

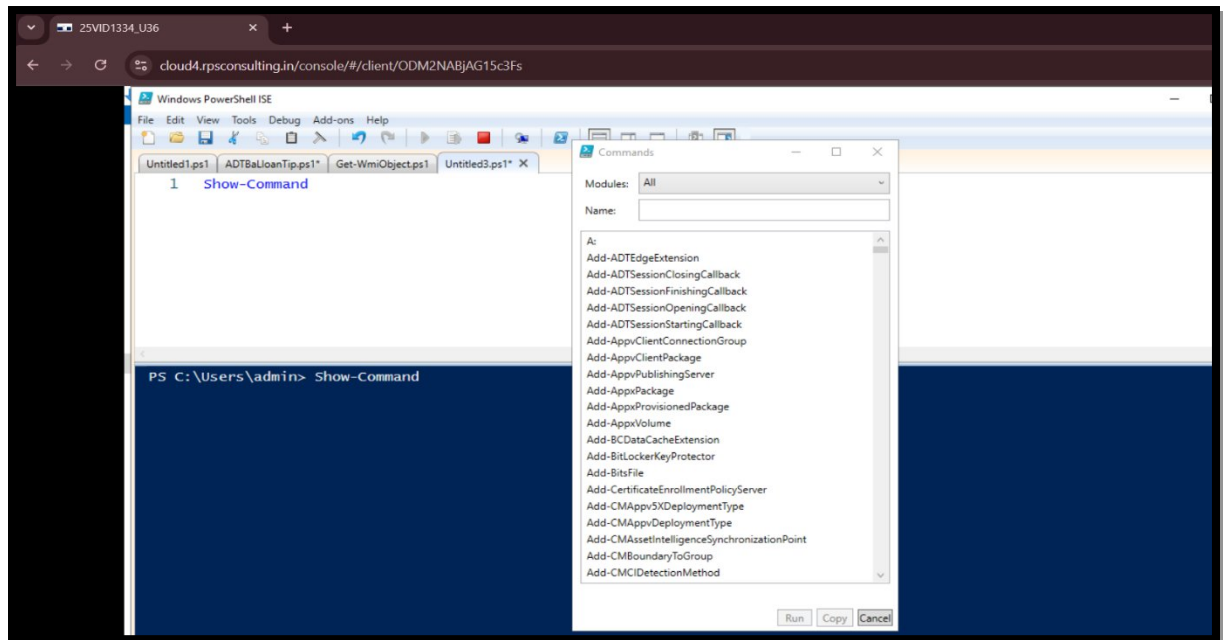
Show, Get, Start ,Restart, Out and Format Commands

List of commands

1) Show-Command

The Show-Command cmdlet lets you create a PowerShell command in a command-window.

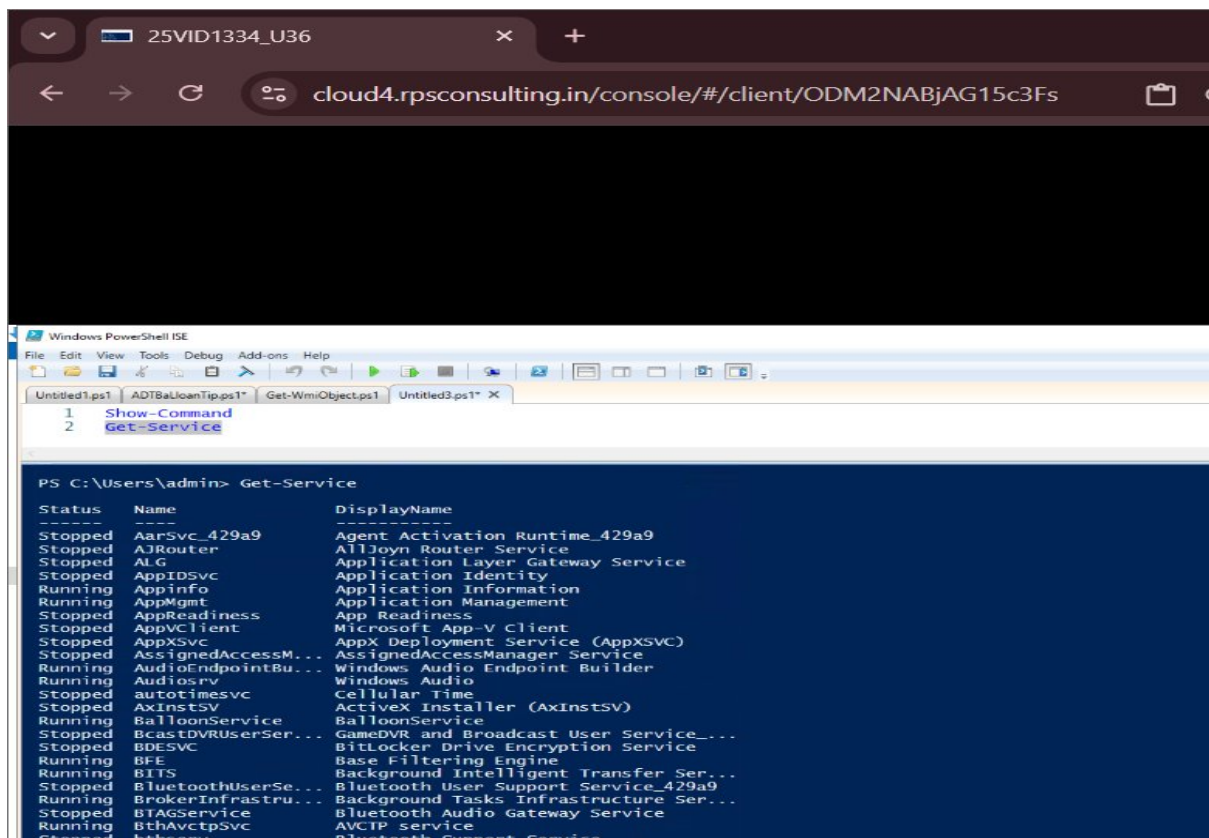
Show-Command is a PowerShell cmdlet that **displays a graphical window (GUI form)** to help users **interactively fill in parameters** for any PowerShell cmdlet or function.



2) Get-Service

The Get-Service cmdlet in PowerShell retrieves the services installed on a local or remote computer, including their status, name, and display name.

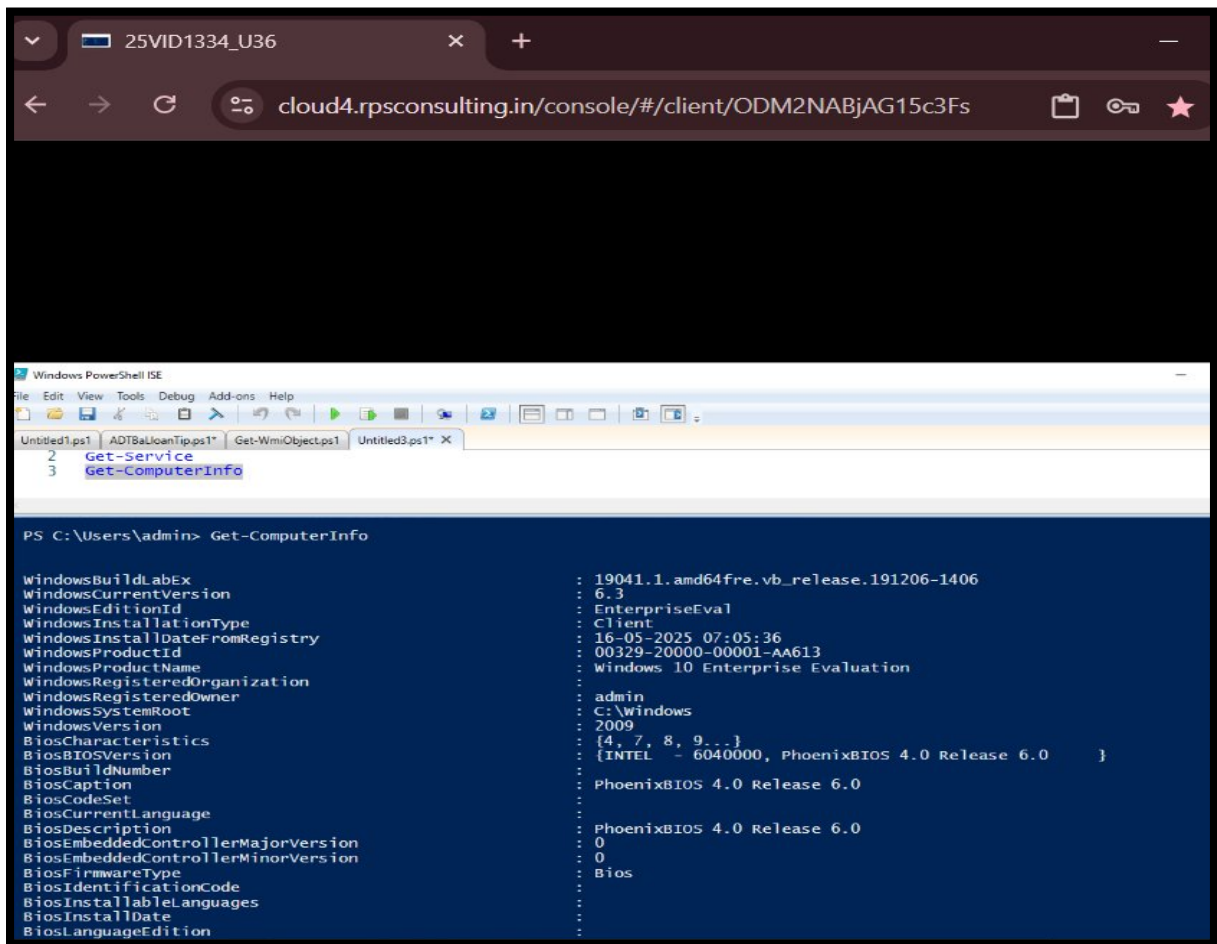
Lists all services on the local machine.



