ASSIGNMENT 6

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Read the instructions below carefully. The instructions must be followed. This assignment is worth 7% of your grade. The assignment is due on Monday 7 of December 8AM. No late assignment will be accepted. This is an individual assignment. Please review the Plagiarism and Academic Integrity policy presented in the first class.

In addition to the assignment files specified later, if you used any code that you did not create/write yourself, your submission will need to contain declaration-YOUR-FULL-NAME.txt file. Specifically:

About declaration-YOUR-FULL-NAME.txt file:

It needs to be a plane text file and it must contain references to any code you used that you did not write yourself, including any code you got from a friend, internet, social media/forums (including Stack Overflow and discord) or any other source or person. The only exclusion from that rule is the following: all the material on the Brightspace of the course, anything from your textbook, anything from python.org and python's help pages. So here is what needs to be written in that file. In every question where you used code from somebody else, you must write:

- 1. question number
- 2. copy-pasted parts of the code that were written by somebody else. That includes the code you found/were-given that you then slightly modified.
- 3. whose code it is: name of a person or place on internet/book where you found it. While you may not get points for that part of the question, you will not be in position of being accused of plagiarism.

Not including declaration-YOUR-FULL-NAME.txt will be taken as you declaring that all the code in the assignment was written by you. Any student caught in plagiarism will receive zero for the whole assignment and will be reported to the dean. Finally showing/giving any part of your assignment code to a friend also constitute plagiarism and the same penalties will apply.

If you have nothing to declare, you do not need to submit the file declaration-YOUR-FULL-NAME.txt

The goal of this assignment is to learn and practice Sets, Dictionaries, and Objects.

This assignment has 2 parts, the first concerns Sets and Dictionaries and the second is about Objects. Put all your documents into a folder called a6.xxxxxx, where you replace xxxxxx in the file name with your student number, zip the folder and submit it in BRS. The folder should a6_part1_xxxxxx.py, a6_part2_xxxxxx.py and a6_part2_testing_xxxxxxx.txt where you changed xxxxxx to your student number.

For part 1, I provided you with starter code in file called a6_part1_xxxxxx.py. Begin by replacing xxxxxx in the file name with your student number. Then open the file. Your solution (code) for the assignment must go into that file in the clearly indicated spaces.

The file has a part of the main pre-coded for you. It also has some functions completely pre-coded for you. Your task will me to code the remaining functions. You are not allowed to delete or comment-out any parts of the provided code. The only exception to that rule is the keyword pass. Some functions have that keyword. You can remove it once you are done coding that function. You also must follow the

instructions given in comments and implied by docstrings. You are however allowed to add your own additional (helper) functions. In, fact you must add at least THREE more function. If you are running out of ideas here are the names of some of the extra functions my solution has: remove_punctuation(words), process lines(ls), make dict(lsw), is valid(D,query) is word(word)

I have provided 5 text files to test and debug your code with as explained in the next section. As always, you can make multiple submissions, but only the last submission before the deadline will be graded.

As always, each of your programs must run without syntax errors. In particular, when grading your assignment, TAs will first open your file a6_part1_xxxxxx.py with IDLE and press Run Module. The same will be done with a6_part2_xxxxxx.py

If pressing Run Module causes any syntax error, the grade for that part becomes zero. Furthermore, for each function whose code is missing, I have provided below one or more tests to test your functions with. To obtain a partial mark for these function your solutions may not necessarily give the correct answer on these tests. But if your function gives any kind of Python error when run on the tests provided, that function will be marked with zero points. Finally, each function has to be documented with docstrings. Using global variables inside of functions is not allowed.

1 Part 1: Sets and Dictionaries – 40 points

For this part, you will need to write a program that solves co-existence problem. What is co-existence problem?

You will write a Python program to solve the co-existence problem. The co-existence problem is stated as follows. We have a file containing English sentences, one sentence per line. Given a list of query words, your program should output the line number of lines that have all those words. While there are many ways to do this, the most efficient way is to use sets and dictionaries. Here is one example. Assume that the following is the content of the file. Line numbers are included for clarity; the actual file doesn't have the line numbers.

