WORKSHEET 2 SQL

Q1 to Q13 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1. Which of the following constraint requires that there should not be duplicate entries?

A) No Duplicity B	3) Different	C) Null	D) Unique				
Answer = D) Unique							
2. Which of the fol	2. Which of the following constraint allows null values in a column?						
A) Primary key B	A) Primary key B) Empty Value C) Null D) None of them						
Answer = C) Null							
3. Which of the following statements are true regarding Primary Key?							
A) Each entry in the primary key uniquely identifies each entry or row in the table							
B) There can be duplicate values in a primary key column							
C) There can be nu	ıll values in Pr	imary key					
D) None of the abo	ove.						
Answer = A) Each	entry in the pr	rimary key uniqu	ely identifies each entry or row in the table				
4. Which of the following statements are true regarding Unique Key?							
A) There should no	ot be any dupl	licate entries					
B) Null values are not allowed							
C) Multiple columns can make a single unique key together							
D) All of the above							
Answer = C) Multiple columns can make a single unique key together							
5. Which of the following is/are example of referential constraint?							
A) Not Null B) Foreign Key							
C) Referential key D) All of them							
Answer = B) Foreign key It should be Not Null as well, because foreign key is a reference key of Primary key.							
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6. How	many fo	oreign k	eys are there	in the Suppl	lier table	5,		
A) 0	B) 3	C) 2	D) 1					
Supplie referei	ncing to	the prin		livery table.	Deliver		ey will be the foreign key as it is be repeated hence it is not a p	
7. The	type of r	elations	ship between	Supplier tab	ole and F	Product tab	le is:	
A) one	to many	′	B) many to o	one	C) one	to one	D) many to many	
Answe	r = A) on	ie to ma	ny					
8. The	type of r	elations	ship between	Order table	and He	adquarter t	able is:	
A) one	to many	/ B) ma	any to one AS	SIGNMENT	C) on	e to one	D) many to many	
Answe	r = C) on	e to one	e (and only or	ne)				
9. Whi	ch of the	e followi	ng is a foreigr	ı key in Deli	very tab	le?		
A) deli	very id	B) supp	olier id C) d	elivery date	!	D) None o	f them	
Answer = B) Supplier ID is the foreign key in delivery table.								
10. The	e numbe	r of fore	eign keys in or	der details i	is:			
A) 0 B) 1 C) 3 D) 2								
Answe	r = D) 2 ((product	id and order	id)				
11. The	e type of	relation	nship betweer	n Order Deta	ail table	and Produ	ct table is:	
A) one	to many	/ B) n	nany to one	C) one t	to one	D) many t	o many	
Answe	r = B) ma	any to o	ne					

For Questions 6-13 refer to the below diagram and answer the questions:

12. DDL statements perform operation on which of the following database objects?							
A) Rows of table	e B) Colu	umns of table	C) Table	D) None of them			
Answer = C) Tab	ole.						
13. Which of the	e following stat	ement is used to	enter rows in a	table?			
A) Insert in to	B) Update	C) Enter into	D) Set Row				
Answer 13 = A)	Insert into						
Q14 and Q15 had question.	ave one or mor	re correct answe	r. Choose all the	correct option to answer your			
14. Which of the	e following is/a	re entity constra	ints in SQL?				
A) Duplicate	B) Unique	C) Primary Key	D) Null				
Answer = B) Uni	ique and C) Prir	mary Key					
15. Which of the following statements is an example of semantic Constraint?							
A) A blood group can contain one of the following values - A, B, AB and O.							
B) A blood group can only contain characters							
C) A blood group cannot have null values							
D) Two or more donors can have same blood group							
Answer = A, B a	nd D						