

CODE

Lex file

```
%{  
    #include<stdio.h>  
    #include<string.h>  
    #include<stdlib.h>  
    #include "ifelse.tab.h"  
%}  
  
st [a-zA-Z0-9]*  
%%  
  
if return IF;  
else return ELSE;  
{st} return STATEMENT;  
[<,>,<=,>=,==,!=] return RELOP;  
[(,),{,},;] return yytext[0];  
[\t] ;  
[\n] return NL;  
.  
yyerror();  
%%  
  
int yywrap(){  
    return 1;  
}
```

Yacc file

```
%{  
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
#include<string.h>  
  
int yylex();  
extern char* yytext;  
int yyerror();
```

```

int flag = 0;
extern FILE* yyin;
%}
%token IF ELSE STATEMENT CONDITION RELOP NL
%%
E: S E
| S {
    return 0;
};
S: B
| B ELSE{'NL S NL'}
| A
;
B: IF('(' C ')'){'NL S NL'}
;
C: STATEMENT RELOP STATEMENT
;
A: STATEMENT';'
;
%%
//driver code
void main()
{
    FILE* f1 = fopen("try.txt", "r");
    if(f1==NULL){
        printf("Error while opening file\n");
        exit(0);
    }
    yyin = f1;
    yyparse();
    if(flag==0)
        printf("\nEntered syntax is Valid\n\n");
}

```

```
}
```

```
int yyerror()
```

```
{
```

```
printf("\nEntered syntax is Invalid %s\n\n", yytext);
```

```
flag = 1;
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

INPUT FILE - try.txt

```
if(c<d){
```

```
stmt;
```

```
}
```

```
else{
```

```
stmt;
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT

```
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> bison -d ifelse.y
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> flex ifelse.l
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> gcc ifelse.tab.c lex.yy.c
ifelse.l: In function 'yylex':
ifelse.l:16:1: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror';
   16 | . yyerror();
      | ^~~~~~
      | perror
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> ./a

Entered syntax is Valid
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> █
```

CODE

Lex file

```
%{
#include "ast2.tab.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int LineNo=1;
}%

identifier [a-zA-Z][_a-zA-Z]*
number [0-9]+

%%

{identifier} {return VARIABLE;}
{number} {return NUM;}

"=" {return ASSIGNOP;}
"+" {return ADD;}
"*" {return MUL;}
"-" {return SUB;}
"/" {return DIV;}

\t ;
\n LineNo++;
. yytext[0];

%%

int yywrap(void){
    return 1;
}
```

Yacc file

 $\% \{$

```

#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int yylex();
extern char* yytext;
int yyerror();
extern FILE *yyin;
struct quad{
    char op[5];
    char arg1[10];
    char arg2[10];
    char result[10];
}QUAD[30];

int Index=0,tIndex=0;

extern int LineNo;

void AddQuadruple(char op[5],char arg1[10],char arg2[10],char
result[10]) {
    // Add code here to add a new quadruple to the QUAD array
    strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,op);
    strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,arg1);
    strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2,arg2);
    sprintf(QUAD[Index].result,"t%d",tIndex++);
    strcpy(result,QUAD[Index++].result);
}
%}
%union
{
    char var[10];
}
%token <var> NUM VARIABLE RELOP ARTHOP ASSIGNOP ADD MUL SUB DIV

