Theme Reference

The Kibo eCommerce Core theme is the foundation upon which you can build your own Kibo eCommerce theme. You can view the latest Core theme files on Github.

Hypr and HyprLive Syntax

Hypr and HyprLive share many syntax features, but differ in a few areas. Also, not alltags or filters are supported on both Hypr and HyprLive.

Syntax Commonalities Between Hypr and HyprLive

Syntax Feature	Example
Tag delimiters	{% %}
Expression (variable, object lookup, literal, with any number of filters) delimiters	{{ }}
Pipe separator for filters	{{ value filter filter2}}
Filter arguments enclosed in parentheses, separated by commas	{{ value filter(argument1, argument2) }}
Tag arguments are key-value pairs, where the key is a simple string and the value (if needed) is any expression that could be placed within $\{\{\}\}$ delimiters (but without those delimiters)	{% tag "key" expression %}
Single-line comment delimiters	{##}
Multi-line comment delimeters	{% comment %} {% endcomment %}
String literals (double-quotes)	пп
Local variables (simple barestrings)	varname
Object property dot lookup	object.property

Syntax Differences Between Hypr and HyprLive

Hypr and HyprLive support unique syntax for a small number of operations. Because existing themes might use these syntax features, Kibo eCommerce continues to support them, but whenever possible you should use a syntax that both rendering engines support.

- Index lookup
- Filter arguments

Index Lookup

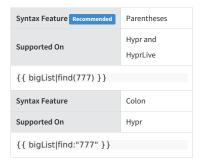
Look up values within an indexed array.





Filter Arguments

Specify a filter argument.



Supported Tags and Filters

 $Some\ tags\ and\ filters\ are\ supported\ on\ both\ Hypr\ and\ Hypr\ Live,\ only\ on\ Hypr,\ or\ only\ on\ Hypr\ Live.$

- View the list of supported tags.
- View the list of supported filters.

Hypr Tags

The following is the complete list of Hypr tags.

all_scripts autoescape block cms_resources comment dropzone dump extends	 header_content if include include_documents include_entities include_products inline_style json_attribute 	 now parent partial_cache preload_json require_script set_header set_var spaceless templatetag
• filter • for	make_url	visitor_tracking_pixelwith

Deprecated Tags

Click here to view a list of deprecated Hypr tags.

all-scripts

Returns an array of scripts marked as required by the require_script tag.

Supported On	Hypr
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The output of this tag is a quote-delimited, comma-separated array of strings that you pass to the require function at or near the end of a top-level Hypr template's rendered HTML content. Through the combination of the all_scripts and require_script tags, the RequireJS module loader loads all the scripts that a template and its subtemplates need. For example, the trailing-scripts.hypr template, included near the end of page.hypr (the base Hypr template that most pages on your site extend from), passes the list of all required scripts to RequireJS by calling the all_scripts tag in the require function:

require(['jquery'], function() { require(['modules/common'], function() { require([{% all_scripts %}]); });

autoescape

Useful for preventing cross-site scripting attacks, this tag converts special characters in every piece of content between the opening and closing tags into HTML entities, including the content of any subtemplates placed within the tags.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

This is a tag that you must open, $\{\%$ autoescape on $\%\}$ or $\{\%$ autoescape off $\%\}$, and close, $\{\%$ endautoescape %.

```
{% autoescape on %}
<div>
<h2>Header</h2>
{% block article %}
{% include "modules/article" %}
{% endblock article %}
</div>
{% endautoescape %}
```

To prevent a subset of the enclosed content from being autoescaped, use the safe filter.

block

 $Encloses\ content\ that\ overrides\ content\ in\ parent\ templates\ or\ defines\ content\ that\ child\ templates\ can\ override.$

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

This is a tag that you must open, {% block name %}, and close, {% endblock name %}. This tag takes one argument, a name, as a string without quotation marks.

If the name you provide this tag does not match any name for a block in a parent template, you create a section of content that templates extending the current template can override.

