

# Introduction

GitHub Actions is a continuous integration and continuous deployment (CI/CD) platform that allows developers to automate workflows directly from their GitHub repositories. It helps in building, testing, and deploying applications based on triggers such as a push, pull request, or scheduled event. Unlike traditional tools like Jenkins, GitHub Actions is fully integrated into the GitHub ecosystem and does not require separate server setup or additional plugins.

For this case study, GitHub Actions was selected as an alternative tool in the DevOps cycle. While Jenkins is commonly taught and widely used in industry, GitHub Actions provides a simpler and more direct way to integrate CI/CD workflows for projects hosted on GitHub. This makes it a suitable choice for demonstrating how automation can be achieved with minimal configuration.

## Challenges Faced

- Initially, there were failed runs in the Actions tab due to syntax issues in the workflow file. These errors had to be debugged by checking the logs provided in GitHub Actions.
- Understanding the correct versions of actions (e.g., actions/checkout@v3 vs @v4) was necessary for compatibility.
- File paths needed to be configured properly (path: '.') to ensure all project files were deployed.

By resolving these issues, the pipeline was stabilized and deployments were consistently successful.

Aspect	GitHub Actions	Jenkins
Setup	No separate server needed, fully integrated with GitHub.	Requires installation, server setup, and plugins.
Ease of Use	Simple YAML-based workflows, easier for beginners.	More complex configuration, requires Groovy scripts and plugins.
Integration	Natively integrated with GitHub repositories, seamless CI/CD.	Works with many tools and repos but requires extra configuration.
Scalability	Limited by GitHub free tier minutes, scales well with paid plans.	Highly scalable for enterprise, can run on dedicated infrastructure.
Flexibility	Best suited for projects already on GitHub.	Can be integrated with almost any platform or VCS.

<b>Learning Curve</b>	Easier to learn for students and small teams.	Steeper learning curve, but powerful for large organizations.
-----------------------	---	---

## Conclusion from Comparison:

GitHub Actions is lightweight, beginner-friendly, and ideal for projects hosted on GitHub, while Jenkins is more powerful and flexible for large-scale, enterprise deployments. For academic and small-to-medium projects, GitHub Actions provides a quicker and more efficient solution.

