Sermon Notes 2024

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Foreword

Herein contains my summary of the sermons for 2024. These sermons notes are mostly typed out during the sermon as the pastor preaches. Sometimes I will add in some of my own clarifications/notes/thoughts to the points given by the pastors, hence one can safely assume that any theological errors found herein are to be attributed to me, not the pastors.

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7th January 2024: I have had enough

Text: Isaiah 1:11-20

[11] "What to me is the multitude of your sacrifices? says the LORD; I have had enough of burnt offerings of rams and the fat of well-fed beasts; I do not delight in the blood of bulls, or of lambs, or of goats.

[12] "When you come to appear before me, who has required of you this trampling of my courts? [13] Bring no more vain offerings; incense is an abomination to me. New moon and Sabbath and the calling of convocations— I cannot endure iniquity and solemn assembly. [14] Your new moons and your appointed feasts my soul hates; they have become a burden to me; I am weary of bearing them. [15] When you spread out your hands, I will hide my eyes from you; even though you make many prayers, I will not listen; your hands are full of blood. [16] Wash yourselves; make yourselves clean; remove the evil of your deeds from before my eyes; cease to do evil, [17] learn to do good; seek justice, correct oppression; bring justice to the fatherless, plead the widow's cause.

[18] "Come now, let us reason together, says the LORD: though your sins are like scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; though they are red like crimson, they shall become like wool. [19] If you are willing and obedient, you shall eat the good of the land; [20] but if you refuse and rebel, you shall be eaten by the sword; for the mouth of the LORD has spoken."

- In our text, we see that Judah's offerings in Isaiah's time are prim and proper. They offer up all the required offerings in the ceremonial law, and they offer them abundantly.
- But somehow, God is rejecting all of their worship. See v11-15. why?
- This is because Judah, though they appear prim and proper in their worship, they are actually rebellious and rotten. There is much evil, oppression, and failure to care for the marginalised.
- This shows us that to God, obedience is more important than sacrifice. And obedience must be whole. It is pointless to obey all the ceremonial laws but ignore all of the laws to fight oppression in the land. What Judah was doing was trying to seek a Holy and Just God through their sacrifices even though their hands are full of sin.
- This is why God tells them to repent of their sin first (v16-20). If they repent, they'll be forgiven, but if they don't repent, they will die by the sword. And this is what happened to Judah.
- First sunday of the year is always a sermon about worship. This makes sense because there are 51 more sundays in a year where we come to worship. Thus, from our text, we should find out what makes our worship acceptable to God.
- Firstly, the form of worship is important. A worship service has to be liturgical and participative (liturgy means works of the people). That is, during Sunday worship, we are not just there to have an experience, but we are there to render our works to God. In the past, in time, it would be to bring their burnt offerings to God. And it would be to listen intently to the teaching of the Levites. In our time, we are to participate in the service by singing to each other, to listen intently to the Spirit of God speaking to us through the pastor's message and the songs. In our form of worship, we must also give of our best. To Judah's credit, she did give of her best here, by bringing fat animals to sacrifice to God. We can learn this from the