```

```
%type <var> START EXPR TERM PRIMARY
```

```
%left '-' '+'
```

```
%left '*' '/'
```

```
%%
```

```
START: PRIMARY ASSIGNOP EXPR {strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,"=");
    strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,$3);
    strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2," ");
    strcpy(QUAD[Index].result,$1);
    strcpy($$,QUAD[Index++].result);
    }
```

```
;
```

```
EXPR: EXPR ADD TERM {AddQuadruple("+",$1,$3,$$);}
| EXPR SUB TERM {AddQuadruple("-",$1,$3,$$);}
| TERM
```

```
;
```

```
TERM: TERM MUL PRIMARY {AddQuadruple("*",$1,$3,$$);}
| TERM DIV PRIMARY {AddQuadruple("/",$1,$3,$$);}
| PRIMARY
```

```
;
```

```
PRIMARY: VARIABLE {strcpy($$, yytext);}
| NUM {strcpy($$, yytext);}
```

```
;
```

```
%%
```

```
int main(){
    FILE *fp;
    int i;
```

```

fp=fopen("arth.txt","r");
if(!fp){
    printf("\n File not found");
    exit(0);
}
yyin=fp;
yyparse();
printf("\n\n\t\t -----""\n\t\t Pos Operator
\tArg1 \tArg2 \tResult" "\n\t\t-----");
for(i=0;i<Index;i++){
    printf("\n\t\t %d\t %s\t %s\t
%s\t%s",i,QUAD[i].op,QUAD[i].arg1,QUAD[i].arg2,QUAD[i].result);
}
printf("\n\t\t -----");
printf("\n\n");
return 0;
}

int yyerror(){
    printf("\n Error on line no:%d %s",LineNo, yytext);
}

```

INPUT FILE - arth.txt

X=b+c-d*e+1

OUTPUT

```

PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> bison -d ast2.y
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> flex ast2.l
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> gcc ast2.tab.c lex.yy.c
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> ./a

```

	Pos	Operator	Arg1	Arg2	Result
0	+	b	c	t0	
1	*	d	e	t1	
2	-	t0	t1	t2	
3	+	t2	1	t3	
4	=	t3		X	

```

PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C>

```

CODE

```
//shift-reduce parser
//The chosen grammar is
//(1)E' → E
//(2)E → aEa
//(3)E → b
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>

int i, c, flag=1,k=0;
char a[16], stk[15];
char symbols[] = {'a', 'b', '$', 'E'};

struct parsing_table{
    char action[10];
    int state;
};

struct parsing_table table[10][10];

//function to find the index of the character
int findindex(char c){
    for(int i=0;i<4;i++){
        if(c == symbols[i]){
            return i;
        }
    }
    return -1;
}

//function for goto
```



```

void gotofunc(){
    int table_y = findindex(stk[k]);
    int table_x = stk[k-1] - '0';
    if(strcmp(table[table_x][table_y].action, "goto") == 0){
        stk[++k] = table[table_x][table_y].state + '0';
    }
    else{
        printf("Error in function!");
        exit(0);
    }
}

```

//function to determine what action to perform

```

void take_action(int index){
    printf("\n%s\t\t%s\t\t", stk, a);
    int table_y = findindex(a[index]);
    int table_x = stk[k] - '0';
    if(strcmp(table[table_x][table_y].action, "accept") == 0){
        printf("Accept");
        flag = 1;
        return;
    }
    else if(strcmp(table[table_x][table_y].action, "shift") == 0){
        stk[++k] = a[index];
        stk[++k] = table[table_x][table_y].state + '0';
        a[index] = ' ';
        printf("Shift to state %d", table[table_x][table_y].state);
    }
    else if(strcmp(table[table_x][table_y].action, "reduce") == 0){
        if(table[table_x][table_y].state == 2){
            for(int l=0;l<5;l++){
                stk[k] = ' ';
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        k--;
    }
    stk[k] = 'E';
    printf("REDUCE E --> aEa\n");
    gotofunc();
    take_action(index);
}
else if(table[table_x][table_y].state == 3){
    stk[k]=' ';
    k = k-1;
    stk[k] = 'E';
    printf("REDUCE E --> b\n");
    gotofunc();
    take_action(index);
}
}
else{
    printf("ERROR!\n");
    flag = 0;
    return;
}
}

```

```

int main()
{
    char* in_str;
    printf("GRAMMAR is -\nE->aEa \nE->b\n");
    //      (0)      (1)      (2)      (3)
    //      a        b        $      |      E
    //0      s2      s3              |      1
    //1              ac          |
    //2      s2      s3              |      4

