

# Hands-on Lab : Create Tables and Load Data in MySQL using phpMyAdmin”}

**Estimated time needed:** 20 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to create tables and load data in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

## Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use [MySQL](#). MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data.



To complete this lab you will utilize MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

## Database Used in this Lab

**Books** database has been used in this lab.

The following diagram shows the structure of the **myauthors** table from the Books database:

myauthors	
author_id	int
first_name	varchar(100)
middle_name	varchar(50)
last_name	varchar(100)

In the table, **author\_id** is an integer, **first\_name** is a string that stores a maximum of 100 characters, **middle\_name** is a string that stores a maximum of 50

characters, and **last\_name** is a string that stores a maximum of 100 characters.

## Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to use phpMyAdmin with MySQL to:

- Create a database.
- Create tables.
- Load data into tables manually using the phpMyAdmin GUI.
- Load data into tables using a text/script file.

## Exercise

In this exercise through different tasks, you will learn how to create tables and load data in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

### Task A: Create a database

1. Go to **Terminal** > **New Terminal** to open a terminal from the side by side launched Cloud IDE.



◀ Step 6 of 7 ▶



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2. Start MySQL service session in the Cloud IDE using the command below in the terminal. Find your MySQL service session password from the highlighted location of the terminal shown in the image below. Note down your MySQL service session password because you may need to use it later in the lab.

```
1. 1
1. start_mysql
```

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-sandipsahajo:/home/project$ start_mysql
Starting your MySQL database....
This process can take up to a minute.

MySQL database started, waiting for all services to be ready....

Your MySQL database is now ready to use and available with username: root p

You can access your MySQL database via:
• The browser at: https://sandipsahajo-8080.theiadocker-27.proxy.cognitive
• CommandLine: mysql --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3306 --user=root --password=M
theia@theiadocker-sandipsahajo:/home/project$
```

3. Copy your phpMyAdmin weblink from the highlighted location of the terminal shown in the image below. Past it into the address bar in a new tab of your web browser. This will open the phpMyAdmin tool.

```
theia@theiadocker-sandipsahajo:/home/project$ start_mysql
```

Starting your MySQL database....

This process can take up to a minute.

MySQL database started, waiting for all services to be ready....

Your MySQL database is now ready to use and available with username: root p

You can access your MySQL database via:

- The browser at: <https://sandipsahajo-8080.theiadocker-27.proxy.cognitive>
- CommandLine: `mysql --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3306 --user=root --password=M`

