

School of Computer Science and Engineering

Software Engineering Methodologies

Course Code: CBS1005

Class Number: VL2023240103391

PROJECT ON
Optimising Transportation
(Ezz Route)



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Signature of Supervisor

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INTRODUCTION:

Ezz route aims to ease your travel by taking the input of start and end location from the user and then providing with a best route for it with directions as well.. we used here mapbox for taking the live location.

Also, we tried providing the distance and toll calculator.

Objective: The website's primary goal is to provide users with easy access to geographic information, such as maps, directions, and points of interest.

Interactive Geographic Information: A map website is an online space that provides users with access to a wealth of interactive geographic information. It allows users to explore the world, from local neighborhoods to global landscapes, through digital maps.

Real-Time Data: Many map websites incorporate real-time data, enabling users to stay updated on traffic conditions, weather, and more. This real-time information enhances the user's ability to make informed decisions.

Storytelling: Map websites are not just about navigation but also storytelling. They allow users to convey information and stories through maps, making them valuable for educational, journalistic, and business purposes.

User-Friendly Interface: These websites prioritize a user-friendly interface, ensuring that individuals of all technical levels can effectively navigate and utilize the features.

Data Accuracy: Maps on these websites are drawn accurately on a flat surface, ensuring that users can rely on the data for navigation and decision-making.

ABSTRACT:

The concrete details involves the different modes of travel included in our project along with the live coordinates provided by the mapbox and then the starting and final destination names provided by the user.

Coming further to our next part of it we included as told to us the toll calculator and distance calculator. It takes the live coordinates provided by the map box and then converts it to the different names of the cities or states respective to that of the coordinates. Based on that it furthers calculates the set distance and toll for it.

Our main aim is to provide the best route but we also took a call on the toll calculation for further optimizing it.

- It helps the user to discover and navigate our land with ease and precision.
- Our users can seamlessly plan trips, explore new destination within a user friendly interface. It helps to simplify our navigation.

LOGO :



Software Requirements Specification (SRS)

This document is a more detailed summary of the software requirements specification (SRS) for a traffic optimization software called EZZROUTE. The document covers the following aspects of the software:

- Introduction:** The document provides the background, purpose, scope, and description of the software. It also gives an overview of the product requirements, "scenarios", and assumptions. The document states that the software aims to optimize traffic flow in cities by using real-time data from traffic cameras, GPS devices, and other sources. The software will provide data with the following characteristics, adjustment of traffic signal timings, and implementation strategies to the following categories: "Urban areas". The document also describes some additional features such as "the software domain", such as GPS and SRS.
- Functional Requirements:** The document specifies the intended behavior of the software, such as collecting real-time data, providing the following characteristics, adjustment of traffic signal timings, and generating reports. The document lists the following functional requirements: a table of requirements, with each requirement having a unique ID, a description, a task sequence, a context/dependency, a priority, an exception, a pre-condition, and a post-condition. The document also describes some "scenario" for the software, such as "the following traffic data, collection of the flow or traffic and priority": "cycles", adjustment of traffic signal timings, and logging in. The document illustrates the "scenario" for the software with diagrams and tables, showing the actors, actions, and other components involved.
- Non-Functional Requirements:** The document describes the quality attributes of the software, such as availability, reliability, performance, maintainability, security, and scalability. The document explains the importance of these attributes and their implications for the software. The document also provides some metrics to measure the quality attributes and the following characteristics, such as "the following availability, performance, security, and scalability": "the following availability, performance, security, and scalability".
- External Interface Requirements:** The document describes the interfaces of the software, such as the user interface, the database, the external systems, and the hardware. The document provides the following characteristics, such as "the following interfaces, hardware, and software interfaces". The document also provides the following characteristics, such as "the following interfaces, hardware, and software interfaces": "the following interfaces, hardware, and software interfaces".

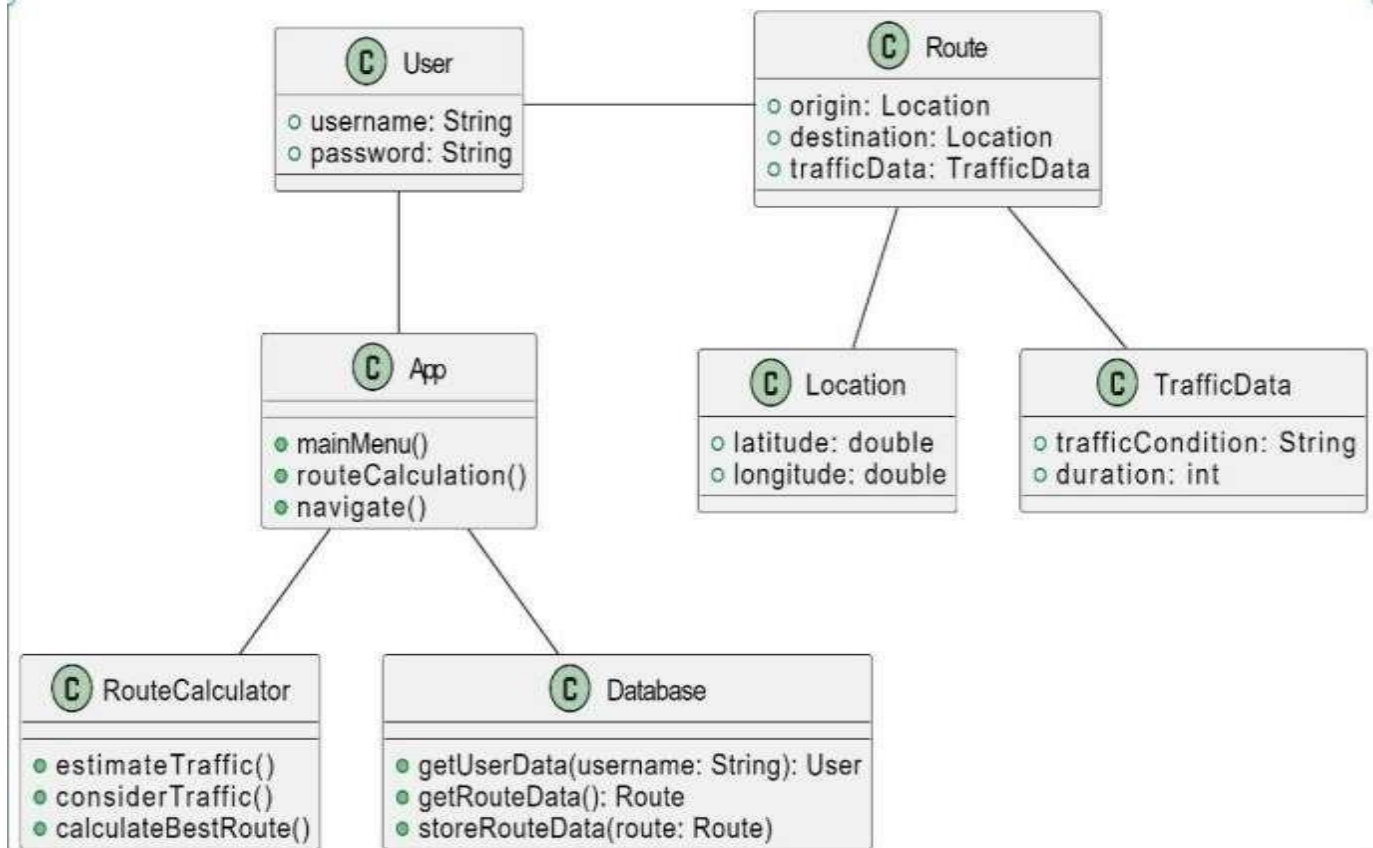
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ícq"íicmc→ts a→d spcciratio→s roí cack i→tíacc, s"ck as data roímat, comm"→icatio→y pótocol, a→d compatibilitQ.