- ancient Israelites. Do we come for sunday service in a sleep deprived state? For example. Or do we come fully energetic and ready to worship God.
- But apart from the form of worship, what is more important is the quality of our lives (quality as in from God's POV, ie our obedience). We must not be just "sunday Christians", because that would be religious hypocrisy just like Judah here. As James says, it should not be that the same mouth come blessings to God and curses to man. How can we say that love God when we do so much evil to others? Because loving God and loving our neighbour cannot be separated. Our whole lives is to be offered as a worship to God, that is the more important worship.
- But its not that we should stay away from church unless we're perfect. [KH: (My analogy: we can think of church as a alcohol rehabilitation centre. A person who is happily addicted to drunkenness and thinks alcohol the best thing ever right, no point going to a alcohol rehabilitation centre. That is hypocrisy. But the alcohol rehabiliation centre is open to people who want to quit alcohol but who struggle with quitting and who perhaps even from time to time take a bit of alcohol out of the weakness of their flesh.) The key is repentance and a desire for obedience. When we have those, and we come to church, God will honour our desire for obedience and cause us to obey Him through His Holy Spirit working in us when we come to church to worship.]
- Form of worship and obedience is important, but we cannot use it to manipulate God. It is not that when we serve God in church, then we expect God will bless us. [KH: True love of God obeys God not because of the gifts that God gives, but because of gratitude for God's acts of creating us, redeeming us, and providing for us which reflect His glory and beauty, which makes him worthy of worship just because He is God.]
- Here, we have a call to repentance. Repentance is key, and repentance is the reason why we gather for public worship. See Hebrews 10: 19-25. Through Jesus' work, His sacrifice has cleansed us for all time, and His blood perfects all our imperfect (because of sin) service to God. As long as we believe in Jesus and repent, when we gather together, His Holy Spirit works through the service to transform us even as we offer up our voices in worship of God.

14th January 2024: Do I have to attend to him

Text: Luke 10:25-37

[25] And behold, a lawyer stood up to put him to the test, saying, "Teacher, what shall I do to inherit eternal life?" [26] He said to him, "What is written in the Law? How do you read it?" [27] And he answered, "You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your strength and with all your mind, and your neighbor as yourself." [28] And he said to him, "You have answered correctly; do this, and you will live."

[29] But he, desiring to justify himself, said to Jesus, "And who is my neighbor?" [30] Jesus replied, "A man was going down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and he fell among robbers, who stripped him and beat him and departed, leaving him half dead. [31] Now by chance a priest was going down that road, and when he saw him he passed by on the other side. [32] So likewise a Levite, when he came to the place and saw him, passed by on the other side. [33] But a Samaritan, as he journeyed, came to where he was, and when he saw him, he had compassion. [34] He went to him and bound up his wounds, pouring on oil and wine. Then he set him on his own animal and brought him to an inn and took care of him. [35] And the next day he took out two denarii and gave them to the innkeeper, saying, 'Take care of him, and whatever more you spend, I will repay you when I come back.' [36] Which of these three, do you think, proved to be a neighbor to the man who fell among the robbers?" [37] He said, "The one who showed him mercy." And Jesus said to him, "You go, and do likewise."

- This is the second sermon on a series of sermons on the "call of Christ's church". Last sunday, the topic was on worship.
- This sunday, the topic is on community. There is no such thing as a lone Christian. We are all parts of the same body with Christ as our head. We are all living stones of the new temple of God, of which Christ is the cornerstone. We are all children of God in God's family. From all these analogies, we see that community is key in the Christian life.
- As a church, just as how Christ is the revelation of God to the world, we are the revelation of Christ to the world. We are the light of the world, just as how Christ is the light of the world.
- For today, instead of looking at texts that specifically talk about community, we will look at the parable of the good samaritan. The idea is that if all of us act like the good samaritan to others but especially to the church community, the church community will be a healthy one.
- Three 'S' for today.
 - 1. Situation
 - 2. Story
 - 3. Significance
- First, the situation at hand. The "lawyer" in our text refers to someone who is trained in the OT law. Here, he wanted to put Jesus to the test. He asked Jesus: "what shall I do to inherit eternal life". We will come back to this question at the end of the sermon. To answer him, Jesus charateristically asked the lawyer back a question, "what is written in the law". The lawyer then quoted two portions from the Law, the "Shema" (Deuteronomy 6:4-17) and Leviticus