- 1. Try not to become a man of success, but rather try to become a man of value.
- 2. Look deep into nature, and then you will understand everything better.
- 3. The true sign of intelligence is not knowledge but imagination.
- 4. We cannot solve our problems with the same thinking we used when we created them.
- 5. Weakness of attitude becomes weakness of character.
- 6. You can't blame gravity for falling in love.
- 7. The difference between stupidity and genius is that genius has its limits.

(These are attributed to Albert Einstein.)

If we are asked to find all the lines that contain this set of words: {"true", "knowledge", "imagination"} the answer will be line 3 because all three words appeared in line 3. If they appear in more than one line, your program should report all of them. For example, co-existence of {"the", "is"} will be lines 3 and 7. IMPORTANT: You should download a text file version of book War and Piece from here:

https://www.dropbox.com/s/pg4p9snzv60rp5v/WarAndPiece.txt?dl=0

Download it and save it in the same directory as your program. You solution should be instantaneous on that book, i.e. your program should produce the required dictionary in 1 or 2 seconds on that book and it should answer questions about any co-existence instantaneously.

Alternatively, you can find the book on Gutenberg project. That is where I downloaded it from. You can find it here under PlainS Text UTF-8: http://www.gutenberg.org/ebooks/2600

Python Implementation:

You need to implement the following functions:

1) open_file()

The open_file function will prompt the user for a file-name, and try to open that file. If the file exists, it will return the file object; otherwise it will re-prompt until it can successfully open the file. This feature must be implemented using a while loop, and a try-except clause.

2) read_file(fp) This function has one parameter: a file object (such as the one returned by the open_file() function).

This function will read the contents of that file line by line, process them and store them in a dictionary. The dictionary is returned. Consider the following string pre-processing:

- 1. Make everything lowercase
- 2. Split the line into words
- 3. Remove all punctuation, such as ",", ".", "!", etc.
- 4. Remove apostrophes and hyphens, e.g. transform "can't" into "cant" and "first-born" into "firstborn"
- 5. Remove the words that are not all alphabetic characters (do not remove "cant" because you have transformed it to "cant", similarly for "firstborn").
- 6. Remove the words with less than 2 characters, like "a"

Hint for string pre-processing mentioned above:

To find punctuation for removal you can import the string module and use string.punctuation which has all the punctuation.

To check for words with only alphabetic characters, use the isalpha() method. Furthermore, after preprocessing, you add the words into a dictionary with the key being the word and the value is a set of line numbers where this word has appeared.

For example, after processing the first line, your dictionary should look like:

```
\{'try': \{1\}, 'not': \{1\}, 'to': \{1\}, 'become': \{1\}, 'man': \{1\}, 'of': \{1\}, 'success': \{1\}, 'but': \{1\}, 'rather': \{1\}, 'value': \{1\}\}
```

This should be repeated for all the lines; the new keys are added to the dictionary, and if a key already exists, its value is updated. At the end of processing all these 7 lines, the value in the dictionary associated with key "the" will be the set {3, 4, 7}. (Note: the line numbers start from 1.)

3) find_coexistance(D, query) The first parameter is the dictionary returned by read_file; the second one is a string called query. This query contains zero or more words separated by white space. You need to split them into a list of words, and find the line numbers for each word. To do that, use the intersection or union operation on the sets from D (you need to figure out which operation is appropriate). Then convert the resulting set to a sorted list, and return the sorted list. (Hint: for the first word simply grab the set from D; for subsequent words you need to use the appropriate set operation: intersection or union.)

4) #main

The main part of the program should call the three functions above. Loop, prompting the user to enter space-separated words. Use that input to find the co-occurrence and print the results. Continue prompting for input until ``q" or "Q" is inputted.

