1.

a:

## Elements:

- Gcd(1,21) = 1
- Gcd(2,21) = 1
- Gcd(3,21) = 3
- Gcd(4,21) = 1
- Gcd(5,21) = 1
- Gcd(6,21) = 3
- Gcd(7,21) = 7
- Gcd(8,21) = 1
- Gcd(9,21) = 9
- Gcd(10,21) = 1
- Gcd(11,21) = 1
- Gcd(12,21) = 3
- Gcd(13,21) = 1
- GCG(15,21) 1
- Gcd(14,21) = 7
- Gcd(15,21) = 3
- Gcd(16,21) = 1
- Gcd(17,21) = 1
- Gcd(18,21) = 3
- Gcd(19,21) = 1
- Gcd(20,21) = 1

 $\Phi(21) = 12$ 

b:

127 is een priemgetal, er zijn dus geen getallen behalve 1 die 127 delen, hierdoor is 127 copriem met alle getallen onder 127.

 $\Phi(127) = 126$ 

c:

De priemfactorisatie van 125 =

**5**<sup>3</sup>

Alle getallen onder 125 die deelbaar zijn door 5 zitten niet in de set  $Z_{125}^*$ . De rest van de getallen wel, de getallen:

5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100, 105, 110, 115, 120 zitten niet in de set.

Dit zijn 24 getallen dus:

$$\Phi(125) = 124 - 24 = 100$$

d:

De priemfactorisatie van 1651:

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13<sup>1</sup> * 127<sup>1</sup>
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Alle getallen deelbaar door 13 of 127 zitten niet in  $Z_{1651}^*$ .

$$\Phi(13) = 13 - 1 = 12$$
.

$$\Phi(127) = 127 - 1 = 126$$
.

$$\Phi(1651) = \Phi(13 * 127) = \Phi(13) * \Phi(127) = 12 * 126 = 1512$$

2.

a:

7 <sup>1202</sup> mod 41	= (7 <sup>001</sup> mod 41 * 7 <sup>001</sup> mod 41) mod 41	= 8
7 <sup>601</sup> mod 41	= (7 <sup>300</sup> mod 41 * 7 <sup>300</sup> mod 41 * 7) mod 41	= 7
7 <sup>300</sup> mod 41	= (7 <sup>150</sup> mod 41 * 7 <sup>150</sup> mod 41) mod 41	= 40
7 <sup>150</sup> mod 41	= (7 <sup>75</sup> mod 41 * 7 <sup>71</sup> mod 41) mod 41	= 32

$$7^{75} \mod 41 = (7^{37} \mod 41 * 7^{37} \mod 41 * 7) \mod 41 = 27$$

$$7^{37} \mod 41 = (7^{18} \mod 41 * 7^{18} \mod 41 * 7) \mod 41 = 11$$

$$7^{18} \mod 41 = (7^9 \mod 41 * 7^9 \mod 41) \mod 41 = 5$$

$$7^9 \mod 41 = (7^4 \mod 41 * 7^4 \mod 41 * 7) \mod 41 = 13$$

$$7^4 \mod 41 = (7^2 \mod 41 * 7^2 \mod 41) \mod 41 = 23$$

$$7^2 \mod 41 = (7 \mod 41 * 7 \mod 41) \mod 41 = 8$$

b:

9<sup>1202</sup> mod 23

 $X \equiv Y \mod \varphi(23)$ 

$$X = 1202$$

$$\Phi(23) = 23 - 1 = 22$$

1202 = Y mod 22

Y = 14

Dus  $9^{1202} = 9^{14} \mod 23$ 

$$9^{14} \mod 23$$
 =  $(9^7 \mod 23 * 9^7 \mod 23) \mod 23$  =  $16$   
 $9^7 \mod 23$  =  $(9^6 \mod 23 * 9) \mod 23$  =  $4$   
 $9^6 \mod 23$  =  $(9^3 \mod 23 * 9) \mod 23$  =  $16$   
 $9^2 \mod 23$  =  $(9^2 \mod 23 * 9) \mod 23$  =  $16$   
 $9^2 \mod 23$  =  $(9 \mod 23 * 9) \mod 23$  =  $12$ 

Inverse van 2 mod 13:

2<sup>-1</sup> mod 13

We hebben een X nodig zodat:

2 \* X mod 13 = 1

Dus:

-6 mod 13 is de inverse van 2 mod 13

3.

a:

$$n = p * q$$

$$\phi(247) = \phi(19 * 13) = \phi(19) * \phi(13) = (19 - 1) * (13 - 1) = 216$$

b:

$$e * d + k * (p-1)(q-1) = 1$$

$$6 = 216 - 30 * 7$$

$$1 = 7 - 1 * 6$$

$$1 = 7 - (216 - 30 * 7)$$

$$1 = 7 - 216 + 30 * 7$$

$$d = 31$$

c:

$$m = 20$$

$$c = m^e \mod n = 20^7 \mod 247 = 58$$

d:

$$m = c^d \mod n = 58^{31} \mod 247 = 20$$

e:

?

f:

m = 2

 $s = m^d \mod n = 2^{31} \mod 247 = 193$