Roll Number:- 22102B2006

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Github Link:- https://github.com/KhushilBhimani2004/Machine-Learning

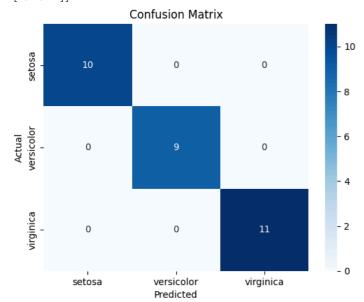
```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
 3 import seaborn as sns
 4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 5 from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
 6 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
7 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, plot_tree
 8 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report, accuracy_score, roc_auc_score, roc_curve, cohen_kappa_score, prec
10 # Load the Iris dataset
11 iris = load_iris()
12 X = iris.data
13 y = iris.target
15 # Split the data into training and testing sets
16 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
18 # Train the Decision Tree classifier using the Gini Index
19 clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini', random_state=42)
20 clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
22 # Predict the target variable on the testing set
23 y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
25 # Evaluate the classifier's performance
26 conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
27 print("Confusion Matrix:\n", conf_matrix)
28
29 # Plot the Confusion Matrix
30 sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=iris.target_names, yticklabels=iris.target_names)
31 plt.xlabel('Predicted')
32 plt.ylabel('Actual')
33 plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
34 plt.show()
35
36 print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
37 accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
38 print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
39
40 # Calculate and interpret the Kappa Statistics
41 kappa = cohen_kappa_score(y_test, y_pred)
42 print(f"Kappa Statistics: {kappa}")
43
44 # Calculate Sensitivity, Specificity, Precision, Recall, and F-measure for each class
45 precision, recall, f1, _ = precision_recall_fscore_support(y_test, y_pred, average=None)
46 sensitivity = recall \# Sensitivity is the same as recall for each class
47 specificity = [conf_matrix[i, i] / sum(conf_matrix[:, i]) for i in range(len(conf_matrix))]
48
49 # Macro average
50 macro_precision = np.mean(precision)
51 macro_recall = np.mean(recall)
52 macro_f1 = np.mean(f1)
53 macro specificity = np.mean(specificity)
55 print(f"Sensitivity (Recall): {sensitivity}")
56 print(f"Specificity: {specificity}")
57 print(f"Precision: {precision}")
58 print(f"F-measure: {f1}")
60 print(f"Macro Precision: {macro_precision}")
61 print(f"Macro Recall: {macro_recall}")
62 print(f"Macro F1: {macro_f1}")
63 print(f"Macro Specificity: {macro_specificity}")
65 # Plot the Decision Tree
66 plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
67 plot_tree(clf, filled=True, feature_names=iris.feature_names, class_names=iris.target_names)
68 plt.show()
69
70 # ROC Curve and AUC
71 y_prob = clf.predict_proba(X_test)
72 roc auc = roc auc score(v test v nroh multi class='ovo')
```

```
Confusion Matrix:

[[10 0 0]

[ 0 9 0]

[ 0 0 11]]
```



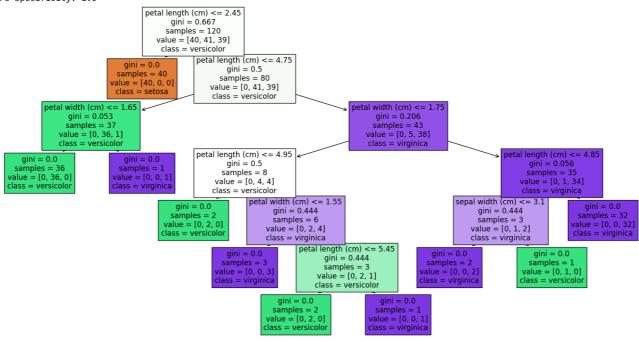
Classification Report: recall f1-score precision support 0 1.00 1.00 1.00 10 1 1.00 1.00 1.00 9 2 1.00 1.00 1.00 11 accuracy 1.00 30 1.00 1.00 1.00 30 macro avg weighted avg 1.00 1.00 1.00 30

