

Import all required libraries

In [3]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Load the Dataset

In [4]:

```
df = pd.read_csv('C:/Users/Dell/Desktop/DATA ANALYSIS/archive/Impact_of_Remote_Work_on_Mental_Health.csv')
df
```

Out[4]:

	Employee_ID	Age	Gender	Job_Role	Industry	Years_of_Experience	Work_Location	Hours_Worked_Per_Week	Number_of_Virtual_Meetings
0	EMP0001	32	Non-binary	HR	Healthcare	13	Hybrid	47	
1	EMP0002	40	Female	Data Scientist	IT	3	Remote	52	
2	EMP0003	59	Non-binary	Software Engineer	Education	22	Hybrid	46	
3	EMP0004	27	Male	Software Engineer	Finance	20	Onsite	32	
4	EMP0005	49	Male	Sales	Consulting	32	Onsite	35	
...
4995	EMP4996	32	Male	Sales	Consulting	4	Onsite	24	
4996	EMP4997	39	Female	Sales	Healthcare	27	Onsite	48	
4997	EMP4998	42	Female	Sales	Healthcare	21	Hybrid	34	
4998	EMP4999	27	Female	Sales	Healthcare	26	Remote	58	
4999	EMP5000	29	Male	HR	IT	30	Onsite	20	

5000 rows × 10 columns

Display the first 5 rows of the dataset

In [5]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[5]:

	Employee_ID	Age	Gender	Job_Role	Industry	Years_of_Experience	Work_Location	Hours_Worked_Per_Week	Number_of_Virtual_Meetings
0	EMP0001	32	Non-binary	HR	Healthcare	13	Hybrid	47	
1	EMP0002	40	Female	Data Scientist	IT	3	Remote	52	
2	EMP0003	59	Non-binary	Software Engineer	Education	22	Hybrid	46	
3	EMP0004	27	Male	Software Engineer	Finance	20	Onsite	32	
4	EMP0005	49	Male	Sales	Consulting	32	Onsite	35	

Prints information about the DataFrame.

In [8]:

```
print(df.info())
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5000 entries, 0 to 4999
Data columns (total 20 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Employee_ID                          5000 non-null   object
1   Age                                  5000 non-null   int64
2   Gender                              5000 non-null   object
3   Job_Role                            5000 non-null   object
4   Industry                            5000 non-null   object
5   Years_of_Experience                 5000 non-null   int64
6   Work_Location                      5000 non-null   object
7   Hours_Worked_Per_Week              5000 non-null   int64
8   Number_of_Virtual_Meetings         5000 non-null   int64
9   Work_Life_Balance_Rating           5000 non-null   int64
10  Stress_Level                        5000 non-null   object
11  Mental_Health_Condition             3804 non-null   object
12  Access_to_Mental_Health_Resources  5000 non-null   object
13  Productivity_Change                5000 non-null   object
14  Social_Isolation_Rating            5000 non-null   int64
15  Satisfaction_with_Remote_Work      5000 non-null   object
16  Company_Support_for_Remote_Work    5000 non-null   int64
17  Physical_Activity                  3371 non-null   object
18  Sleep_Quality                      5000 non-null   object
19  Region                             5000 non-null   object
dtypes: int64(7), object(13)
memory usage: 781.4+ KB
None
```

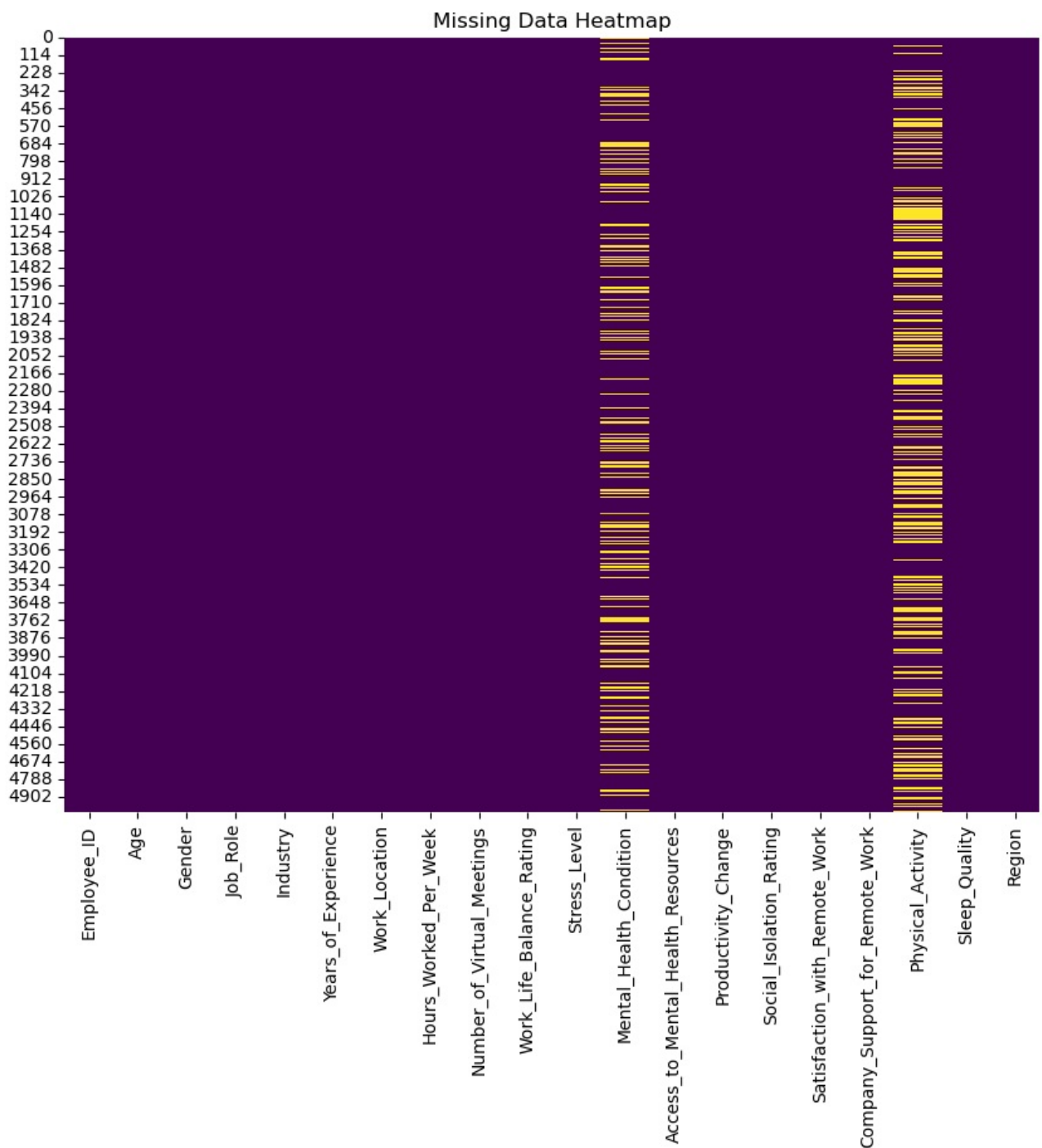
Count of null values in a column

```
In [52]: print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
Employee_ID      0
Age              0
Gender           0
Job_Role         0
Industry         0
Years_of_Experience  0
Work_Location    0
Hours_Worked_Per_Week  0
Number_of_Virtual_Meetings  0
Work_Life_Balance_Rating  0
Stress_Level     0
Mental_Health_Condition  1196
Access_to_Mental_Health_Resources  0
Productivity_Change  0
Social_Isolation_Rating  0
Satisfaction_with_Remote_Work  0
Company_Support_for_Remote_Work  0
Physical_Activity  1629
Sleep_Quality    0
Region           0
dtype: int64
```

