

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING AND TESTING REPORT

RCOEM

**Shri Ramdeobaba College of
Engineering and Management, Nagpur**

Computer Science and Engineering (Data Science)

**Shri Ramdeobaba College of Engineering & Management,
Nagpur**

(An Autonomous Institute affiliated to Rashtrasant Tukdoji
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Topics

Create front end for Black box testing
Create back end for white box testing
Automation testing using Selenium Web Driver

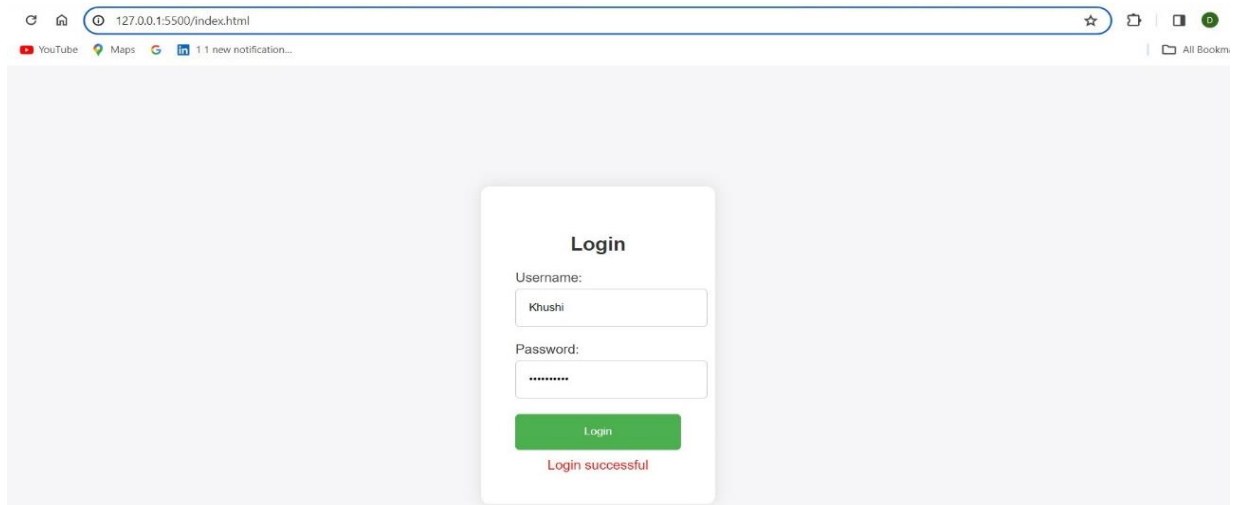
Submitted By

Name: Khushi Bajpai

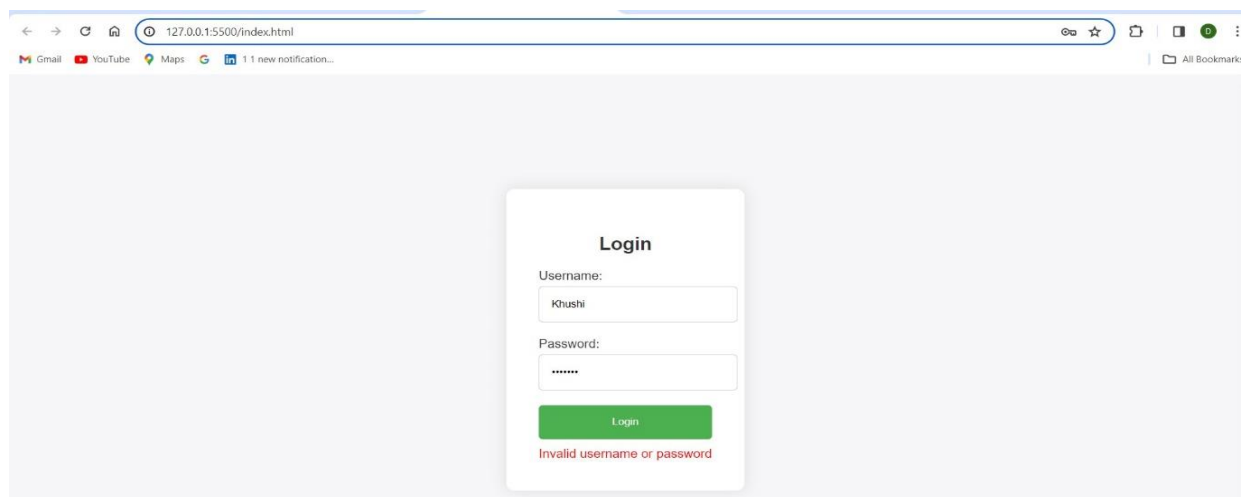
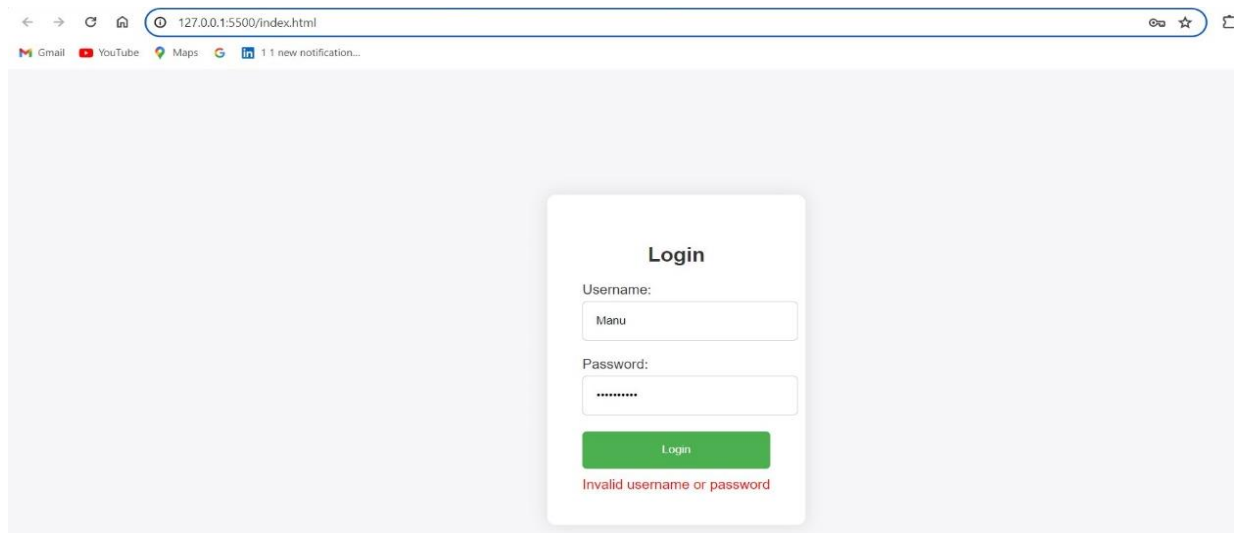
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BLACK BOX TESTING:

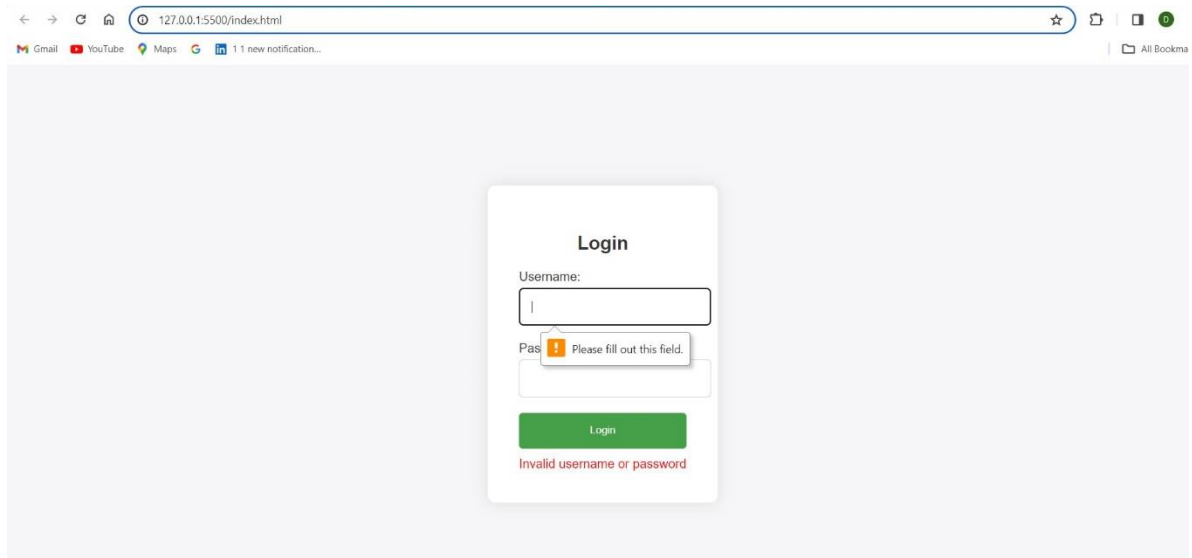
TEST CASE 1: Login in with valid Username and Password.