Accuracy: 1.0 Kappa Statistics: 1.0

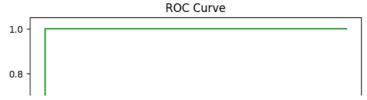
Sensitivity (Recall): [1. 1. 1.] Specificity: [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]

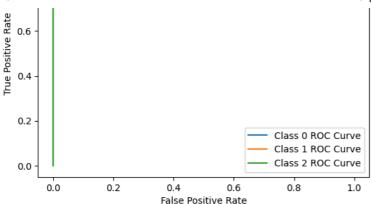
Precision: [1. 1. 1.]
F-measure: [1. 1. 1.]
Macro Precision: 1.0
Macro Recall: 1.0
Macro F1: 1.0

Macro Specificity: 1.0



AUC: 1.0

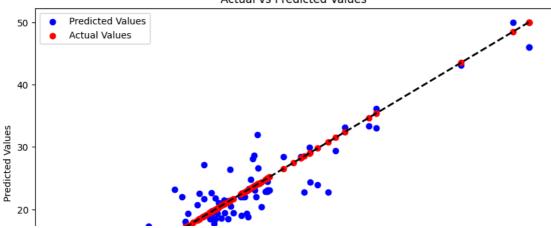




```
1 import pandas as pd
 2 import numpy as np
 3 import seaborn as sns
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 5 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
 6 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
 7 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
9 # Load the Boston Housing dataset
10 url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/selva86/datasets/master/BostonHousing.csv"
11 data = pd.read_csv(url)
12
13 # Split the data into training and testing sets
14 X = data.drop('medv', axis=1)
15 y = data['medv']
16 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
17
18 # Train the Decision Tree regressor using mean squared error
19 reg = DecisionTreeRegressor(criterion='squared_error', random_state=42)
20 reg.fit(X_train, y_train)
21
22 # Predict the target variable on the testing set
23 y_pred = reg.predict(X_test)
24
25 # Evaluate the regressor's performance
26 mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
27 mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
28 r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
29 print(f"MSE: {mse}")
30 print(f"MAE: {mae}")
31 print(f"R-squared: {r2}")
32
33 # Plot actual vs. predicted values with two different colors
34 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
35 plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred, color='blue', label='Predicted Values')
36 plt.scatter(y_test, y_test, color='red', label='Actual Values')
37 plt.plot([y_test.min(), y_test.max()], [y_test.min(), y_test.max()], 'k--', lw=2)
38 plt.xlabel('Actual Values')
39 plt.ylabel('Predicted Values')
40 plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Values')
41 plt.legend()
42 plt.show()
43
```

MSE: 10.416078431372549
MAE: 2.394117647058824
R-squared: 0.8579634380978161

Actual vs Predicted Values



```
1 # Compare the performance of the Decision Tree models using the different metrics
 2 print("Classification Task:")
 3 print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
 4 print(f"Kappa: {kappa}")
 5 print(f"Sensitivity: {sensitivity}")
 6 print(f"Specificity: {specificity}")
 7 print(f"Precision: {precision}")
 8 print(f"F-measure: {f1}")
 9 print(f"AUC: {roc_auc}")
10
11 print("\nRegression Task:")
12 print(f"MSE: {mse}")
13 print(f"MAE: {mae}")
14 print(f"R-squared: {r2}")
15
16 # Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the models based on the evaluation results
17 # Provide insights and recommendations for improving model performance
18
₹
    Classification Task:
     Accuracy: 1.0
     Kappa: 1.0
     Sensitivity: [1. 1. 1.]
    Specificity: [1.0, 1.0, 1.0]
Precision: [1. 1. 1.]
F-measure: [1. 1. 1.]
     AUC: 1.0
     Regression Task:
     MSE: 10.416078431372549
     MAE: 2.394117647058824
     R-squared: 0.8579634380978161
```