Show missing data using Heatmap

```
In [10]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
sns.heatmap(df.isnull(), cbar=False, cmap='viridis')
plt.title('Missing Data Heatmap')
plt.show()
```



Replace Missing values

```
In [7]: df['Mental_Health_Condition'].fillna('None', inplace=True)
df['Physical_Activity'].fillna(df['Physical_Activity'].mode()[0], inplace=True)
```

Again Check null values in a column

```
In [8]: print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```

Employee_ID      0
Age              0
Gender           0
Job_Role         0
Industry         0
Years_of_Experience 0
Work_Location    0
Hours_Worked_Per_Week 0
Number_of_Virtual_Meetings 0
Work_Life_Balance_Rating 0
Stress_Level     0
Mental_Health_Condition 0
Access_to_Mental_Health_Resources 0
Productivity_Change 0
Social_Isolation_Rating 0
Satisfaction_with_Remote_Work 0
Company_Support_for_Remote_Work 0
Physical_Activity 0
Sleep_Quality    0
Region           0
dtype: int64

```

In [9]:

```
df
```

Out[9]:

	Employee_ID	Age	Gender	Job_Role	Industry	Years_of_Experience	Work_Location	Hours_Worked_Per_Week	Number_of_Virtual_M
0	EMP0001	32	Non-binary	HR	Healthcare	13	Hybrid	47	
1	EMP0002	40	Female	Data Scientist	IT	3	Remote	52	
2	EMP0003	59	Non-binary	Software Engineer	Education	22	Hybrid	46	
3	EMP0004	27	Male	Software Engineer	Finance	20	Onsite	32	
4	EMP0005	49	Male	Sales	Consulting	32	Onsite	35	
...
4995	EMP4996	32	Male	Sales	Consulting	4	Onsite	24	
4996	EMP4997	39	Female	Sales	Healthcare	27	Onsite	48	
4997	EMP4998	42	Female	Sales	Healthcare	21	Hybrid	34	
4998	EMP4999	27	Female	Sales	Healthcare	26	Remote	58	
4999	EMP5000	29	Male	HR	IT	30	Onsite	20	