If the name you provide this tag matches the name of a block present in a parent template, the current block overrides the content from the parent template. However, you can use the tag $\{\% \text{ parent } \%\}$ to output content from the parent block within the current block.

cms-resources

Enables widget and dropzone functionality in the Content Editor.

```
Supported On Hypr
```

Place this tag between HTML <head></head> tags.

```
<head>
...
{% cms_resources %}
...
</head>
```

comment

Ignores every line of code between $\{\% \text{ comment } \%\}$ and $\{\% \text{ endcomment } \%\}$.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

{% comment %}
{% block breadcrumbs %}
{% if themeSettings.showBreadcrumbs %}{% include "modules/breadcrumbs" %}
{% endif %}
{% endblock breadcrumbs %}
{% endcomment %}
```

To include a comment within a single line of code, use $\ \{\# \ \ and \ \#\}\ .$

{# load a specific page #}{% include "modules/brenda" %}

dropzone

 $Renders\ an\ area\ (dropzone)\ in\ the\ Content\ Editor\ where\ Admin\ users\ can\ drag\ and\ drop\ widgets\ on\ a\ page.$

On your live site, dropzones render <div> tags that contain live widget content. You must declare dropzones in areas wider than 320 pixels, which is generally the smallest breakpoint in responsive designs. This tag takes two arguments, zoneld and scope.

The zoneld is required and must be unique across all templates on the site. It is a best practice to name the zoneld according to the location of the dropzone, such as *footer-bottom-right*.

The scope specifies the context for the dropzone:

- Use "page" scope to target a widget only to the page where the widget is added. If you omit the Scope
 parameter, "page" scope is the default value.
- Use "template" scope to target a widget to every page that uses the template to which the widget is added. This
 may not work on all sites, and it is recommended to use the page scope instead when possible.
- Use "site" scope to target a widget to all pages on the site.

{% dropzone zoneld="bodybottom" scope="page" %}

dump

Displays a formatted view useful for debugging of all the properties belonging to the argument you specify in the tag.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

Remember to remove dump tags from a theme before releasing to a production environment.

{% dump product %}

extends

Specifies that the current template extends a parent template. Extended (or child) templates can access, display, and modify any content placed within block tags in the parent template.

Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive	
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You can use the extends tag in two ways:

{% extends "page" %} (with quotation marks) uses the literal value "page" as the filename of the parent template to extend. The tag applies the hypr extension to the filename you provide and assumes the templates directory is the root folder for the path.

{% extends variable %} uses the value of variable as either the name of the parent template to extend (if it evaluates to a string) or as the parent template itself (if it evaluates to a template object).

Place the extends tag in the first line of a child template, and place all ensuing content in the child template inside block tags. Within the blocks you create in the child template, you can inherit or modify content from the parent template.

```
{% extends "page" %}
{% block body-content %}
...
{% endblock body-content %}
```

filter

Applies a Hypr filter(s) to the contents of the tag.

```
{% filter escape|lower %}
```

"This text will be HTML-escaped and appear in lowercase characters"

{% endfilter %}

for

Loops over each item in an array.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

This is a tag that you must open, {% for *item* in *list* %} , and close, {% endfor %} . The tag takes two arguments: an array to iterate through and a variable name for the items in the array. For example, to access the name property for each athlete in the array athlete_list:

```
{% for athlete in athlete_list %}
{{ athlete.name }}
{% endfor %}
```

You can loop over a list in reverse by using $\{\% \text{ for } \textit{item} \text{ in } \textit{list} \text{ reversed } \%\}$.

The following variables are available within the scope of the for itag to assist with operations related to the current iteration of the loop.

Variable	Description
{{ forloop.counter }}	The current iteration of the loop (1-indexed).
{{ forloop.counter0 }}	The current iteration of the loop (0-indexed).
{{ forloop.revcounter }}	The number of iterations from the end of the loop (1-indexed).
{{ forloop.revcounter0 }}	The number of iterations from the end of the loop (0-indexed).
{{ forloop.first }}	TRUE if the current iteration is the first time through the loop.
{{ forloop.last }}	TRUE if the current iteration is the last time through the loop.

header_content

Outputs the contents from the Additional Header Tags section of the Page Settings found in the Content Editor, without processing or escaping the content (so HTML tags are expressed as HTML tags).