3) Get-ComputerInfo

Get-ComputerInfo retrieves **detailed system and operating system information** about the local computer.

The Get-ComputerInfo cmdlet in PowerShell retrieves a consolidated object containing system and operating system properties.



```
Windows PowerShell ISE
File Edit View Tools Debug Add-ons Help
Untitled1.ps1 ADTBaUoanTip.ps1 Get-WmiObject.ps1 Untitled3.ps1 X
2 Get-Service
3 Get-ComputerInfo

PS C:\Users\admin> Get-ComputerInfo

WindowsBuildLabEx           : 19041.1.amd64fre.vb_release.191206-1406
WindowsCurrentVersion       : 6.3
WindowsEditionId            : EnterpriseEval
WindowsInstallationType     : Client
WindowsInstallDateFromRegistry : 16-05-2025 07:05:36
WindowsProductId            : 00329-20000-00001-AA613
WindowsProductName          : Windows 10 Enterprise Evaluation
WindowsRegisteredOrganization : 
WindowsRegisteredOwner      : admin
WindowsSystemRoot           : C:\windows
WindowsVersion              : 2009
BiosCharacteristics          : {4, 7, 8, 9...}
BiosBIOSVersion              : {INTEL - 6040000, PhoenixBIOS 4.0 Release 6.0 }
BiosBuildNumber              : 
BiosCaption                  : PhoenixBIOS 4.0 Release 6.0
BiosCodeSet                  : 
BiosCurrentLanguage          : 
BiosDescription              : PhoenixBIOS 4.0 Release 6.0
BiosEmbeddedControllerMajorVersion : 0
BiosEmbeddedControllerMinorVersion : 0
BiosFirmwareType             : Bios
BiosIdentificationCode       : 
BiosInstallableLanguages    : 
BiosInstallDate              : 
BiosLanguageEdition          :
```

4) Get-Process

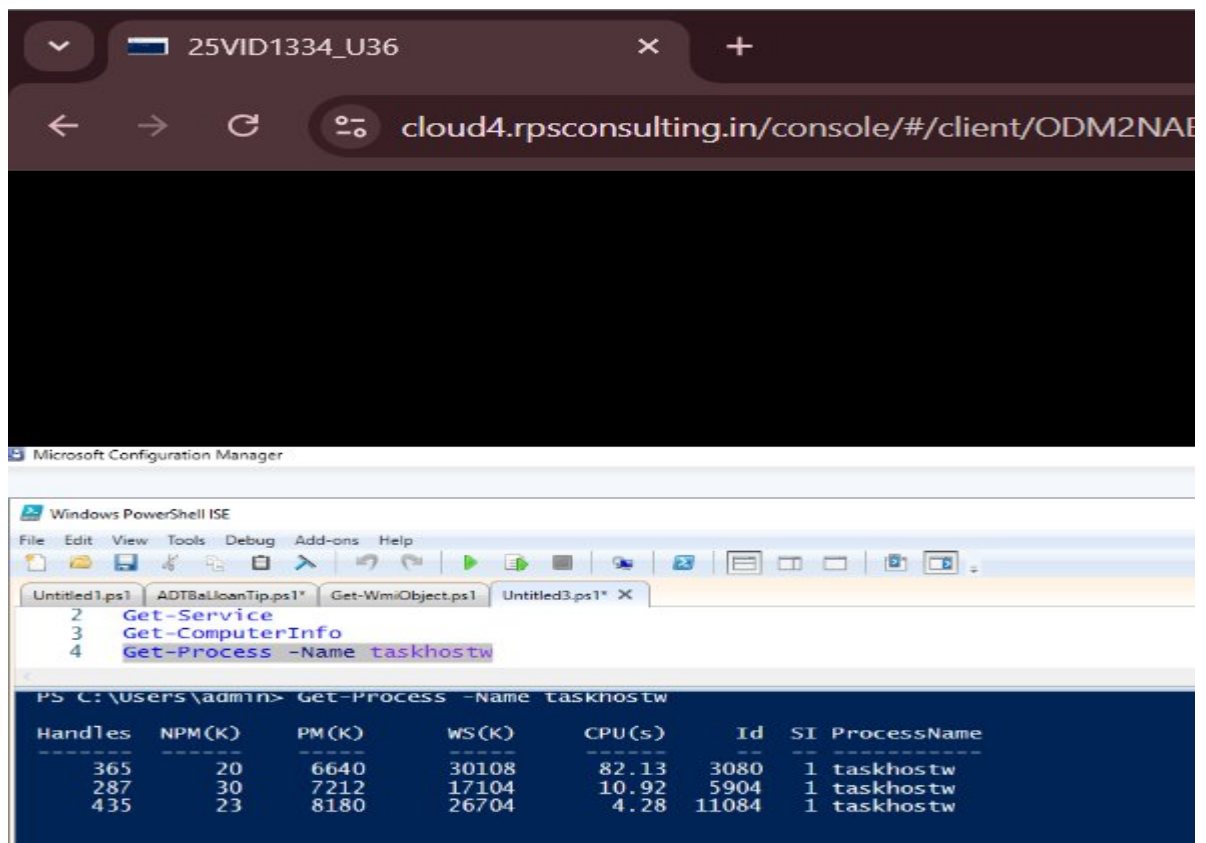
Retrieves information about running processes on the system.

It also lists all **running processes** on the local computer, similar to **Task Manager**.

- `Get-Process -Name taskhostw`

```
PS C:\Users\admin> Get-Process
```

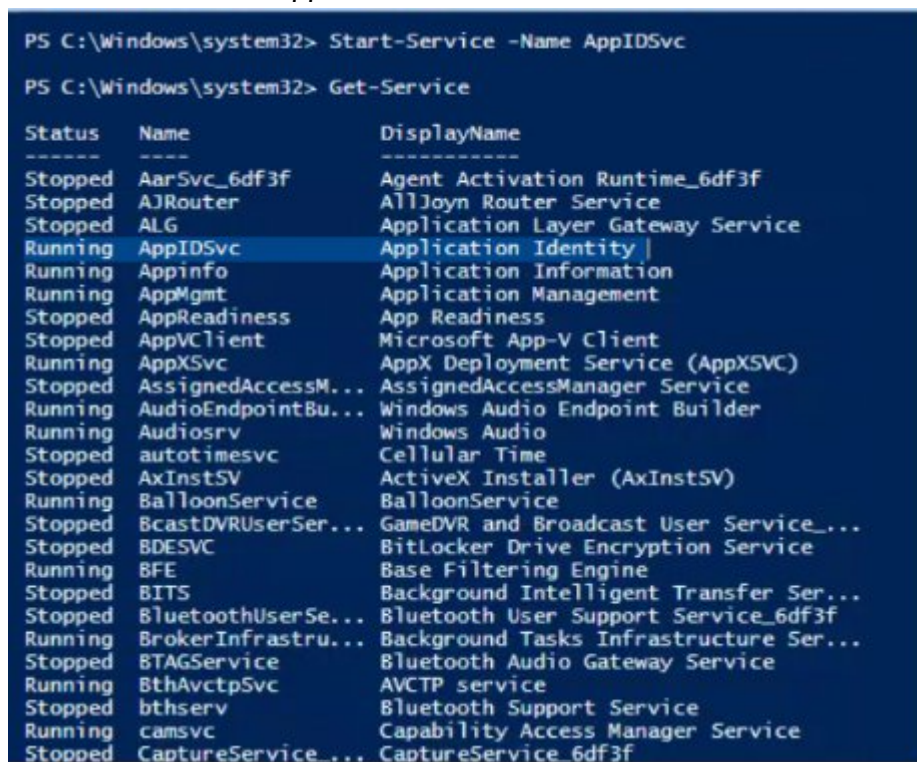
Handles	NPM(K)	PM(K)	WS(K)	CPU(s)	Id	SI	ProcessName
695	47	51076	60652	52.05	3000	1	adksetup
180	13	3448	9164	0.11	8176	1	adksetup
103	5	1052	5232		6896	0	AggregatorHost
343	20	12280	31196	2.78	4804	1	ApplicationFrameHost
157	9	1928	8176		3596	0	blnsrv
439	29	27128	55092	379.53	1392	1	chrome
236	16	11904	18760	8.58	1852	1	chrome
366	24	48084	85288	22.52	2528	1	chrome
493	44	139864	152268	199.97	2648	1	chrome
290	21	21660	54200	9.91	2904	1	chrome
2096	261	161620	135832	102.23	3160	1	chrome
375	24	59760	107712	26.25	3812	1	chrome
362	10	6692	8756	0.23	4440	1	chrome
304	27	48952	70192	292.53	4668	1	chrome
248	15	11732	18464	7.61	5284	1	chrome
269	20	22452	38916	6.61	5356	1	chrome
450	21	17324	28224	11.17	5520	1	chrome
2651	94	112696	207396	2,729.83	6488	1	chrome
345	24	47912	68836	11.22	7856	1	chrome
227	18	13480	23584	6.06	7916	1	chrome
320	26	162488	128948	23.20	8308	1	chrome
275	21	23036	38792	6.16	8316	1	chrome
319	23	50448	70400	13.92	8392	1	chrome
355	22	30260	40108	12.72	8444	1	chrome



5) Start-Service

Starts a specified service.

