

# Ton Duc Thang University Center for Applied Information Technology



# **Course Lecture**

# FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATICS 2

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## **Course Materials**

#### • Textbooks:

Joan Lambert, MOS 2016 Study Guide for Microsoft Excel,
 2017.

#### • References:

- Joan Lambert, MOS 2016 Study Guide for Microsoft PowerPoint, 2017.
- John Wiley, Microsoft Official Academic Course, Microsoft Word core 2016, 2016.



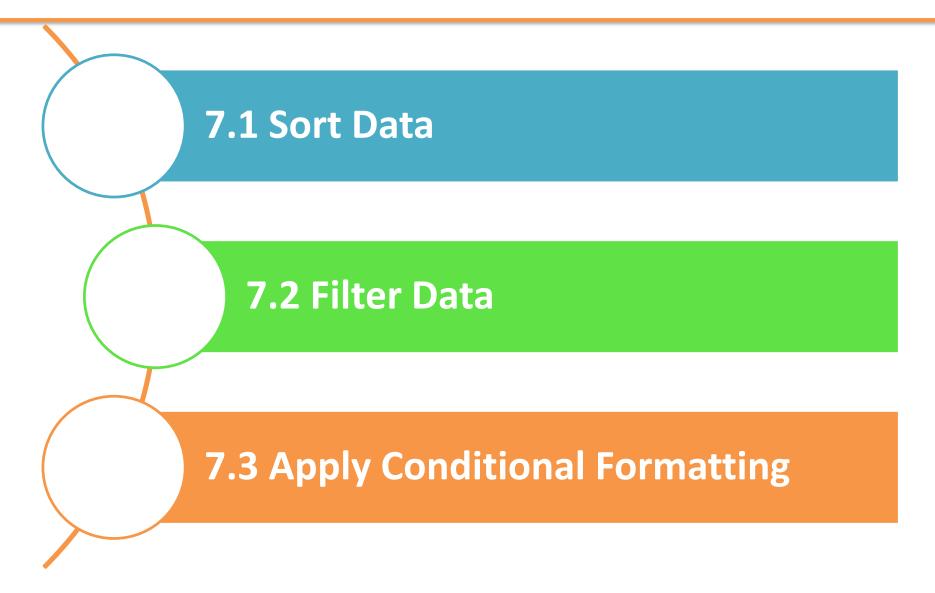
## Ton Duc Thang university

# Chapter 7



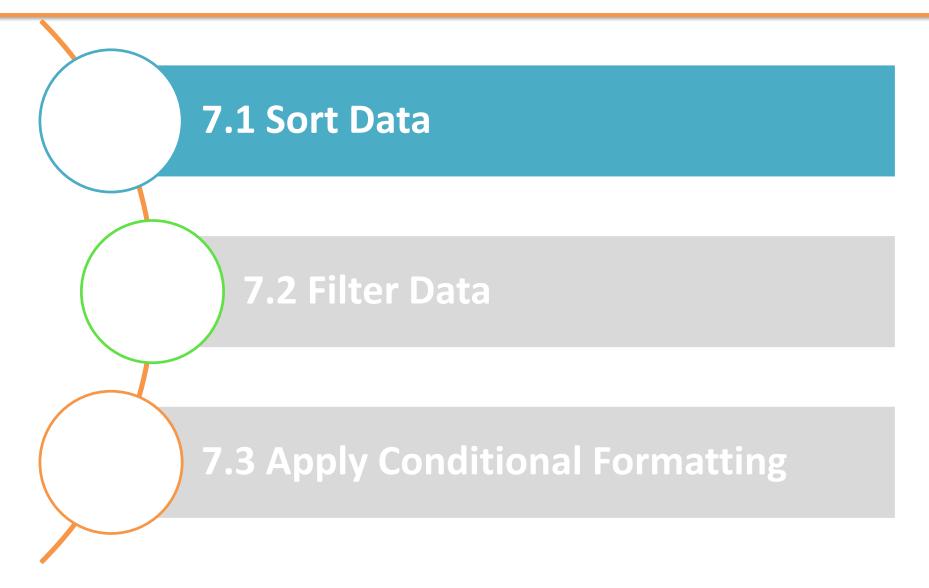


# Chapter 7. Analyzing and Organizing Data



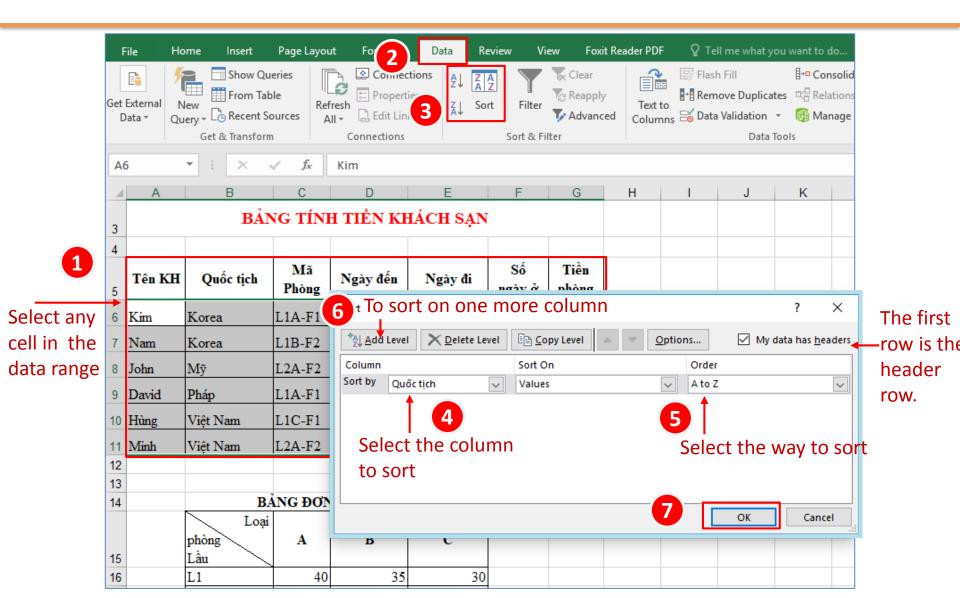


# **Chapter 7. Analyzing and Organizing Data**



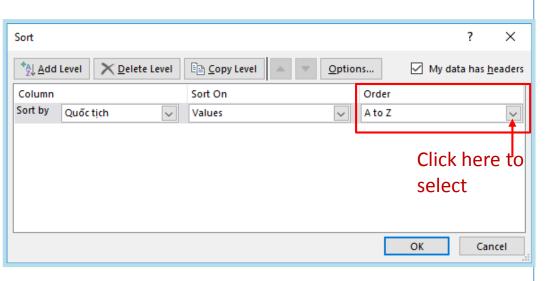


### 7.1 Sort Data





## Order list for each data type



#### **String data:**

- -A to Z.
- -Z to A.
- Custom List...