```
Supported On Hypr
```

In page.hypr , which is the base template that most other templates inherit from, the header_content tag is located at the end of the <head></head>

```
<head>
...
{% header_content %}
</head>
```

if

Evaluates the contents in the tag if the argument is true.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

This is a tag you must open, $\{\% \text{ if } something \%\}$ and close, $\{\% \text{ endif } \%\}$. You can complement the if tag with the else tag to provide logic to handle times when the argument is false.

```
{% if fruit_basket %}
The fruit basket has fruit.
{% else %}
The fruit basket is empty.
{% endif %}
```

You can also use equality and Boolean operators within if tags.

```
{% if fruit == "lucuma" or fruit == "kumquat" %}
   "That's an exotic fruit!"
{% endif %}
```

The operators you can use include:

Operator	Description	Precedence
I.	dot operator	1
==	equal to	2
!=	not equal to	3
<	less than	4
>	greater than	5
>=	greater than or equal	6
<=	less than or equal	7

Operator	Description	Precedence
not	not operator	8
and	Boolean AND	9
or	Boolean OR	10
I	pipe (for filters)	11

The operator precedence indicates which operations take place first. For example, for the statement $\{\% \text{ if items.length} > 3 \text{ and flag} == \text{false or items.price} >= 50 \% \}$, Hypr evaluates the components of the if tag in the following order. By the time Hypr evaluates the or operator, it has already evaluated the other components needed to determine if the statement is true or false.

- 1. {% if items.length > 3 and flag == false or items.price >= 50 %}
- 2. {% if items.length > 3 and flag == false or items.price >= 50 %}
- 3. {% if items.length > 3 and flag == false or items.price >= 50 %}
- 4. {% if items.length > 3 and flag == false or items.price >= 50 %}
- 5. {% if items.length > 3 and flag == false or items.price >= 50 %}
- 6. {% if items.length > 3 and flag == false or items.price >= 50 %}

include

Loads and renders an external template within the current template.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive		
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The include tag enables you to split your code into manageable pieces organized across separate templates.

 $\label{thm:condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} \{\% \ include \ "modules/web-fonts-loader" \ \%\} \ (with quotation marks) uses the literal value \ "modules/web-fonts-loader" \ as the filename of the template to include. The tag applies the .hypr \ extension to the filename you provide and assumes the \ templates \ directory is the root folder for the path. \end{tabular}$

{% include variable %} uses the value of variable as either the name of the template to include (if it evaluates to a string) or as the template itself (if it evaluates to a template object).

This tag evaluates included templates with the same variables available to the parent template. However, you can pass additional variables to the included template scope manually by using name-value pairs within the tag. You can assign these variables any value of your choosing. For example:

{% include "modules/common/address-form" with model=model.billingAddress showAddressType =false %}

In this case, for use within the included template's scope, the model variable is assigned the value of the billingAddress variable available from the current model and the showAddressType variable is assigned the value false.

include_documents

Retrieves a document(s) from the CMS using inline API calls and adds the returned document(s) to the page model of the specified template.

Supported On	Hypr
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This tag is similar to the include tag but instead of setting the model manually or using the same model available to the parent template, the include_documents tag adds a collection of documents to the model of the specified template based on the document list, view, and any additional query arguments you specify.

As its first argument, this tag takes the name of a template (or alternatively, the template object itself) to whose model the document(s) should be added. As its second argument, this tag requires the fully qualified name of the document list that contains the document(s) to be returned. As its third argument, this tag requires the name of the view to apply to the document list. The full syntax looks like:

{% include documents "templateName" listFQN="name@namespace" view="viewName" %}

You can use the following arguments with this tag.

Argument	Description	
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Argument	Description
templateName	The template in which to include the document(s). You can specify the template name (in quotes) or the template object itself (without quotes, such as model.config.template). If specifying the template name, the tag applies the proper extension to the filename and assumes the template is located in the templates/pages directory; if the template is located in a folder other than pages, specify the path starting after templates (for example, if the template is in the templates/modules directory, specify modules/templateName as the argument for the template name). This argument is required and must be in the first position.
