DBMS Query

- 1. Write SQL queries using integrity constraints to create tables for a database.
- 2. Write SQL queries to insert values into tables in the university database.
- 3. Write SQL queries using delete, drop table, alter table command.
- 4. Write a query searching for an attribute.
- 5. Write queries by implementing the DISTINCT and ALL keywords.
- 6. Write queries using arithmetic, logical, and relational operators.
- 7. Write queries using renaming (AS clause) operation.
- 8. Write queries using BETWEEN keyword and comparison operations.
- 9. Write queries using aggregate functions (AVG, MAX, MIN, SUM, COUNT).
- 10. Write subqueries for fetching specific data and show the usages of SOME and ALL clauses before the subqueries.
- 11. Write queries using string operations, attribute specification, and ORDER BY clause.
- 12. Write queries using set operations (UNION, INTERSECT, etc.).
- 13. Write queries using set membership, set comparison, and testing for empty relationships.
- 14. Write queries on multiple relations and the use of NATURAL JOIN keyword.
- 15. Write queries using different types of joins (INNER JOIN, LEFT JOIN, RIGHT JOIN).
- 16. Write SQL queries to create and manipulate views for displaying student details with their respective course names and grades.
- 17. Write SQL queries to create a trigger that automatically updates the budget of a department in the department table whenever an instructor's salary is updated in the instructor table.
- 18. Write SQL queries to create an index on the room_number column of the classroom table to speed up searches for classrooms based on their room numbers. Additionally, demonstrate how to drop this index if it is no longer needed.