

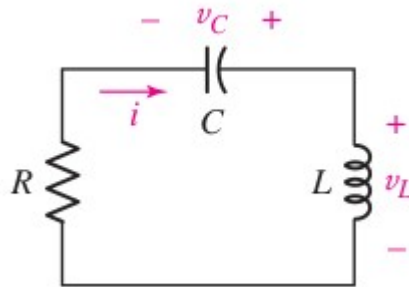
NeSS

Tutorial 7

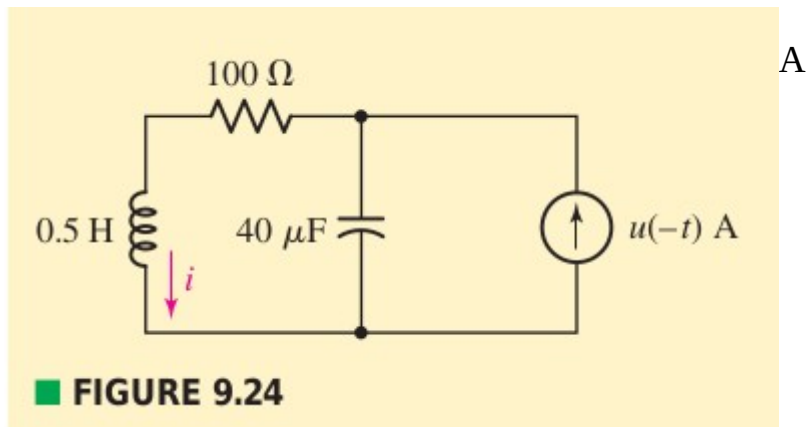
RLC circuits

Source free series RLC circuit (Natural response analysis)

Q1. Given below, the series RLC circuit in which $L = 1 \text{ H}$, $R = 2 \text{ kohms}$, $C = 1/401 \text{ } \mu\text{F}$, $i(0) = 2 \text{ mA}$, and $v_C(0) = 2 \text{ V}$, find and sketch $i(t)$, $t > 0$.



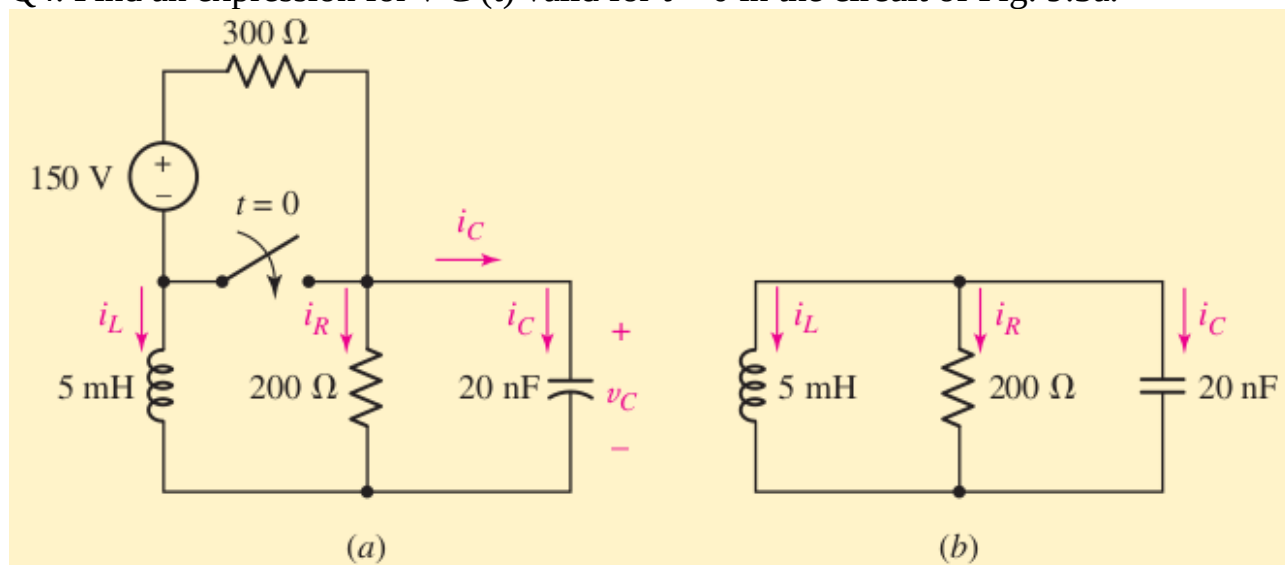
Q2. With reference to the circuit shown in Fig. 9.24, find (a) α ; (b) ω_0 ; (c) $i(0^+)$; (d) $di/dt|_{t=0^+}$; (e) $i(12 \text{ ms})$.



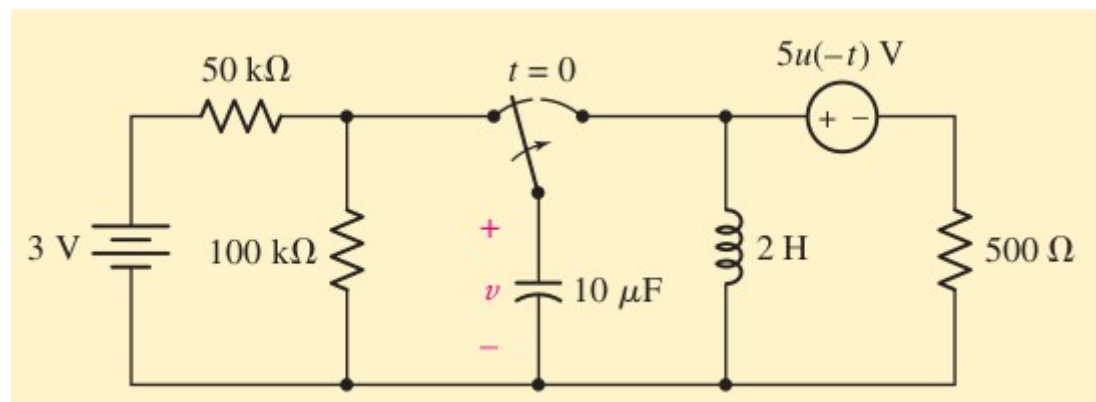
Parallel Source free RLC circuit

Q3. Consider a parallel RLC circuit having an inductance of 10 mH and a capacitance of $100 \text{ } \mu\text{F}$. Determine the resistor values that would lead to overdamped and underdamped responses.

Q4. Find an expression for $v_C(t)$ valid for $t > 0$ in the circuit of Fig. 9.3a.



Q5. The switch in the circuit of Fig. 9.19 has been in the left position for a long time; it is moved to the right at $t = 0$. Find (a) dv/dt at $t = 0^+$; (b) v at $t = 1$ ms; (c) t_0 , the first value of t greater than zero at which $v = 0$.



Forced response of RLC circuit for DC input

Q6. Let $v_s = 10 + 20u(t)$ V in the circuit of Fig. 9.33. Find (a) $i_L(0)$; (b) $v_C(0)$; (c) $i_L(\infty)$; (d) $i_L(0.1)$ s).