5000 rows × 20 columns

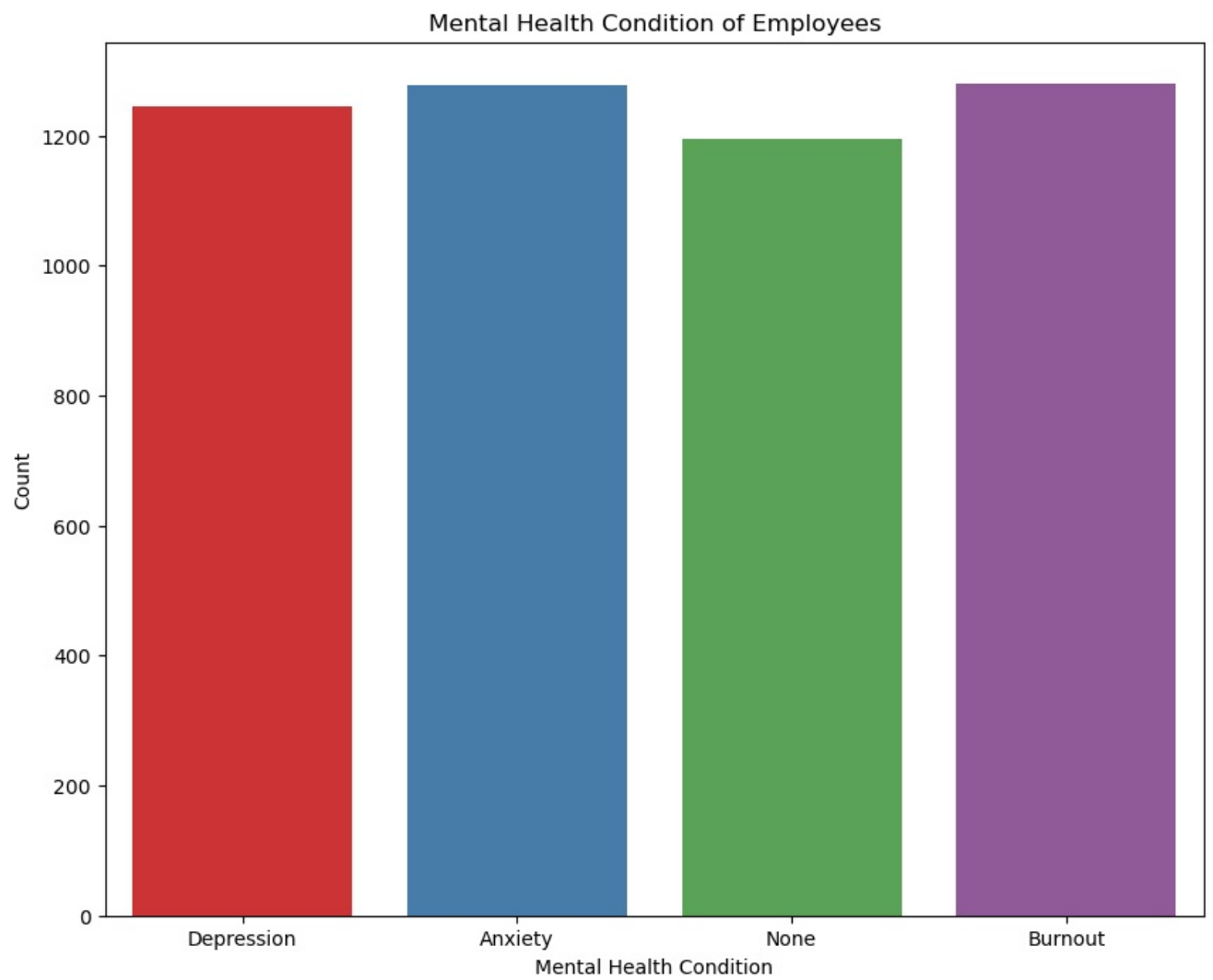
Export Cleaned dataset

In [10]: `df.to_csv("C:\\Users\\Dell\\Desktop\\DATA ANALYSIS\\archive\\modified_data.csv")`

In []: `# Data analysis & Visualization`

Mental Health Condition of Employees

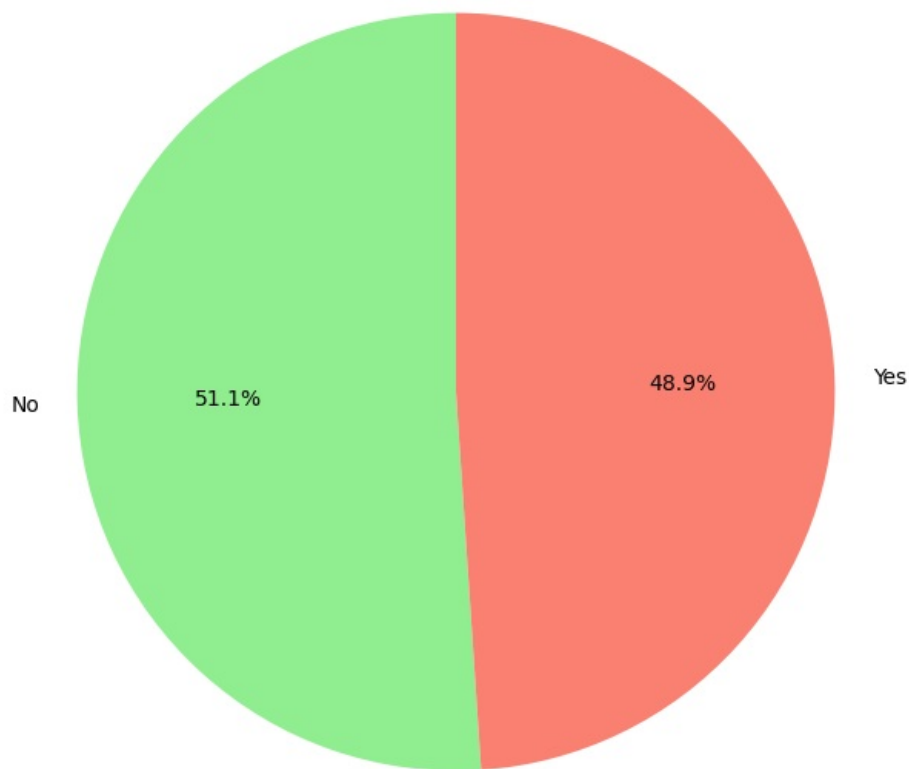
In [18]: `plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Mental_Health_Condition', palette='Set1')
plt.title('Mental Health Condition of Employees')
plt.xlabel('Mental Health Condition')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()`



Access to Mental Health Resources

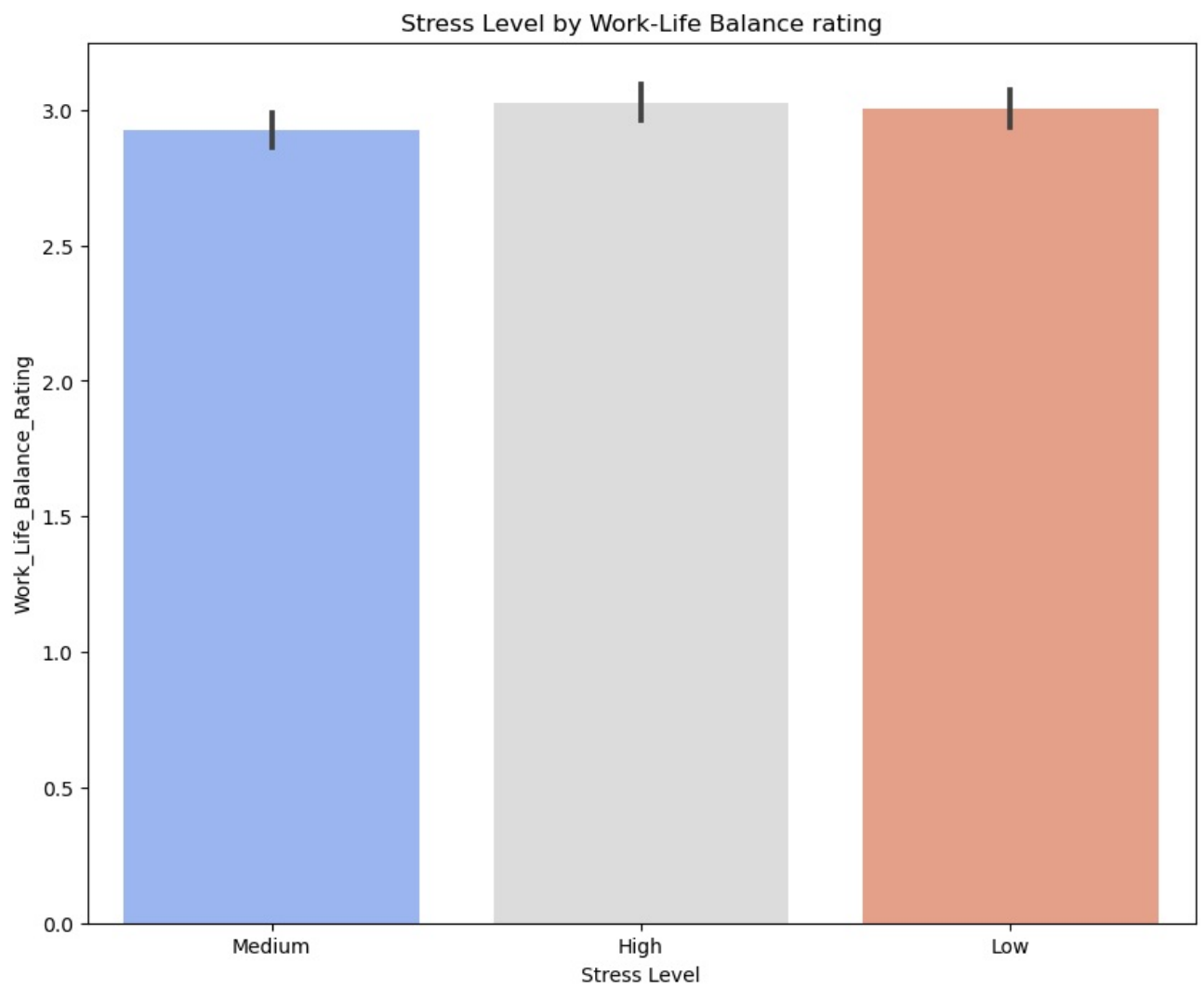
```
In [21]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
df['Access to Mental Health Resources'].value_counts().plot.pie(autopct='%1.1f%%',startangle=90,colors=['lightg
plt.title('Access to Mental Health Resources')
plt.ylabel('')
plt.show()
```