## Outcomes and Learnings

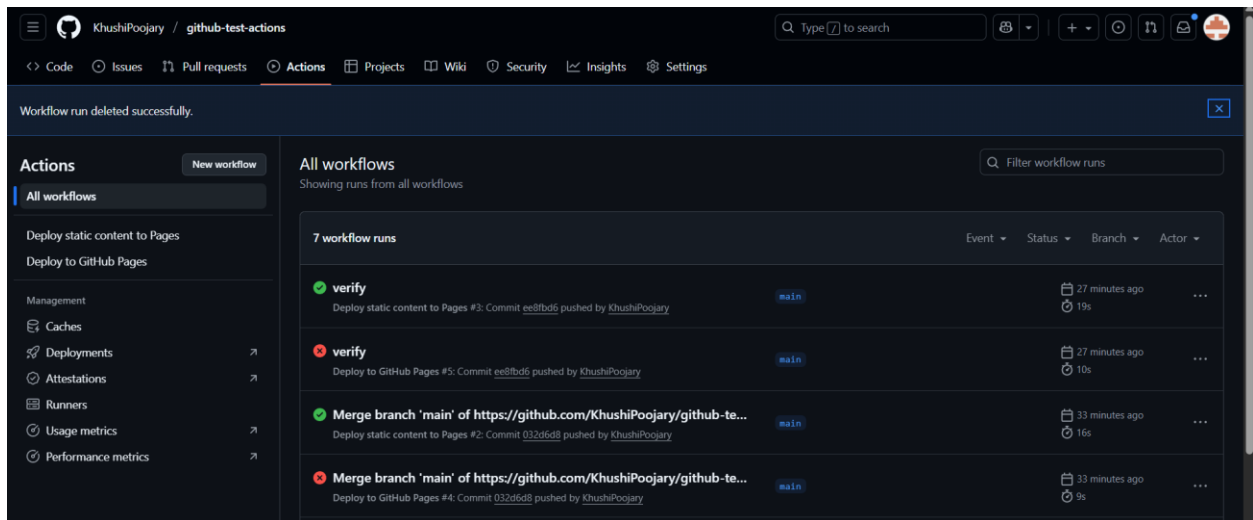
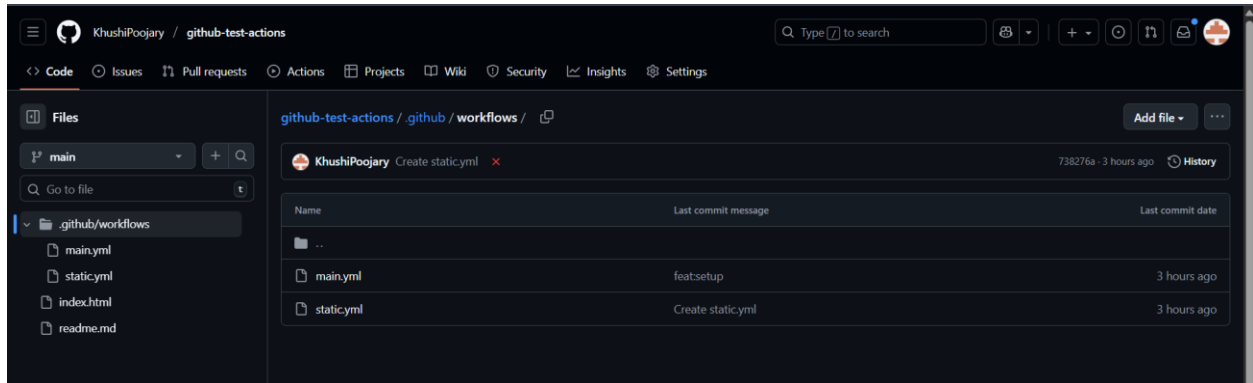
Through this case study, GitHub Actions was successfully used to automate the deployment of a static website on GitHub Pages. The experiment highlighted how CI/CD can simplify the software development lifecycle by eliminating manual deployment steps.