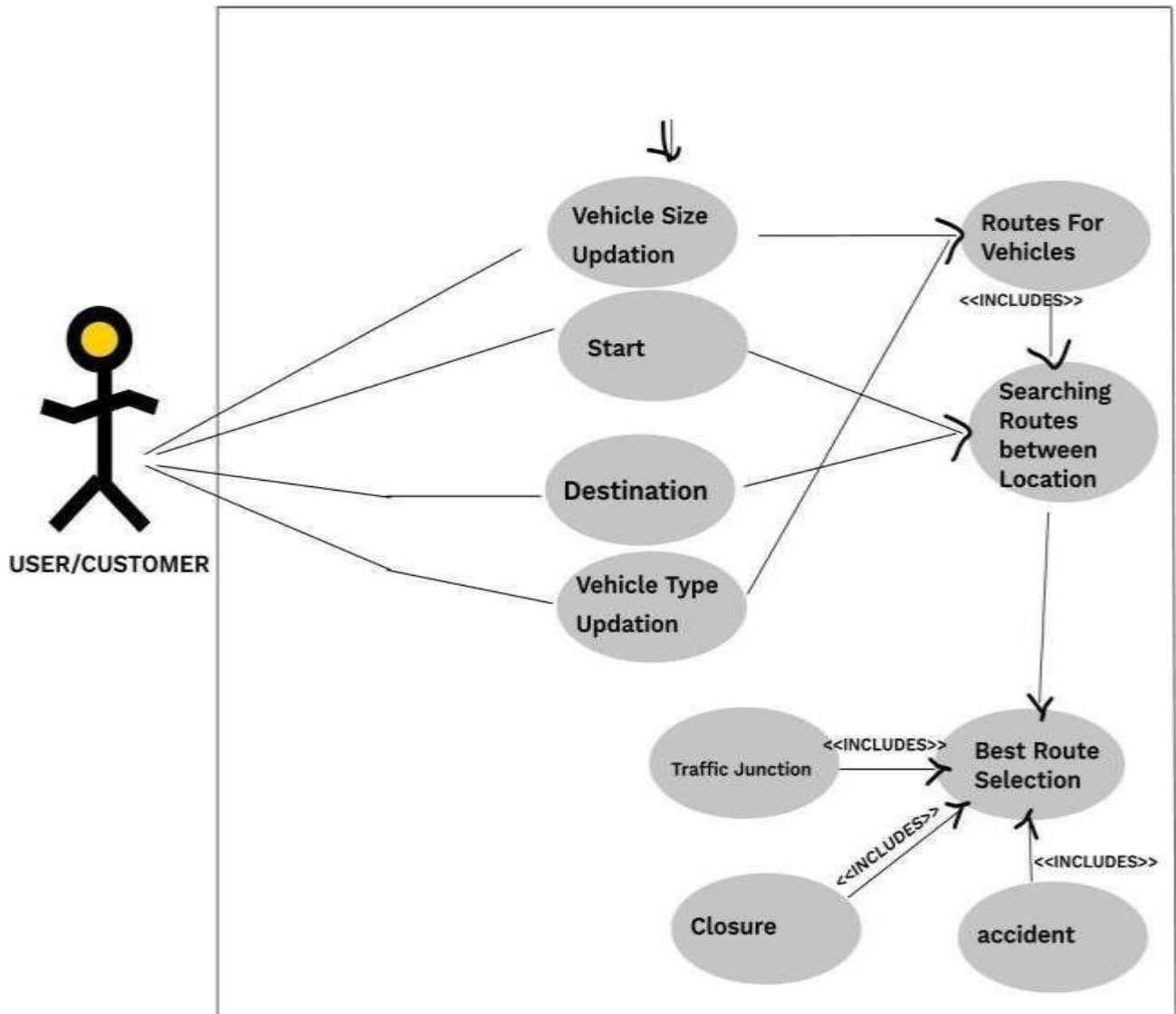
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- **Co→stíai→ts:** l'kc doc"mc→t idc→tirics tke limitatio→s a→d ckallc→ygc tkat tke sortwaíc dc:clapmc→t maQ racc, s"ck as tke ícliabilitQ a→d co:cíagc or data so"íccs, tke compatibilitQ with existi→y tíarric i→rístí"ct"íc, a→d tke acc"íacQ or tíarric data. l'kc doc"mc→t disc"sscs tke potc→tial impact a→d mitigatio→y stíatcgics roí cack co→stíai→t, s"ck as "si→y m"ltiplc data so"íccs, i→tgcíati→y with existi→y sQstcms, a→d :alidati→y a→d :círQi→y data. l'kc doc"mc→t also ack→owldgcs somc ass"mptio→s a→d dcpc→dc→cics tkat tke sortwaíc dc:clapmc→t íclics o→y, s"ck as tke a:ailabilitQ or ícal-time tíarric data, tke opciótióy witki→y tke existi→y tíarric i→rístí"ct"íc, a→d tke coopciótióy or tke stakckoldcís.

Design (UML Diagrams):