Access to Mental Health Resources



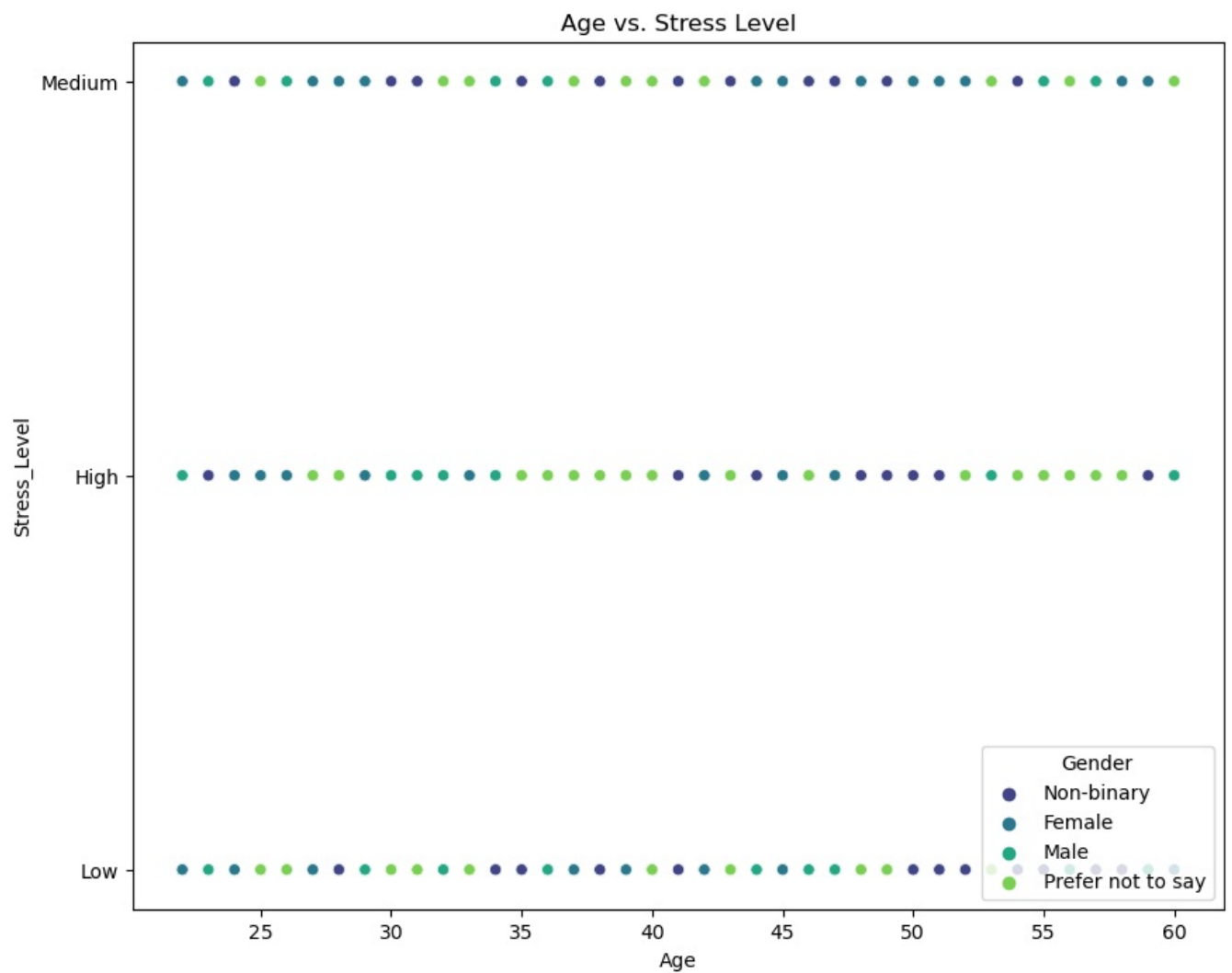
Stress Level by Work-Life Balance rating

```
In [26]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.barplot(y='Work_Life_Balance_Rating', x='Stress_Level', data=df,palette="coolwarm")
plt.title('Stress Level by Work-Life Balance rating')
plt.xlabel('Stress Level')
plt.ylabel('Work_Life_Balance_Rating')
plt.show()
```