- 19:18. As Jesus has said himself, these two commandments (to love God and loving one's neighbour) summarise all of the 10 commandments.
- Since the lawyer was on the right track, Jesus then told him to "do it". Now, the lawyer was probably feeling quite embarrassed; he wanted to test Jesus, but he ended up answering his own question! He probably knew that it was impossible to keep these two commandments perfectly, and perhaps in a bid to narrow the scope of "neighbour", and also to continue testing Jesus, he asked Jesus: "who is my neighbour". In those times, Jews probably only considered other Jews as neighbours.
- Next, the story that Jesus gave. We have four characters in the story. We have an injured man, a priest, and a levite, and a samaritan. Why did the priest and levite not help? They were definitely not rushing for time, since they were coming down from Jerusalem (which means they have already done their job). Was it because they thought that the injured man was dead, that's why they didn't want to be defiled? Or were they afraid of their own safety?
- On the other hand, a compassionate Samaritan was the one who helped the injured man. This story could have blown the lawyer's mind. Jesus could have told the story with a Jewish helper, and a Samaritan victim. This would already be big brain, because Jews were generally antipathic to Samaritans and hence a Samaritan would be the last person that the Jews would consider as neighbours. But Jesus' story is even more big brain, with a Jewish victim and a Samaritan helper. Just as how Jews disliked Samaritans, the Samaritans also disliked the Jews. But this Samaritan gave so much of his money, time, etc to the Jew without expecting anything in return.
- The significance of the story is this; the lawyer's question is wrong to begin with! He asked "who is my neighbour?", whereas the correct question that Jesus wanted the lawyer to think about was: "am I a good neighbour?". If we were good neighbours, then to us, all people would be neighbours. All people, including people from different ethnic groups, different socioeconomic classes, even people who dislike us and hate us. As Jesus said, "blessed are the merciful", and we are to be merciful to all people around us. If we fail to show mercy to the people around us, then maybe we don't understand the mercy that God has given us. Or maybe we think that we are incapable of helping because of our schedule etc. But that line of thought forgets that it is God who empowers us to be merciful in the first place, and thus we can always look to God for strength to self-sacrifice. And as Paul says in Galatians 6:10, "so then, as we have opportunity, let us do good to everyone, and especially to those who are of the household of faith".
- In Church, we like the *idea* of loving one another, but actually loving one another is difficult and requires self sacrifice. The world says: "birds of the same feather flock together". But the church can definitely do better than that! As per the vision in Revelation where we have all tribes and tongues worshipping God, let's aim to have "birds of a different feather flocking together".
- And we must also realise that Jesus is the ultimate good Samaritan. We are those who are beaten and left half dead on the road. And Jesus, instead of giving us oil and clothing for us, gave us His blood. Jesus has loved us and shown us compassion and mercy, and as recipients of Jesus mercy and grace, we must "go and do likewise", love others as Jesus has loved us!

21st January 2024: Can I leave them alone?

Text: Romans 10:9-17

[9] because, if you confess with your mouth that Jesus is Lord and believe in your heart that God raised him from the dead, you will be saved. [10] For with the heart one believes and is justified, and with the mouth one confesses and is saved. [11] For the Scripture says, "Everyone who believes in him will not be put to shame." [12] For there is no distinction between Jew and Greek; for the same Lord is Lord of all, bestowing his riches on all who call on him. [13] For "everyone who calls on the name of the Lord will be saved."

[14] How then will they call on him in whom they have not believed? And how are they to believe in him of whom they have never heard? And how are they to hear without someone preaching? [15] And how are they to preach unless they are sent? As it is written, "How beautiful are the feet of those who preach the good news!" [16] But they have not all obeyed the gospel. For Isaiah says, "Lord, who has believed what he has heard from us?" [17] So faith comes from hearing, and hearing through the word of Christ.