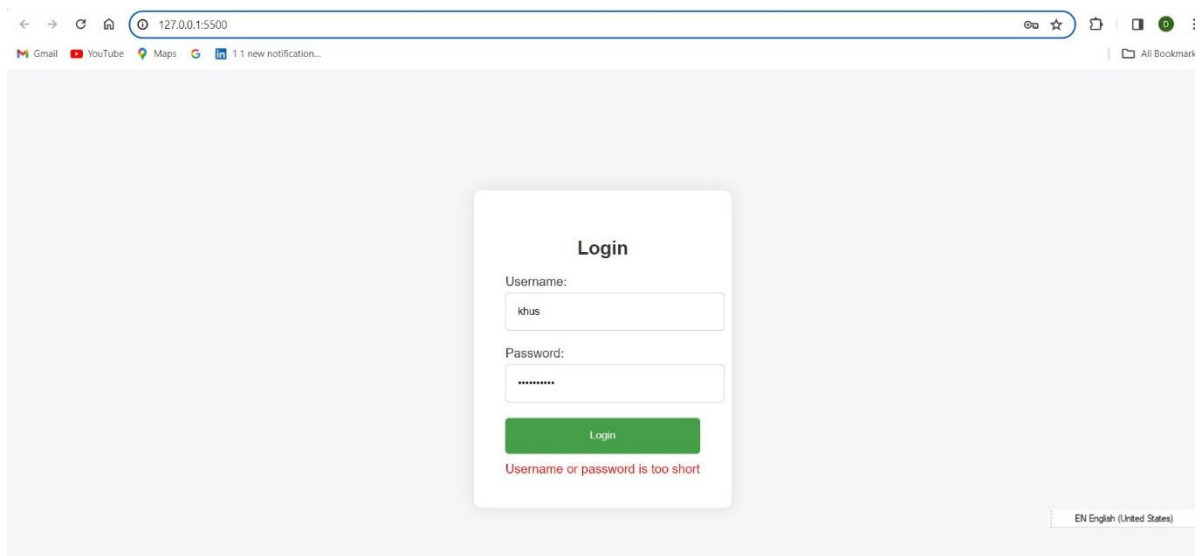
TEST CASE 2: Login in with invalid Username and Password.



TEST CASE 3: Login with Empty Fields.



TEST CASE 4: Login with Username and Password at Minimum Length.



TEST CASE 5: Login with Username and Password at Maximum Length.

A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL "127.0.0.1:5500". The browser's toolbar includes icons for Gmail, YouTube, Maps, and a notification for "1.1 new notification...". The main content area displays a "Login" form. The form has two input fields: "Username:" and "Password:". The "Username:" field contains the text "Khushi-Bajpai". The "Password:" field contains a series of asterisks. Below the input fields is a green "Login" button. A red error message, "Username or password exceeds maximum length", is displayed below the button. In the bottom right corner of the browser window, there is a language selector showing "EN English (United States)".

A screenshot of a web browser window, similar to the one above. The address bar shows the URL "127.0.0.1:5500". The browser's toolbar includes icons for Gmail, YouTube, Maps, and a notification for "1.1 new notification...". The main content area displays a "Login" form. The form has two input fields: "Username:" and "Password:". The "Username:" field contains the text "Khushi". The "Password:" field contains a series of asterisks. Below the input fields is a green "Login" button. A red error message, "Username or password exceeds maximum length", is displayed below the button. In the bottom right corner of the browser window, there is a language selector showing "EN English (United States)".

WHITE BOX TESTING:

Html Code:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Login Page</title>
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">
</head>
<body>
  <div class="login-container">
    <h2>Login</h2>
    <form id="login-form">
      <div class="form-group">
        <label for="username">Username:</label>
        <input type="text" id="username" name="username" required data-
test="username-input"> <!-- Add data-test attribute -->
      </div>
      <div class="form-group">
        <label for="password">Password:</label>
        <input type="password" id="password" name="password" required data-
test="password-input"> <!-- Add data-test attribute -->
      </div>
      <button type="submit" data-test="login-button">Login</button> <!-- Add
data-test attribute -->
    </form>
    <div id="error-message" class="error-message" data-test="error-
message"></div> <!-- Add data-test attribute -->
  </div>

  <script src="script.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

In above code I have designed a login page website in which I have applied various credentials test cases.

