Module – 6

1. **W.A.J.P to Take three numbers from the user and print the greatest number.**

**package** automaction;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** Assigment {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** num1,num2,num3,total;

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("enter first number : ");

num1=sc.nextInt();

System.***out***.println("enter second number : ");

num2=sc.nextInt();

System.***out***.println("enter third number : ");

num3=sc.nextInt();

**int** greatest;

**if** (num1 >= num2 && num1 >= num3) {

greatest = num1;

} **else** **if** (num2 >= num1 && num2 >= num3) {

greatest = num2;

} **else** {

greatest = num3;

}

System.***out***.println("The greatest number is : "+greatest);

}

}

}

1. **W.A.J.P in Java to display the first 10 natural numbers using while loop.**

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** NaturalNumbers {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** i=1;

System.***out***.println("First 10 Natural Numbers : ");

**while** (i<=10)

{

System.***err***.println(i);

i++;

}

}

}

1. **W.A.J.P to find factorial for Given Number.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** GivenNumber {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("Enter a number to find factorial :");

**int** num= sc.nextInt();

**long** factorial = 1;

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= num; i++) {

factorial \*= i;

}

System.***out***.println("Factorial of " + num + " is: " + factorial);

sc.close();

}

}

1. **W.A.J.P to check given number is Prime or not?**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** givennumberPrimeornot {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** i,num1 = 0;

**boolean** isPrime = **true**;

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("Enter a number to check if prime : ");

**if** (num1 <= 1)

{

isPrime = **false**;

}

**else** {

**for** (**int** i1= 2; i1 <= num1 / 2; i1++) {

**if** (num1 % i1 == 0) {

isPrime = **false**;

**break**;

}

}

}

**if** (isPrime) {

System.***out***.println(num1 + " is a Prime number.");

} **else** {

System.***out***.println(num1 + " is NOT a Prime number.");

}

}

}

1. **W.A.J.P to check given number is Armstrong or not?**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** ArmstrongCheck {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.print("Enter a number: ");

**int** number = sc.nextInt();

**int** originalNumber = number;

**int** result = 0, remainder;

**int** n = String.*valueOf*(number).length();

**while** (number != 0) {

remainder = number % 10;

result += Math.*pow*(remainder, n);

number /= 10;

}

**if** (result == originalNumber)

System.***out***.println(originalNumber + " is an Armstrong number.");

**else**

System.***out***.println(originalNumber + " is not an Armstrong number.");

}

}

1. **W.A.J.P for create Fibonacci Series.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** FibonacciSeries {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.print("Enter number of terms for Fibonacci series:");

**int** n = sc.nextInt();

**int** first = 0, second = 1;

System.***out***.print("Fibonacci Series up to " + n + " terms: ");

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= n; i++) {

System.***out***.print(first + " ");

**int** next = first + second;

first = second;

second = next;

}

}

}

1. **W.A.J.P to Print pattern Given Below.**

1). 1

12

123

1234

12345

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** Pattern1 {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** rows = 5;

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {

**for** (**int** j = i; j < rows; j++) {

System.***out***.print(" ");

}

**for** (**int** k = 1; k <= i; k++) {

System.***out***.print(k);

}

System.***out***.println();

}

}

}

2). 1

12

123

1234

12345

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** BinaryPattern {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** rows = 5;

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {

**for** (**int** j = 1; j <= i; j++) {

**if** ((i + j) % 2 == 0)

System.***out***.print("1");

**else**

System.***out***.print("0");

}

System.***out***.println();

}

}

3). 1

2 2

3 3 3

4 4 4 4

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** RepeatingNumberPattern {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** rows = 4;

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {

**for** (**int** j = 1; j <= i; j++) {

System.***out***.print(i + " ");

}

System.***out***.println();

}

}

}

4).\*

\* \* \*

\* \* \* \* \*

\* \* \*

\*

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** DesiredPattern {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** n = 3; // Height of top half

// Top half

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= n; i++) {

// Print spaces

**for** (**int** s = 1; s <= (n - i); s++) {

System.***out***.print(" ");

}

// Print stars

**for** (**int** j = 1; j <= (2 \* i - 1); j++) {

System.***out***.print("\*");