- Some people overly idolise certain preachers and evangelists. But based on today's text, we see that evangelism is a work of everyone, not just for certain "gifted preachers".
- Today is the third of a series of three sermons on the calling of Christ's church. The topics in the sermon series are:
 - 1. Worship (not just on Sunday, but with our whole lives). If we worship a holy God on Sunday, then shouldn't our lives be holy for the rest of the week? Of course we will fail from time to time, but God's forgiveness is freely given. And when we respond to God's freely-given forgiveness in repentance, we will grow in holiness through the Spirit, and our lives will be slowly transformed.
 - 2. To be a good neighbour to all around us, and especially to those in the church. We do this following Jesus' pattern, where He showed self-sacrificial love to us even though we were undeserving. And if all of us in church can do this, then we will be a loving and embracing community.
 - 3. **Engage the community, evangelise the lost**. This is our topic for today! We should desire to see people being freed from the condemnation, power of sin and death, and being gifted the gift of eternal life.
- In our text today, from v13-15, Paul works backwards from the statement: "For everyone who calls upon the name of the Lord will be saved". Paul says that in v13, then in v14-15, he explains the steps that must be taken for this to happen through a series of rhetorical questions.
- First, for people to call upon the name of the Lord, there must be other people who were **sent** to go to them. And who are the people who were sent? It is all of us! See the great commission as well as in John 20:21-22. We are all sent forth by Jesus to continue Jesus' work of spreading the message of the kingdom of God. And we can do this through the power of the Holy Spirit. And as Paul says in v15, "how beautiful are the feet of those who preach the good news", quoting Isaiah 52. In the OT, it was the good news of being delivered from

Babylonian captivity. But in the NT, the good news is better cause the deliverance is better; we are delivered from the power and guilt of sin!

- "Everyone who calls upon the name of the Lord will be saved". This ties in with the idea that everyone is our neighbour. Just as we should not make distinctions when we do good works, we should also not make any distinctions when we do the ultimate good work of sharing the gospel with the people around us. Everyone needs to hear the gospel. Of course good works are important (see the example of the good Samaritan), and we should do them, but we should also pray for opportunities to speak the gospel when we do good works. And these opportunities will come when we are consistent with engaging our neighbours and doing good works to our neighbours. We just have to pray for these opportunities and pray for courage/obedience to take those opportunities!
- Secondly, for people to call upon the name of the Lord, they must hear the word that is preached. Though we are sent by God to preach, and when do we preach the gospel, not everyone will hear us with open ears. In a sense, this was Jesus' experience as well as the experience of the OT prophets. So we can be encouraged that when people don't fully hear the word that we speak, we are just following in Jesus' footsteps. Of course, we should make it such that our religious hypocrisy is not the reason why they are turned away.
- Thirdly, for people to call upon the name of the Lord, they must believe the word that is preached, and they must confess outwardly that Jesus is Lord. They must believe that God raised Jesus from the dead, and they must thus believe that Jesus (who is Lord) died for us.
- The above is the whole process through which someone can be lead to salvation. But as can be seen, the process begins with people who are sent! And continues when those who are sent are faithful to their calling. A church without evangelism is a contradiction, much like a fire without heat. If the church were to be zealous in their love for God and for neighbour, this love should infect those around us. We must be faithful to the great commission! We are called to be "fishers of men", not "fishes in an aquarium". The latter situation somewhat describes the case when growth in church membership is mostly due to church transfers... and when all the pastors in the country are just taking care of the same fish, and the church members just look pretty and are inactive.
- If we as a community can grow in all three points: worship, loving our neighbour, and evangelism, then we would have lived up to the call that Christ gives to His church.

28th January 2024: Will I still worship God

Text: Job 1:2-10

[1] There was a man in the land of Uz whose name was Job, and that man was blameless and upright, one who feared God and turned away from evil. [2] There were born to him seven sons and three daughters. [3] He possessed 7,000 sheep, 3,000 camels, 500 yoke of oxen, and 500 female donkeys, and very many servants, so that this man was the greatest of all the people of the east. [4] His sons used to go and hold a feast in the house of each one on his day, and they would send and invite their three sisters to eat and drink with them. [5] And when the days of the feast had run their course, Job would send and consecrate them, and he would rise early in the morning and offer burnt offerings according to the number of them all. For Job said, "It may be that my children have sinned, and cursed God in their hearts." Thus Job did continually.