JavaScript Code:

```
document.getElementById('login-form').addEventListener('submit',
function(event) {
    event.preventDefault();
    var username = document.getElementById('username').value;
    var password = document.getElementById('password').value;

    // Example of validation
    if (username === 'Khushi' && password === 'khushi1311') {
        // Successful login
        showMessage('Login successful', 'success');
    } else if (username === '' || password === '') {
        // Empty fields
        showMessage('Please enter username and password', 'error');
    } else if (username.length < 5 || password.length < 5) {
        // Minimum length: Username or password is too short
        showMessage('Username or password is too short', 'error');
    } else if (username.length > 10 || password.length > 10) {
        // Maximum length: Username or password exceeds maximum length
        showMessage('Username or password exceeds maximum length', 'error');
    } else {
        // Invalid credentials
        showMessage('Invalid username or password', 'error');
    }
});

function showMessage(message, type) {
    var errorMessage = document.getElementById('error-message');
    errorMessage.textContent = message;
    errorMessage.className = 'error-message ' + type;
}
```

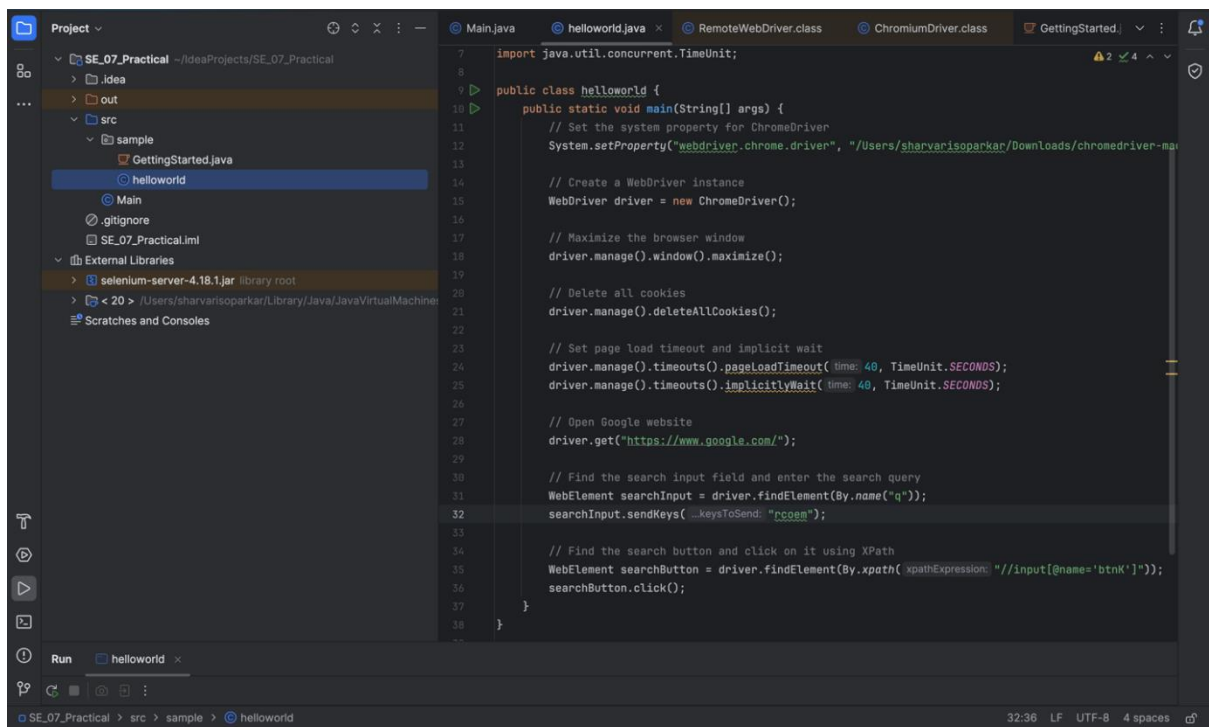
In the above code I have designed some test cases such as invalid or valid credentials, empty fields test, minimum or maximum length etc. on the credentials.

AUTOMATION TESTING USING SELENIUM WEB DRIVER:

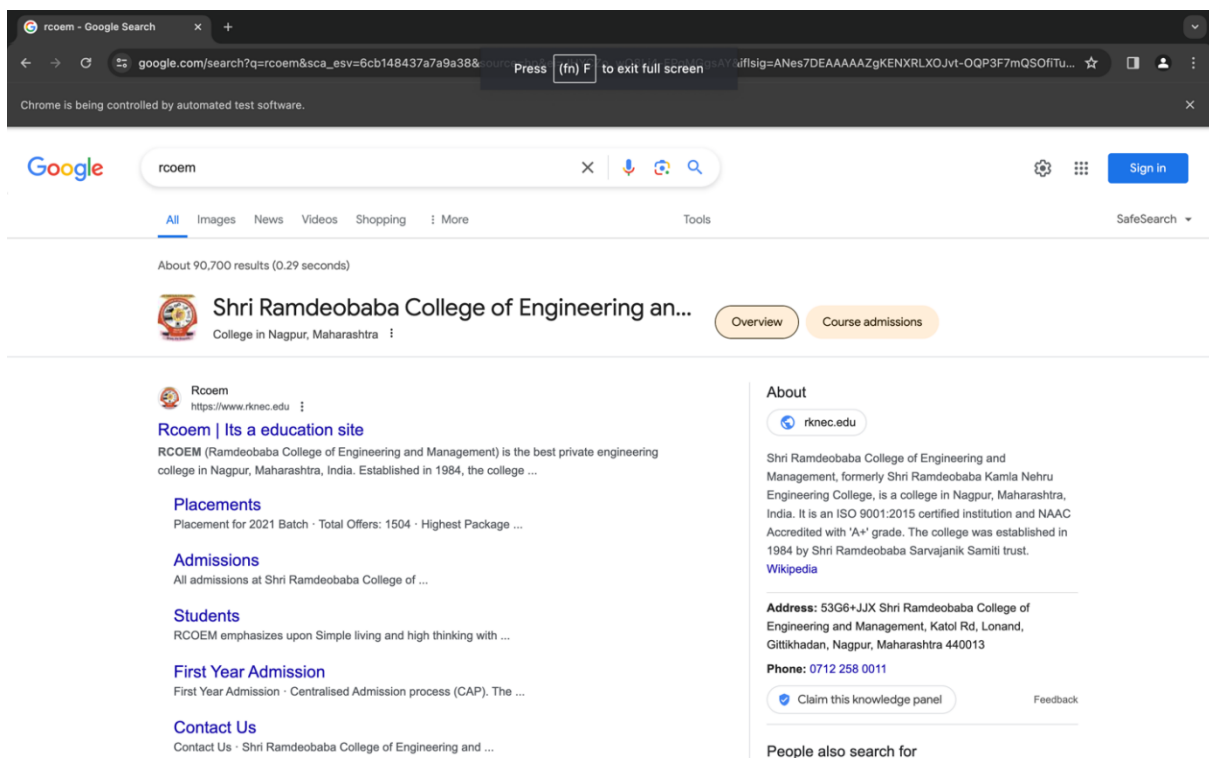
Java Code:

```
package sample;
import org.openqa.selenium.By;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
import org.openqa.selenium.WebElement;
import org.openqa.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
public class helloworld {
public static void main(String[] args) {
// Set the system property for ChromeDriver
System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver",
"/Users/sharvarisoparkar/Downloads/chromedriver-mac-
arm64/chromedriver");
// Create a WebDriver instance
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
// Maximize the browser window
driver.manage().window().maximize();
// Delete all cookies
driver.manage().deleteAllCookies();
// Set page load timeout and implicit wait
//driver.manage().timeouts().pageLoadTimeout(40, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
// driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(40, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
// Open Google website
driver.get("https://www.google.com/");
// Find the search input field and enter the search query
WebElement searchInput = driver.findElement(By.name("q"));
searchInput.sendKeys("rcoem");
// Find the search button and click on it using XPath
WebElement searchButton =
driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='btnK']"));
searchButton.click();
}
}
```

Output:



```
7 import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
8
9 public class helloworld {
10     public static void main(String[] args) {
11         // Set the system property for ChromeDriver
12         System.setProperty("webdriver.chrome.driver", "/Users/sharvarisoparkar/Downloads/chromedriver-mac64.zip");
13
14         // Create a WebDriver instance
15         WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
16
17         // Maximize the browser window
18         driver.manage().window().maximize();
19
20         // Delete all cookies
21         driver.manage().deleteAllCookies();
22
23         // Set page load timeout and implicit wait
24         driver.manage().timeouts().pageLoadTimeout(40, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
25         driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(40, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
26
27         // Open Google website
28         driver.get("https://www.google.com/");
29
30         // Find the search input field and enter the search query
31         WebElement searchInput = driver.findElement(By.name("q"));
32         searchInput.sendKeys("rcoem");
33
34         // Find the search button and click on it using XPath
35         WebElement searchButton = driver.findElement(By.xpath("//input[@name='btnK']"));
36         searchButton.click();
37     }
38 }
```



CONCLUSION: In conclusion, the implementation of front-end and back-end components for black box and white box testing lays the foundation for a comprehensive testing strategy. By incorporating both manual and automated testing methodologies, utilizing open-source tools for automation, we ensure robust evaluation and validation of the system's functionality and integrity, enhancing overall quality assurance efforts.