- `Start-Service -Name AppIDSvc`



6) Restart-Service

The Restart-Service cmdlet in PowerShell is used to send a stop message followed by a start message to the Windows Service Controller for a specified service.

- Restart-Service -Name AppIDSvc

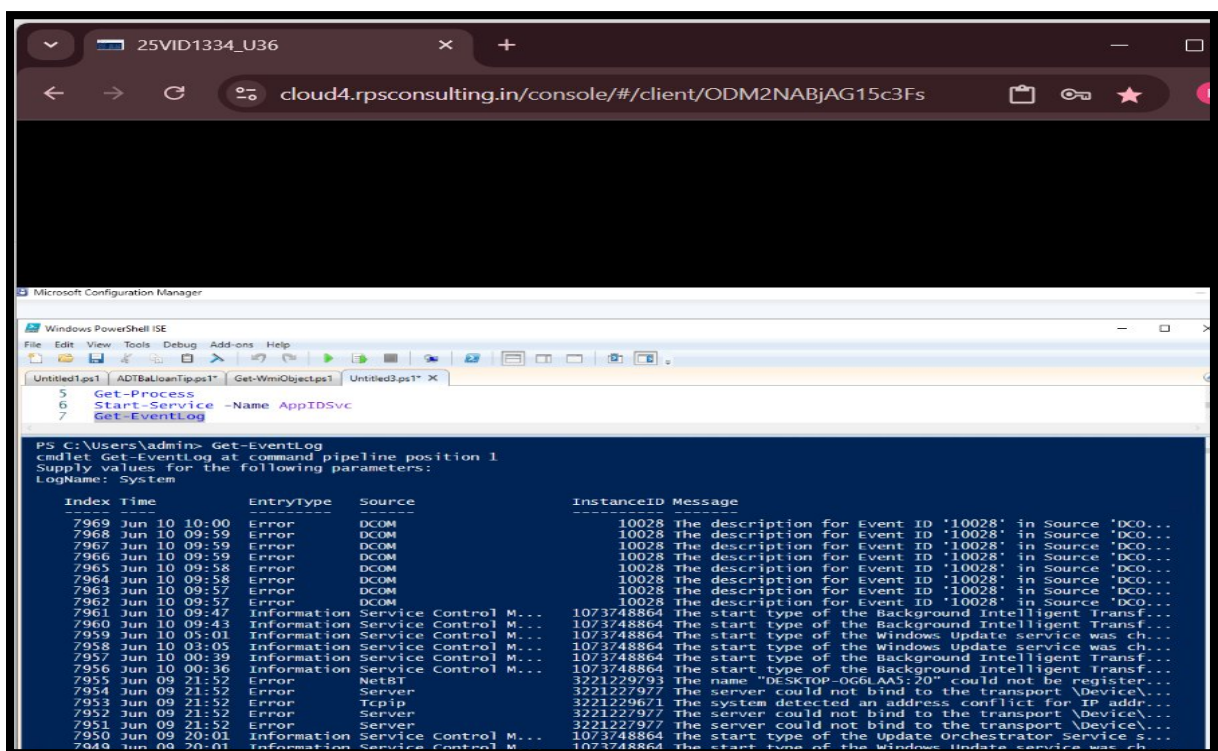
```
PS C:\Windows\system32> Restart-Service -Name AppIDSvc
PS C:\Windows\system32> Get-Service

Status      Name                DisplayName
-----
Stopped     AarSvc_6df3f        Agent Activation Runtime_6df3f
Stopped     ALRouter            AllJoyn Router Service
Stopped     ALG                 Application Layer Gateway Service
Running     AppIDSvc            Application Identity
Running     AppInfo             Application Information
Running     AppMgmt             Application Management
Stopped     AppReadiness        App Readiness
Stopped     AppVClient          Microsoft App-V Client
Running     AppXSvc             AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC)
Stopped     AssignedAccessM...  AssignedAccessManager Service
Running     AudioEndpointBu...  Windows Audio Endpoint Builder
Running     Audiosrv            Windows Audio
Stopped     autotimesvc         Cellular Time
Stopped     AxInstSV            ActiveX Installer (AxInstSV)
Running     BalloonService      BalloonService
Stopped     BcastDVRUserSer...  GameDVR and Broadcast User Service...
Stopped     BDESVC              BitLocker Drive Encryption Service
Running     BFE                 Base Filtering Engine
Stopped     BITS                Background Intelligent Transfer Ser...
Stopped     BluetoothUserSe...  Bluetooth User Support Service_6df3f
Running     BrokerInfrastru...  Background Tasks Infrastructure Ser...
Stopped     BTAGService         Bluetooth Audio Gateway Service
Running     BthAvctpSvc         AVCTP service
Stopped     bthserv             Bluetooth Support Service
Running     camsvc              Capability Access Manager Service
```

7) Get-EventLog

The Get-EventLog cmdlet in PowerShell is used to retrieve events from classic event logs on a local or remote computer.

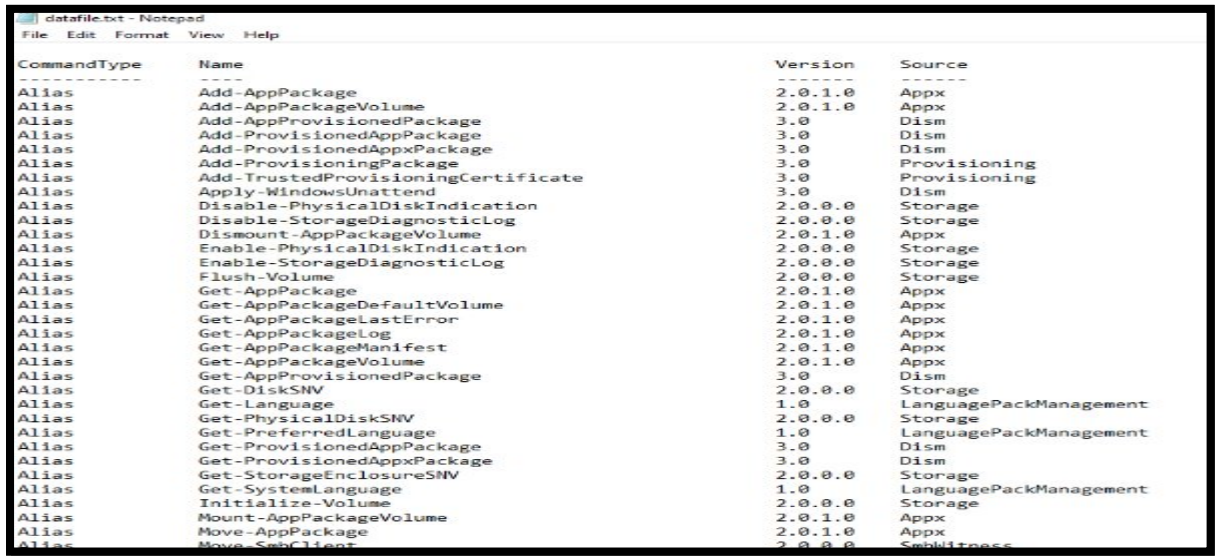
- Get-EventLog



8) Out-File

The Out-File cmdlet in PowerShell is used to send output to a file.