[6] Now there was a day when the sons of God came to present themselves before the LORD, and Satan also came among them. [7] The LORD said to Satan, "From where have you come?" Satan answered the LORD and said, "From going to and fro on the earth, and from walking up and down on it." [8] And the LORD said to Satan, "Have you considered my servant Job, that there is none like him on the earth, a blameless and upright man, who fears God and turns away from evil?" [9] Then Satan answered the LORD and said, "Does Job fear God for no reason? [10] Have you not put a hedge around him and his house and all that he has, on every side? You have blessed the work of his hands, and his possessions have increased in the land. [11] But stretch out your hand and touch all that he has, and he will curse you to your face." [12] And the LORD said to Satan, "Behold, all that he has is in your hand. Only against him do not stretch out your hand." So Satan went out from the presence of the LORD.

[13] Now there was a day when his sons and daughters were eating and drinking wine in their oldest brother's house, [14] and there came a messenger to Job and said, "The oxen were plowing and the donkeys feeding beside them, [15] and the Sabeans fell upon them and took them and struck down the servants with the edge of the sword, and I alone have escaped to tell you." [16] While he was yet speaking, there came another and said, "The fire of God fell from heaven and burned up the sheep and the servants and consumed them, and I alone have escaped to tell you." [17] While he was yet speaking, there came another and said, "The Chaldeans formed three groups and made a raid on the camels and took them and struck down the servants with the edge of the sword, and I alone have escaped to tell you." [18] While he was yet speaking, there came another and said, "Your sons and daughters were eating and drinking wine in their oldest brother's house, [19] and behold, a great wind came across the wilderness and struck the four corners of the house, and it fell upon the young people, and they are dead, and I alone have escaped to tell you."

[20] Then Job arose and tore his robe and shaved his head and fell on the ground and worshiped. [21] And he said, "Naked I came from my mother's womb, and naked shall I return. The LORD gave, and the LORD has taken away; blessed be the name of the LORD."

[22] In all this Job did not sin or charge God with wrong.

[1] Again there was a day when the sons of God came to present themselves before the LORD, and Satan also came among them to present himself before the LORD. [2] And the LORD said to Satan, "From where have you come?" Satan answered the LORD and

said, "From going to and fro on the earth, and from walking up and down on it." [3] And the LORD said to Satan, "Have you considered my servant Job, that there is none like him on the earth, a blameless and upright man, who fears God and turns away from evil? He still holds fast his integrity, although you incited me against him to destroy him without reason." [4] Then Satan answered the LORD and said, "Skin for skin! All that a man has he will give for his life. [5] But stretch out your hand and touch his bone and his flesh, and he will curse you to your face." [6] And the LORD said to Satan, "Behold, he is in your hand; only spare his life."

[7] So Satan went out from the presence of the LORD and struck Job with loathsome sores from the sole of his foot to the crown of his head. [8] And he took a piece of broken pottery with which to scrape himself while he sat in the ashes.

[9] Then his wife said to him, "Do you still hold fast your integrity? Curse God and die." [10] But he said to her, "You speak as one of the foolish women would speak. Shall we receive good from God, and shall we not receive evil?" In all this Job did not sin with his lips.

- None of us can avoid suffering in this current world. Some people might suffer more than others, but everyone will suffer.
- Throughout history, there were many views on suffering. E.g. "i am suffering because i must have done something wrong". This is quite prevalent among folk religion, but even some christians subscribe to this. E.g, "i need to pray the right prayers/do more good works".
- One thing we must take away today: suffering is not always to be equated with God's punishment! [KH: It is true that sometimes suffering is God's discipline in our lives. God sometimes permits us to suffer when we commit sins just to show us the harmful effects of our sin on ourselves and on our r/s with Him. But we need to be careful when interpreting our suffering in this manner, because this is not always the case. Job's suffering is not God's discipline in his life, for example.]
- Other views on suffering are: "I am suffering because i was at the wrong place at the wrong time, etc". i.e, these people dont believe in a higher power, everything is random, and suffering comes about just because one is "suay". These people will try to minimise the randomness as much as possible.
- The commonality between these two views is that people are trying to take control of their lives. The first is trying to take control of theor lives by manipulating God who they believe in. The sexond is trying to take control of their lives by controlling all the factors that they can. This constant need for control of one's life leads to restlessness.
- What does Job tell us about suffering? We have a series of 7 sermons on Job. Today is the first.
- Firstly, from our text, we see that God knows Job perfectly. And God knows that Job fears Him. Its not that Job was sinless, but he was repentant, i.e v8, he "turned away from evil".
- Next, from our text, we see that God blesses the work of Job's hands. We see that Job is wealthy with a very loving family for example.
- Skipping forward, we see that Job was to suffer a lot without hearing anything from God. But we are taken behind the scenes to see why Job suffers.