```
theia@theiadocker-sandipsahajo:/home/project$
```

4. You will see the phpMyAdmin GUI tool.

# phpMyAdmin



Recent

Favorites

- New
- information\_schema
- mysql
- performance\_schema
- sakila
- sys

← Server: mysql:3306



Databases



SQL



Status



Users

## General settings



Server connection collation: ?

utf8mb4\_unicode



More settings

## Appearance settings



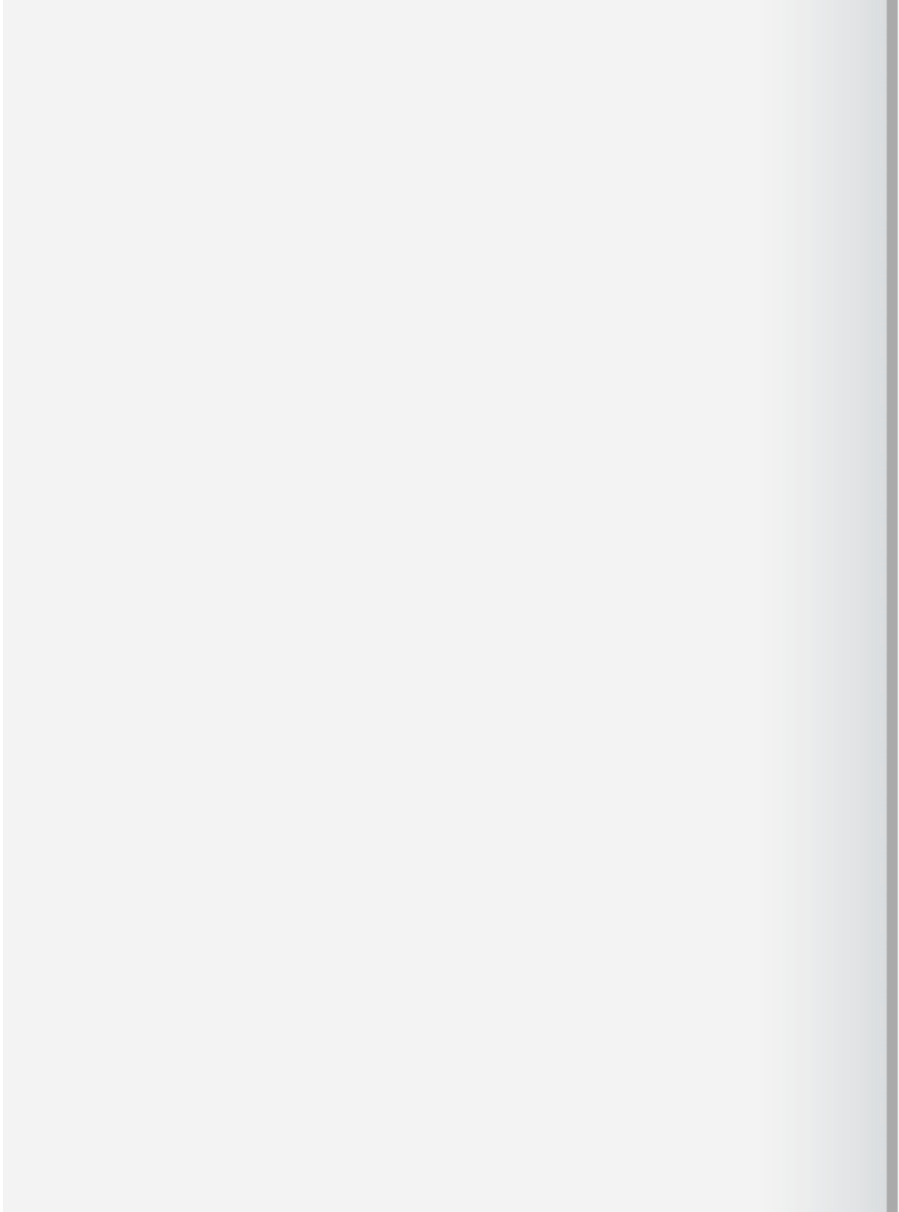
Language ?

English



Theme:

pmahomme ▼



5. In the tree-view, click **New** to create a new empty database. Then enter **Books** as the name of the database and click **Create**.

The encoding will be left as **utf8mb4\_0900\_ai\_ci**. UTF-8 is the most commonly used character encoding for content or data.

Proceed to Task B.

# phpMyAdmin



Recent

Favorites

1



New



information\_schema



mysql



performance\_schema



sakila



sys



Server: mysql:3306



Databases



SQL



Status



User

## Databases



Create database



2

Books

utf8mb4\_0900\_ai\_ci

	Database	Collation	Master
<input type="checkbox"/>	information_schema	utf8_general_ci	✓ R
<input type="checkbox"/>	mysql	utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci	✓ R
<input type="checkbox"/>	performance_schema	utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci	✓ R
<input type="checkbox"/>	sakila	utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci	✓ R
<input type="checkbox"/>	sys	utf8mb4_0900_ai_ci	✓ R

Total: 5





Check all

With selected:



Drop



Note: Enabling the database statistics here might cau

- **Enable statistics**







## Task B: Create tables

1. In the Create table interface for the empty database **Books**, enter **myauthors** as the table name and **4** for the Number of columns. This is the first step to creating the table **myauthors** that was shown earlier in this lab.

Then click **Go**.

← → ↻ 🏠 sandipsahajo-8080.theiadocker-27.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai/ser

# phpMyAdmin



Recent

Favorites

New

Books

information\_schema

mysql

performance\_schema

sakila

sys


← Server: mysql:3306 » Database: Books

Structure

SQL

Search

Query

 No tables found in database.

Create table

Name: myauthors Number 1

2. Enter the table definition for the **myauthors** table as shown in the image below with highlighted boxes. Then click **Save**.

# phpMyAdmin



Recent

Favorites

- New
- Books
- + information\_schema
- + mysql
- + performance\_schema
- + sakila
- + sys

Server: mysql:3306 » Database: Books » Table: myauthors

Browse

Structure

SQL

Search

Table name: myauthors

Name	Type ?	Length
author_id	INT	
first_name	VARCHAR	100
middle_name	VARCHAR	50
last_name	VARCHAR	100

Structure ?

Table comments:

PARTITION definitions: ?

## PARTITION definition:



Partition by:



(







Expression o

Partitions:

3. The Table structure for the **myauthors** table will appear. Proceed to Task C.


← → ↻ 🏠 sandipsahajo-8080.theiadocker-27.proxy.cognitiveclass.ai/tbl

# phpMyAdmin





Recent

Favorites




New







Books





New







myauthors







information\_schema







mysql







performance\_schema






sakila








sys


Server: mysql:3306 » Database: Books » Table: myauthors


 Browse

 Structure



 SQL


 Search


 Table structure


 Relation view


	#	Name	Type	Collation
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	author_id	int	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	first_name	varchar(100)	utf8mb4_0900_ai
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	middle_name	varchar(50)	utf8mb4_0900_ai
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	last_name	varchar(100)	utf8mb4_0900_ai

 ☐ Check all With selected:  Browse

 Print

 Move columns

 Normalize

 Add

column(s)

▼

Task C: Load data into tables manually using the phpMyAdmin GUI

1. Sometimes, you may want to load a few data rows of data, but you may not have a SQL script on hand to do that. In this case, you can manually load the data into phpMyAdmin. Since this is a manual process, it is better for inserting a small amount of data rather than a large amount.

To load data manually, go to the **Insert** tab for the **myauthors** table. Enter data for 2 rows of the **myauthors** table as shown in the image below with highlighted boxes. Then click **Go** at the bottom.



Recent

Favorites

- New
- Books
  - New
  - myauthors
- information\_schema
- mysql
- performance\_schema
- sakila
- sys



Browse



Structure



SQL



Search



Column

Type

Function

author\_id

int



first\_name

varchar(100)



middle\_name

varchar(50)



last\_name

varchar(100)



☐ Ignore

Column	Type	Function	N
--------	------	----------	---

author_id	int	<input type="text"/>	
-----------	-----	----------------------	--



first_name	vvarchar(100)	<input type="text"/>	
------------	---------------	----------------------	--



middle_name	vvarchar(50)	<input type="text"/>	
-------------	--------------	----------------------	--



last_name	vvarchar(100)	<input type="text"/>	
-----------	---------------	----------------------	--





Insert as new row



and then

Go back



Preview SQL

2. Notification of the successful insertion of 2 rows to the **myauthors** table will appear.

✓ 2 rows inserted.