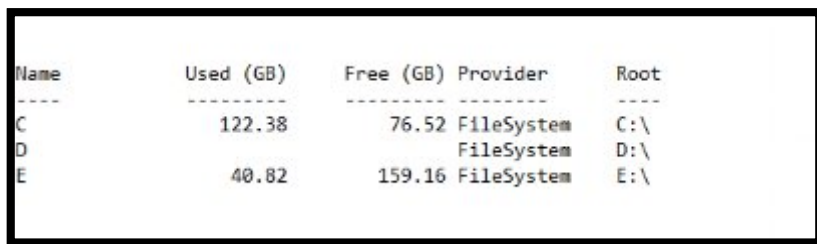
- `Get-Command | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt`



The screenshot shows a Notepad window titled 'datafile.txt - Notepad' with the following content:

CommandType	Name	Version	Source
Alias	Add-AppPackage	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Add-AppPackageVolume	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Add-AppProvisionedPackage	3.0	Dism
Alias	Add-ProvisionedAppPackage	3.0	Dism
Alias	Add-ProvisionedAppxPackage	3.0	Dism
Alias	Add-ProvisioningPackage	3.0	Provisioning
Alias	Add-TrustedProvisioningCertificate	3.0	Provisioning
Alias	Apply-WindowsUnattend	3.0	Dism
Alias	Disable-PhysicalDiskIndication	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Disable-StorageDiagnosticLog	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Dismount-AppPackageVolume	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Enable-PhysicalDiskIndication	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Enable-StorageDiagnosticLog	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Flush-Volume	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Get-AppPackage	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Get-AppPackageDefaultVolume	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Get-AppPackageLastError	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Get-AppPackageLog	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Get-AppPackageManifest	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Get-AppPackageVolume	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Get-AppProvisionedPackage	3.0	Dism
Alias	Get-DiskSNV	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Get-Language	1.0	LanguagePackManagement
Alias	Get-PhysicalDiskSNV	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Get-PreferredLanguage	1.0	LanguagePackManagement
Alias	Get-ProvisionedAppPackage	3.0	Dism
Alias	Get-ProvisionedAppxPackage	3.0	Dism
Alias	Get-StorageEnclosureSNV	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Get-SystemLanguage	1.0	LanguagePackManagement
Alias	Initialize-Volume	2.0.0.0	Storage
Alias	Mount-AppPackageVolume	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Move-AppPackage	2.0.1.0	Appx
Alias	Move-SubClient	2.0.0.0	SplitTools

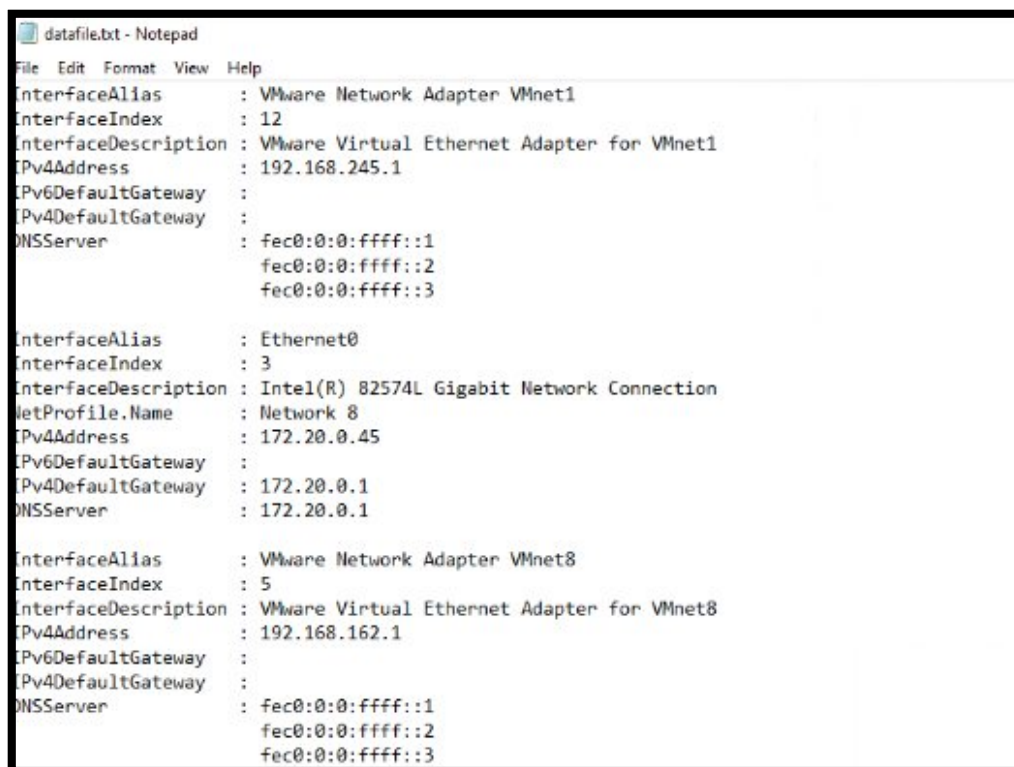
- `Get-PSDrive -PSProvider FileSystem | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt -Append`



The screenshot shows a Notepad window titled 'datafile.txt - Notepad' with the following content:

Name	Used (GB)	Free (GB)	Provider	Root
C:	122.38	76.52	FileSystem	C:\
D:			FileSystem	D:\
E:	40.82	159.16	FileSystem	E:\

- `Get-NetIPConfiguration | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt -Append`



The screenshot shows a Notepad window titled 'datafile.txt - Notepad' with the following content:

```
InterfaceAlias : VMware Network Adapter VMnet1
InterfaceIndex : 12
InterfaceDescription : VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet1
IPv4Address : 192.168.245.1
IPv6DefaultGateway :
IPv4DefaultGateway :
DNSServer : fec0:0:0:ffff::1
            fec0:0:0:ffff::2
            fec0:0:0:ffff::3

InterfaceAlias : Ethernet0
InterfaceIndex : 3
InterfaceDescription : Intel(R) 82574L Gigabit Network Connection
NetProfile.Name : Network 8
IPv4Address : 172.20.0.45
IPv6DefaultGateway :
IPv4DefaultGateway : 172.20.0.1
DNSServer : 172.20.0.1

InterfaceAlias : VMware Network Adapter VMnet8
InterfaceIndex : 5
InterfaceDescription : VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet8
IPv4Address : 192.168.162.1
IPv6DefaultGateway :
IPv4DefaultGateway :
DNSServer : fec0:0:0:ffff::1
            fec0:0:0:ffff::2
            fec0:0:0:ffff::3
```

- *Get-ChildItem | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt -Append*

```

datafile.txt-Append - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

Directory: C:\Users\admin

Mode                LastWriteTime         Length Name
----                -
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:43          3D Objects
d-----           20-05-2025         18:44      Cisco Packet Tracer 7.3.0
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:43          Contacts
d-r---           22-05-2025         14:26          Desktop
d-r---           22-05-2025         11:27          Documents
d-----           27-05-2025         12:48          Downloads
d-r---           09-06-2025         14:36          Downloads
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:43          Favorites
d-----           17-05-2025         10:28           GNS3
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:43           Links
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:43           Music
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:48          OneDrive
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:44          Pictures
d-----           20-05-2025         18:21          Postman
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:43          Saved Games
d-r---            05-03-2025         16:44          Searches
d-r---           22-05-2025         10:07          Videos
-a-----           21-05-2025          09:29        176 .packettracer

```

- *Get-Service | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt -Append*

```

datafile.txt-Append - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help

Status  Name                DisplayName
-----
Stopped AarSvc_429a9        Agent Activation Runtime_429a9
Stopped AJRouter        AllJoyn Router Service
Stopped ALG           Application Layer Gateway Service
Stopped AppIDSvc      Application Identity
Running Appinfo        Application Information
Running AppMgmt       Application Management
Stopped AppReadiness  App Readiness
Stopped AppVClient    Microsoft App-V Client
Running AppXSvc       AppX Deployment Service (AppXSVC)
Stopped AssignedAccessM... AssignedAccessManager Service
Running AudioEndpointBu... Windows Audio Endpoint Builder
Running Audiosrv      Windows Audio
Stopped autotimesvc   Cellular Time
Stopped AxInstSV      ActiveX Installer (AxInstSV)
Running BalloonService BalloonService
Stopped BcastDVRUserSer... GameDVR and Broadcast User Service_...
Stopped BDESVC        BitLocker Drive Encryption Service
Running BFE           Base Filtering Engine
Stopped BITS          Background Intelligent Transfer Ser...
Stopped BluetoothUserSe... Bluetooth User Support Service_429a9
Running BrokerInfrastru... Background Tasks Infrastructure Ser...
Stopped BTAGService   Bluetooth Audio Gateway Service
Running BthAvctpSvc    AVCTP service
Stopped bthserv        Bluetooth Support Service
Stopped camsvc         Capability Access Manager Service
Stopped CaptureService_... CaptureService_429a9

```


- `Get-Process | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt-Append`

Handles	NPM(K)	PM(K)	WS(K)	CPU(s)	Id	SI	ProcessName
695	47	51148	60636	52.05	3000	1	adksetup
180	13	3448	9164	0.11	8176	1	adksetup
103	5	1052	5232		6896	0	AggregatorHost
343	20	12280	31120	2.78	4804	1	ApplicationFrameHost
157	9	1928	8188		3596	0	blnsrv
438	29	27100	55004	380.20	1392	1	chrome
236	16	11904	18760	8.67	1852	1	chrome
366	24	48084	85288	22.59	2528	1	chrome
493	44	139864	151972	200.06	2648	1	chrome
290	21	21660	54200	9.95	2904	1	chrome
2202	275	161380	129724	102.70	3160	1	chrome
375	24	58480	106620	26.47	3812	1	chrome
362	10	6692	8748	0.23	4440	1	chrome
304	27	49320	70284	295.38	4668	1	chrome
248	15	11732	18464	7.63	5284	1	chrome
269	20	22452	38916	6.69	5356	1	chrome
450	21	17320	28220	11.20	5520	1	chrome
2649	94	112716	207276	2,738.08	6488	1	chrome
345	24	47912	68836	11.25	7856	1	chrome
227	18	13480	23576	6.19	7916	1	chrome
320	26	163040	124924	23.31	8308	1	chrome
275	21	23036	38792	6.23	8316	1	chrome
319	23	50448	70400	13.97	8392	1	chrome
355	22	30260	40108	12.80	8444	1	chrome
357	27	90784	86260	64.17	8952	1	chrome
476	27	24608	40308	337.56	9044	1	chrome

9) Format-Table

The `Format-Table` cmdlet in PowerShell formats the output of a command as a table with the selected properties of the object in each column.

