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Grade received 90% To pass 80% or higher

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Course challenge

Latest Submission Grade 90%

1. Scenario 1, question 1-5

1/1 point

You've just started a new job as a data analyst. You're working for a midsized pharmacy chain with 38 stores in the American Southwest. Your supervisor shares a new data analysis project with you.

She explains that the pharmacy is considering discontinuing a bubble bath product called Splashtastic. Your supervisor wants you to analyze sales data and determine what percentage of each store's total daily sales come from that product. Then, you'll present your findings to leadership.

You know that it's important to follow each step of the data analysis process: ask, prepare, process, analyze, share, and act. So, you begin by defining the problem and making sure you fully understand stakeholder expectations.

One of the questions you ask is where to find the dataset you'll be working with. Your supervisor explains that the company database has all the information you need.

Next, you continue to the prepare step. You access the database and write a query to retrieve data about Splashtastic. You notice that there are only 38 rows of data, representing the company's 38 stores. In addition, your dataset contains five columns: Store Number, Average Daily Customers, Average Daily Splashtastic Sales (Units), Average Daily Splashtastic Sales (Dollars), and Average Total Daily Sales (All Products).

Considering the size of your dataset, what's the best way to proceed with the process and analyze steps?

	Hea COL to proceed and analyze the data
\cup	Use SQL to process and analyze the data.
0	Continue using the company database to process and analyze the data.
•	Download the data, then use a spreadsheet to process and analyze it.
0	Upload the data, then process and analyze it using Tableau.

Spreads

Spreadsheets work well for processing and analyzing a small dataset, such as the one you're using.

2. Scenario 1 continued

0 / 1 point

You've downloaded the data from your company database and imported it into a spreadsheet. To use the dataset for this scenario, click the link below and select "Use Template."

Link to template: Course Challenge - Scenario 1

OR

If you don't have a Google account, you can download the template directly from the attachment below.



Now, it's time to process the data. As you know, this step involves finding and eliminating errors and inaccuracies that can get in the way of your results. While cleaning the data, you notice that information about Splashtastic is missing in row 16. The best course of action is to delete the row with missing data from your dataset so it doesn't get in the way of your results.

missing in row 16. The best course of action is to delete the row with missing data from your dataset s doesn't get in the way of your results.

True

O False

⊗ Incorre

Review the section on the data analysis process for a refresher.

3. Scenario 1 continued

1/1 point

Once you've found the missing information, you analyze your dataset. \\

During analysis, you create a new column F. At the top of the column, you add: Average Percentage of Total Sales - Splashtastic. In data analytics, this column label is called an attribute.

True

← False

	Correct This column label is an attribute, which is a characteristic or quality of data used to label a column.	
4.	Scenario 1 continued Next, you determine the average total daily sales over the past 12 months at all stores, The range that contains these sales is E2:E39. To do this, you use a function. Fill in the blank to complete the function correctly: =(E2:E39). SALES SUM AVERAGE TOTAL	1/1 point
	○ Correct The function begins with an equal sign (=), then the word AVERAGE. The range is all of column E, represented by E:E.	
5.	Scenario 1 continued You've reached the share phase of the data analysis process. It involves which of the following? Select all that apply.	1/1 point
	Present your findings about Splashtastic to stakeholders.	
	Correct The share phase involves creating data visualizations, preparing your presentation, and communicating your findings to stakeholders.	
	Prepare a slideshow about Splashtastic's sales and practice your presentation.	
	 Correct The share phase involves creating data visualizations, preparing your presentation, and communicating your findings to stakeholders. 	
	Create a data visualization to highlight the Splashtastic sales insights you've discovered.	
	 Correct The share phase involves creating data visualizations, preparing your presentation, and communicating your findings to stakeholders. 	
	Stop selling Splashtastic because it doesn't represent a large percentage of total sales.	
6.	Scenario 2, questions 6-10	1/1 point
	You've been working for the nonprofit National Dental Society (NDS) as a junior data analyst for about two months. The mission of the NDS is to help its members advance the oral health of their patients. NDS members include dentists, hygienists, and dental office support staff.	
	The NDS is passionate about patient health. Part of this involves automatically scheduling follow-up appointments after crown replacement, emergency dental surgery, and extraction procedures. NDS believes the follow-up is an important step to ensure patient recovery and minimize infection.	
	Unfortunately, many patients don't show up for these appointments, so the NDS wants to create a campaign to help its members learn how to encourage their patients to take follow-up appointments seriously. If successful, this will help the NDS achieve its mission of advancing the oral health of all patients.	
	Your supervisor has just sent you an email saying that you're doing very well on the team, and he wants to give you some additional responsibility. He describes the issue of many missed follow-up appointments. You are tasked with analyzing data about this problem and presenting your findings using data visualizations.	
	An NDS member with three dental offices in Colorado offers to share its data on missed appointments. So, your supervisor uses a database query to access the dataset from the dental group. The query instructs the database to retrieve all patient information from the member's three dental offices, located in zip code 81137.	
	The table is dental_data_table, and the column name is zip_code. How do you complete the following	
	<pre>query? SELECT * FROM dental_data_table</pre>	
	○ zip_code = 81137	
	WHERE zip_code = 81137	
	○ WHERE_zip_code = 81137	
	○ WHERE = 81137	