#### Numeric data:

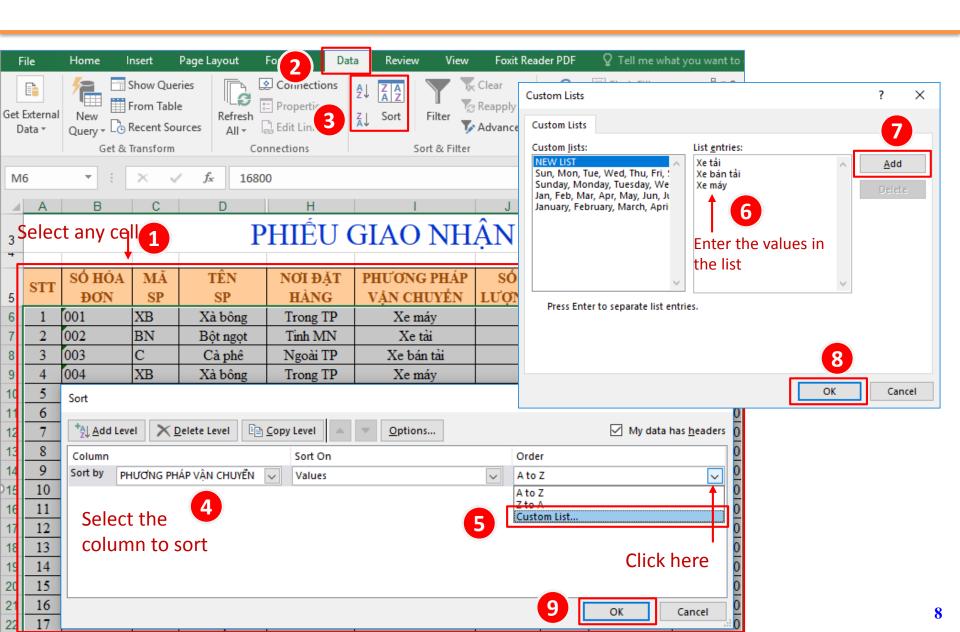
- Smallest to Largest
- Largest to Smallest
- Custom List...

#### Numeric data formatted as date:

- Oldest to Newest
- Newest to Oldest
- Custom List...