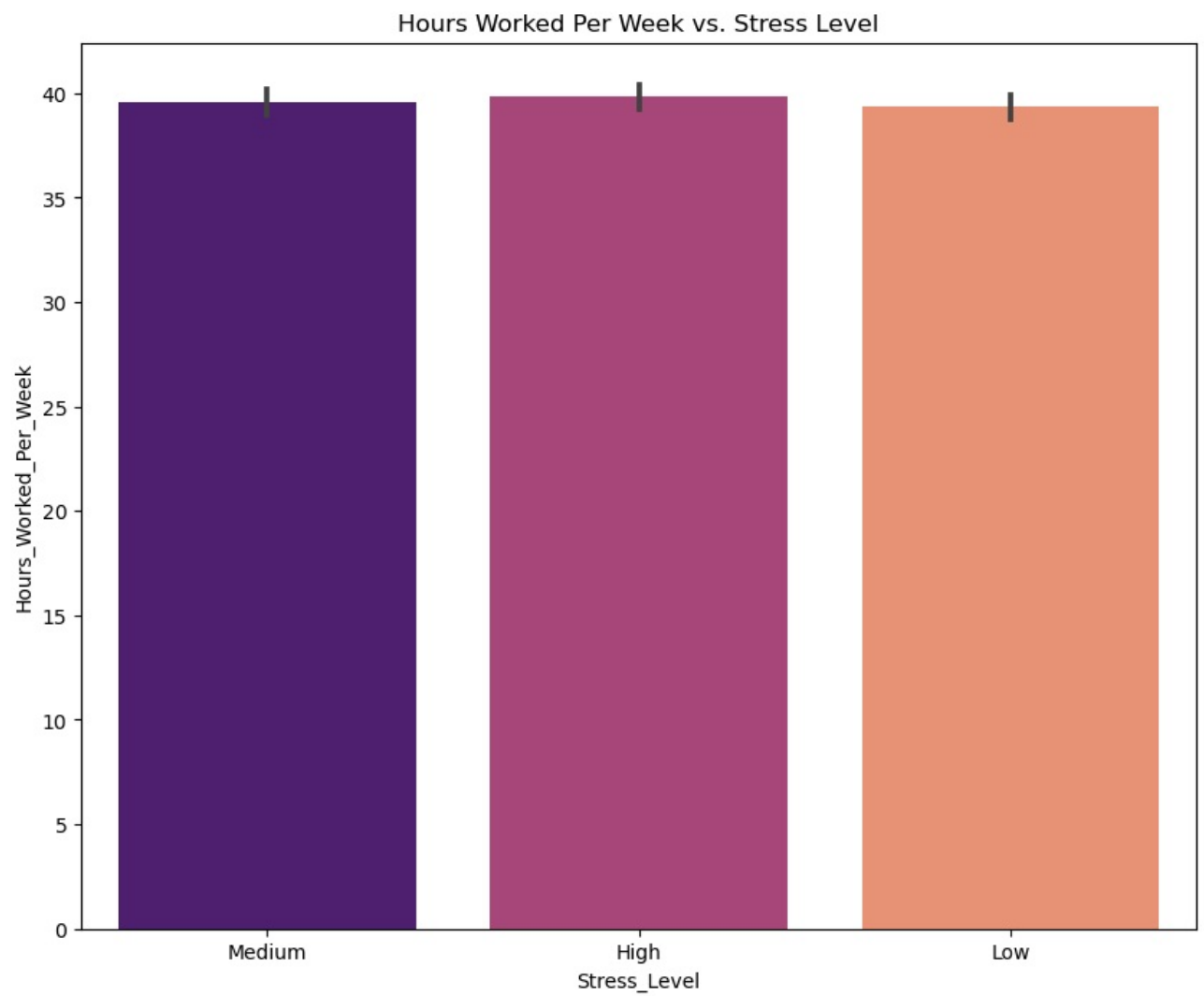
Stress Level vs Age

```
In [23]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='Age', y='Stress_Level', hue='Gender', palette='viridis')
plt.title('Age vs. Stress Level')
plt.show()
```



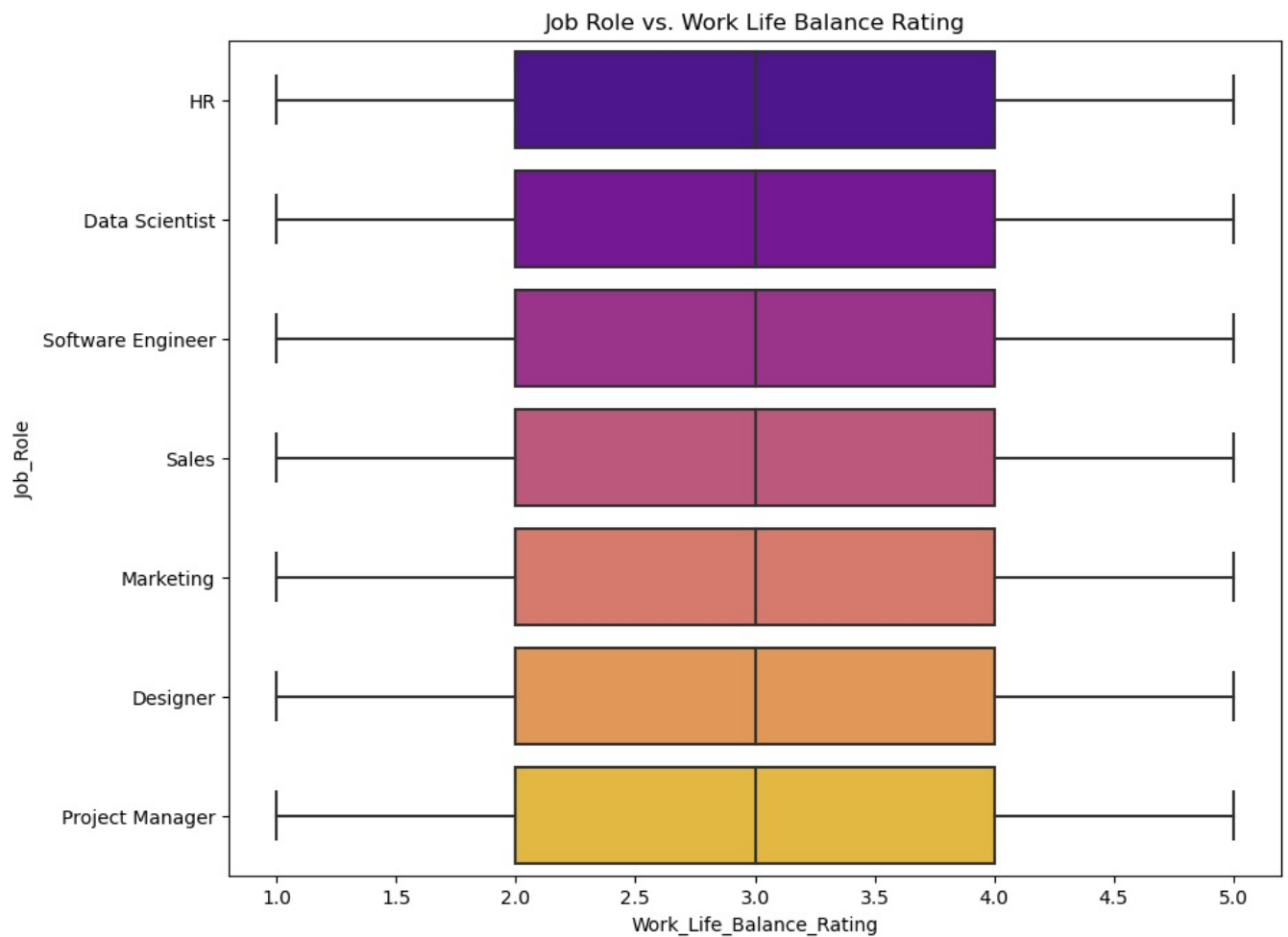
Hours Worked Per Week vs Stress Level

```
In [11]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.barplot(data=df, x='Stress_Level', y='Hours_Worked_Per_Week', palette='magma')
plt.title('Hours Worked Per Week vs. Stress Level')
plt.show()
```