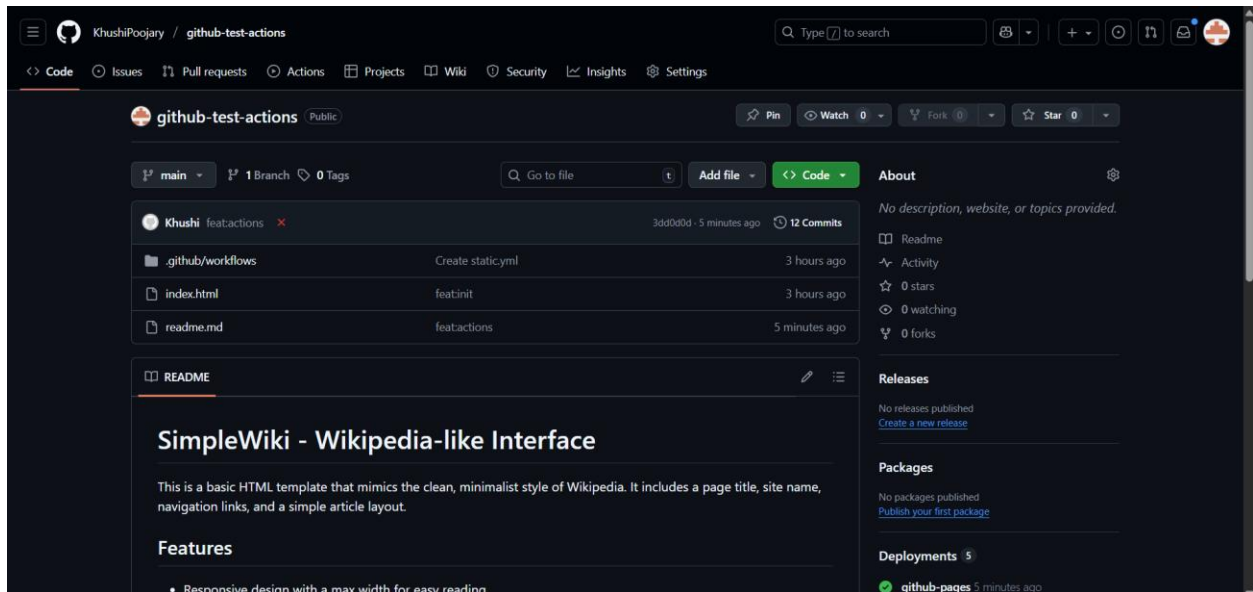
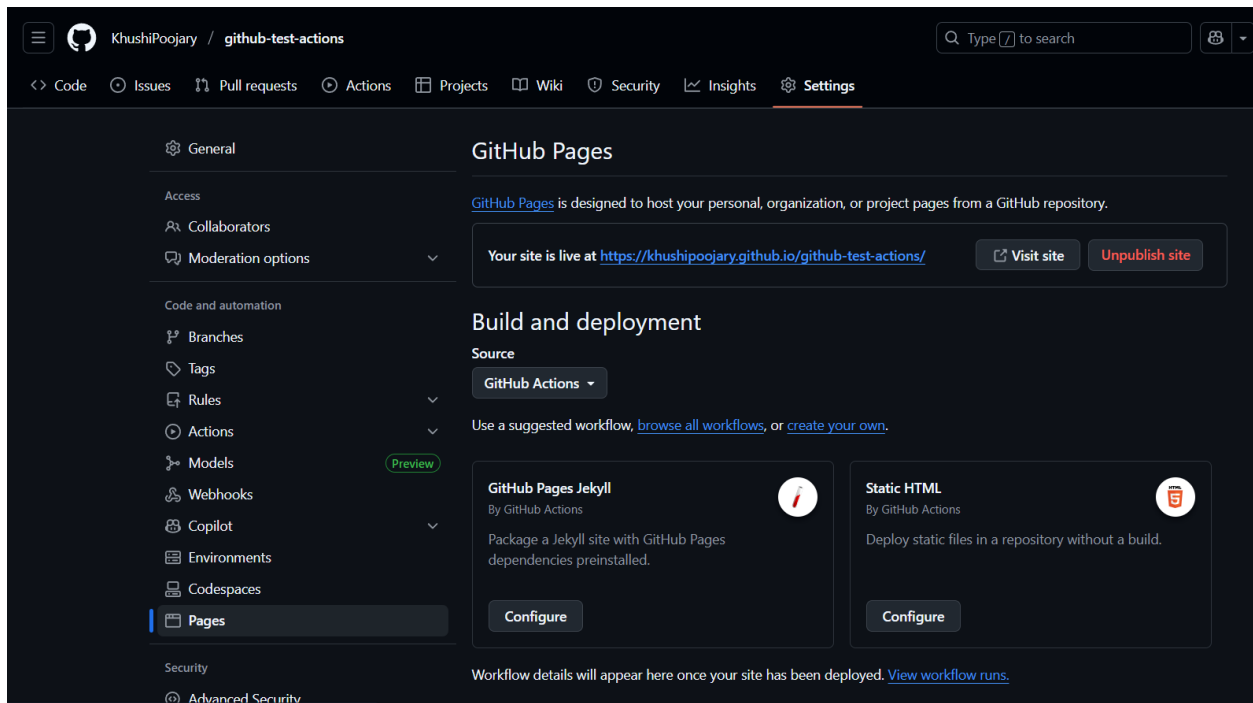
The key learnings were:

- How to structure workflows in YAML.
- How pipelines are triggered automatically on every code change.
- The advantages of automation in reducing errors and saving time.
- The differences between mainstream tools like Jenkins and alternative tools like GitHub Actions.

This case study proved that GitHub Actions is a practical and efficient alternative CI/CD tool in the DevOps lifecycle, especially for projects hosted on GitHub.

Screenshots:





# SimpleWiki

*Your free encyclopedia*

---

[Main Page](#) [Contents](#) [Random Article](#) [About](#)

## Example Article Title

This is a simple example of a Wikipedia-like article interface. It features a clean layout, blue links, and a serif font.

We can make other changes