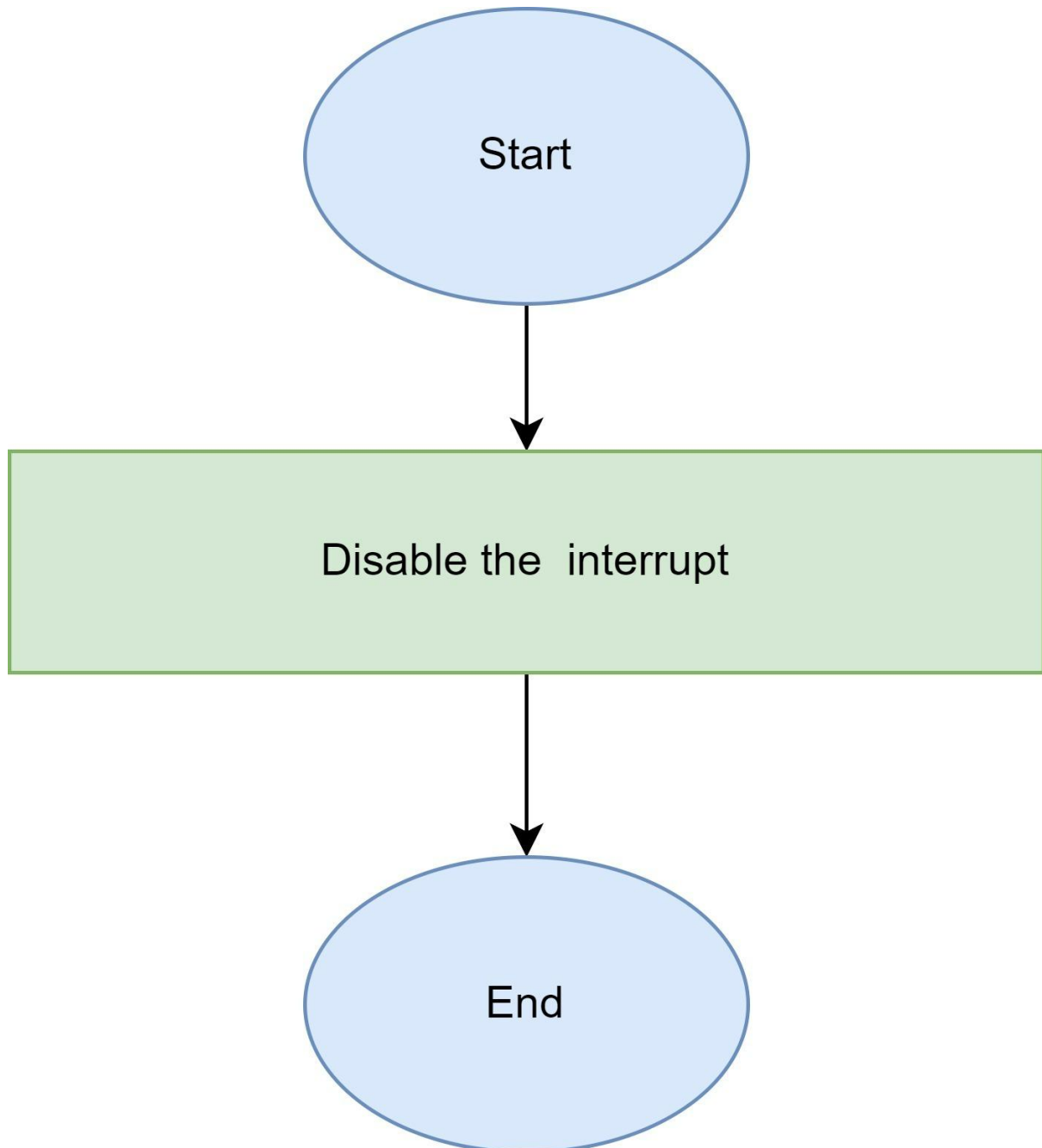
## 3.1.4.2 - SYSTICK\_setDelayInMs



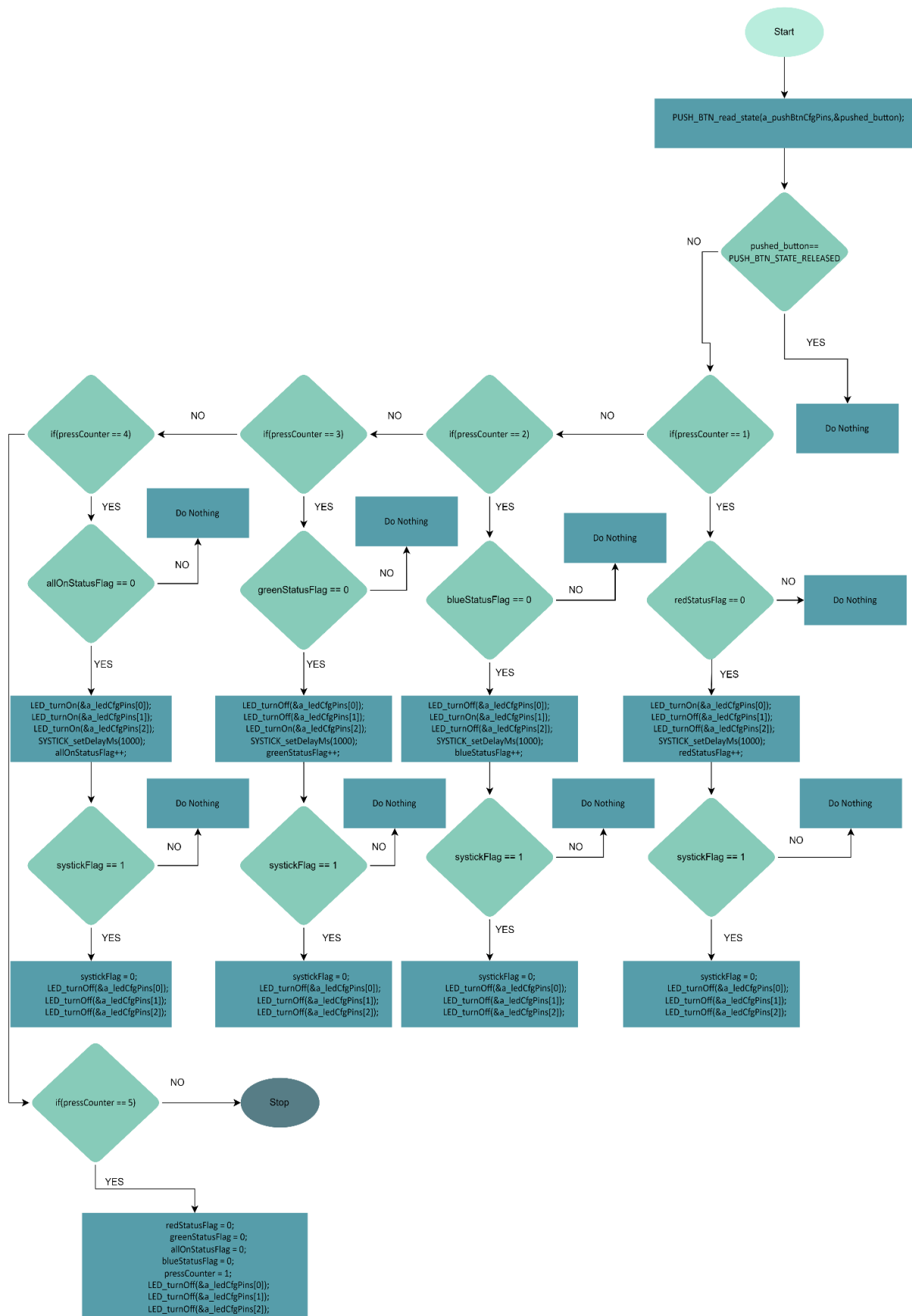
### 3.1.4.3 - SYSTICK\_interruptEnable



## 3.1.4.4 - SYSTICK\_interruptDisable



### 3.1.5 - MAIN Flow Charts



## 3.2 - Pre Compiling Files

### 3.2.1 - GPIO Driver

```
#define PORT_PINS_NUMS 1
```

### 3.2.2 - LED Driver

```
#define LED_PIN_CFG_ARRAY_SIZE 3
```

### 3.2.3 - PUSH\_BUTTON Driver

```
#define PUSH_BTN_PIN_CFG_ARRAY_SIZE 1
```

### 3.2.4 - SYSTICK\_TIMER Driver

```
#define SYSTICK_CFG_ARRAY_SIZE 1
```

## 3.3 - Pre Linking Configuration

### 3.3.1 - GPIO Driver

None

### 3.3.2 - LED Driver

```
ST_led_pinCfg_t a_ledCfgPins[LED_PIN_CFG_ARRAY_SIZE] =  
{  
    {PORTF , PIN_1 , PORT_PIN_LEVEL_LOW},  
    {PORTF , PIN_2 , PORT_PIN_LEVEL_LOW},  
    {PORTF , PIN_3 , PORT_PIN_LEVEL_LOW}  
};
```

### 3.3.3 - PUSH\_BUTTON Driver

```
ST_PUSH_BTN_pinCfg_t a_pushBtnCfgPins[PUSH_BTN_PIN_CFG_ARRAY_SIZE] =  
{  
    {PORTF , PIN_4 , PORT_PIN_PUR}
```



```
};
```

### 3.3.4 - SYSTICK\_TIMER Driver

```
STR_SYSTICK_cfg_t a_systickCfg[SYSTICK_CFG_ARRAY_SIZE] =  
{  
{SYSTICK_SYSTEM_CLOCK , SYSTICK_INTERRUPT_ENABLED , SYSTICK_ENABLED  
 , systickCallback}  
};
```

FOR FLOW CHART WITH HIGH QUALITY IT IS  
ON GITHUB