- `Get-Process | Format-table -Property Name, CPU, StartTime`

```

14 Get-Service | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt-Append
15 Get-Process | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt-Append
16 Get-Process | Format-table -Property Name, CPU, StartTime

```

PS C:\Users\admin> Get-Process | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt-Append

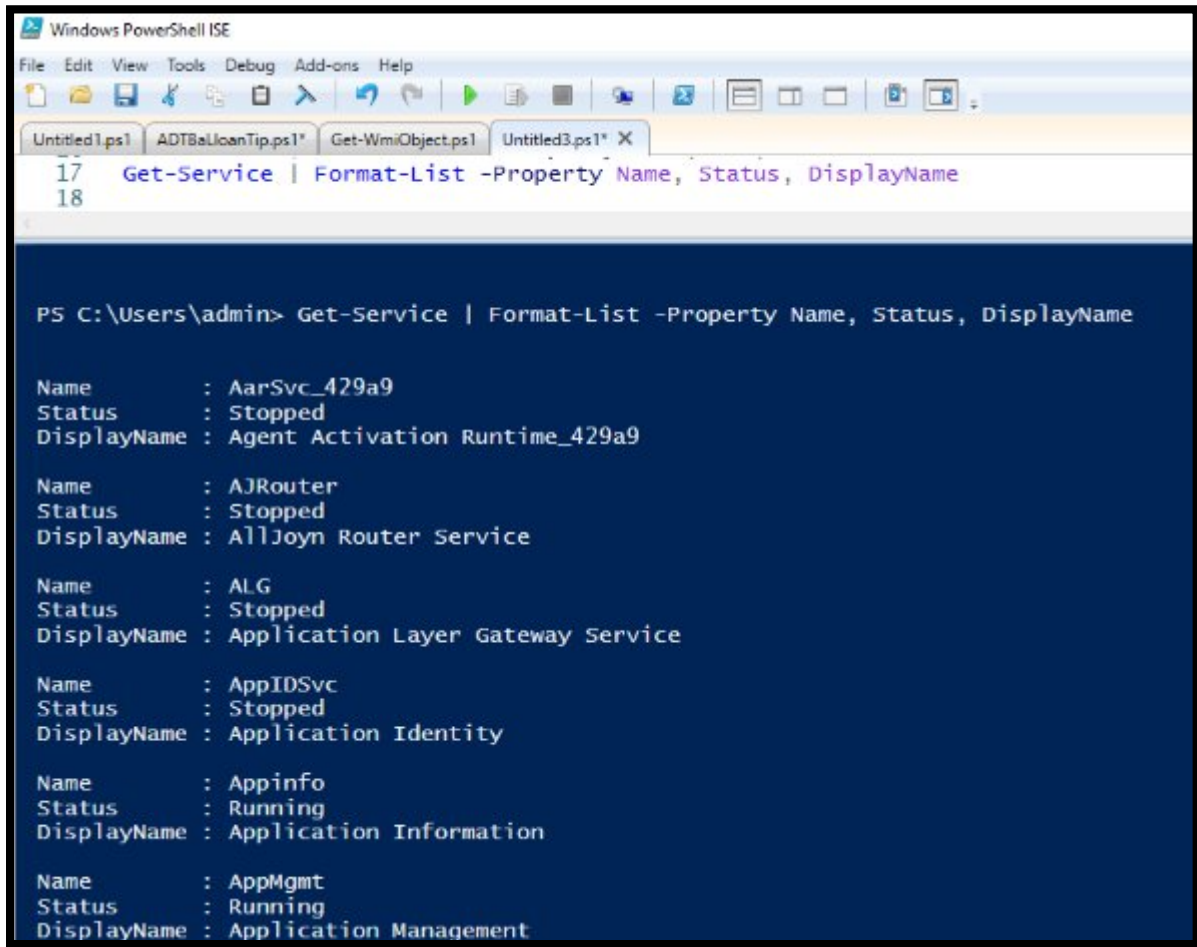
PS C:\Users\admin> Get-Process | Format-table -Property Name, CPU, StartTime

Name	CPU	StartTime
adksetup	52.046875	02-06-2025 11:09:28
adksetup	0.109375	02-06-2025 11:09:27
AggregatorHost		
ApplicationFrameHost	2.78125	27-05-2025 11:06:46
blnsrv		
chrome	380.21875	27-05-2025 15:42:22
chrome	8.671875	27-05-2025 15:42:22
chrome	22.59375	28-05-2025 13:26:09
chrome	200.0625	28-05-2025 17:17:59
chrome	9.953125	02-06-2025 15:47:29
chrome	102.703125	27-05-2025 22:00:40
chrome	26.484375	29-05-2025 14:56:05
chrome	0.234375	27-05-2025 15:42:22
chrome	295.515625	29-05-2025 12:14:47
chrome	7.625	28-05-2025 16:26:59
chrome	6.703125	05-06-2025 14:29:12
chrome	11.203125	28-05-2025 16:26:59
chrome	2739.0625	27-05-2025 15:42:22
chrome	11.265625	02-06-2025 11:07:57
chrome	6.203125	05-06-2025 14:42:28
chrome	23.3125	29-05-2025 14:11:44
chrome	6.234375	05-06-2025 14:23:21

10) Format-List

The `Format-List` cmdlet in PowerShell formats the output of a command as a list of properties, displaying each property on a separate line.

- `Get-Service | Format-List -Property Name, Status, DisplayName`



```
Windows PowerShell ISE
File Edit View Tools Debug Add-ons Help
Untitled1.ps1 ADTBaLloanTip.ps1* Get-WmiObject.ps1 Untitled3.ps1* X
17 Get-Service | Format-List -Property Name, Status, DisplayName
18

PS C:\Users\admin> Get-Service | Format-List -Property Name, Status, DisplayName

Name       : AarSvc_429a9
Status      : Stopped
DisplayName : Agent Activation Runtime_429a9

Name       : AJRouter
Status      : Stopped
DisplayName : AllJoyn Router Service

Name       : ALG
Status      : Stopped
DisplayName : Application Layer Gateway Service

Name       : AppIDSvc
Status      : Stopped
DisplayName : Application Identity

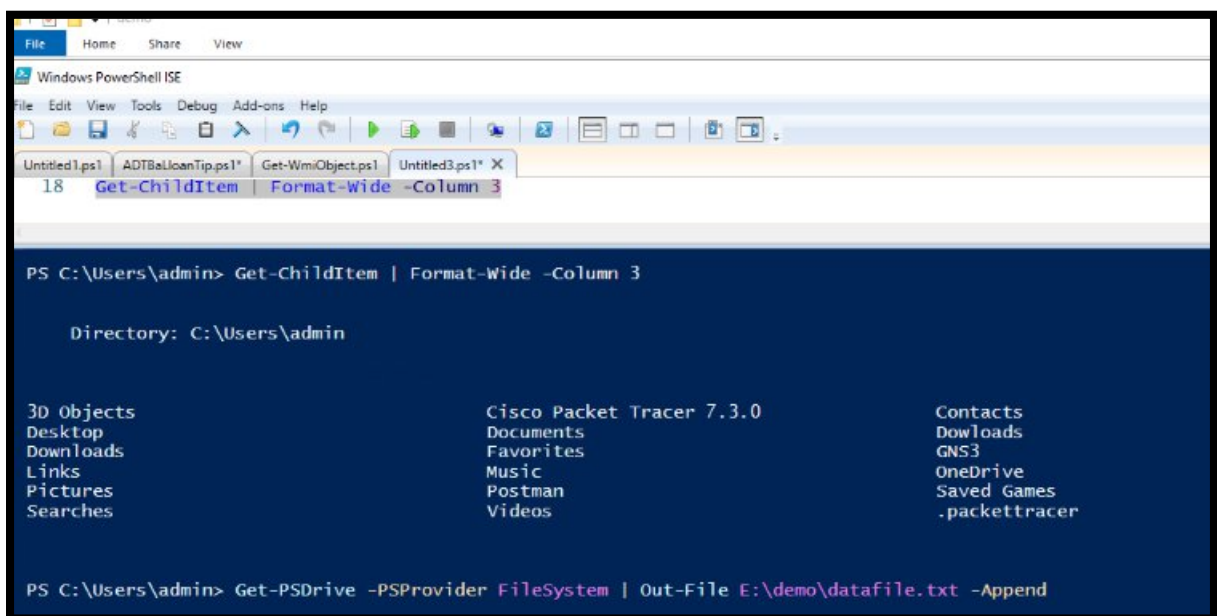
Name       : Appinfo
Status      : Running
DisplayName : Application Information

Name       : AppMgmt
Status      : Running
DisplayName : Application Management
```

11) Format-Wide

The `Format-Wide` cmdlet in PowerShell formats objects as a wide table that displays only one property of each object.