```

```

//3      r3              r3  |
//4      s5              |
//5      r2              r2  |
//Initialize parsing table with values
strcpy(table[0][0].action, "shift");
table[0][0].state = 2;
strcpy(table[0][1].action, "shift");
table[0][1].state = 3;
strcpy(table[0][3].action, "goto");
table[0][3].state = 1;
strcpy(table[1][2].action, "accept");
table[1][2].state = 0;
strcpy(table[2][0].action, "shift");
table[2][0].state = 2;
strcpy(table[2][1].action, "shift");
table[2][1].state = 3;
strcpy(table[2][3].action, "goto");
table[2][3].state = 4;
strcpy(table[3][0].action, "reduce");
table[3][0].state = 3;
strcpy(table[3][2].action, "reduce");
table[3][2].state = 3;
strcpy(table[4][0].action, "shift");
table[4][0].state = 5;
strcpy(table[5][0].action, "reduce");
table[5][0].state = 2;
strcpy(table[5][2].action, "reduce");
table[5][2].state = 2;

printf("Enter input string:\t");
scanf("%s", in_str);
strcpy(a, strcat(in_str, "$"));

```

```

c=strlen(a);
stk[k] = '0';
printf("\nstack \t\t input \t\t action");

for(i = 0; i < c; i++){
    // print the values of stack and input
    take_action(i);
    if(flag==0){
        break;
    }
}

// if top of the stack is E(starting symbol), then it will accept the
input
if(flag == 1){
    printf("\nString accepted successfully\n");
}
else{
    printf("\nString rejected\n");
}
}

```

OUTPUT

```

PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> ./a
GRAMMAR is -
E->aEa
E->b
Enter input string:    aabaa

stack      input      action
0          aabaa$      Shift to state 2
0a2        abaa$       Shift to state 2
0a2a2      baa$        Shift to state 3
0a2a2b3    aa$         REDUCE E --> b

0a2a2E4    aa$         Shift to state 5
0a2a2E4a5  a$          REDUCE E --> aEa

0a2E4      a$          Shift to state 5
0a2E4a5    $           REDUCE E --> aEa

0E1        $           Accept
String accepted successfully
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C>

```

CODE

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>

// E=TR
// R=+TR
// R=$
// T=FY
// Y=*FY
// Y=$
// F=(E)
// F=i
int numOfProductions;
char productionSet[10][10];
//function to add a character to result
void addToResultSet(char Result[],char val)
{
    int k;
    for(k=0 ;Result[k]!='\0';k++)
        if(Result[k]==val)
            return;
    Result[k]=val;
    Result[k+1]='\0';
}

//function to find first of a symbol
void FIRST(char* Result,char c)
{
    int i,j,k;
    char subResult[20];
    int foundEpsilon;
    subResult[0]='\0';
```

```

Result[0]='\0';
//If X is terminal, FIRST(X) = {X}.
if(!(isupper(c)))
{
    addToResultSet(Result,c);
    return ;
}
//If X is non terminal
//Read each production
for(i=0;i<numOfProductions;i++)
{
    //Find production with X as LHS
    if(productionSet[i][0]==c)
    {
        //If  $X \rightarrow \epsilon$  is a production, then add  $\epsilon$  to FIRST(X).
        if(productionSet[i][2]=='#')
            addToResultSet(Result,'#');
        //If X is a non-terminal, and  $X \rightarrow Y_1 Y_2 \dots Y_k$ 
        //is a production, then add a to FIRST(X)
        //if for some i, a is in FIRST( $Y_i$ ),
        //and  $\epsilon$  is in all of FIRST( $Y_1$ ), ..., FIRST( $Y_{i-1}$ ).
        else{
            j=2;
            while(productionSet[i][j]!='\0')
            {
                foundEpsilon=0;
                FIRST(subResult,productionSet[i][j]);
                for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
                    addToResultSet(Result,subResult[k]);
                for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
                    if(subResult[k]=='#')
                    {

```