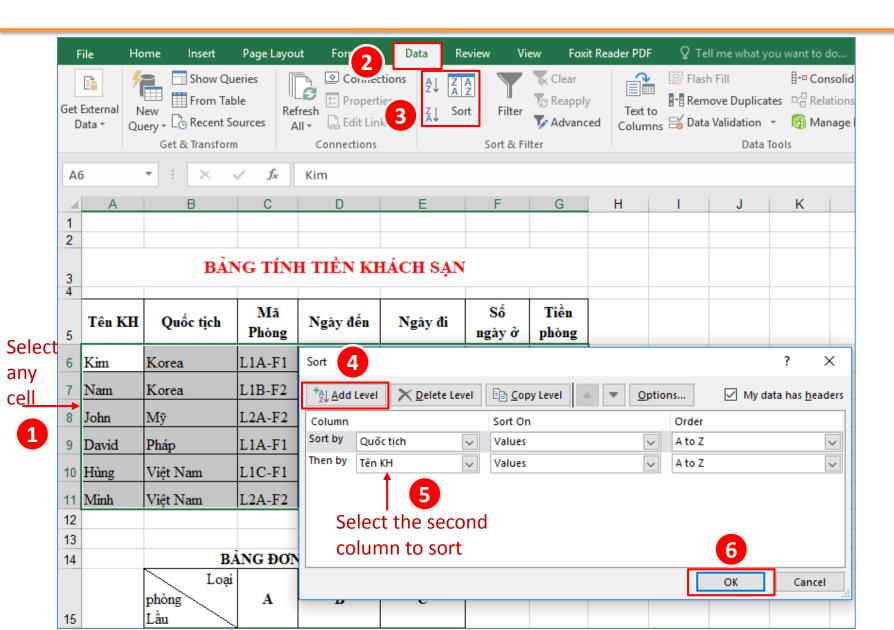


#### **Sort in custom list**



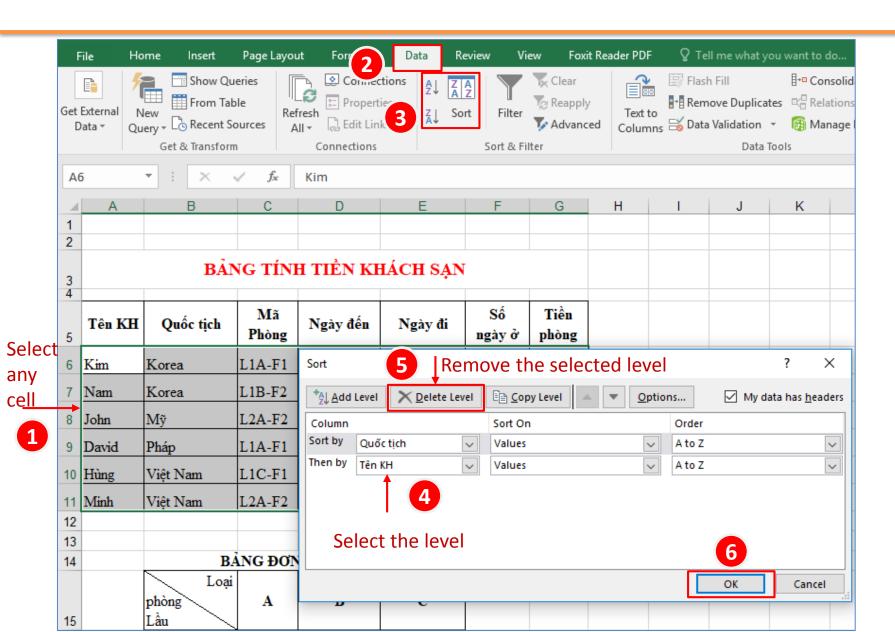


## **Sort on multiple columns**



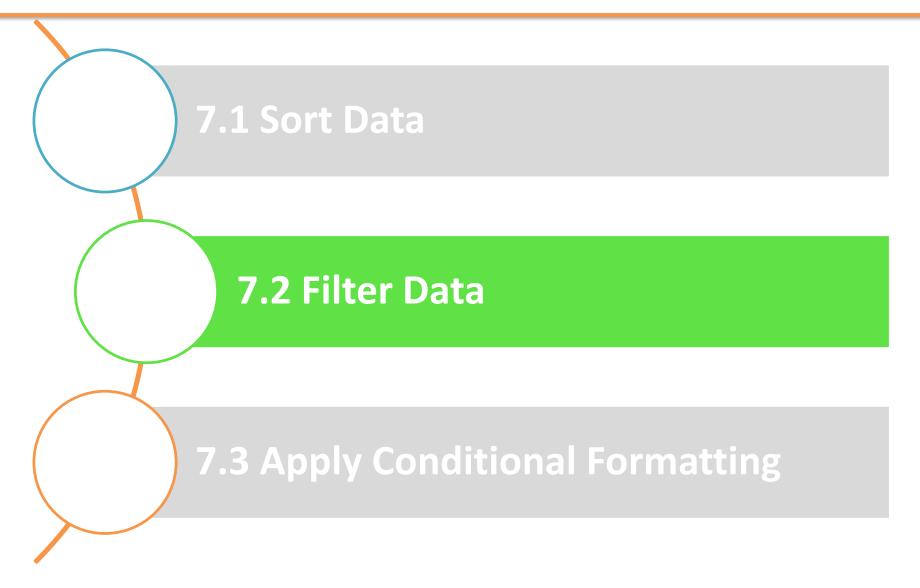


#### Remove a sort level



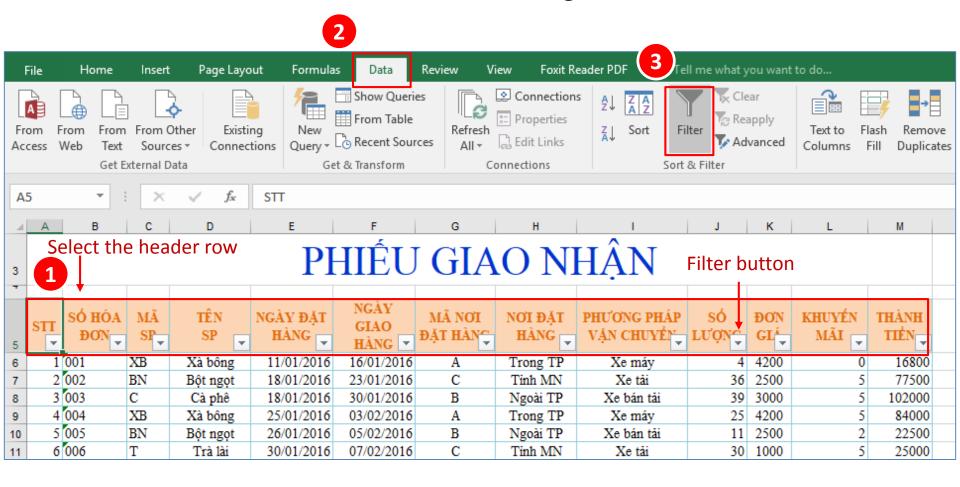


## **Chapter 7. Analyzing and Organizing Data**



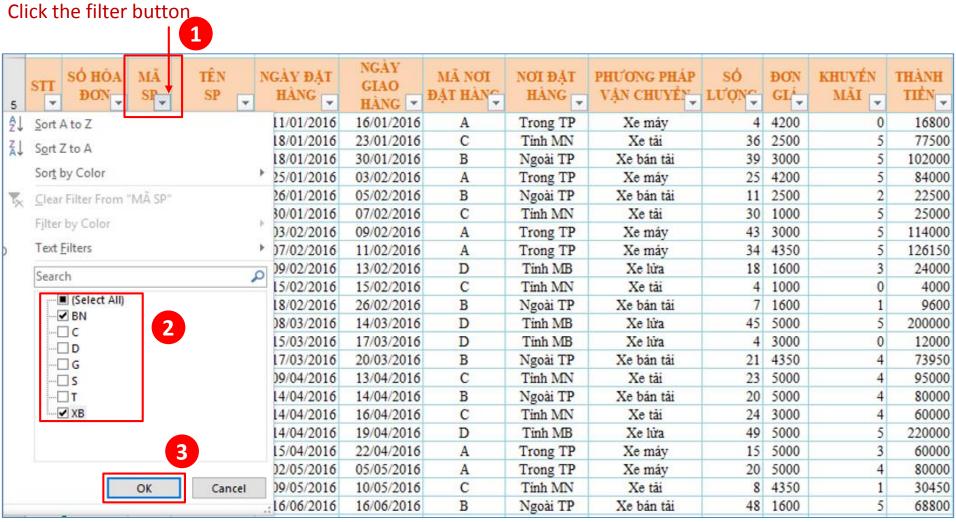


• Select the header row of the data range  $\rightarrow$  tab **Data**  $\rightarrow$  **Filter** 





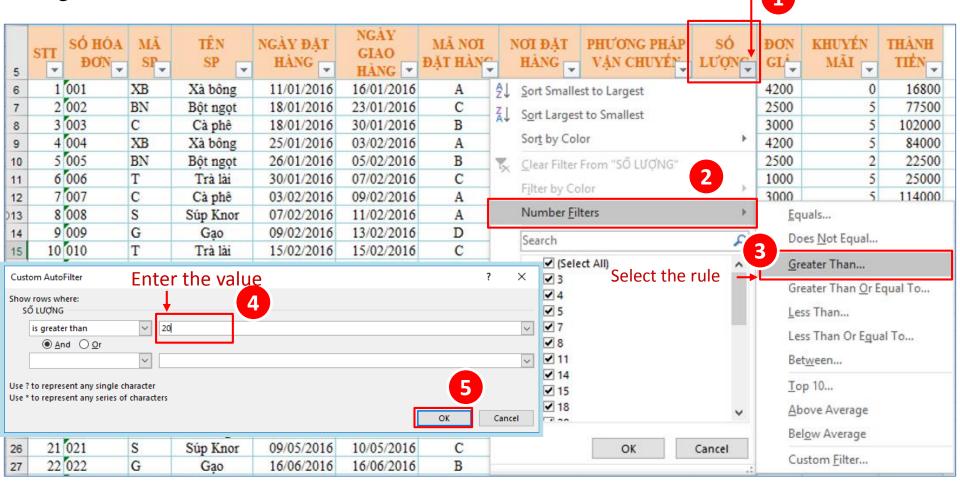
- Example: Display only rows which contain XB or BN in the Mã SP column.