Job Role vs Work Life Balance Rating

```
In [29]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Work_Life_Balance_Rating', y='Job_Role', palette='plasma')
plt.title('Job Role vs. Work Life Balance Rating')
plt.show()
```



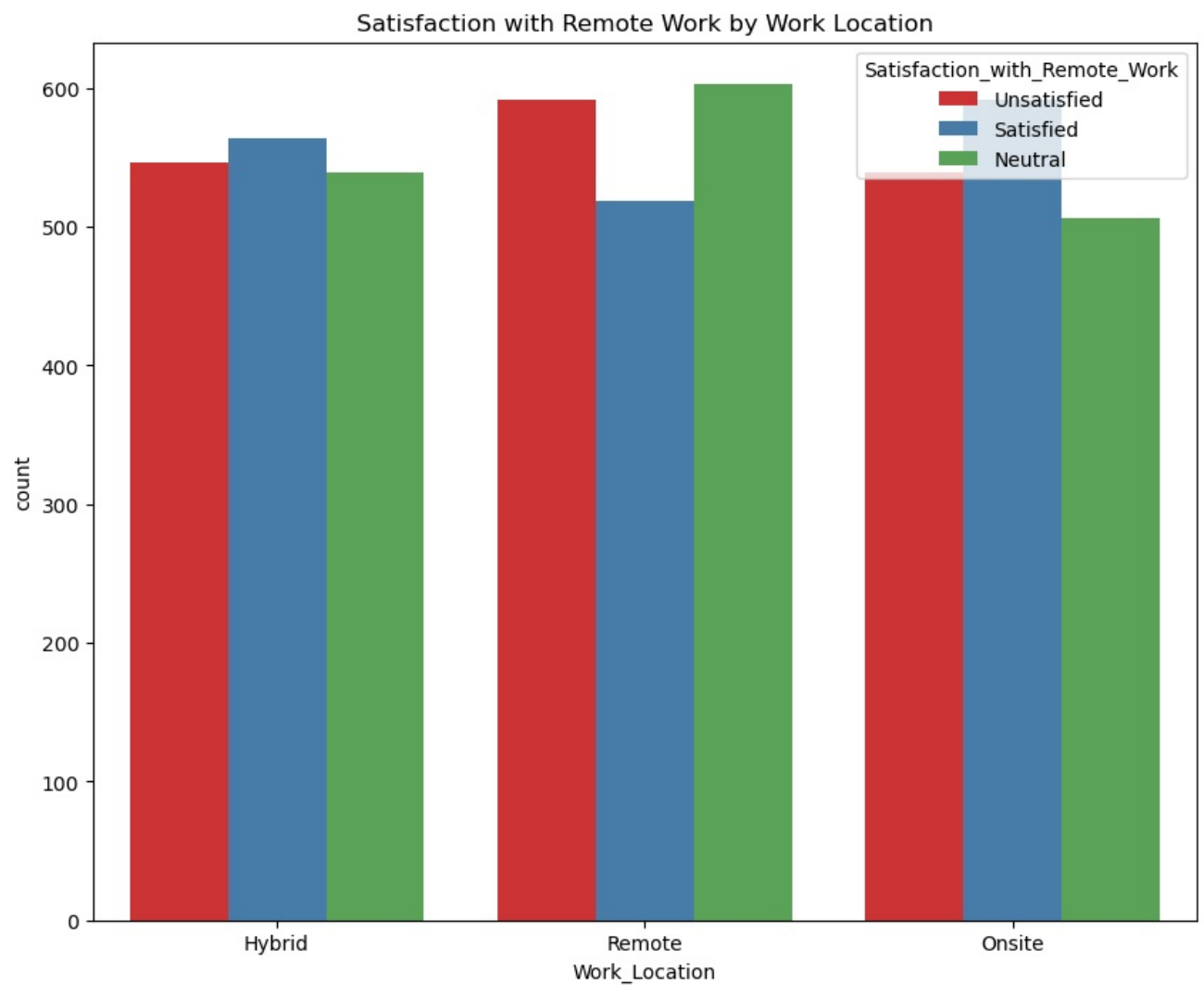
```
In [26]: if df['Stress_Level'].dtype == 'object':
          df['Stress_Level'] = df['Stress_Level'].astype('category').cat.codes

print(df.dtypes)
```

```
Employee_ID      object
Age              int64
Gender           object
Job_Role         object
Industry         object
Years_of_Experience  int64
Work_Location    object
Hours_Worked_Per_Week  int64
Number_of_Virtual_Meetings  int64
Work_Life_Balance_Rating  int64
Stress_Level     int8
Mental_Health_Condition  object
Access_to_Mental_Health_Resources  object
Productivity_Change  object
Social_Isolation_Rating  int64
Satisfaction_with_Remote_Work  object
Company_Support_for_Remote_Work  int64
Physical_Activity  object
Sleep_Quality    object
Region          object
dtype: object
```

