# Fingerprinting

Khudayar Farmanli

Politecnico Di Torino
Data Science and Engineering
Computer Aided Simulations and Performance Evaluation
Torino, Italy
s276310@studenti.polito.it

Abstract—The objective of this homework is storing the dictionary of words by using b-bit fingerprinting based on the b lowest bit of md5 hash function, applied to the utf-8 encoding scheme of the word string.

# I. INPUT PARAMETERS

- Dataset contains dictionary of distinct words, also should meet with the requirement of homework (> 30k).
- m the number of elements in dictionary which is 370099 in our particular case.

# II. OUTPUT PARAMETERS

- B<sub>exp</sub> minimum number of bits required to store dictionary of distinct words in a fingerprint set where there is no collision, defined experimentally.
- $B_{teo}$  minimum number of bits required to store dictionary of disctinct words where probability of collision is at most 0.5 (probability of false positive which we consider it as  $\epsilon$  based on  $Pr(FP) \le \epsilon$ ), defined theoritically by exploiting below formula:

$$B \ge \log_2 \frac{m}{\epsilon}$$

• The probability of false positive based on experimentally defined  $B_{exp}$  by exploiting above formula with considering  $\epsilon = Pr(FP)$ , where actual formula is this:

$$Pr(FalsePositive) = 1 - (1 - \frac{1}{n})^m$$

- Based on this probability again we calculate  $B_{teo}$ .
- Memory taken by dictionary and fingerprint sets.

# III. MAIN DATA STRUCTURES

For developing this simulation I have used python sets for both reading the text file from directory and storing them as fingerprint.

## IV. DEVELOPMENT OF SIMULATION

- Reading dictionary of distinct words from directory as python set.
- Defining the number of elements inside of set and assign it to value m to use later in formulas.
- Creating for loop to iterate over numbers which are considered number of bits, starts from 0 and continue till

100 to define minimum number of bits required to store fingerprints to the set without any collision by exploiting provided methods.

- Calculating 0.5 False Positive probability by exploiting formula.
- Calculating False Positive probability  $(\epsilon)$  by considering number of bits the one we get from loop.
- Calculating  $B_{teo}$  again based on  $\epsilon$  we got from previous step .
- Calculating the storage taken by original set of dictionary and fingerprint set.

### V. RESULTS

The obtained results are demonstrated below:

- The minimum number of  $B_{exp}$  is 39 to store fingerprints without collision.
- For Pr(FP) = 0.5, the required  $B_{teo}$  is 19.498.
- By using  $B_{exp}$  we calculate Pr(FP) = 0.0000006732.
- By using value of Pr(FP) calculated based on  $B_{exp}$  we find  $B_{teo} = 39.000013199491114$
- The storage required for set of original dictionary of distinct words is 39771856 and for fingerprints, it is equal to 28620600 bytes.

### VI. CONCLUSION

At the end, I obtained below conclusions based on my experiments:

- The values obtained experimentally provide similar values when we use them to calculate theoritical ones in terms of minimum number of required bits and the probability of collision both, so we can say  $B_{teo}$  is good approximation of  $B_{exp}$ .
- The trade-off between Pr(FP) and memory when adopting fingerprinting with respect to not using it is that fingerprinting takes less memory capacity with respect to original one. The point is, even in the case of Pr(FP) = 0, where it means we do not have any collision and the number of elements is exactly the same for fingerprint set with original set, we get less storage requirement for fingerprint set and if we let some collision occur and set become much smaller (because set only contains unique elements) we will even get a way smaller storage requirement.