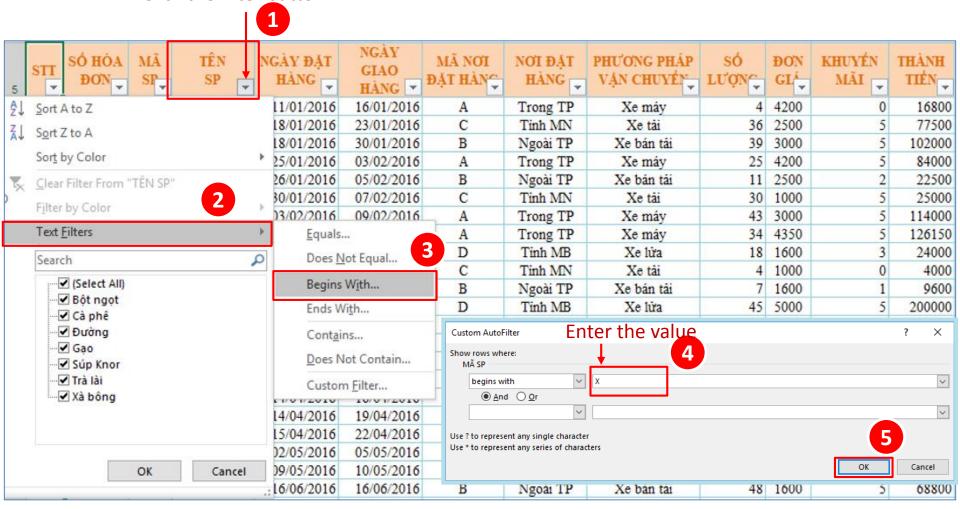
**Example**: Display only rows of which the value in the **SÓ LƯỢNG** column is greater than 20.

Click the filter button



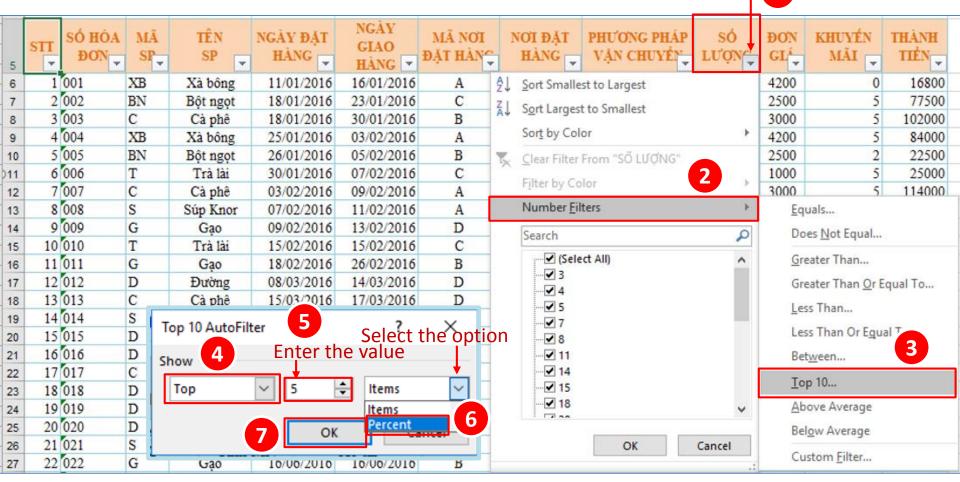


**- Example**: Display only rows of which the value in the **TÊN SP** column begins with **X**. Click the filter button





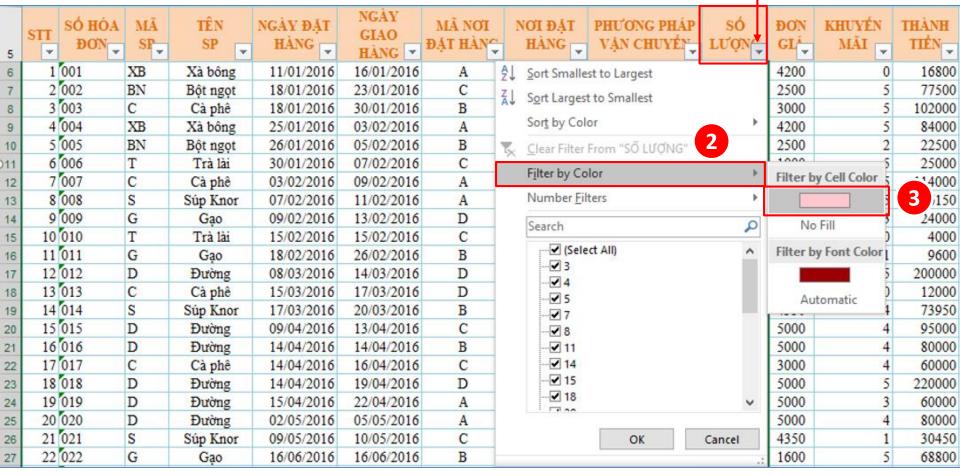
- Example: Display only rows of which the value in the SÓ LƯỢNG column is on top 5 percent.