Very important considerations:

Every time you want to look up a key in a dictionary, first you need to make sure that the key exists. Otherwise it will result in an error. So, always use an if statement before looking up a key:

if key in data dict:

the key exists in a dictionary, so it is safe to use data_dict[key]

After you completed the program, see how it works for the two files provided: einstein.txt, and gettysburg.txt

is

1.1 Testing Part 1

1.2 Testing with einstein.txt file

Enter the name of the file: b.txt

There is no file with that name. Try again.

Enter the name of the file: grrrr

There is no file with that name. Try again.

Enter the name of the file: einstein.txt

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: the

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

3 4 7

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: the

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

3 7

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: true knowledge imagination

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

3

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: bla

Word 'bla' not in the file.

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: can't

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

6

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit:

Word "not in the file.

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: ?

Word " not in the file

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: a

Word 'a' not in the file.

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: nature

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

2

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: THE

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

3 4 7

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: tHe

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

3 4 7

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit:

More on test runs on file einstein.txt

Enter the name of the file:

(Vida: Instead of a file name PRESS CTRL-C)

Then:

```
>>> f=open file()
Enter the name of the file: ah.txt
There is no file with that name. Try again.
Enter the name of the file: einstein.txt
>>> f
< io.TextIOWrapper name='einstein.txt' mode='r' encoding='UTF-8'>
>>> d=read file(f)
{'try': {1}, 'not': {1, 3}, 'to': {1}, 'become': {1}, 'man': {1},'of': {1, 3, 5}, 'success': {1}, 'but': {1, 3},
'rather': {1}, 'value': {1}, 'look': {2}, 'deep': {2}, 'into': {2}, 'nature': {2}, 'and': {2, 7}, 'then': {2},
'you': {2, 6}, 'will': {2}, 'understand': {2}, 'everything': {2}, 'better': {2}, 'the': {3, 4, 7}, 'true': {3},
'sign': {3}, 'intelligence': {3}, 'is': {3, 7}, 'knowledge': {3}, 'imagination': {3}, 'we': {4}, 'cannot': {4},
'solve': {4}, 'our': {4}, 'problems': {4}, 'with': {4}, 'same': {4}, 'thinking': {4}, 'used': {4}, 'when': {4},
'created': {4}, 'them': {4}, 'weakness': {5}, 'attitude': {5}, 'becomes': {5}, 'character': {5}, 'cant': {6},
'blame': {6}, 'gravity': {6}, 'for': {6}, 'falling': {6}, 'in': {6}, 'love': {6}, 'difference': {7},
'between': {7}, 'stupidity': {7}, 'genius': {7}, 'that': {7}, 'has': {7}, 'its': {7}, 'limits': {7}}
>>>
>>> find coexistance(d," the has")
>>> find coexistance(d," the is ")
[3, 7]
```

1.3 Testing with gettysburg.txt file

Enter the name of the file: gettysburg.txt

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: nation

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file: 2.6.9.23

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: here dead

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file: 14 22

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: It is

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file: 10 17 19

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: 4you

Word '4you' not in the file.

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: Q

1.4 Testing with WarAndPiece.txt file

Enter the name of the file: WarAndPiece.txt

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: hard life

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file: 33953 49922 60869

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: 2013

Word '2013' not in the file.

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: VIII

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file:

52 110 154 194 228 274 328 356 402 450 530 600 634 674 714 756 790 2079 8264 13577 17689 20153 23726 27877 30215 33840 38274 45012 51021 53356 55805 58145 61010 63871

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: black-eyed

The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file: 2682 49686 61292

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: black-eyed wide-mouthed The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file: 2682

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: What's the good of denying it, my dear? The one or more words you entered coexisted in the following lines of the file: 2900

Enter one or more words separated by spaces, or 'q' to quit: q

PART 2 STARTS ON THE NEXT PAGE

2 Part 2: Objects – 60 points

For this part, you are provided with 3 files: a6_part2_xxxxxx.py, a6_part2_testing_given.txt and drawings_part2.pdf

File a6_part2_xxxxxx.py already contains a class Point that we developed in class. For this part, you will need to develop and add two more classes to a6_part2_xxxxxx.py: class Rectangle and class Canvas.