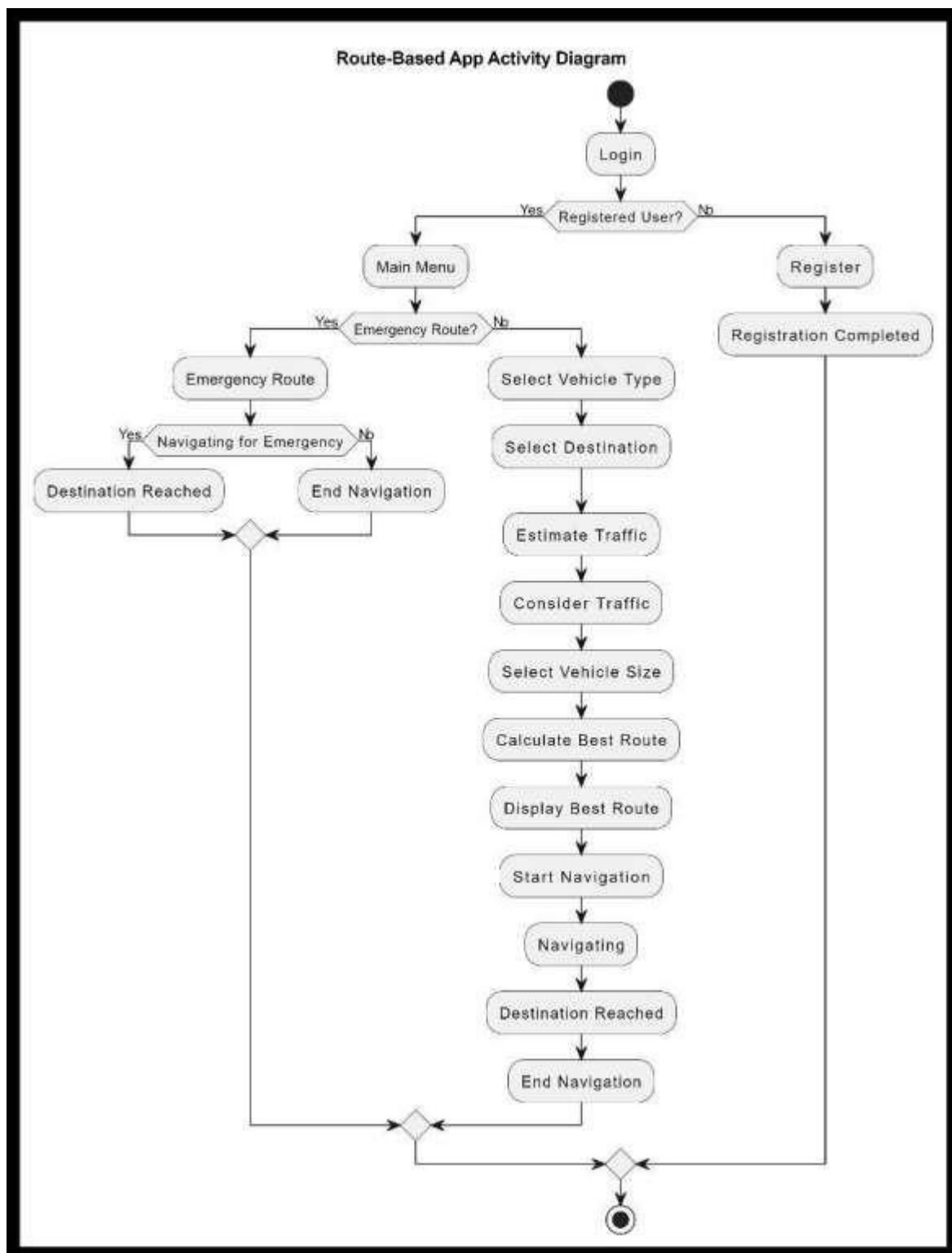
Classic diagram



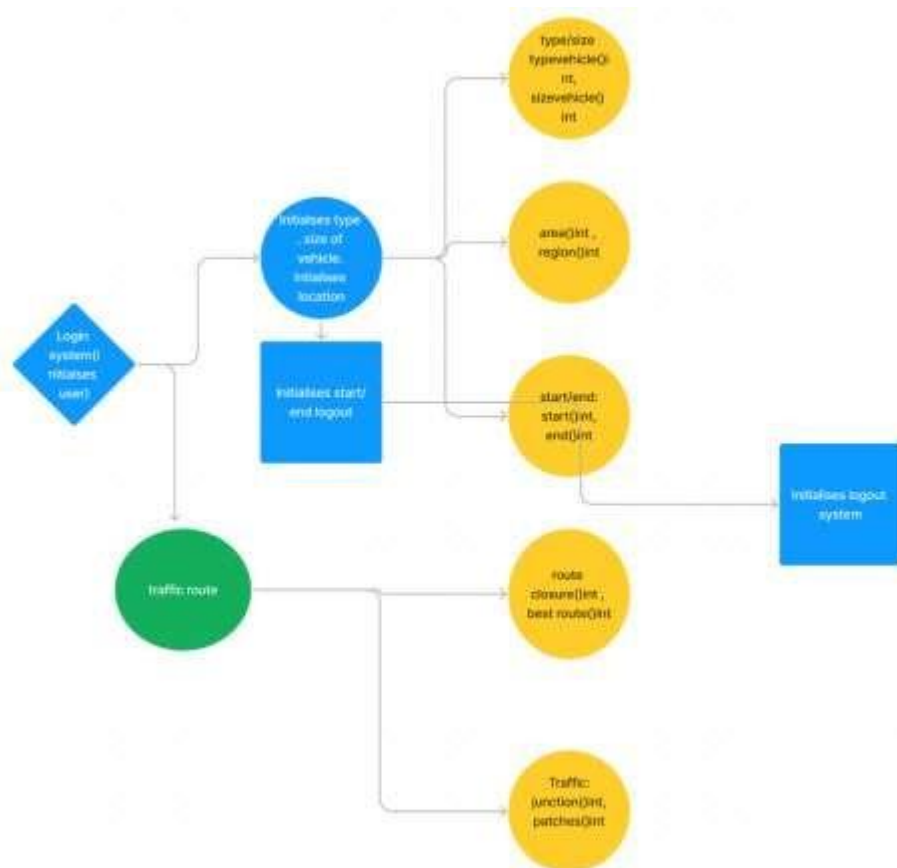
Use Case



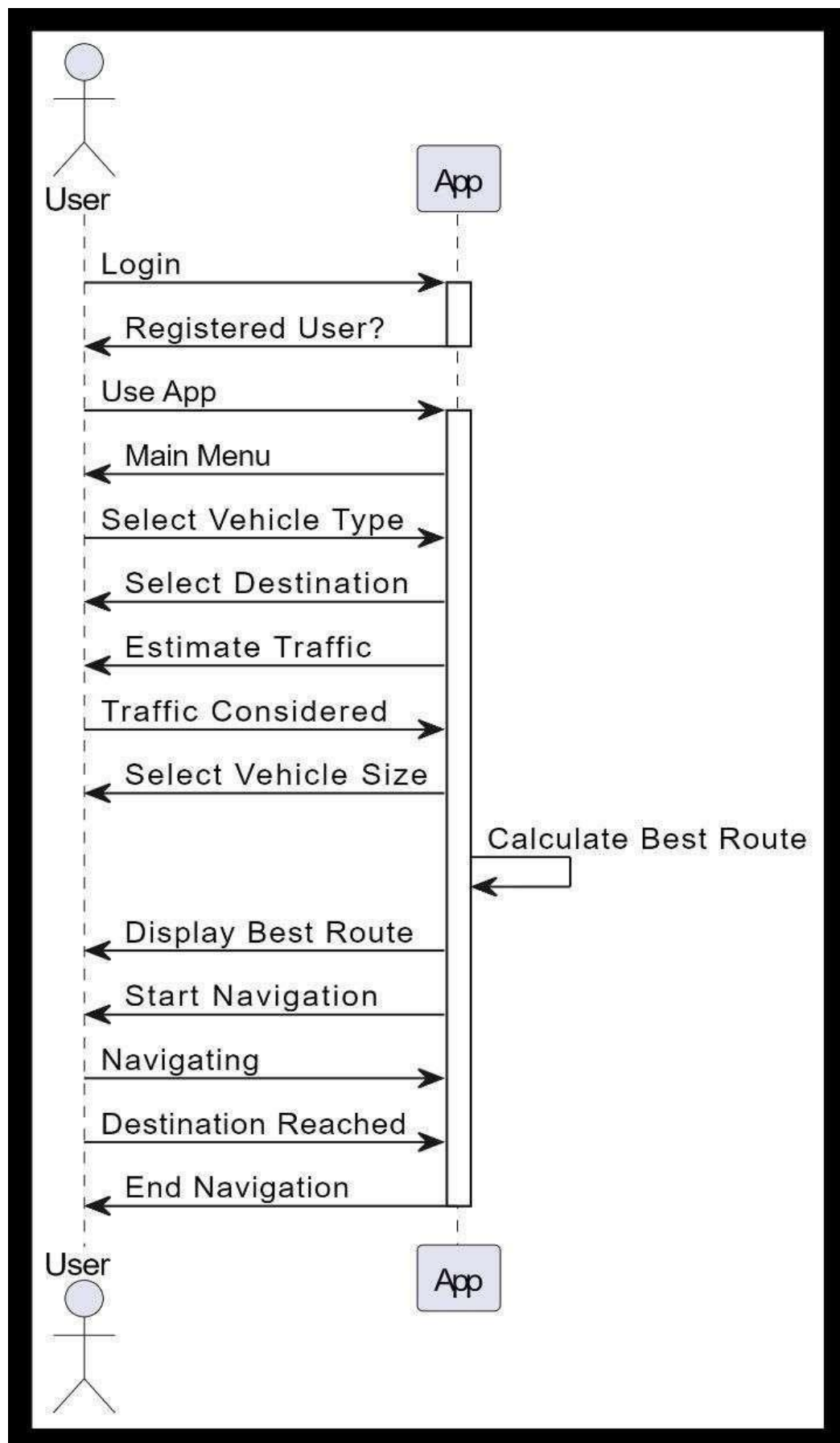
Activity



Deployment

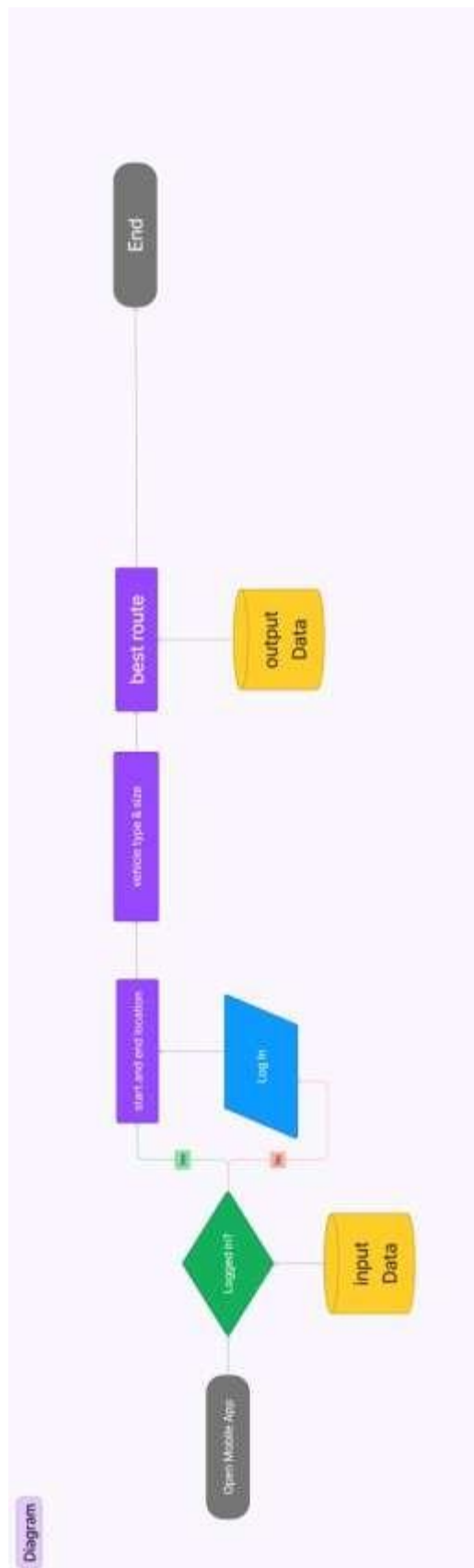


Sequence

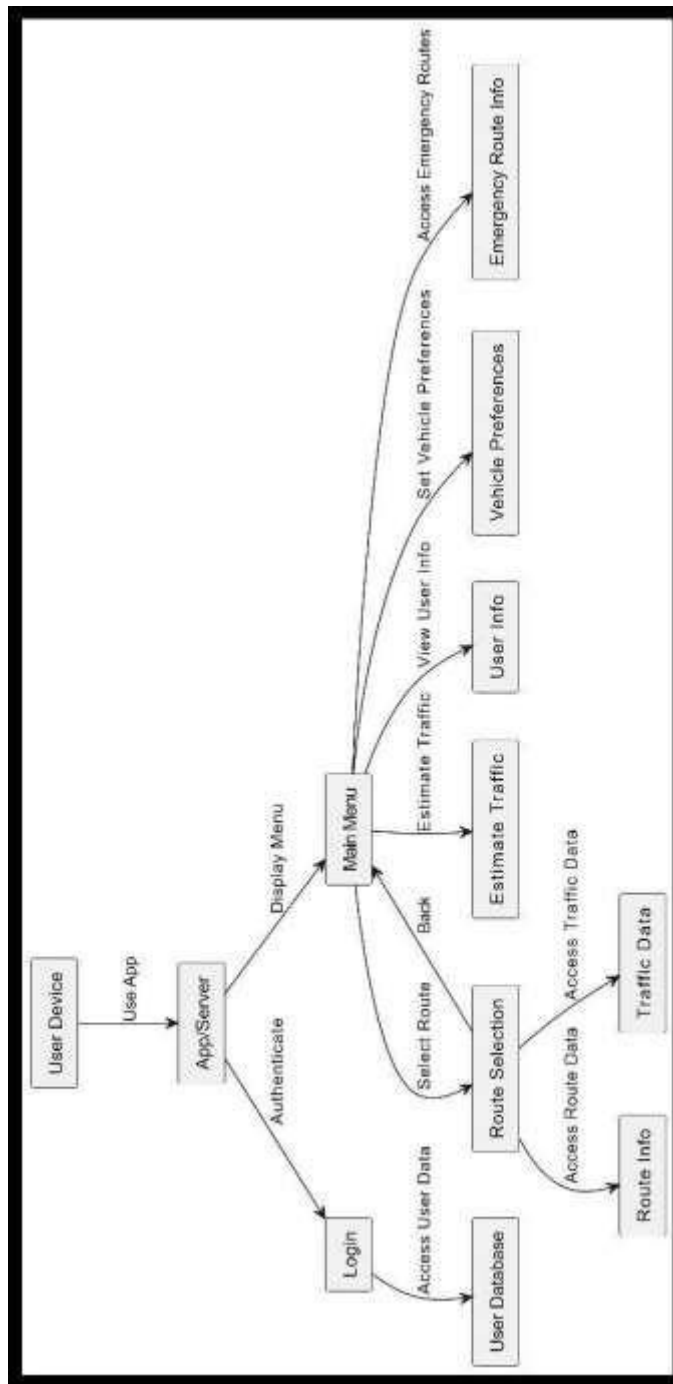


UI/UX
Diagram

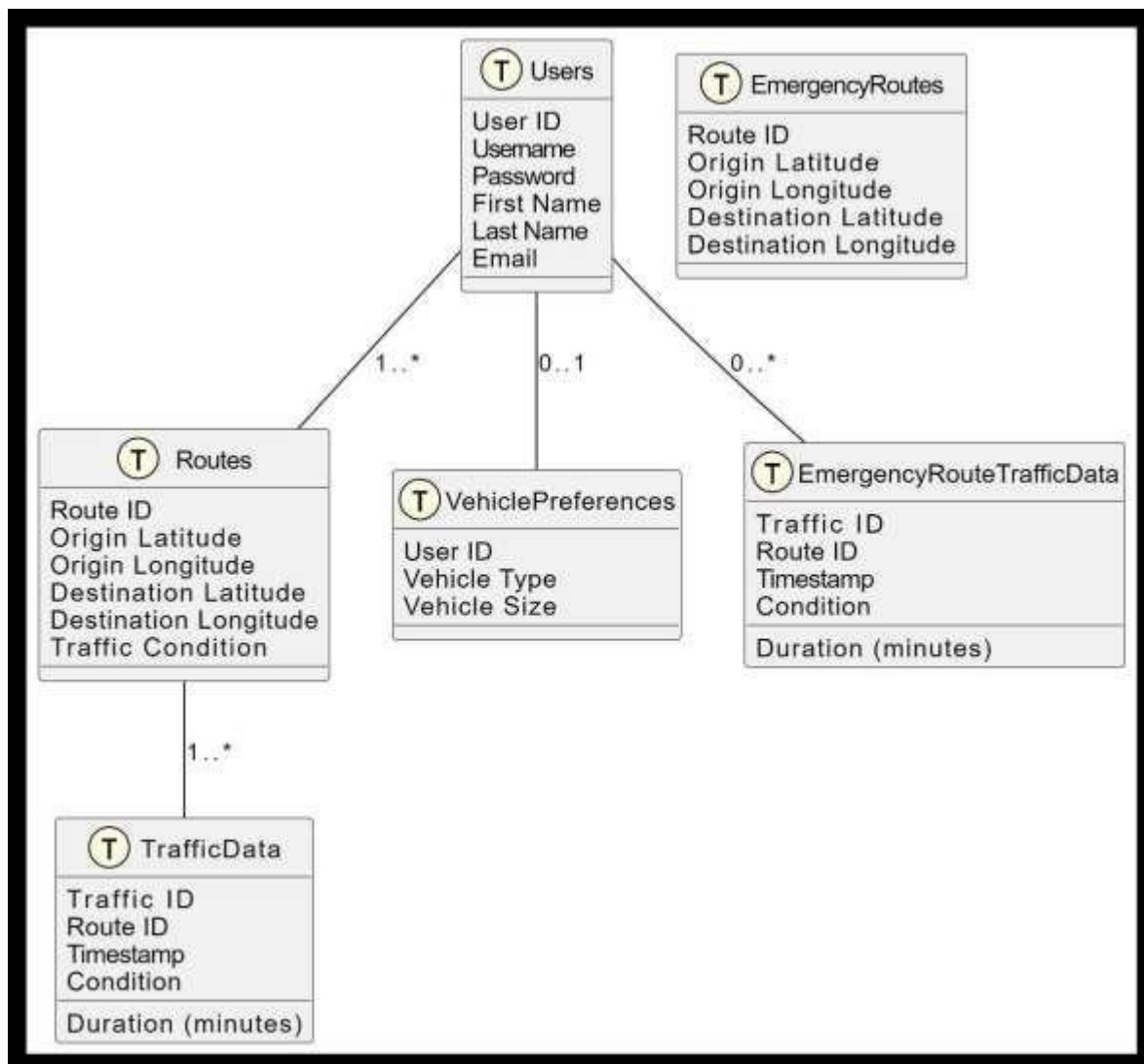
Level 0



Level 1



Data Base Diagrams



ALGORITHM – CODE:

Algorithm:

1. start the program
2. prompt the user to enter the start and end location.
3. read the user input and chose the type of travel.