```

        foundEpsilon=1;
        break;
    }
    //No  $\epsilon$  found, no need to check next element
    if(!foundEpsilon)
        break;
    j++;
}
}
}
return ;
}

```

```

//function to find follow of an element
void follow(char* Result,char c){
    int i,j,k;
    char subResult[20];
    int foundEpsilon;
    subResult[0]='\0';
    Result[0]='\0';
    //if start symbol add $ to result set
    if(productionSet[0][0]== c){
        addToResultSet(Result,'$');
    }
    for(i=0;i<numOfProductions;i++){
        j=2;
        //search every symbol in the RHS for a match
        while(productionSet[i][j]!='\0'){
            if(productionSet[i][j]==c){
                int limit = 1;
                //A --> pBqrs, then FOLLOW(B) = FIRST(q)
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        //if FIRST(q) contains epsilon, then add to FOLLOW(B)
FIRST(r)...and so on
        while(productionSet[i][j+limit]!='\0'){
            foundEpsilon=0;
            FIRST(subResult, productionSet[i][j+limit]);
            for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++){
                if(subResult[k] != '#')
                    addToResultSet(Result,subResult[k]);
            else{
                limit++;
                foundEpsilon=1;
            }
        }
        if(foundEpsilon==0)
            break;
    }

    //A --> pB or A --> pBqrs and first of q, r, s contains
epsilon, then add FOLLOW(A) to FOLLOW(B)
    //provided A!=B
    if(productionSet[i][j+limit]=='\0'){
        subResult[0]='\0';
        if(productionSet[i][0] != productionSet[i][j]){
            follow(subResult, productionSet[i][0]);
        }
        for(k=0;subResult[k]!='\0';k++)
            addToResultSet(Result,subResult[k]);
    }
}
j++;
}
}
}

```



```

void main()
{
    int i, k;
    char choice;
    char c;
    char result[20];
    printf("How many number of productions ? :");
    scanf(" %d",&numOfProductions);
    for(i=0;i<numOfProductions;i++)
    {
        printf("Enter productions Number %d : ",i+1);
        scanf(" %s",productionSet[i]);
    }
    do
    {
        printf("\nFIRST or FOLLOW:\n1. FIRST\n2. FOLLOW\n");
        scanf("%d", &k);
        switch(k){
            case 1:
                printf("\nFind the FIRST of  :");
                scanf(" %c",&c);
                FIRST(result,c);
                printf("\nFIRST(%c)= { ",c);
                for(i=0;result[i]!='\0';i++)
                    printf(" %c ",result[i]);
                printf("}\n");
                break;

            case 2:
                printf("\nFind the FOLLOW of  :");
                scanf(" %c",&c);
                follow(result,c);
        }
    } while(choice != 'q');
}

```

```

        printf("\nFOLLOW(%c)= { ",c);
        for(i=0;result[i]!='\0';i++)
            printf(" %c ",result[i]);
        printf("}\n");
        break;
    }
    printf("press 'y' to continue : ");
    scanf(" %c",&choice);
}
while(choice=='y' || choice == 'Y');
}

```

CODE

```

PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> gcc firrtfollow.c
PS C:\Users\user\Desktop\C> ./a
How many number of productions ? :8
Enter productions Number 1 : E=TR
Enter productions Number 2 : R=+TR
Enter productions Number 3 : R=#
Enter productions Number 4 : T=FY
Enter productions Number 5 : Y=*FY
Enter productions Number 6 : Y=#
Enter productions Number 7 : F=(E)
Enter productions Number 8 : F=i

FIRST or FOLLOW:
1. FIRST
2. FOLLOW
1

Find the FIRST of :E

FIRST(E)= { ( i }
press 'y' to continue : y

FIRST or FOLLOW:
1. FIRST
2. FOLLOW
2

Find the FOLLOW of :F

FOLLOW(F)= { * + $ ) }
press 'y' to continue :

```