To understand how they should be designed and how they should behave, you must study in detail the test cases provided in a3_part2_testing_given.txt. These tests are your main resource in understanding what methods your two classes should have and what their input parameters are. I will explain few methods below in detail, but only those whose behavior may not be clear from the test cases.

As in Assignment 1 and Assignment 2, for part 2 of this assignment you will need to also submit your own text file called a6_part2_testing_xxxxxx.txt demonstrating that you tested your two classes and their methods (in particular, demonstrating that you tested them by running all the calls made in a6 part2 testing given.txt)

Details about the two classes:

Class Rectangle represents a 2D (axis-parallel) rectangle that a user can draw on a computer screen. Think of a computer screen as a plane where each position has an x and a y coordinate.

The data (i.e. attributes) that each object of type Rectangle should have (and that should be initialized in the constructor, i.e., init method of the class Rectangle) are:

- * two Points: the first point representing the bottom left corner of the rectangle and the second representing the top right corner of the rectangle; and,
- * the color of the rectangle

Note that the two points (bottom left and top right) completely determine (the axis parallel) rectangle and its position in the plane. There is no default rectangle.

(see drawings part2.pdf file for some helpful illustrations)

The <u>__init__</u> method of Rectangle (that is called by the constructor Rectangle) will take two objects of type Point as input and a string for the color). You may assume that the first Point (passed to the constructor, i.e. <u>__init__</u>) will always have smaller than or equal x coordinate than the x coordinate of the second Point and smaller than or equal y coordinate than the y coordinate of the second Point.

Class Rectangle should have 13 methods. In particular, in addition to the constructor (i.e. __init__ method) and three methods that override python's object methods (and make your class user friendly as suggested by the test cases), your class should contain the following 9 methods:

get_bottom_left, get_top_right, get_color, reset_color, get_perimeter, get_area, move, intersects, and contains.

Here is a description of three of those methods whose job may not be obvious from the test cases.

- * Method move: given numbers dx and dy this method moves the calling rectangle by dx in the x direction and by dy in the y-direction. This method should not change directly the coordinates of the two corners of the calling rectangle, but must instead call move method from the Point class.
- * Method intersects: returns True if the calling rectangle intersects the given rectangle and False otherwise. Definition: two rectangles intersect if they have at least one point in common, otherwise they do not intersect.
- * Method contains: given an x and a y coordinate of a point, this method tests if that point is inside of the calling rectangle. If yes it returns True and otherwise False. (A point on the boundary of the rectangle is considered to be inside).

Class Canvas represents a collection of Rectangles. It has 8 methods. In addition, to the constructor (i.e. __init__ method) and two methods that override python's object methods (and make your class user friendly as suggested by the test cases), your class should contain 5 more methods:

add_one_rectangle, count_same_color, total_perimeter, min_enclosing_rectangle, and common_point.

Here is a description of those methods whose job may not be obvious from the test cases.

- * The method total_perimeter: returns the sum of the perimeters of all the rectangles in the calling canvas. To compute total perimeter do not compute a perimeter of an individual rectangle in the body of total perimeter method. Instead use get perimeter method from the Rectangle class.
- * Method min_enclosing_rectangle: calculates the minimum enclosing rectangle that contains all the rectangles in the calling canvas. It returns an object of type Rectangle of any color you prefer. To find minimum enclosing rectangle you will need to find the minimum x coordinate of all rectangles, the maximum x coordinate for all rectangles, the minimum y coordinate and the maximum y coordinate of all rectangles.
- * Method common_point: returns True if there exists a point that intersects all rectangles in the calling canvas. To test this (for axis parallel rectangles like ours), it is enough to test if every pair of rectangles intersects (according to a Helly's theorem for axis-aligned rectangles: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Helly's theorem).

Finally recall, from the beginning of the description of this assignment that each of your methods should have a type contract.