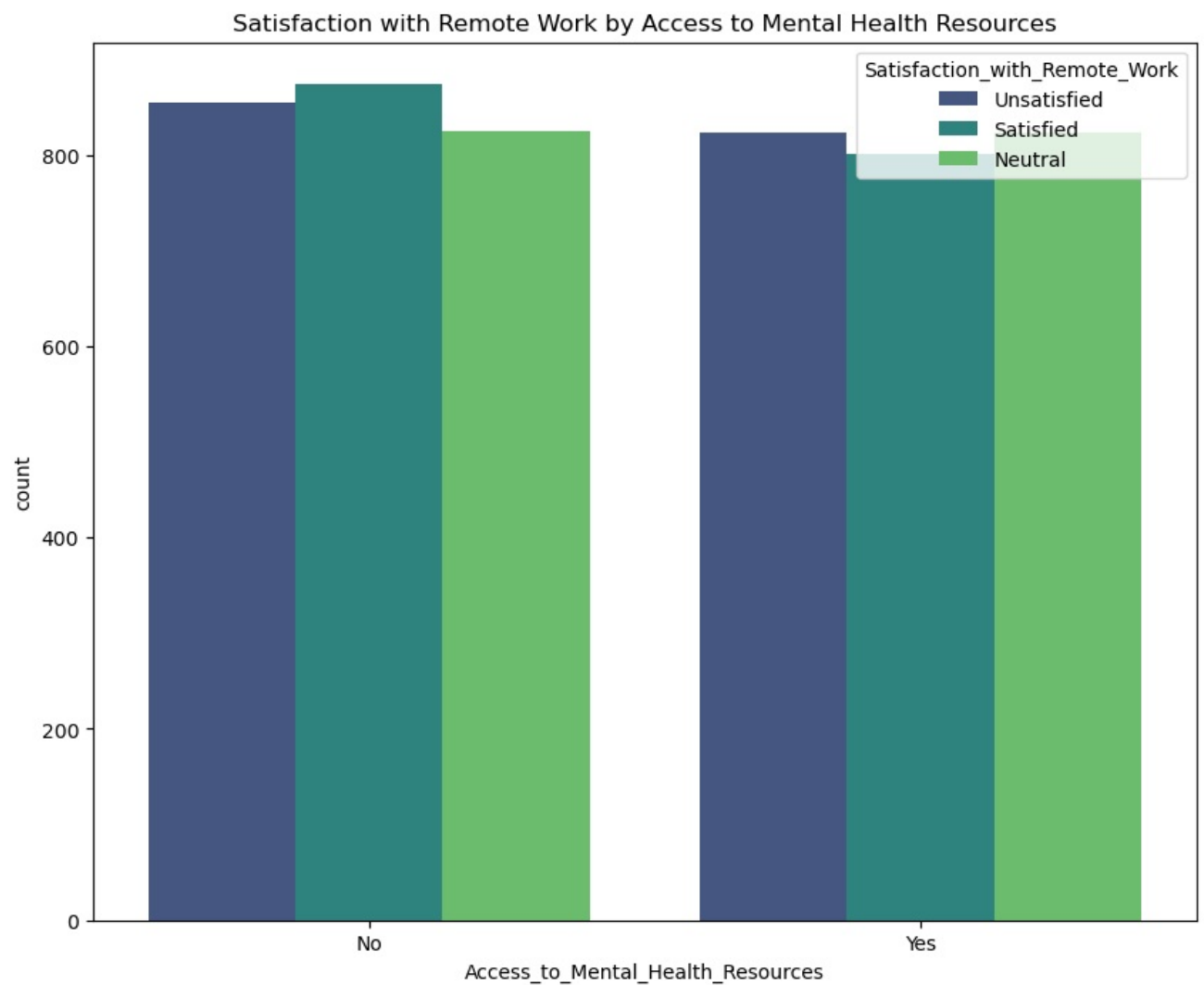
Satisfaction with Remote Work by Work Location

```
In [25]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
          sns.countplot(data=df, x='Work_Location', hue='Satisfaction_with_Remote_Work', palette='Set1')
          plt.title('Satisfaction with Remote Work by Work Location')
          plt.show()
```



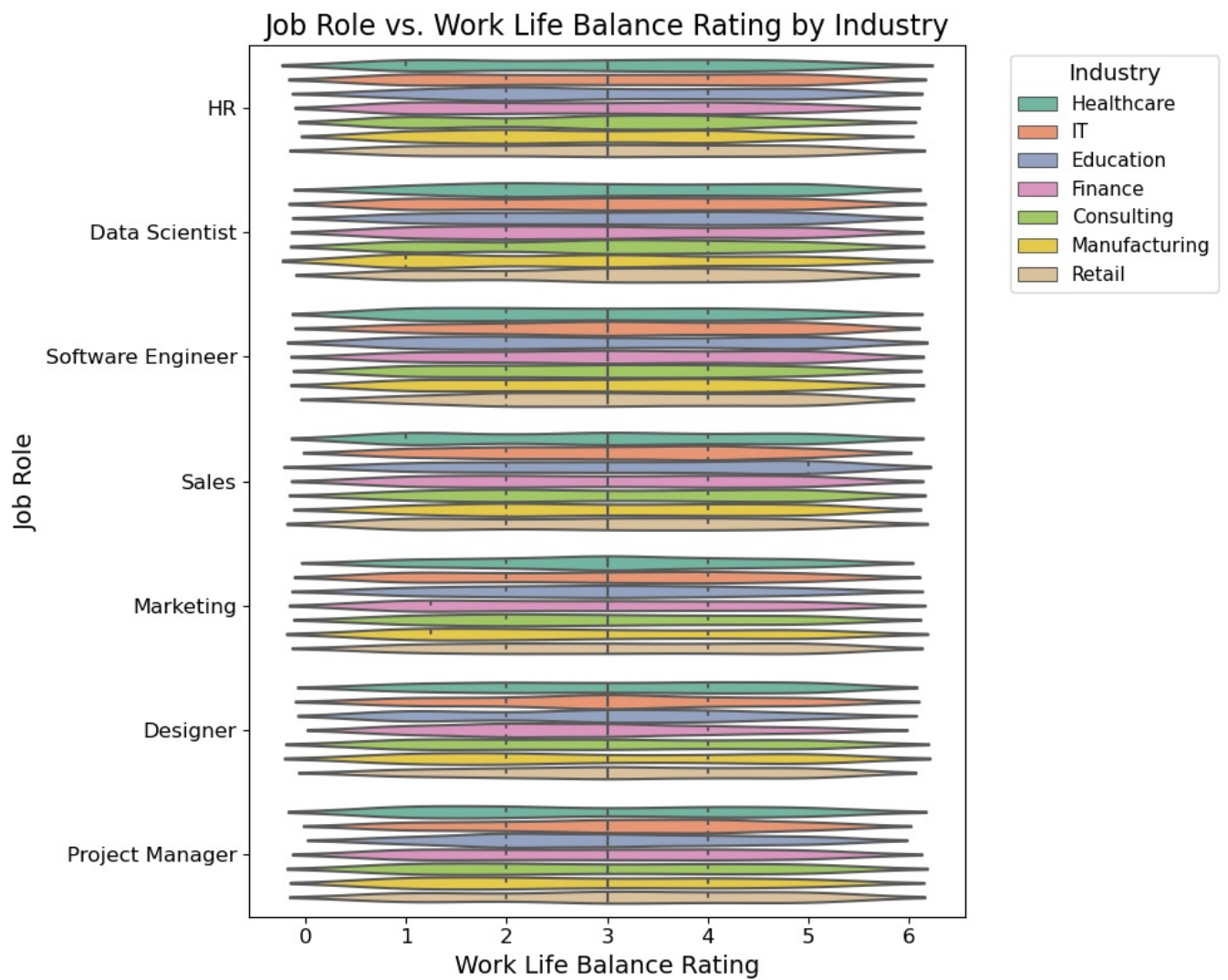
Satisfaction with Remote Work by Access to Mental Health Resources

```
In [31]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Access_to_Mental_Health_Resources', hue='Satisfaction_with_Remote_Work', palette='vir
plt.title('Satisfaction with Remote Work by Access to Mental Health Resources')
plt.show()
```