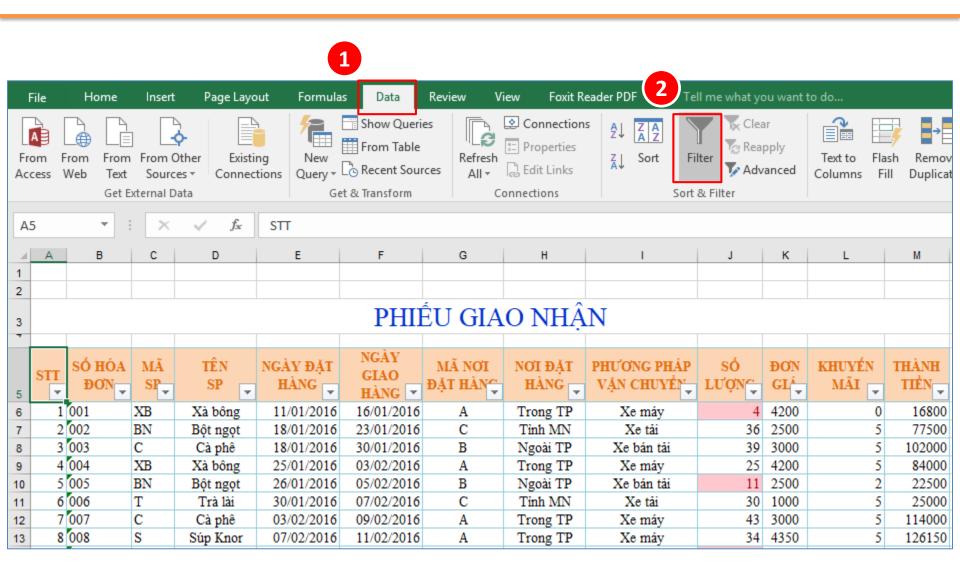
- Example: Display only rows which are colored in the SÓ LƯỢNG column.

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#### **Remove filter buttons**





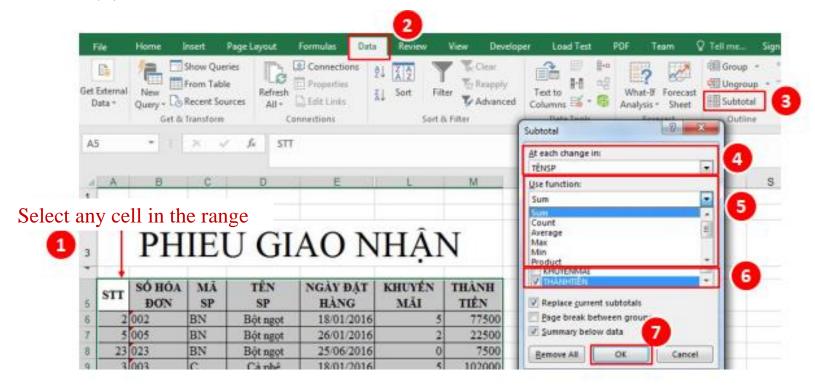
## **Subtotals**

- Subtotal feature is used to calculate the summary rows and outline the data in a data range.
- The data range must include headers that identify data subsets.
- The data range must be sorted by at least one column.
- The summary function can be SUM, COUNT, AVERAGE, MAX, MIN, PRODUCT, COUNT NUMBERS, STDDEV, STDDEVP, VAR, or VARP.



## **Subtotals**

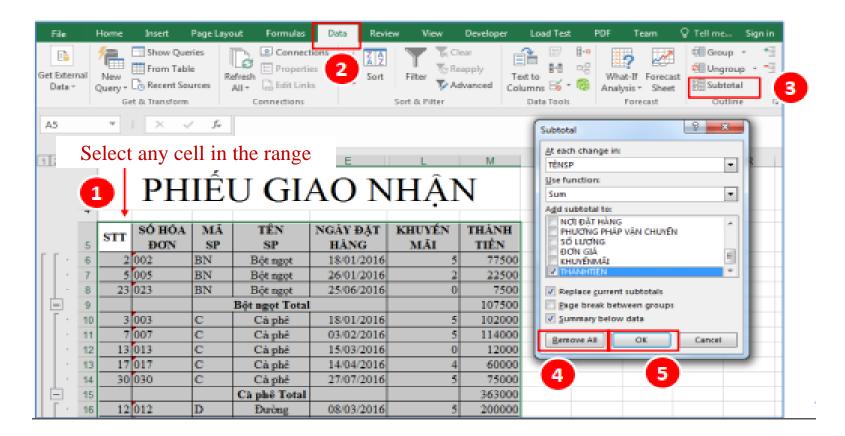
• To create subtotals within a sorted data range: Select any cell in the range (1) → tab Data (2) → Subtotal (3) → Select the group column (4) → select the summary function (5) → select the column to add subtotals to (6) → OK (7).





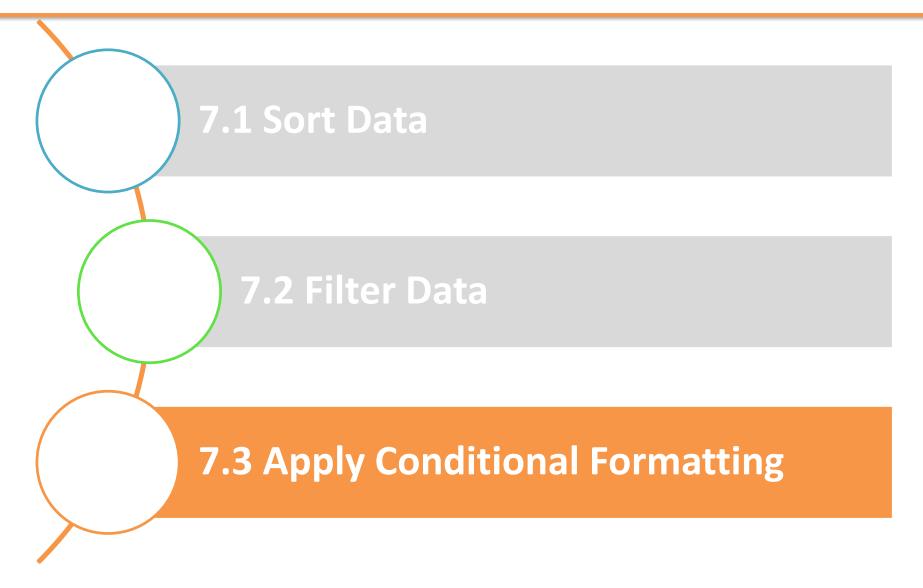
## **Subtotals**

• To remove subtotals: Select any cell in the range  $(1) \rightarrow$  tab Data  $(2) \rightarrow$  Subtotal  $(3) \rightarrow$  Remove All  $(4) \rightarrow$  OK (5).