4. calculate the best route, distance and toll for it.
5. end the program.

CODE:

JavaScript:

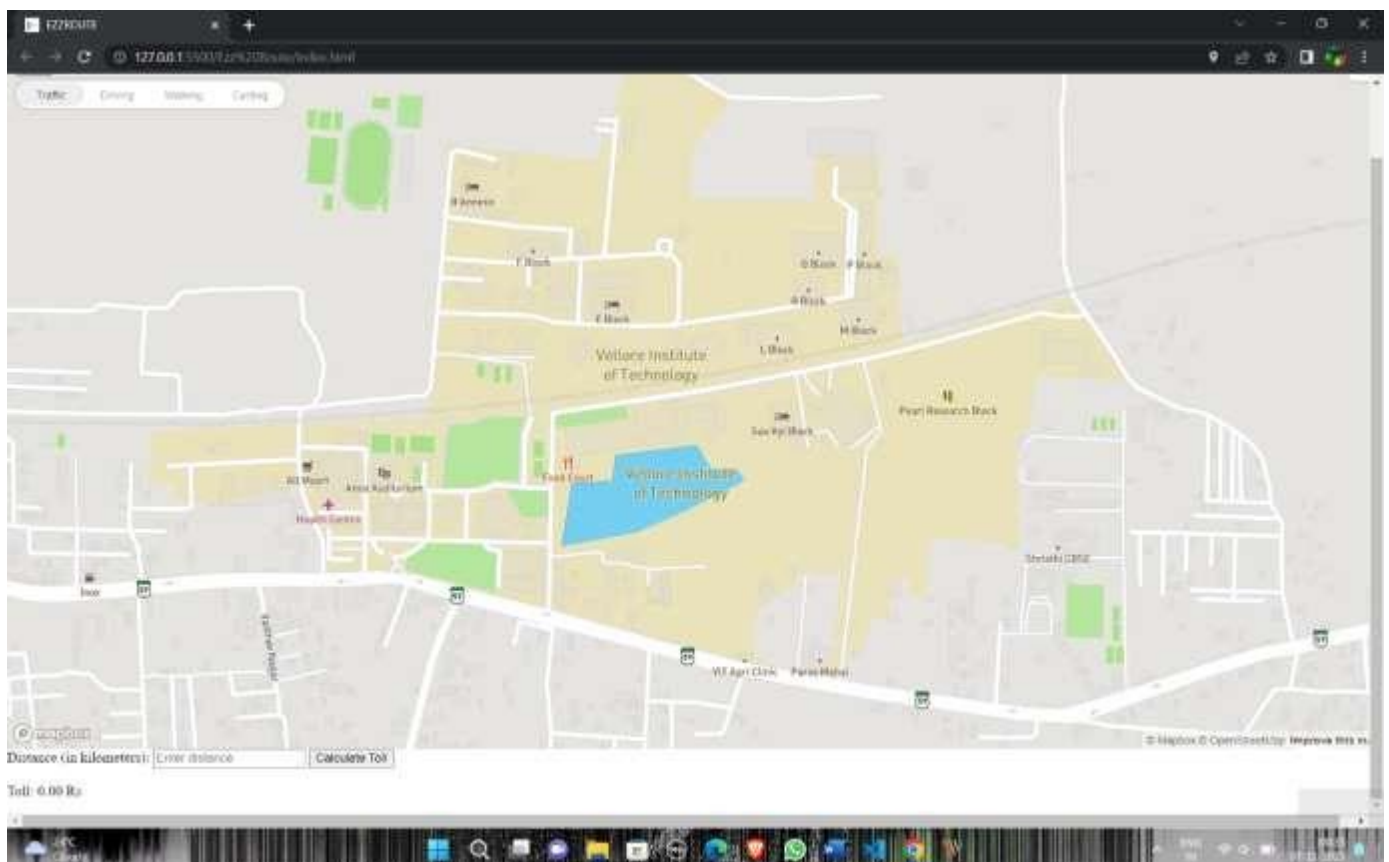
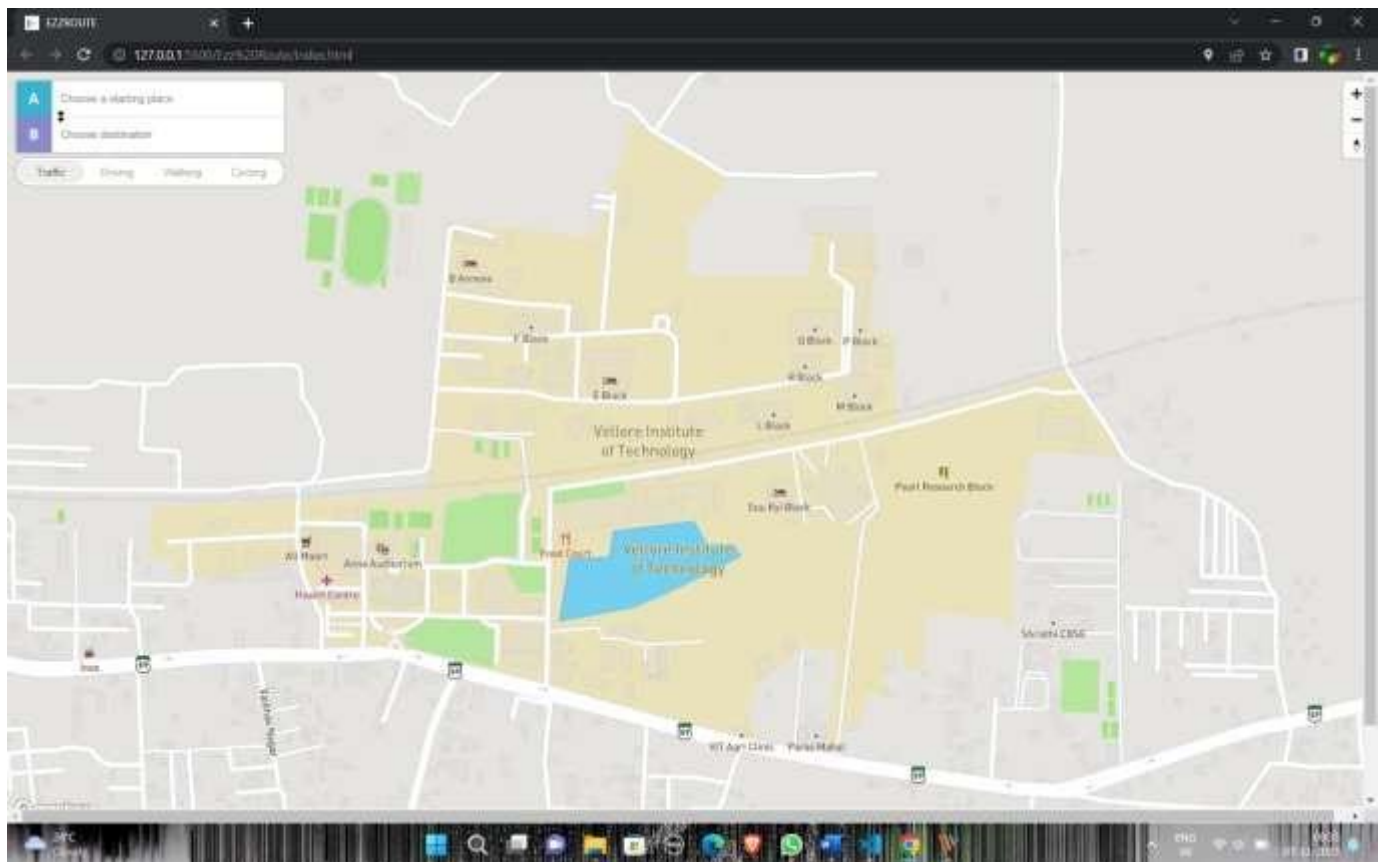
```
js script.js M X
js > JS script.js >
1  mapboxgl.accessToken = "pk.eyJ1Ijoic291czV1aHJhbm51bWU6Ij7ja2hkb0h0bGcwbnZmNnNlMkQonjU3d3UwImt.2Aep5aP043cxnGd7d1E2Tw";
2
3  const successLocation = (position) => {
4    setupMap([12.9692, 79.1559]);
5  };
6
7  const errorLocation = () => {
8    setupMap([-2.24, 53.48]);
9  };
10
11 const setupMap = (center) => {
12   const map = new mapboxgl.Map({
13     container: "map",
14     style: "mapbox://styles/mapbox/streets-v11",
15     zoom: 16,
16     center,
17   });
18
19   const nav = new mapboxgl.NavigationControl();
20   map.addControl(nav);
21
22   var directions = new MapboxDirections({
23     accessToken: mapboxgl.accessToken,
24   });
25
26   map.addControl(directions, "top-left");
27
28   // update the distance and toll when directions are updated
29   directions.on("route", (e) => {
30     const route = e.route[0];
31     const distanceElement = document.getElementById("distance");
32     const tollElement = document.getElementById("toll");
33
34     if (route) {
35       const distance = (route.distance / 1000).toFixed(2); // Convert to kilometers
36       const toll = (distance * 10).toFixed(2); // Calculate toll (10 times the distance)
37
38       distanceElement.textContent = distance;
39       tollElement.textContent = toll;
40     }
41   });
42 };
43
44 navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(successLocation, errorLocation, {
45   enableHighAccuracy: true,
46 });
```