}

System.***out***.println();

}

// Bottom half

**for** (**int** i = n - 1; i >= 1; i--) {

// Print spaces

**for** (**int** s = 1; s <= (n - i); s++) {

System.***out***.print(" ");

}

// Print stars

**for** (**int** j = 1; j <= (2 \* i - 1); j++) {

System.***out***.print("\*");

}

System.***out***.println();

}

}

}

1. **WAP to compute the sum of the first 100 prime numbers.**

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** SumFirst100Primes {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int** count = 0, num = 1, sum = 0;

**while** (count < 100) {

**if** (*isPrime*(num)) {

sum += num;

count++;

}

num++;

}

System.***out***.println("Sum of first 100 prime numbers is: " + sum);

}

**public** **static** **boolean** isPrime(**int** n) {

**if** (n <= 1) **return** **false**;

**for** (**int** i = 2; i <= Math.*sqrt*(n); i++) {

**if** (n % i == 0) **return** **false**;

}

**return** **true**;

}

}

1. **WAP to sum values of an array.**

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** SumArrayValues {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50}; // You can change or take input from user

**int** sum = 0;

**for** (**int** num : numbers) {

sum += num;

}

System.***out***.println("Sum of array values: " + sum);

}

}

1. **WAP to calculate the average value of array elements.**

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** Averagearray {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] numbers = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50}; // Example array

**int** sum = 0;

**for** (**int** num : numbers) {

sum += num;

}

**double** average = (**double**) sum / numbers.length;

System.***out***.println("Average value of array elements: " + average);

}

}

1. **WAP to calculate the average value of array elements**.

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** AverageArray1 {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] numbers = {15, 25, 35, 45, 55}; // Sample array

**int** sum = 0;

**for** (**int** num : numbers) {

sum += num;

}

**double** average = (**double**) sum / numbers.length;

System.***out***.println("Average value of array elements: " + average);

}

}

1. **WAP to find the index of an array element.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** findindex {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] array = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60};

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.print("Enter the element to find: ");

**int** element = sc.nextInt();

**boolean** found = **false**;

**for** (**int** i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {

**if** (array[i] == element) {

System.***out***.println("Element " + element + " found at index: " + i);

found = **true**;

**break**;

}

}

}

}

1. **WAP to find the maximum and minimum value of an array.**

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** MaxMinInArray {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] array = {25, 12, 89, 5, 77, 33};

**int** max = array[0];

**int** min = array[0];

**for** (**int** i = 1; i < array.length; i++) {

**if** (array[i] > max) {

max = array[i];

}

**if** (array[i] < min) {

min = array[i];

}

}

System.***out***.println("Maximum value in the array: " + max);

System.***out***.println("Minimum value in the array: " + min);

}

}

**16. WAP to Compare Two String.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** CompareStrings {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.print("Enter first string: ");

String str1 = sc.nextLine();

System.***out***.print("Enter second string: ");

String str2 = sc.nextLine();

// Case-sensitive comparison

**if** (str1.equals(str2)) {

System.***out***.println("Both strings are equal.");

} **else** {

System.***out***.println("Strings are not equal.");

}

// Optional: Case-insensitive comparison

**if** (str1.equalsIgnoreCase(str2)) {

System.***out***.println("Both strings are equal (ignoring case).");

}

sc.close();

}

}

**17. WAP to concatenate a given string to the end of another string.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** ConCatenateStringsDemo {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("Enter the first string: ");

String s1= sc.nextLine();

System.***out***.println("Enter the second string: ");

String s2= sc.nextLine();

//System.out.println("Enter the three string: ");

String result= s1+s2;

System.***out***.println("Concatenated String: "+result);

sc.close();

}

}

**18. WAP to demonstrate try catch block.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** tryCatchExample {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

**try**

{

System.***out***.print("Enter the first number: ");

**int** num1 = sc.nextInt();

System.***out***.print("Enter the second number: ");

**int** num2 = sc.nextInt();

**int** result = num1 / num2;

System.***out***.println("Result of division: " + result);

}

**catch** (ArithmeticException e)

{

System.***out***.println("error: Cannot divide by zero.");