- `Get-ChildItem | Format-Wide -Column 3`



```
Windows PowerShell ISE
File Edit View Tools Debug Add-ons Help
Untitled1.ps1 ADTBaLloanTip.ps1* Get-WmiObject.ps1 Untitled3.ps1* X
18 Get-ChildItem | Format-Wide -Column 3

PS C:\Users\admin> Get-ChildItem | Format-Wide -Column 3

Directory: C:\Users\admin

3D Objects      Cisco Packet Tracer 7.3.0    Contacts
Desktop          Documents                  Downloads
Downloads        Favorites                   GNS3
Links            Music                      OneDrive
Pictures         Postman                    Saved Games
Searches         Videos                   .packettracer

PS C:\Users\admin> Get-PSDrive -PSProvider FileSystem | Out-File E:\demo\datafile.txt -Append
```


Objects, Arrays, Variables, Scripting Constraints

- **Input and Output Formatting**

1. **Read-Host:** This prompts the user for input and stores it as a string.
2. **Write-Host:** Displays output directly to the console.
3. **Write-Output:** Sends output to the **pipeline** (can be captured or redirected).

Variable

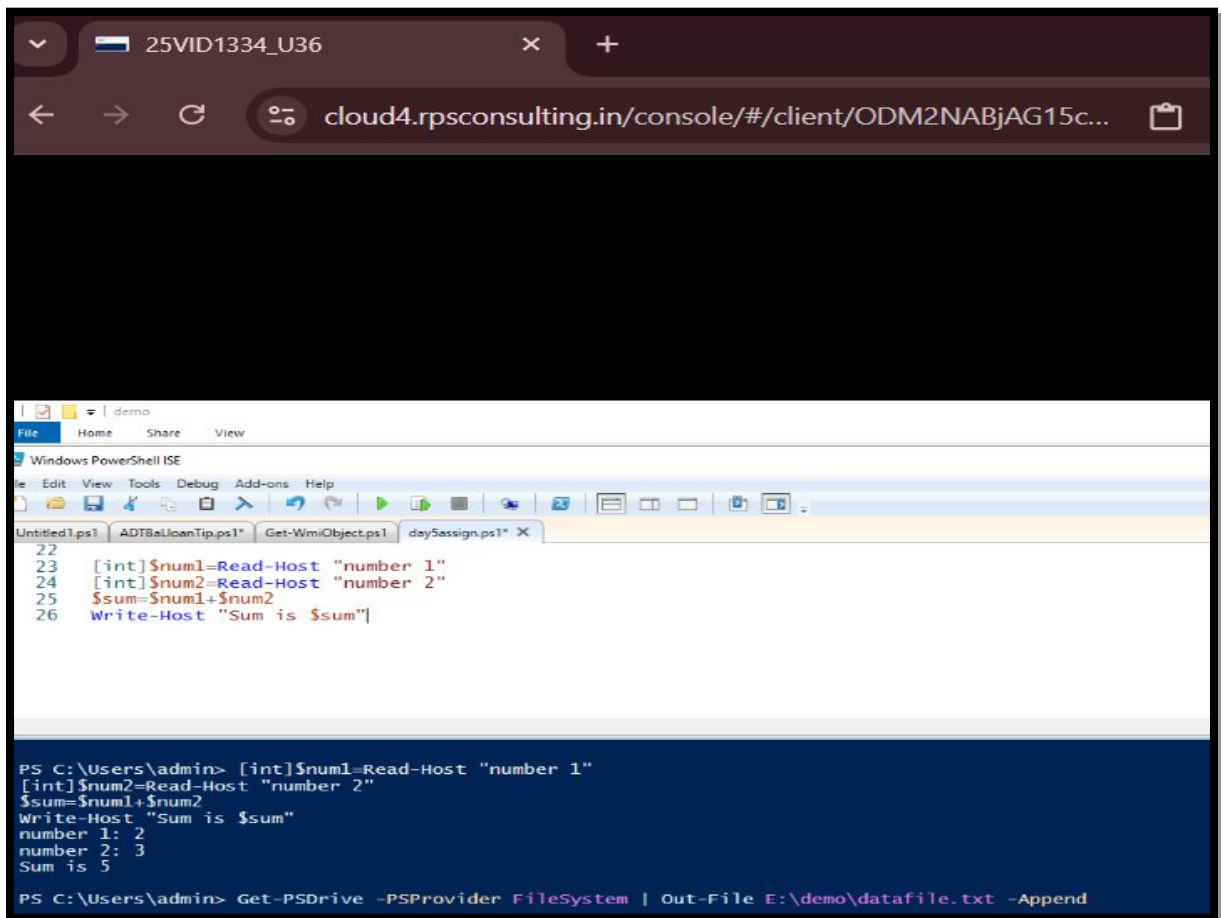
Variables are used to store values. They are denoted by \$ symbol followed by name. They are not case sensitive. They can include letters, numbers and underscore. There is no need to declare datatypes of variables.

Code Example:

```
$name="yoyo"  
$age=21  
$isTrue=$true
```

->Code for Addition of two variables

```
[int]$num1= Read-Host "number 1"  
[int]$num2= Read-Host "number 2"  
$sum=$num1+$num2  
Write-Host "Sum is $sum"
```



->String Formatting

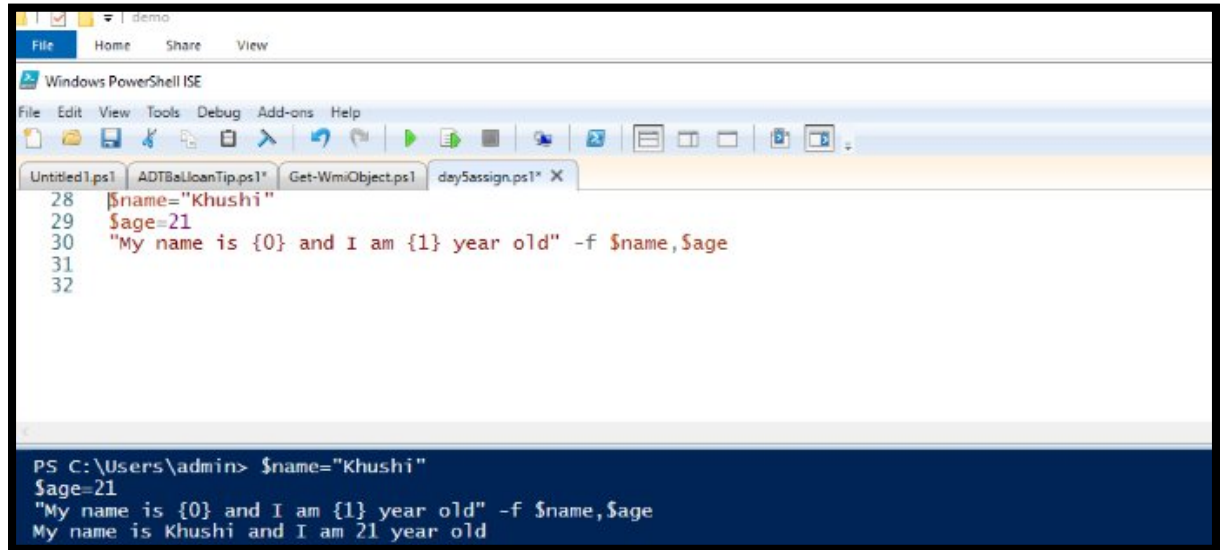
-f format operator allows for composite formatting.

Code Example:

```
$name = "Khushi"
```

```
$age=21
```

```
"My name is {0} and I am {1} years old" -f $name, $age
```



The screenshot shows the Windows PowerShell ISE interface. The script editor contains the following code:

```
28 $name="Khushi"
29 $age=21
30 "My name is {0} and I am {1} year old" -f $name,$age
31
32
```

The console window shows the execution results:

```
PS C:\Users\admin> $name="Khushi"
$age=21
"My name is {0} and I am {1} year old" -f $name,$age
My name is Khushi and I am 21 year old
```

->Array

Arrays are used to store collections of items. An array can hold multiple objects of the same or different types. We can also declare them directly with @().