```
INSERT INTO `myauthors` (`author_id`, `first_name`, `middle_name`, `last_name`) VALUES ('1', 'Merritt'
```

3. Go to the **Browse** tab for the **myauthors** table to check the newly inserted rows. Proceed to Task D.

**phpMyAdmin**

Recent Favorites

New Books New myauthors information\_schema mysql performance\_schema sakila sys

Server: mysql:3306 » Database: Books » Table: myauthors

**Browse** Structure SQL Search

⚠ Current selection does not contain a unique column. Grid edit, c

✓ Showing rows 0 - 1 (2 total, Query took 0.0004 seconds.)

```
SELECT * FROM `myauthors`
```

☐ Show all | Number of rows: 25 ▼ Filter rows: S

+ Options

author_id	first_name	middle_name	last_name
1	Merritt		Eric
2	Linda		Mui

☐ Show all | Number of rows: 25 ▼ Filter rows: S

#### Task D: Load data into tables using a text/script file.

1. Now you will use a SQL script to import the remainder of the **myauthors** table data. A SQL script file contains commands and statements that perform

operations on your database, and can be useful when importing a large amount of data.

Download the SQL script below to your local computer:

- [mysql\\_table-myauthors\\_insert-data.sql](#)

2. Go to **Import** tab for the **myauthors** table. Click **Choose File** and load the **mysql\_table-myauthors\_insert-data.sql** file from your local computer storage. The rest of the settings can be left as they are because you are importing a SQL script that is encoded with UTF-8.

Then click **Go**. Notification of import success will appear.



Recent

Favorites

- New
- Books
  - New
  - myauthors
- information\_schema
- mysql
- performance\_schema
- sakila
- sys



Server: mysql:3306 »

Database: Books »

Table: myauthors



Browse



Structure



SQL



Search



## Importing into the table "myauthors"

### File to import:

File may be compressed (gzip, bzip2, zip) or uncompressed.

A compressed file's name must end in **.[format].[compression]**. Ex

Browse your computer:

Choose File

mysql\_table...sert-data.sql

You may also drag and drop a file on any page.

Character set of the file:

utf-8



### Partial import:



Allow the interruption of an import in case the script detects it is

Skip this number of queries (for SQL) starting from the first one:

### Other options:

---

☒ Enable foreign key checks

### Format:

---

SQL



### Format-specific options:

---

SQL compatibility mode:

☒ Do not use `AUTO_INCREMENT` for zero values

---

 *Import has been successfully finished, 1376 queries executed. (mysql\_table-myauthors\_insert-data.sql)*

3. Go to the **Browse** tab for the **myauthors** table again to check the newly inserted rows appear along with previously inserted 2 rows.



Recent

Favorites

- New
- Books
  - New
  - myauthors
- information\_schema
- mysql
- performance\_schema
- sakila
- sys



Browse



Structure



SQL



Search



Current selection does not contain a unique column. Grid edit, c



Showing rows 0 - 24 (1378 total, Query took 0.0003 seconds.)

```
SELECT * FROM `myauthors`
```

1



>

>>

Number of rows:

25



Filter r

+ Options

author_id	first_name	middle_name	last_name
1	Merritt		Eric
2	Linda		Mui
3	Alecos		Papadatos
4	Paul	C.van	Oorschot
5	David		Cronin
6	Richard		Blum
7	Yuval	Noah	Harari

8	Paul		Albitz
9	David		Beazley
10	John	Paul	Shen
11	Andrew		Miller
12	Melanie		Swan
13	Neal		Ford
14	Nir		Shavit
15	Tim		Kindberg
16	Mike		McQuaid
17	Brian	P.	Hogan
18	Jean-Philippe		Aumasson
19	Lance		Fortnow
20	Richard	C.	Jeffrey
21	William	L.	Simon
22	Magnus	Lie	Hetland
23	Mike		McShaffry
24	Norman		Matloff
25	John	E.	Hopcroft

1 ▾

>

>>

| Number of rows:

25 ▾

Filter r

**Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.**



# Author(s)

- [Sandip Saha Joy](#)

# Other Contributor(s)

- Kathy An

# Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2021-03-15	1.0	Sandip Saha Joy	Created initial version
2021-10-18	1.1	Kathy An	Updated lab instructions

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