○ Correct
 The correct syntax is WHERE zip_code = 81137. WHERE indicates where to look for information. The

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column name is zip_code. And the database is being asked to return only records matching zip code 81137.

7. Scenario 2 continued

1/1 poin

The dataset your supervisor retrieved and imported into a spreadsheet includes a list of patients, their $demographic\ information, dental\ procedure\ types, and\ whether\ they\ attended\ their\ follow-up\ appointment.\ To$ use the dataset for this scenario, click the link below and select "Use Template."

Link to template: Course Challenge - Scenario 2

OR

If you don't have a Google account, you can download the template directly from the attachment below.



Ourse Challenge Dataset - Scenario 2

CSV File



The patient demographic information includes data such as age and gender. As you're learning, it's your responsibility as a data analyst to make sure your analysis is fair. The fact that the dataset includes people who all live in the same zip code might get in the way of fairness.

True

O False



It's your responsibility as a data analyst to make sure your analysis is fair. Although many zip codes do reflect diverse populations, a better choice would be to include data about people who live in multiple zip codes.

8. Scenario 2 continued

1/1 point

As you're reviewing the dataset, you notice that there are a disproportionate number of senior citizens. So, you investigate further and find out that this zip code represents a rural community in Colorado with about 800 residents. In addition, there's a large assisted-living facility in the area. Nearly 300 of the residents in the 81137 zip code live in the facility.

You recognize that's a sizable number, so you want to find out if age has an effect on a patient's likelihood to attend a follow-up dental appointment. You analyze the data, and your analysis reveals that older people tend to miss follow-ups more than younger people.

So, you do some research online and discover that people over the age 60 are 50% more likely to miss dentist appointments. Sometimes this is because they're on a fixed income. Also, many senior citizens lack transportation to get to and from appointments.

With this new knowledge, you write an email to your supervisor expressing your concerns about the dataset. He agrees with your concerns, but he's also impressed with what you've learned and thinks your findings could be very important to the project. He asks you to change the business task. Now, the NDS campaign will be about educating dental offices on the challenges faced by senior citizens and finding ways to help them access quality dental care.

Changing the business task involves which of the following?

O Creating a graphical representation of the data

Defining the new question or problem to be solved

Oconducting a gap analysis

O Using a database instead of a spreadsheet

✓ Correct

A business task is the question or problem data analysis answers for a business.

9. Scenario 2 continued

1/1 point

You continue with your analysis. In the end, your findings support what you discovered during your online research: As people get older, they're less likely to attend follow-up dental visits.

But you're not done yet. You know that data should be combined with human insights in order to lead to true data-driven decision-making, So, your next step is to share this information with people who are familiar with the problem. They'll help verify the results of your data analysis.

The people who are familiar with a problem and help verify the results of data analysis are called subjectmatter experts. What are their roles in the process? Select all that apply.

Offer insights into the business problem



Subject-matter experts can offer insights into the business problem, identify inconsistencies in the

aı	nalysis, and validate the choices being made.
✓ Val	idate the choices being made
S	orrect ubject-matter experts can offer insights into the business problem, identify inconsistencies in the nalysis, and validate the choices being made.
✓ Ide	entify inconsistencies in the analysis
S	orrect ubject-matter experts can offer insights into the business problem, identify inconsistencies in the nalysis, and validate the choices being made.
☐ Col	llect, transform, and organize data
0. Scenari	io 2 continued
visualiz people	oject-matter experts are impressed by your analysis. The team agrees to move to the next step: data ation. You know it's important that stakeholders at NDS can quickly and easily understand that older are less likely to attend important follow-up dental appointments. This will help them create an effective gn for members.
relation	e to create your presentation to stakeholders. It will include a data visualization that depicts the iship between age and follow-up dental appointment attendance rates. For this, a doughnut chart will it effective.
O Tru	ie
● Fal:	se

A doughnut chart is used to depict the relationship between two things. A line chart would be effective for

 $tracking\ trends\ over\ time, such as\ people\ attending\ fewer\ appointments\ as\ they\ get\ older.$

⊘ Correct

1 / 1 point