Code Example:

```
$arr="@("k","h","u","5","h","1")
```

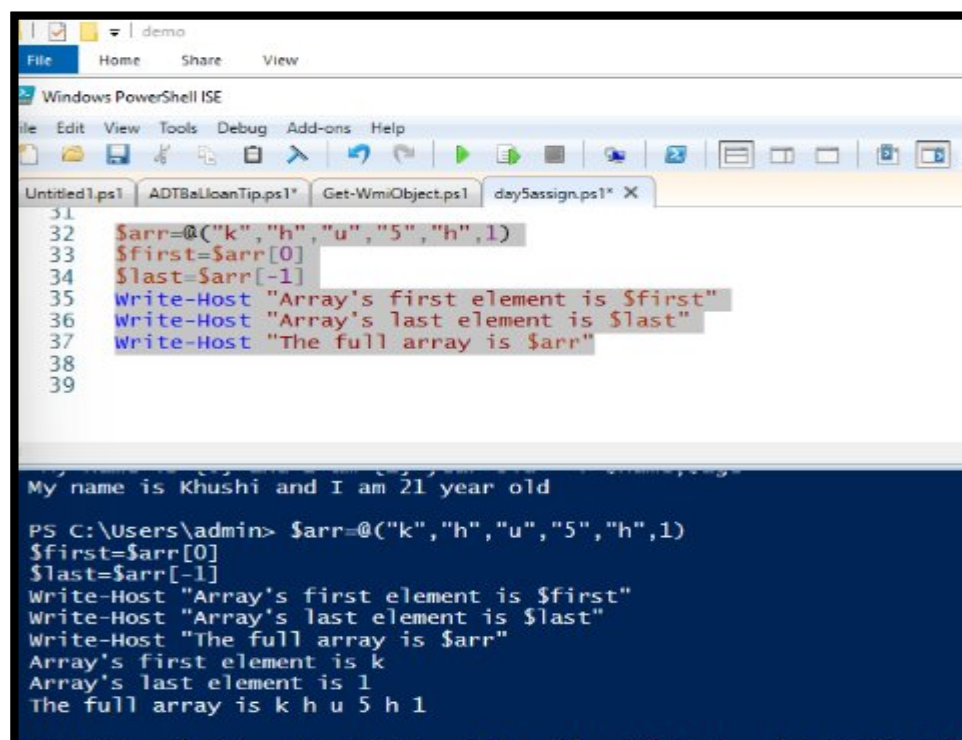
```
$first=$arr[0]
```

```
$last=$arr[-1]
```

```
Write-Host "Array's first element is $first"
```

```
Write-Host "Array's last element is $last"
```

```
Write-Host "The full array is $arr"
```



The screenshot shows the Windows PowerShell ISE interface. The script editor contains the following code:

```
31
32 $arr="@("k","h","u","5","h","1")
33 $first=$arr[0]
34 $last=$arr[-1]
35 Write-Host "Array's first element is $first"
36 Write-Host "Array's last element is $last"
37 Write-Host "The full array is $arr"
38
39
```

The console window shows the execution results:

```
My name is Khushi and I am 21 year old

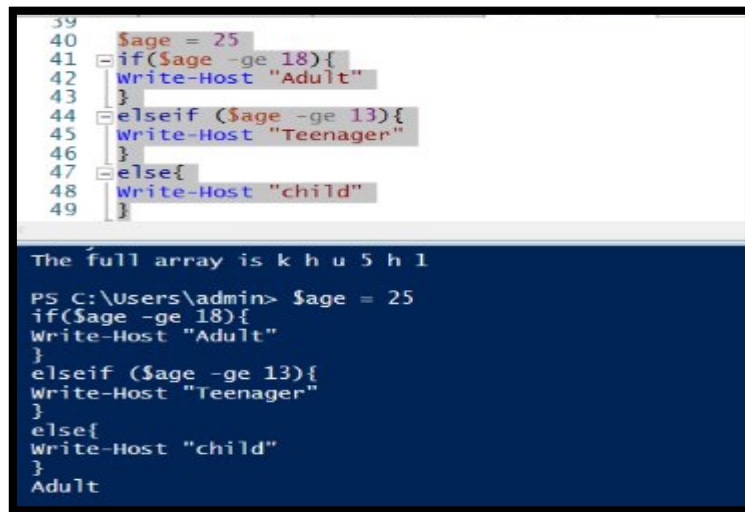
PS C:\Users\admin> $arr="@("k","h","u","5","h","1")
$first=$arr[0]
$last=$arr[-1]
Write-Host "Array's first element is $first"
Write-Host "Array's last element is $last"
Write-Host "The full array is $arr"
Array's first element is k
Array's last element is 1
The full array is k h u 5 h 1
```

->Conditional Statements

1. **if, elseif, else:** These are used to execute code blocks based on conditions.

Code Example:

```
$age=25
if($age -ge 18){
Write-Host "Adult"
} elseif($age -ge 13){
Write-Host "Teenager"
} else{
Write-Host "Child"
}
```



The screenshot shows a PowerShell script being executed in a console window. The script defines a variable `$age = 25` and uses an `if-elseif-else` structure to check the age. Since 25 is greater than or equal to 18, the output is "Adult".

```
39 $age = 25
40
41 if($age -ge 18){
42     Write-Host "Adult"
43 }
44 elseif ($age -ge 13){
45     Write-Host "Teenager"
46 }
47 else{
48     Write-Host "child"
49 }
```

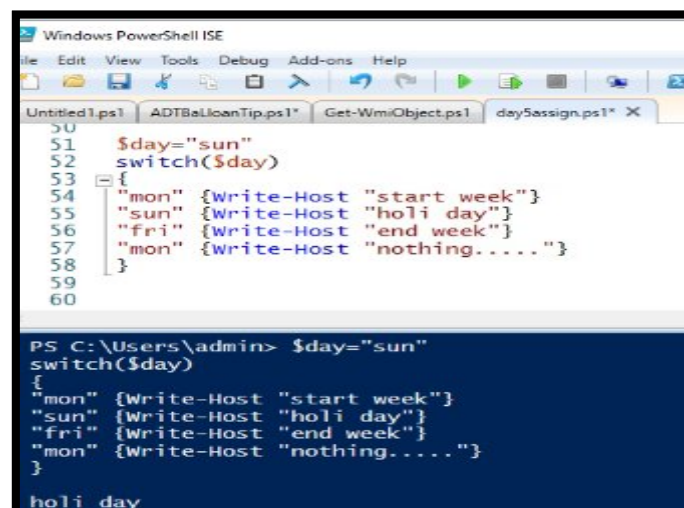
The full array is k h u 5 h l

```
PS C:\Users\admin> $age = 25
if($age -ge 18){
Write-Host "Adult"
}
elseif ($age -ge 13){
Write-Host "Teenager"
}
else{
Write-Host "child"
}
Adult
```

2. **switch:** Switch case efficiently handles multiple conditions.

Code Example:

```
$day="sun"
switch($day){
"mon" {Write-Host "Start week"}
"sun" {Write-Host "Holi day"}
"fri" {Write-Host "end week"}
default {Write-Host "nothing...."}
}
```



The screenshot shows the Windows PowerShell ISE interface. A script is loaded in the editor, and the console window below shows the execution of the script. The variable `$day` is set to "sun", and the `switch` statement correctly outputs "holi day".

```
50
51 $day="sun"
52 switch($day)
53 {
54     "mon" {Write-Host "start week"}
55     "sun" {Write-Host "holi day"}
56     "fri" {Write-Host "end week"}
57     "mon" {Write-Host "nothing...."}
58 }
59
60
```

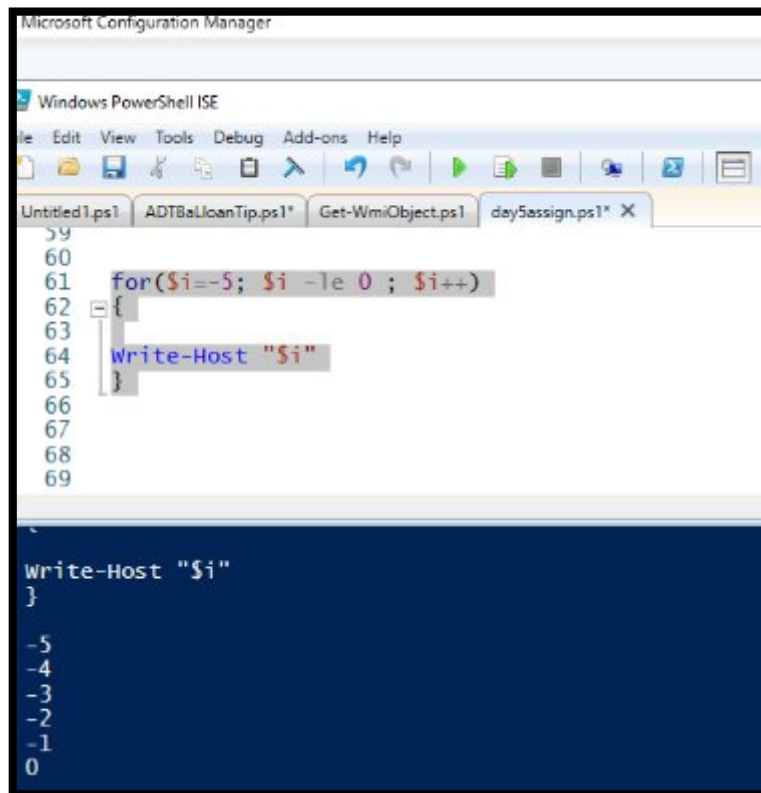
```
PS C:\Users\admin> $day="sun"
switch($day)
{
"mon" {Write-Host "start week"}
"sun" {Write-Host "holi day"}
"fri" {Write-Host "end week"}
"mon" {Write-Host "nothing...."}
}
holi day
```


->Looping Statements

1. **for:** For loop iterates a specific number of times.