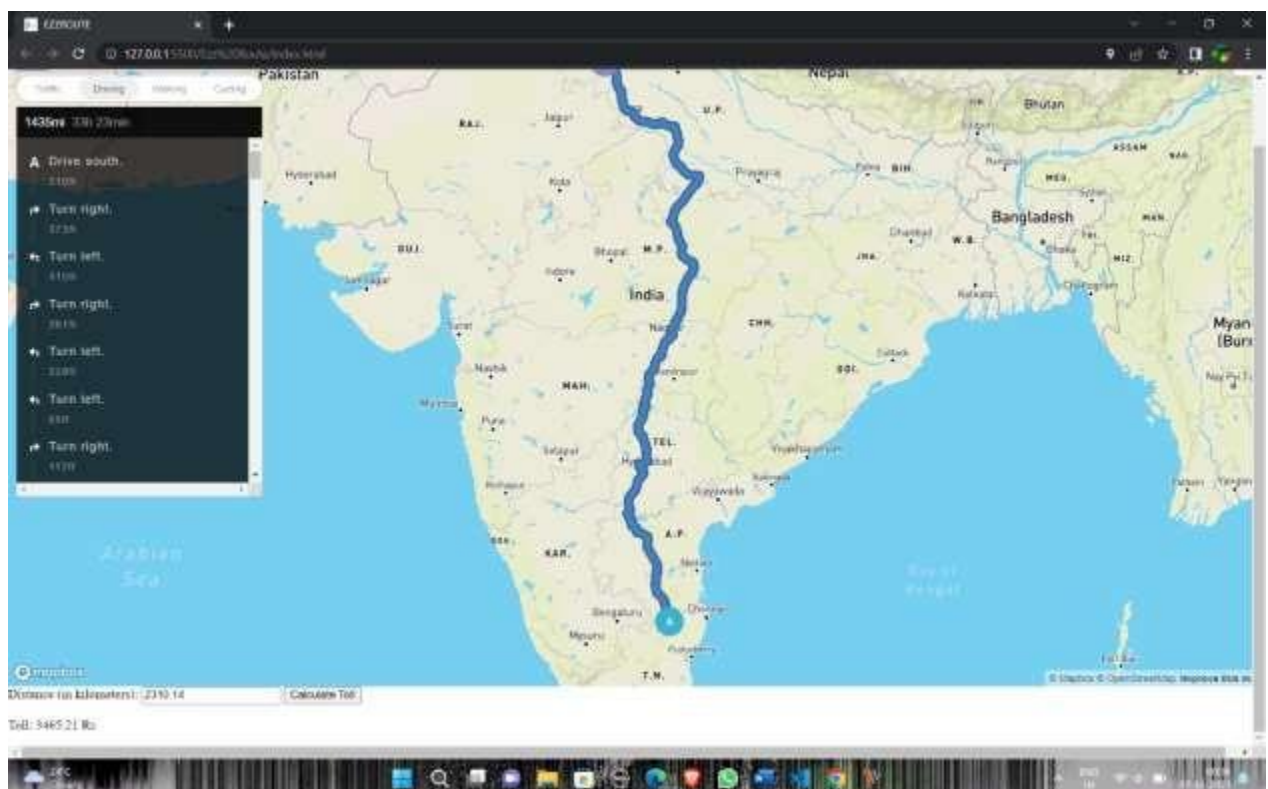
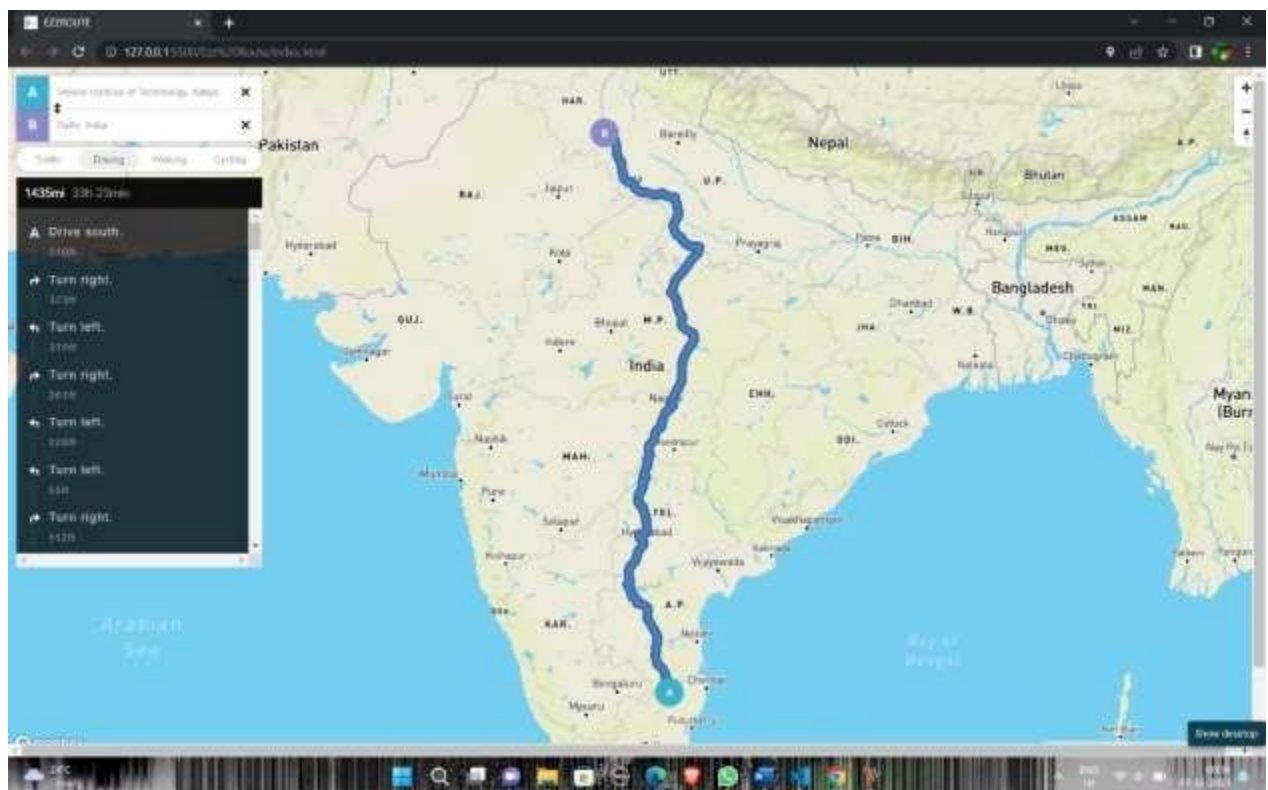
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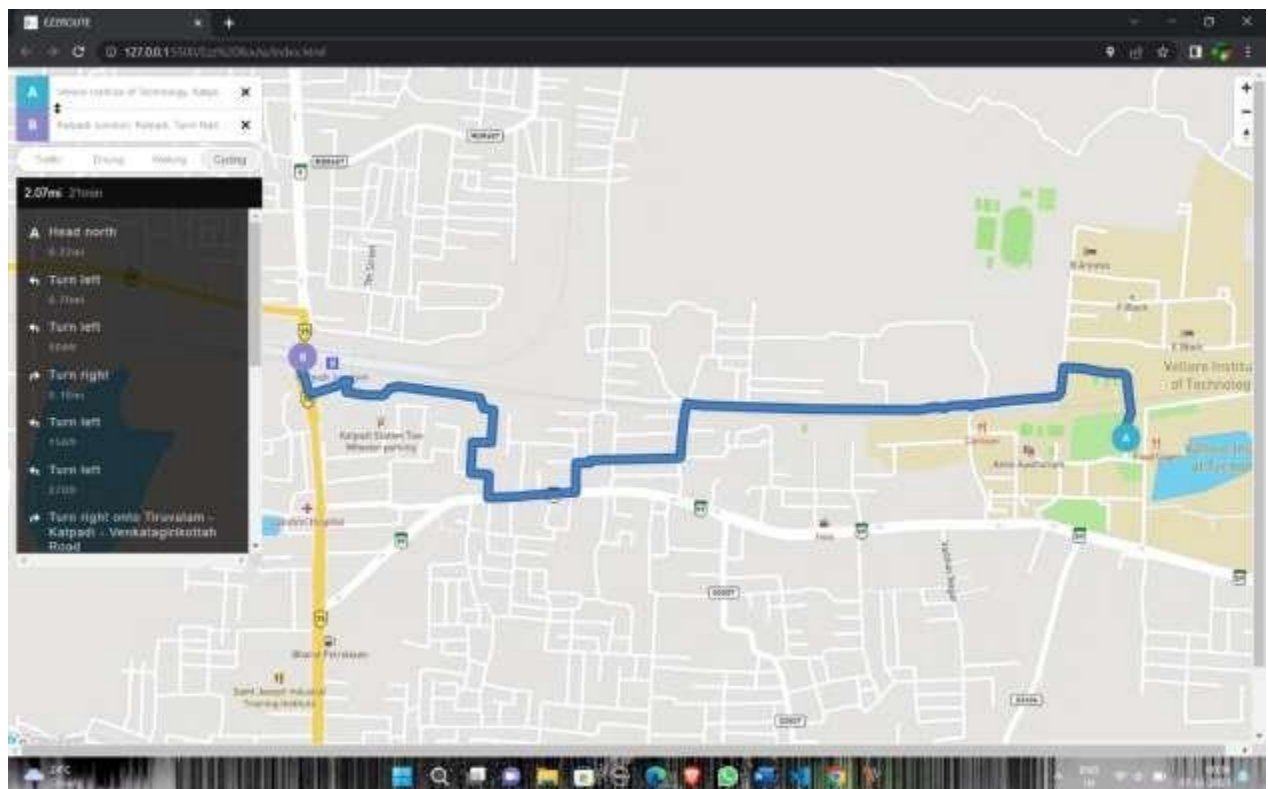
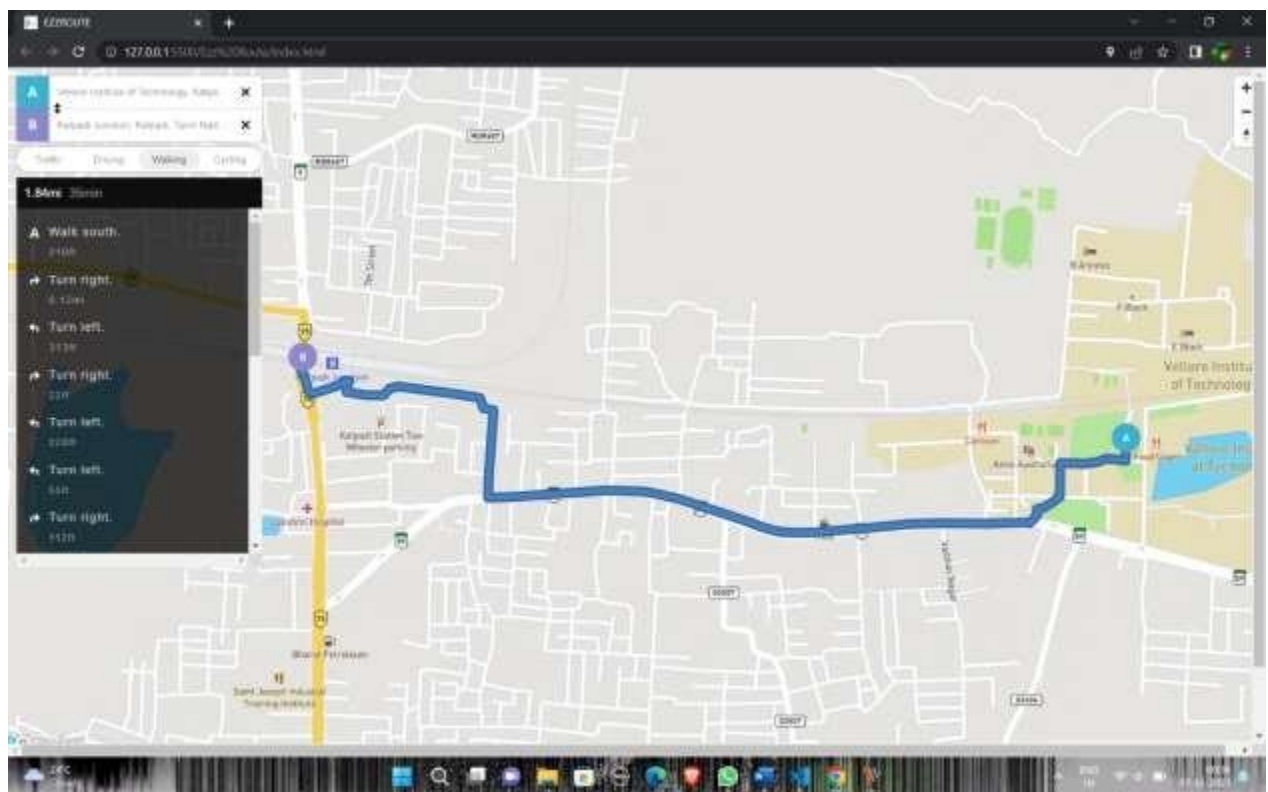
CSS:

```
style.css
css > style.css > body
1 body {
2   margin: 0;
3 }
4 map {
5   height: 100vh;
6   width: 100vw;
7 }
8
```

