TP4_Task_1

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1. Adding the dependencies

The sqflite package provides classes and functions to interact with a SQLite database. The path package provides functions to define the location for storing the database on disk.

To add the packages as a dependency, run flutter pub add:

```
TERMINAL
PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                     DEBUG CONSOLE
                                                 PORTS
PS D:\Dev\db test app> flutter pub add sqflite path
Resolving dependencies...
  flutter_lints 2.0.3 (3.0.1 available)
  lints 2.1.1 (3.0.0 available)
  matcher 0.12.16 (0.12.16+1 available)
  material_color_utilities 0.5.0 (0.8.0 available)
meta 1.10.0 (1.11.0 available)
  path 1.8.3 (from transitive dependency to direct dependency) (1.9.0 available)
+ sqflite 2.3.1
+ sqflite_common 2.5.0+2
+ synchronized 3.1.0+1
  test_api 0.6.1 (0.7.0 available)
```

2. Define the data dog model and opening the database

Define the path to the database file using **getDatabasesPath()** from the sqflite package, combined with the join function from the path package. Open the database with the **openDatabase()** function from sqflite.

```
Run|Debug|Profile
void main() async {

    // Avoid errors caused by flutter upgrade.

    // Importing 'package:flutter/widgets.dart' is required.

    WidgetsFlutterBinding.ensureInitialized();

    // Open the database and store the reference.
    final database = openDatabase()

    // Set the path to the database. Note: Using the `join` function from the

    // `path` package is best practice to ensure the path is correctly

    // constructed for each platform.

    join(await getDatabasesPath(), 'doggie_database.db'),

    ];
}
```

3. Creating the tables for dog

```
// When the database is first created, create a table to store dogs.
onCreate: (db, version) {
    // Run the CREATE TABLE statement on the database.
    return db.execute(
        'CREATE TABLE dogs(id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, name TEXT, age INTEGER)',
    );
},
// Set the version. This executes the onCreate function and provides a
// path to perform database upgrades and downgrades.
version: 1,
);
```

4. Inserting dogs into the database by first converting dogs into a map and using the insert() to store the map

```
lib > 🐧 db_test.dart > 🕅 main
 44
 45
 46
         var fido = const Dog(
 47
            id: 0,
           name: 'Fido',
 49
 50
           age: 35,
 51
          );
 52
         await insertDog(fido);
 53
```

5. The list in the retrieved

7. A dog is then updated in the database

Using whereArgs to pass arguments to a where statement instead of using string interpolation, such as where: "id = \${dog.id}". This helps safeguard against SQL injection attacks.

```
lib > ( db_test.dart > ( main
 91
         fido = Dog(
 92
           id: fido.id,
 93
           name: fido.name,
 94
 95
           age: fido.age + 7,
         );
 97
         await updateDog(fido);
 98
 99
         print(await dogs()); // Prints Fido with age 42.
100
101
```

8. A dog is then deleted from the database

9. Output of the code should contain

```
PS D:\Dev\db_test_app> flutter run lib/db_test.dart
Launching lib/db_test.dart on sdk gphone64 x86 64 in debug mode...
Running Gradle task 'assembleDebug'... 5.4s

V Built build\app\outputs\flutter-apk\app-debug.apk.
Installing build\app\outputs\flutter-apk\app-debug.apk... 1,785ms
I/flutter (12252): [Dog{id: 0, name: Fido, age: 35}]
I/flutter (12252): [Dog{id: 0, name: Fido, age: 42}]
I/flutter (12252): []
Syncing files to device sdk gphone64 x86 64... 32ms

Flutter run key commands.
r Hot reload.
```