# **Chapter 7. Analyzing and Organizing Data**





# 7.3 Apply Conditional Formatting

- 1. Use the quick rules
- 2. Use the custom rules
- 3. Edit the applied rules
- 4. Delete the applied rules



# 7.3 Apply Conditional Formatting

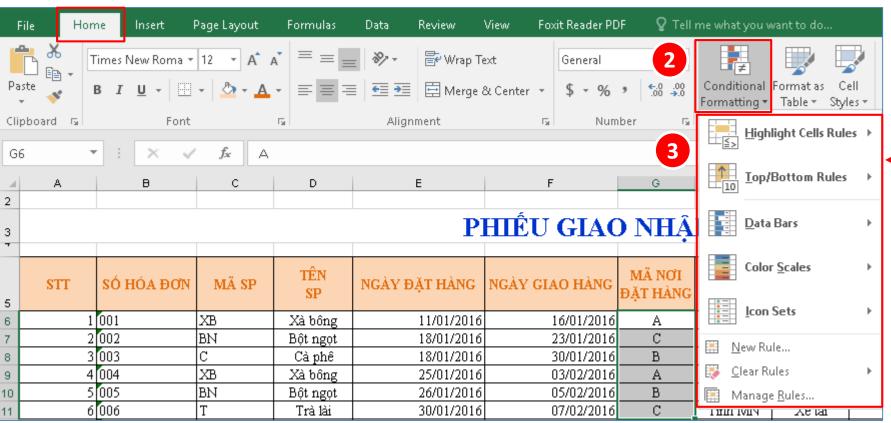
- 1. Use the quick rules
- 2. Use the custom rules
- 3. Edit the applied rules
- 4. Delete the applied rules



# 1- Use the quick rules

Select the data range → tab Home → Conditional Formatting



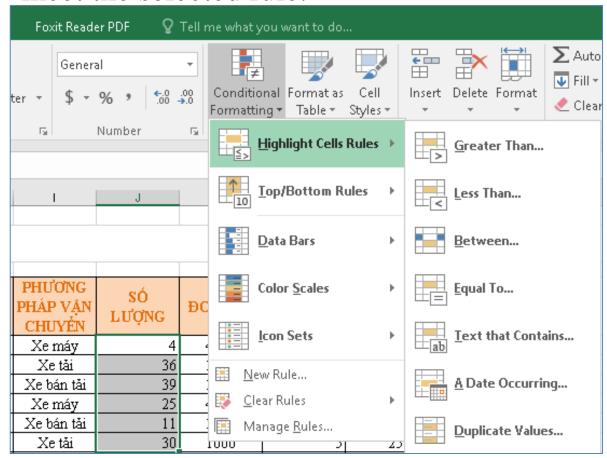


Select the type of rules



# 1- Use the quick rules

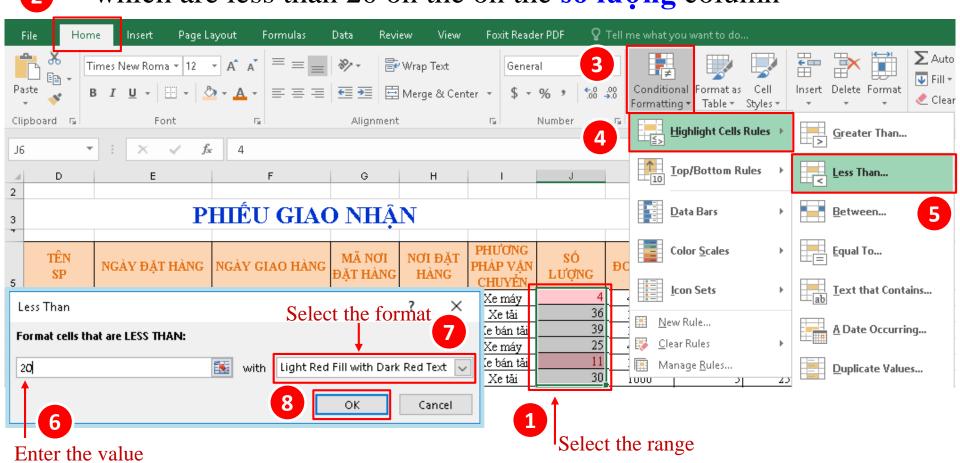
- Highlight Cells Rules: Apply the formatting for cells which meet the selected rule.





## **Highlight Cells Rules**

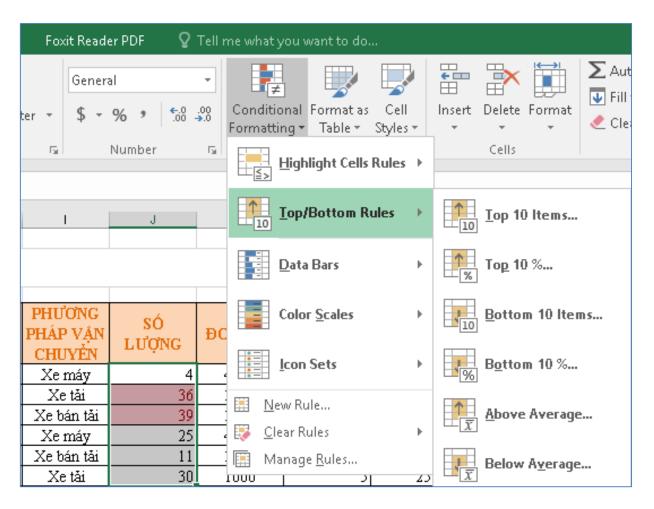
• **Example:** Automatically apply the default formatting for cells which are less than 20 on the on the số lượng column





# 1- Use the quick rules

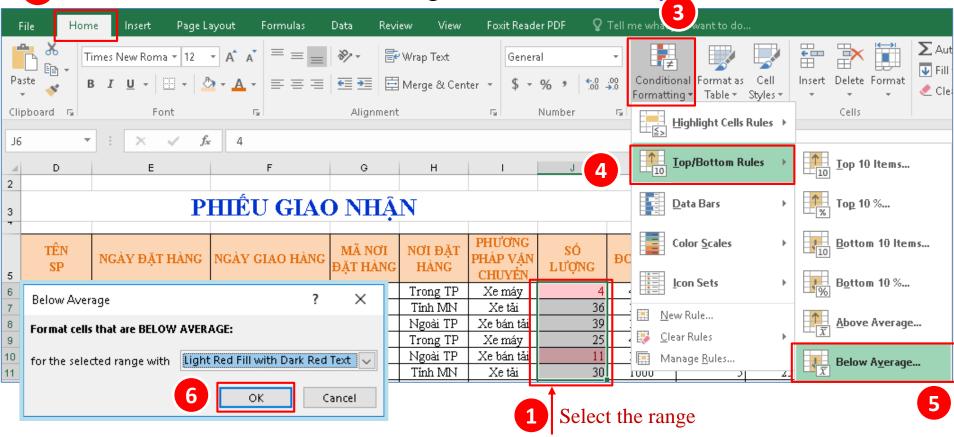
#### - Top/Bottom Rules:





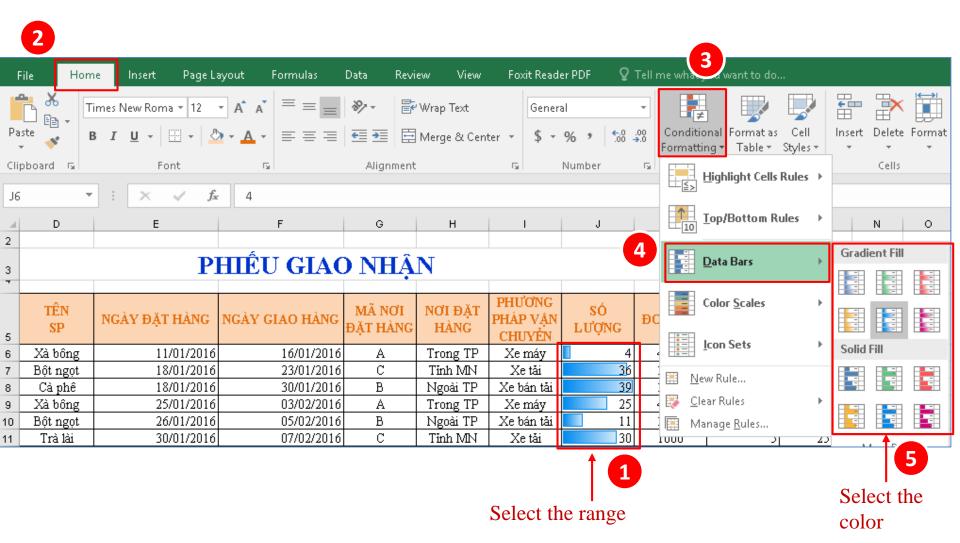
## **Top/Bottom Rules**

- Example: Automatically apply the default formatting for cells
- which are below the average on the SO LUCNG column.