}

**catch** (Exception e)

{

System.***out***.println("An unexpected error occurred: " + e.getMessage());

}

**finally**

{

System.***out***.println("Program completed.");

}

sc.close();

}

}

**19. WAP to demonstrate multiple catch blocks.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** MultipleCatchExample {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

**try** {

System.***out***.print("Enter the first number: ");

**int** num1 = sc.nextInt();

System.***out***.print("Enter the second number: ");

**int** num2 = sc.nextInt();

**int** result = num1 / num2;

System.***out***.println("Result of division: " + result);

**int**[] arr = {1, 2, 3};

System.***out***.println("Accessing array element at index 5: " + arr[5]);

}

**catch** (ArithmeticException e)

{

System.***out***.println(" ArithmeticException: Cannot divide by zero.");

}

**catch** (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)

{

System.***out***.println(" ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: Invalid array index.");

}

**catch** (Exception e)

{

System.***out***.println(" General Exception: " + e.getMessage());

}

**finally**

{

System.***out***.println("Program finished.");

}

sc.close();

}

}

**20. WAP to create one thread by implementing Runnable interface in Class.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**class** MyRunnable **implements** Runnable {

**public** **void** run() {

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {

System.***out***.println("Running thread: " + i);

**try** {

Thread.*sleep*(500);

}

**catch** (InterruptedException e)

{

System.***out***.println("Thread interrupted.");

}

}

}

}

**public** **class** RunnableExample {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

MyRunnable myRunnable = **new** MyRunnable();

Thread thread = **new** Thread(myRunnable);

thread.start();

System.***out***.println("Main thread is running...");

}

}

**21. WAP to create one thread by extending Thread class in another Class.**

**package** Assigements;

**class** MyThread **extends** Thread {

**public** **void** run() {

**for** (**int** i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {

System.***out***.println("Child Thread: " + i);

**try** {

Thread.*sleep*(500);

} **catch** (InterruptedException e) {

System.***out***.println("Thread interrupted.");

}

}

}

}

**public** **class** ThreadExample {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

MyThread thread = **new** MyThread();

thread.start();

System.***out***.println("Main thread is running...");

}

}

**22. WAP to iterate through all elements in an array list.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.ArrayList;

**import** java.util.Iterator;

**public** **class** ArrayListIteration {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

ArrayList<String> nam=**new** ArrayList<>();

nam.add("Khushi");

nam.add("Pooja");

nam.add("Divya");

nam.add("Janvi");

System.***out***.println("for-each loop:");

**for**(String name :nam) {

System.***out***.println(name);

}

System.***out***.println(" traditional for loop:");

**for**(**int** i=0;i<1;i++)

{

System.***out***.println(nam.get(i));

}

System.***out***.println("Iterator:");

Iterator<String> it= nam.iterator();

**while**(it.hasNext())

{

System.***out***.println(it.next());

}

}

}

**23. WAP to update specific array element by given element.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** UpdateArrayElement {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

**int**[] num = {10,20,30,40,50,60};

System.***out***.println("original array:");

**for**(**int** nummber :num) {

System.***out***.println(num + "");

System.***out***.print("Enter the index (0-4) to update: ");

**int** index = sc.nextInt();

**if** (index < 0 || index >= num.length) {

System.***out***.println("Invalid index. Please enter a value between 0 and " + (num.length - 1));

} **else** {

System.***out***.print("Enter new element to update at index " + index + ": ");

**int** newValue = sc.nextInt();

num[index] = newValue;

System.***out***.println("Updated array:");

**for** (**int** i : num) {

System.***out***.print(num + " ");

}

}

sc.close();

}

}

}

**24. WAP to remove the third element from a array list.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.ArrayList;

**public** **class** RemoveThirdElement {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

ArrayList<String> list =**new** ArrayList<String>();

list.add("Apple");

list.add("Banana");

list.add("Cherry");

list.add("Date");

list.add("Orange");

System.***out***.println("Original ArrayList: "+ list);

**if**(list.size()>=3) {

list.remove(2);

System.***out***.println("After removing third element: "+list);