Code Example:

```
for($i=-3;$i -le 0;$i++){  
Write-Host "$i"  
}
```



The screenshot shows the Windows PowerShell ISE interface. The script editor contains the following code:

```
59  
60  
61 for($i=-5; $i -le 0 ; $i++)  
62 {  
63  
64 Write-Host "$i"  
65 }  
66  
67  
68  
69
```

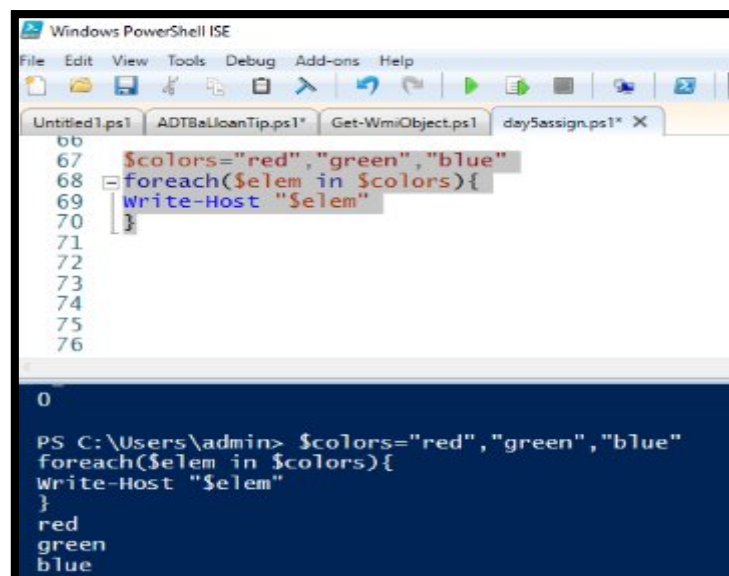
The console window below the script editor shows the output of the script:

```
Write-Host "$i"  
}  
  
-5  
-4  
-3  
-2  
-1  
0
```

2. **foreach:** Foreach loop iterates through a collection.

Code Example:

```
$colors="red","green","blue"  
foreach($elem in $colors){  
Write-Host "$elem"  
}
```



The screenshot shows the Windows PowerShell ISE interface. The script editor contains the following code:

```
66  
67 $colors="red","green","blue"  
68 foreach($elem in $colors){  
69 Write-Host "$elem"  
70 }  
71  
72  
73  
74  
75  
76
```

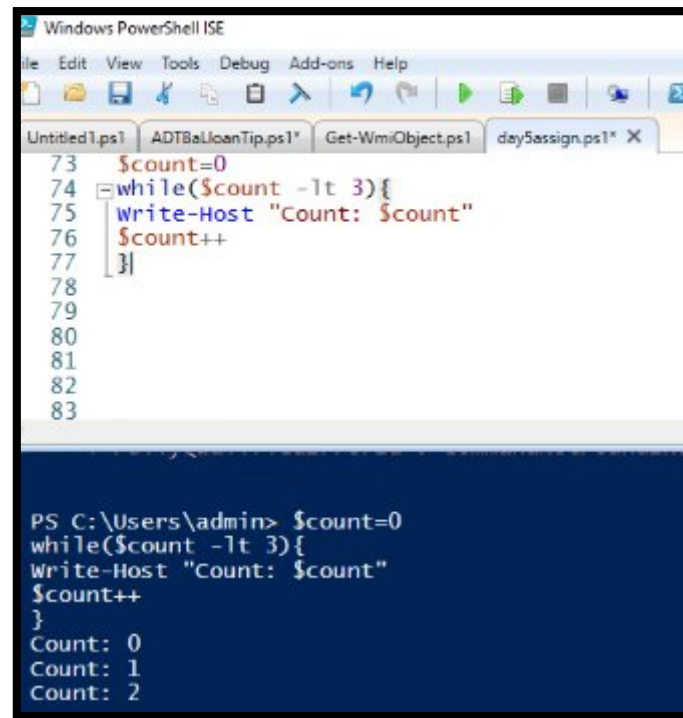
The console window below the script editor shows the output of the script:

```
PS C:\Users\admin> $colors="red","green","blue"  
foreach($elem in $colors){  
Write-Host "$elem"  
}  
red  
green  
blue
```

3. **while:** While loop repeats as long as a condition is true.

Code Example:

```
$count=0
while($count -lt 3){
Write-Host "Count: $count"
$count++
}
```

A screenshot of the Windows PowerShell ISE interface. The top pane shows a script with line numbers 73 to 83. The script is: 73 \$count=0, 74 while(\$count -lt 3){, 75 Write-Host "Count: \$count", 76 \$count++, 77 }, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83. The bottom pane shows the command prompt output: PS C:\Users\admin> \$count=0, while(\$count -lt 3){, Write-Host "Count: \$count", \$count++, },, Count: 0, Count: 1, Count: 2.

```
Windows PowerShell ISE
File Edit View Tools Debug Add-ons Help
Untitled1.ps1 ADTBaUoanTip.ps1 Get-WmiObject.ps1 day5assign.ps1 X
73 $count=0
74 while($count -lt 3){
75 Write-Host "Count: $count"
76 $count++
77 }
78
79
80
81
82
83

PS C:\Users\admin> $count=0
while($count -lt 3){
Write-Host "Count: $count"
$count++
}
Count: 0
Count: 1
Count: 2
```

4. **do-while & do-until:** They are similar to while but the condition is checked at the end.

Code Example:

```
$a=9
do{
"Starting Loop $a"
$a
$a++
"Now `a is $a"
}while($a -le 5)
```

```
$a=0
do{
"Starting Loop $a"
$a
$a++
"Now `a is $a"
}while($a -le 5)
```

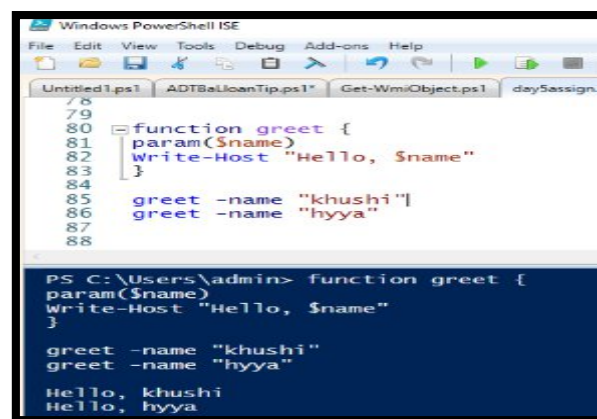
```
PS C:\Windows\system32> $a=9
do{
  "Starting Loop $a"
  $a
  $a++
  "Now ` $a is $a"
}while($a -le 5)
Starting Loop 9
9
Now $a is 10

PS C:\Windows\system32> $a=0
do{
  "Starting Loop $a"
  $a
  $a++
  "Now ` $a is $a"
}while($a -le 5)
Starting Loop 0
0
Now $a is 1
```

->function

A PowerShell function is a named block of code that performs a specific task. Defining functions allows you to reuse code, make your scripts more organized, and simplify complex operations.

```
Function greet{
Param($name)
Write-Host "Hello, $name"
}
greet -name "khushi"
greet -name "hyya"
```



The screenshot shows the Windows PowerShell ISE interface. The script editor contains the following code:

```
78
79
80 function greet {
81     param($name)
82     Write-Host "Hello, $name"
83 }
84
85 greet -name "khushi"
86 greet -name "hyya"
87
88
```

The console window shows the execution of the script:

```
PS C:\Users\admin> function greet {
param($name)
Write-Host "Hello, $name"
}

greet -name "khushi"
greet -name "hyya"

Hello, khushi
Hello, hyya
```

->Comments in PowerShell

In PowerShell, you can add comments to your scripts using two main methods:

1. **Single-line comments:** Using the hash symbol (#)
2. **Multi-line/Block comments:** Using <# ... #>

o Single-Line Comments (#)

The most common way to add comments is by starting a line with a hash symbol (#). Anything on that line after the # will be ignored by PowerShell when the script is executed.

o Multi-Line / Block Comments (<# ... #>)

For longer explanations that span multiple lines, or for commenting out larger blocks of code, you can use the <# and #> delimiters. Everything between these two delimiters will be treated as a comment.

Commenting out a block of code:

```
<# If ($true) { Write-Host "This line will not be executed." Write-Output "Neither will this one." }
```

```
#>
```