listFQN	The fully qualified name of the document list. This argument is required and must be in the second position.
view	The name of the document list view that determines which document properties can be accessed. This argument is required. If you don't specify a view, Kibo eCommerce assumes the name of the view is <i>default</i> . Many document lists do not contain a view named <i>default</i> , so it is recommended you always specify a view for this tag; otherwise, the API call may not return any data.
pageWithUrl	Default: false. Specifies whether to use URL parameters for paging results. When false, you must specify the startIndex and pageSize parameters as arguments in the tag. If you set this argument to true, you specify the tag to use the existing values for startIndex and pageSize available from the URL parameters.
sortWithUrl	Default: false. Specifies whether to use URL parameters for sorting results. If you set this argument to true, you specify the tag to sort using the existing value of the sortBy URL parameter (either asc or desc).
startIndex	Default: 0 The item on which to begin listing items in the collection. Kibo eCommerce collections are zero-indexed, so startIndex=0 starts at the first item in the collection.
pageSize	Default: 15 The maximum number of items to return in the model. Note: Setting this number too high may result in poor performance and a cumbersome UI experience.
filter	A filter expression for Kibo eCommerce collections. You can filter documents based on their properties by writing a string expression as your argument. For example: firstname eq "Brenda"
query	A deprecated alias for filter . If both the filter and query arguments are present, query takes overrides filter .

Argument	Description
sort	Default: null A string representing how to sort the collection. You can sort on any property, date (such as createDate), or document name. After specifying the name of the property you are sorting on, include a space followed by "asc" or "desc" to specify sorting in ascending or descending order.
ids	Default: null A comma-separated list of individual document IDs. If you include this argument, Kibo eCommerce ignores the filter argument and the result set consists only of the documents whose IDs you provide.
useActiveDateRange	Default: false. If you set this argument to true, you specify the tag to use the existing active date range information present in the URL.

{% include_documents "modules/sale-updates" listFQN="saleUpdates@company" view="admin" pageSize=5 sort="createDate asc" %}

include_entities

 $Retrieves \ an \ entity (s) \ using \ in line \ API \ calls \ and \ adds \ the \ returned \ entity (s) \ to \ the \ page \ model \ of \ the \ specified \ template.$

This tag is similar to the include tag but instead of setting the model manually or using the same model available to the parent template, the include_entities tag adds a collection of entities to the model of the specified template based on the entity list, view, and any additional query arguments you specify.

As its first argument, this tag takes the name of a template (or alternatively, the template object itself) to whose model $the\ entity (s)\ should\ be\ added.\ As\ its\ second\ argument,\ this\ tag\ requires\ the\ fully\ qualified\ name\ of\ the\ entity\ list\ that$ $contains \ the \ entity(s) \ to \ be \ returned. \ As \ its \ third \ argument, \ this \ tag \ requires \ the \ name \ of \ the \ view \ to \ apply \ to \ the \ entity$ list. The full syntax looks like:

 $\label{limits} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{ta$

You can use the following arguments with this tag.

Argument	Description
templateName	The template in which to include the entity(s). You can specify the template name (in quotes) or the template object itself (without quotes, such as model.config.template). If specifying the template name, the tag applies the proper extension to the filename and assumes the template is located in the templates/pages directory; if the template is located in a folder other than pages, specify the path starting after templates (for example, if the template is in the templates/modules directory, specify modules/templateName as the argument for the template name). This argument is required and must be in the first position.
listFQN	The fully qualified name of the entity list. This argument is required and must be in the second position.

 $^{\{\%}$ comment $\%\}$ "Include the last five sales updates added by a CMS business user in the model of the sale-updates template."

^{{%} endcomment %}

Argument	Description
view	The name of the entity list view that determines which document properties can be accessed. This argument is required. If you don't specify a view, Kibo eCommerce assumes the name of the view is default. Many entity lists do not contain a view nameddefault, so it is recommended you always specify a view for this tag; otherwise, the API call may not return any data.