- We see that Job is suffering because Satan acts as if he knows better than God about Job. Satan lives up to his name here, he's an adversary, an accuser. So he accused Job before God of worshipping God only out of convenience. Satan here wanted to destroy Job's relationship with God, he wanted to test Job. He wanted to make it such that Job will blaspheme God and then God, in his justice, will have to judge Job.
- Satan also sought to accuse God and deny him of his glory. He was telling God that in and of Himself, He is not worthy of worship, and that He is only worthy of worship because of the good things he gives.
- But in the end, we see that Satan unwittingly ends up proving himself wrong and magnifying God's worthiness. We see here that the evil and suffering that Job suffers, instead of destroying both Job's r/s with God and also denying God the glory, in the end, Job's character is vindicated and God is glorified by Job's true worship.
- When we suffer today, we too must guard against satan's lies and accusations. One way people buy into the lies of satan is that we believe that we are not good enough to be loved and blessed by God. So this is exactly the "works based" thinking that we Christians fall into. Then in the end we think that we deserve blessings just because we are serving in church.
- The book of Job does leave a lot of questions about suffering unanswered. For example, we dont know why God doesn't just ignore satan. But what it reveals is sufficient for us to live faithfully. For example, we know that suffering ultimately for our good, and not for our harm. We know that we must not worship God just because of the good things he gives, our r/s with God must not be transactional. And we know that faithful living in times of suffering ultimately leads to glorifying God.
- What can we learn from the details of Job's response? First, he actually turned to God to pour out his grief. V20 said he "fell on the ground and worshipped" after shaving his head and tearing his robe. And v21 says that Job did not sin or charge God with wrong. This shows us that it is not sinful to go to God in our grief. In the end, when Job's wife told Job to curse God and die, Jon didnt.
- Second, he actually doesn't have any sense of righteous pride or entitlement. He realised that all that he had came from God. "Naked i came, naked shall I return"; Job came into the world naked, and Job realised that the things he had was pure grace, purely God's blessing.
- Job can trust God to act with divine sovereignty and justice. We might not understand why we are suffering, and we cannot understand why we are suffering. God's ways are really higher than our ways, there could be a million things He is trying to accomplish in our lives and in the lives of those around us. But we know also from the rest of the Bible that God hates it when His righteous servants suffer. [KH: "Precious in the eyes of the Lord is the death of His saints", Psalm 116:15]. God is not the source of evil, but God in His sovereignty is the one who puts limits on the suffering. Here, God is the one who told satan not to take Job's life, and Job had to obey.
 - But why did God not just ignore Satan? Again, this is a question that is left unanswered.
- Here, Job's innocent suffering, in some sense, foreshadowed Jesus' innocent suffering. Jesus was a righteous man, sinless, truly fearing the Father. But He went to the cross willingly to demonstrate that God is worthy of worship and that God truly loves His creation. He had no lack, its not like He had to obey to be loved, but He obeyed anyway.
- We should not think: "Jesus suffered so we dont need to suffer", but rather, "we suffer just as Jesus suffered so that we can grow to be more like Jesus, and glorify God just as Jesus glorified

God".

• In the end, there are no easy answers for suffering. It sucks. But the bible shows us that God loves us, even if the suffering seems to indicate otherwise, and also that God's ways are higher than ours. And we see a glimpse of how God works from the example of Jesus.