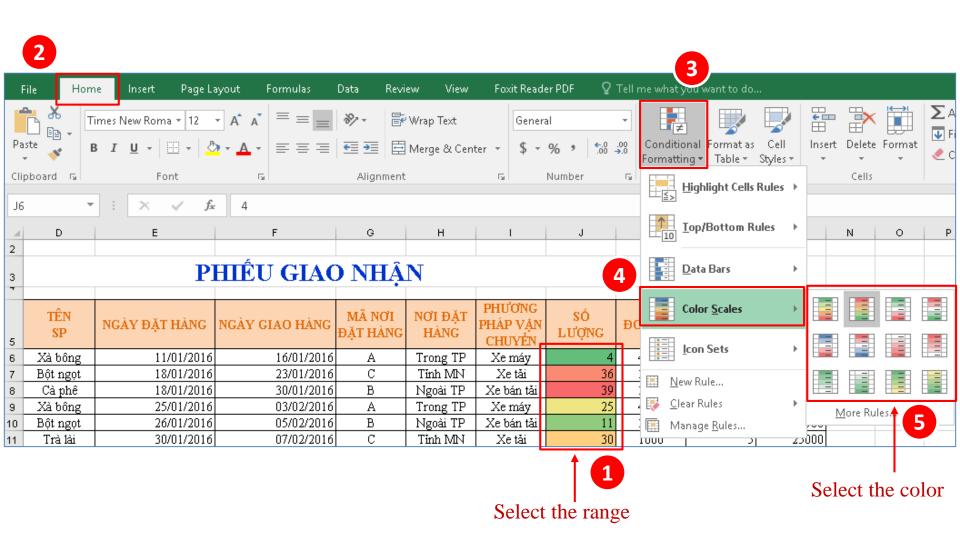


#### **Data Bars**



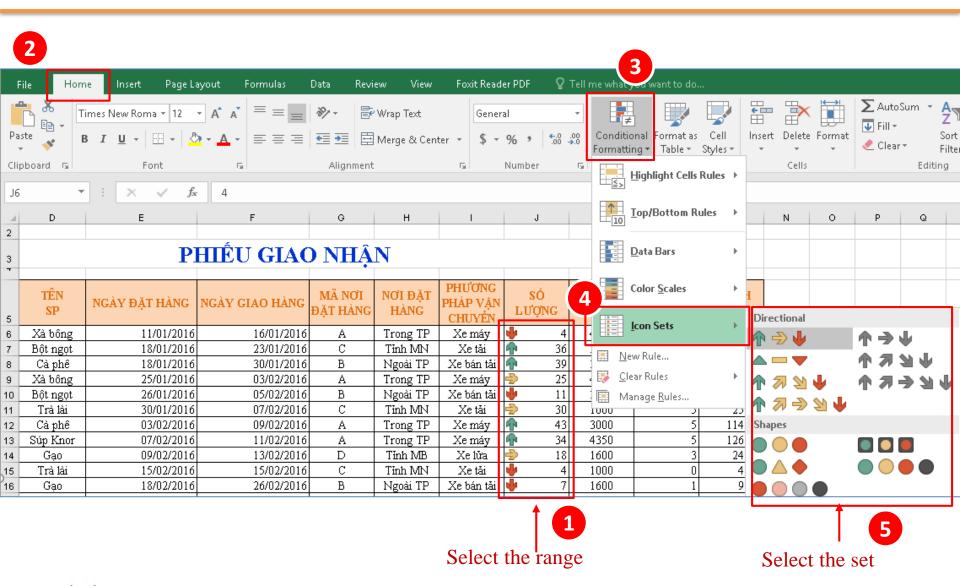


#### **Color Scales**





#### **Icon Sets**





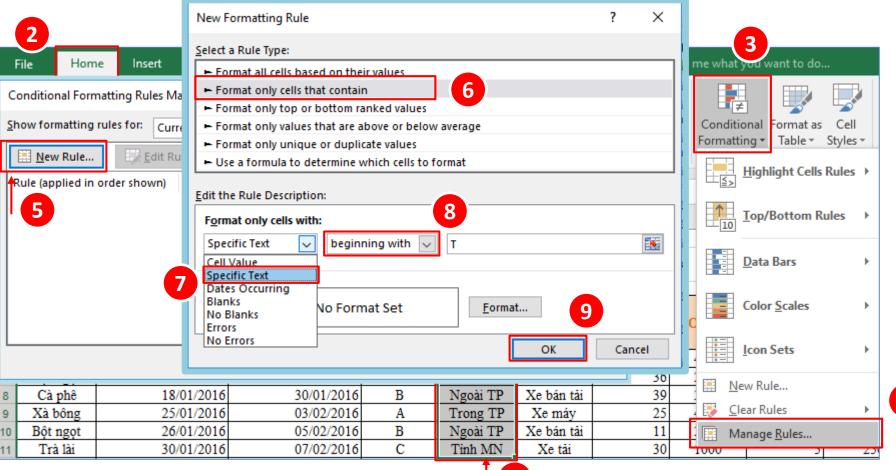
# 7.3 Apply Conditional Formatting

- 1. Use the quick rules
- 2. Use the custom rules
- 3. Edit the applied rules
- 4. Delete the applied rules



### 2- Use the custom rules

- Example: Automatically apply the yellow fill for cells in the range which begin with **T** 



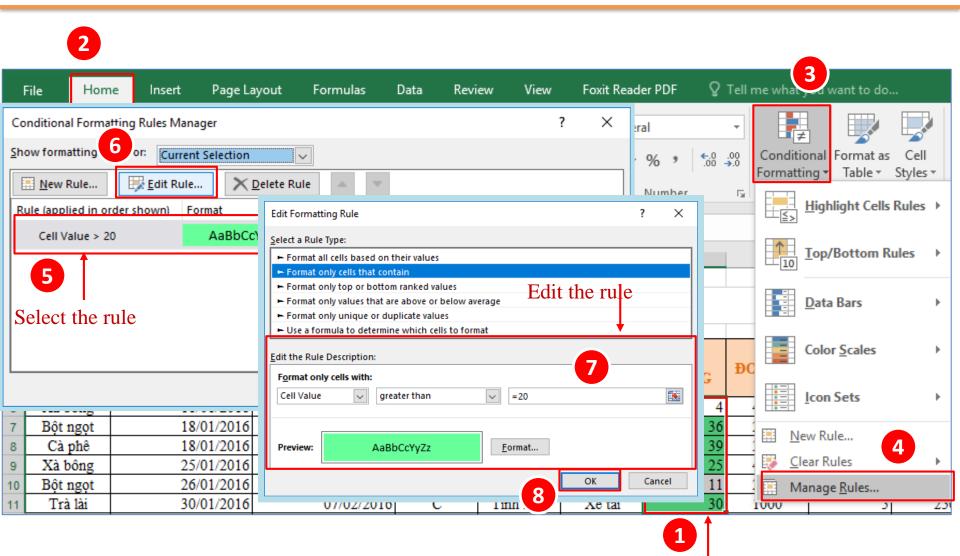


# 7.3 Apply Conditional Formatting

- 1. Use the quick rules
- 2. Use the custom rules
- 3. Edit the applied rules
- 4. Delete the applied rules



# 3- Edit the applied rules



Select the range



# 7.3 Apply Conditional Formatting

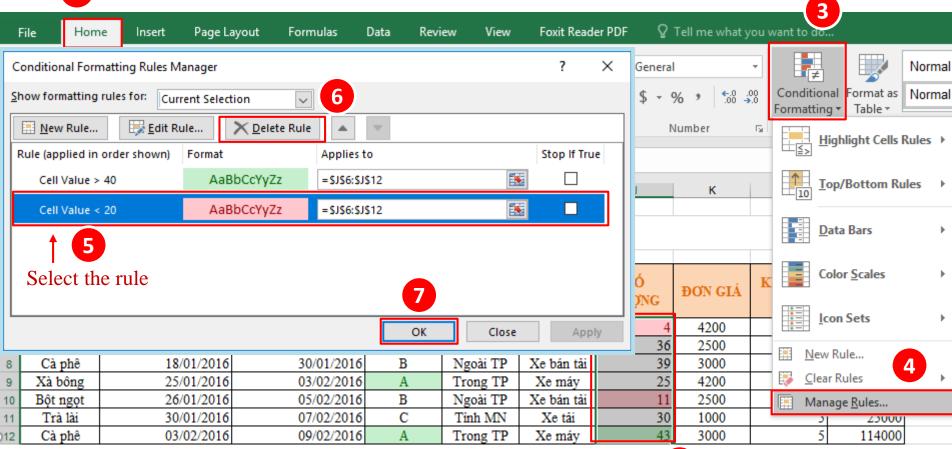
- 1. Use the quick rules
- 2. Use the custom rules
- 3. Edit the applied rules
- 4. Delete the applied rules



## 4- Delete the applied rules

#### - Delete a rule:

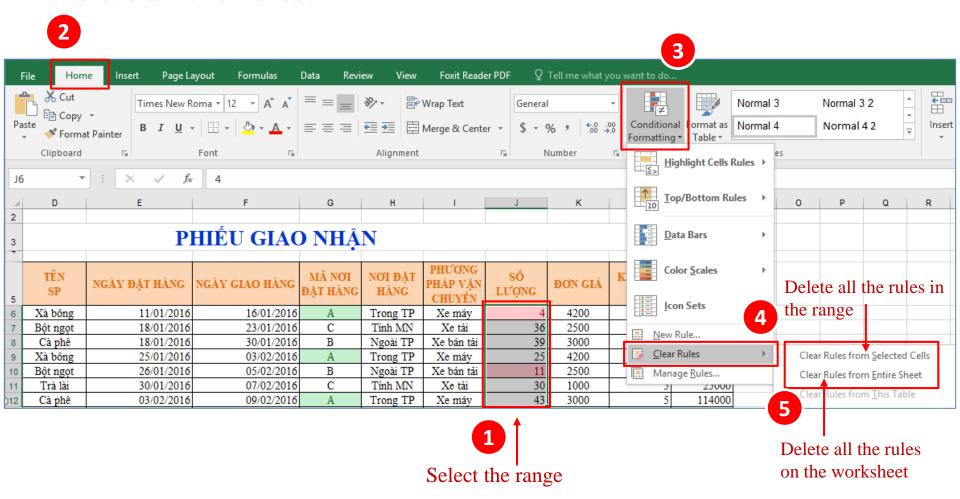






# 4- Delete the applied rules

#### - Delete all the rules:





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