IMPLEMENTATION:







TESTING

1. Introduction

1.1 **Scope**

1.1.1 **In Scope**

The following features and modules of the Maps Application will be tested: walking, and public transportation.

- Route Planning: Ensure accurate and efficient route planning for driving, route suggestions.
- Traffic Data: Verify real-time traffic data integration to provide optimal web and mobile platforms.
- Geolocation Services: Confirm location accuracy and functionality for both details about nearby points of interest.
- POI (Points of Interest) Search: Test the ability to search for and provide preferences such as saved locations and preferred routes.
- User Preferences: Verify the application's ability to save and recall user

The primary objectives of testing the Maps Application are to ensure accuracy, reliability, and performance. The app must provide accurate route recommendations, dependable location services, and perform efficiently under normal conditions.

various operating systems and devices.

- Cross-Platform Compatibility: Test the application's compatibility across

1.1.2 Out of Scope

The following elements are not in scope for this testing plan:

integrations (e.g., weather information, gas prices) is not included.

- Integration with Third-Party Services: Detailed testing of third-party maps are not part of this testing plan.
- Advanced Features: Features like augmented reality navigation or indoor
- Security Testing: In-depth security testing is out of scope for this plan.

1.2 Quality Objectives:

The primary objectives of testing the Maps Application are to ensure accuracy, reliability, and performance. The app must provide accurate route recommendations, dependable location services, and perform efficiently under normal conditions.

1.3 Roles and Responsibilities

resource allocation.

- Test Manager: Responsible for overall test management, strategy, and verification.
- Testers: Responsible for test execution, defect identification, and
- Developers: Required to address and fix defects identified during testing.

2. Test Methodology:

2.1 Overview

Testing will be conducted at different levels:

planning are tested for correctness.

- Unit Testing: Individual components like geolocation services and route together.
- Integration Testing: Ensure that different app modules work seamlessly reliability.
- System Testing: Evaluate the overall system's functionality, usability, and systems and devices.
- Cross-Platform Testing: Confirm compatibility on various operating

2.2 Bug Triage

issues. Defects will be triaged based on severity and impact.

A defect management process will be in place to prioritize and track identified

2.3 Suspension Criteria and Resumption Requirements

progress. Resumption will occur once the issues are resolved.

Testing will be suspended if critical defects significantly hinder testing

2.4 Test Completeness

executed, and the pass rate is at least 90%.

The testing phase is considered complete when all test cases have been

2.5 Project Task and Estimation and Schedule

Tasks, estimated effort, and schedules for testing are as follows:

- Test Specification: 2 hours
- Test Execution: 8 hours

- Test Reporting: 2 hours
 - Test Delivery: 3 hours
- Total Estimated Effort: 15 hours

3. Test Deliverables:

Test deliverables will include:

- Test Plan
- Test Cases
- Test Reports
- Defect Reports
- Release Notes

This testing plan provides a framework for systematically assessing the Maps Application, ensuring it provides accurate route recommendations, reliable location services, and cross-platform compatibility. It can be adapted and expanded based on the specific features and needs of the app.

Test scenarios:

1. Basic Pathfinding:

Scenario: The user inputs a start and end location.

Test Cases:

Verify that the system calculates the shortest path.

Confirm the accuracy of the directions provided.

2. Optimize for Different Modes of Transportation:

Scenario: Users can choose between walking, cycling, or driving.

Test Cases:

Ensure that the system provides routes suitable for the chosen mode.

3. Search and Autocomplete:

Scenario: Users search for a location, and the system offers autocomplete suggestions.

Test Cases:

Confirm that the autocomplete suggestions are relevant.

Check that the selected location is accurate.

4. Integration with GPS:

Scenario: A user wants to navigate using their mobile device's GPS.

Test Cases:

Ensure the system can access the device's GPS.

Confirm that it provides turn-by-turn directions based on the user's location.

5. International Routing:

Scenario: Users request routes between different countries.

Test Cases:

Confirm that the system can calculate international routes.

6. Error Handling:

Scenario: Users provide incorrect or incomplete information.

Test Cases:

Confirm that the system handles errors gracefully

7. Performance and Scalability:

Scenario: A high volume of users accessing the service simultaneously.

Test Cases:

Ensure that the system can handle high loads without significant slowdowns.

Check response times under heavy traffic.

Test Cases

Test Case ID	BU_001	Test Case Description	Test the working to the site		
Created By	Ayraman	Reviewed By	Bill	Version	2.1

QA Tester's Log

Review comments from Bill incorporate in version 2.1

Tester's Name	Ayraman	Date Tested	06-11-2023	Test Case (Pass/Fail/Not Executed)	Pass
---------------	---------	-------------	------------	------------------------------------	------

S #	Prerequisites:
1	Access to Chrome Browser
2	
3	
4	

S #	Test Data
1	Userid = Aryaman_12
2	Password=@231aryaman
3	
4	

Test Scenario

Verify on entering valid points(A and B) , the customer can change the points

Step #	Step Details	Expected Results	Actual Results	Pass / Fail / Not executed / Suspended
1	Navigate to http://Ezzroute.com	Site should open	As Expected	Pass
2	Enter points A and B	Credential can be entered	As Expected	Pass
3	Click find route	Customer can see the required route	As Expected	Pass
4	Find the total toll between points(locations)	Toll price displayed	As Expected	Pass

Conclusion:

Our project aims to ease the travel and helps in navigating. First it will take the user input and then will work on it. Also, further it works on the same user input to calculate the toll and distance, but both the scenarios were not able to be integrated. Also we had a lot of change history some include like first we were aiming on the coordinates but now we are aiming on the location so that user feels comfortable with it.

REFERENCES:

- 1.) <https://www.mapbox.com/>