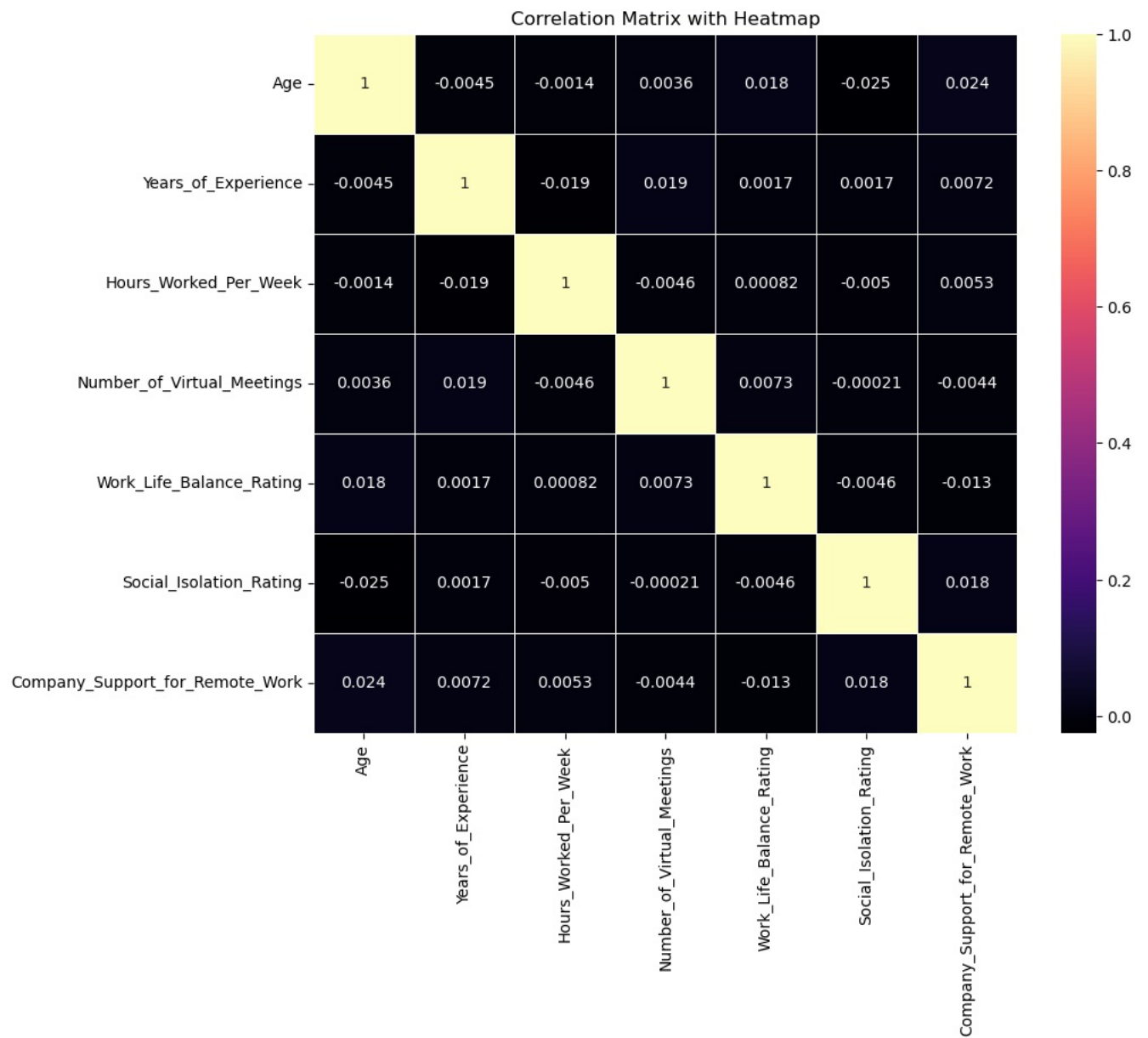
Job Role vs. Work Life Balance Rating by Industry

```
In [39]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.violinplot(data=df, x='Work Life Balance Rating', y='Job Role', hue='Industry', palette='Set2', inner="quartile")
plt.title('Job Role vs. Work Life Balance Rating by Industry', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Work Life Balance Rating', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Job Role', fontsize=14)
plt.legend(title='Industry', title_fontsize='13', fontsize='11', bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.xticks(fontsize=12)
plt.yticks(fontsize=12)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Correlation Matrix with Heatmap

```
In [17]: numeric_columns = df.select_dtypes(include=['number'])
correlation_matrix = numeric_columns.corr()
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='magma', linewidths=0.5)
plt.title('Correlation Matrix with Heatmap')
plt.show()
```



In []:

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/CommonHTML/fonts/TeX/fontdata.js