}**else** {

System.***out***.println("ArrayList has less than 3 elements.");

}

}

}

**25. WAP to Copy one array into another.**

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** CopyArray {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] originalArray = {10,20,30,40,50,60};

**int**[] copiedArray = **new** **int**[originalArray.length];

**for**(**int** i=0;i<originalArray.length;i++)

{

copiedArray[i]=originalArray[i];

}

System.***out***.println("copiedArray");

**for**(**int** num :copiedArray)

{

System.***out***.println(num + " ");

}

}

}

**26. WAP to reverse an array of integer values.**

**package** Assigements;

**public** **class** ReverseArray {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] arr= {10,20,30,40,50,60};

System.***out***.println("Original Array: ");

**for**(**int** num : arr) {

System.***out***.println(num + " ");

}

**int** start=0;

**int** end= arr.length -1;

**while**(start<end)

{

**int** temp=arr[start];

arr[start]=arr[end];

arr[end]=temp;

start++;

end--;

}

System.***out***.println("reversed Array:");

**for**(**int** num:arr)

{

System.***out***.println(num+" ");

}

}

}

**27. WAP to find the second largest element in an array.**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Arrays;

**public** **class** SecondLargestEasy {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

**int**[] arr = {12, 45, 67, 23, 89, 45};

// Sort the array in ascending order

Arrays.*sort*(arr);

// Find the second largest by checking from the end

**int** n = arr.length;

**int** largest = arr[n - 1];

**for** (**int** i = n - 2; i >= 0; i--) {

**if** (arr[i] != largest) {

System.***out***.println("Second largest element is: " + arr[i]);

**return**;

}

}

System.***out***.println("All elements are the same. No second largest found.");

}

}

**28.** W.A.J.P. Create an abstract class 'Parent' with a method 'message'. It has two subclasses each having a method with the same name 'message' that prints "This is first subclass" and "This is second subclass" respectively. Call the methods 'message' by creating an object for each subclass.

**package** Assigements;

**abstract** **class** Parent {

**abstract** **void** message();

}

**class** FirstSubclass **extends** Parent {

**void** message() {

System.***out***.println("This is first subclass");

}

}

**class** SecondSubclass **extends** Parent {

**void** message() {

System.***out***.println("This is second subclass");

}

}

**public** **class** TestAbstract {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Parent obj1 = **new** FirstSubclass();

Parent obj2 = **new** SecondSubclass();

obj1.message();

obj2.message();

}

}

**29. W.A.J.P. which will ask the user to enter his/her marks (out of 100). Define a method that will display grades according to the marks entered as below:**

**Marks Grade**

**91-100 AA**

**81-90 AB**

**71-80 BB**

**61-70 BC**

**51-60 CD**

**41-50 DD**

**<=40 Fail**

**package** Assigements;

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**public** **class** GradeCalculator {

**static** **void** displayGrade(**int** marks)

{

**if**(marks >=91 && marks <=100)

{

System.***out***.println("Grade: AA");

}

**else** **if**(marks >=81 && marks <=90)

{

System.***out***.println("Grade: AB");

}

**else** **if**(marks >=71 && marks <=80)

{

System.***out***.println("Grade: BB");

}

**else** **if**(marks >=61 && marks <=70)

{

System.***out***.println("Grade: BC");

}

**else** **if**(marks >51 && marks <=60)

{

System.***out***.println("Grade: CD");

}

**else** **if**(marks >=41 && marks <=50)

{

System.***out***.println("Grade: DD");

}

**else** **if**(marks <= 40 )

{

System.***out***.println("Grade: FAIL");

}

**else**

{

System.***out***.println("Invalid marks entered. Please enter marks between 0 and 100.");

}

}

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

Scanner sc=**new** Scanner(System.***in***);

System.***out***.println("Enter your marks (out of 100):");

**int** marks =sc.nextInt();

*displayGrade*(marks);

}

}

**30. W.A.J.P. to create a custom exception if Customer withdraw amount which is greater than account balance then program will show custom exception otherwise amount will deduct from account balance. Account balance is:2000 Enter withdraw amount:2500 Sorry, insufficient balance, you need more 500 Rs.To perform this transaction.**