pageWithUrl	Default: false. Specifies whether to use URL parameters for paging results. When false, you must specify the startIndex and pageSize parameters as arguments in the tag. If you set this argument to true, you specify the tag to use the existing values for startIndex and pageSize available from the URL parameters.
sortWithUrl	Default: false. Specifies whether to use URL parameters for sorting results. If you set this argument to true, you specify the tag to sort using the existing value of the sortBy URL parameter (either asc or desc).
startIndex	Default: 0 The item on which to begin listing items in the collection. Kibo eCommerce collections are zero-indexed, so startIndex=0 starts at the first item in the collection.
pageSize	Default: 15 The maximum number of items to return in the model. Note: Setting this number too high may result in poor performance and a cumbersome UI experience.
filter	A filter expression for Kibo eCommerce collections. You can filter entities based on their properties by writing a string expression as your argument. For example: firstname eq "Brenda" .
query	A deprecated alias for filter . If both the filter and query arguments are present, query takes overrides filter .
sort	Default: null A string representing how to sort the collection. You can sort on any property, date (such as createDate), or entity name. After specifying the name of the property you are sorting on, include a space followed by "asc" or desc" to specify sorting in ascending or descending order.
ids	Default: null A comma-separated list of individual entity IDs. If you include this argument, Kibo eCommerce ignores the filter argument and the result set consists only of the entities whose IDs you provide.

 $^{\{\% \} comment \, \%\}$ "Include the last five sales quotas added by a business user in the model of the sales-quotas templ ate." $\{\% \ endcomment \, \%\}$

 $^{\{\%\} include_entities\ "modules/sales-quotas"\ listFQN="salesQuotas@company"\ view="admin"\ page\ Size=5\ sort="createDate\ asc"\ \%\}$

 $Retrieves \ a \ product(s) \ using in line \ API \ calls \ and \ adds \ the \ returned \ product(s) \ to \ the \ page \ model \ of \ the \ specified \ template.$

Supported On	Нург

This tag is similar to the include tag but instead of setting the model manually or using the same model available to the parent template, the include_products tag adds a collection of products to the model of the specified template based on the arguments you specify in the tag.

As its first argument, this tag takes the name of a template (or alternatively, the template object itself) to whose model the product(s) should be added, based on the results of the other tag arguments.

 $\{\% \ include_products \ "templateName" \ with argument1=value1 \ and argument2=value2 \ as_parameter \ \%\}$

You can use the following arguments with this tag.

Argument	Description
templateName	The template in which to include the product(s). You can specify the template name (in quotes) or the template object itself (without quotes, such as model.config.template). If specifying the template name, the tag applies the proper extension to the filename and assumes the template is located in the templates/pages directory; if the template is located in a folder other than pages, specify the path starting after templates (for example, if the template is in the templates/modules directory, specify modules/templateName as the argument for the template name). This argument is required and must be in the first position.
filter	Default: "categoryld req category ID of the current category page, if it exists" A filter expression for Kibo eCommerce collections. You can filter products based on their properties by writing a string expression as your argument. For example: firstname eq "Brenda" . If you place the include_products tag on a Kibo eCommerce category template, then the default filter will be categoryld req [current category id]. For example, if the current category ID is 33, then the default filter will be categoryld req 33 . This filter will automatically limit the displayed products to those belonging to the current category or any of its subcategories. You can override this behavior by supplying your own filter argument. If you place the include_products tag on a template other than a category template, then there is no default filter argument. If there is no filter argument then the first page of results from all products in the site will be displayed.
query	A deprecated alias for filter . If both the filter and query arguments are present, query takes overrides filter .
pageWithUrl	Default: false Specifies whether to use URL parameters for paging results. When false, you must specify the startIndex and pageSize parameters as arguments in the tag. If you set this argument to true, you specify the tag to use the existing values for startIndex and pageSize available from the URL parameters.
sortWithUrl	Default: false Specifies whether to use URL parameters for sorting results. If you set this argument to true, you specify the tag to sort using the existing value of the sortBy URL parameter (either asc or desc).

Argument	Description
startIndex	Default: 0 The item on which to begin listing items in the collection. Kibo eCommerce collections are zero-indexed, so startIndex=0 starts at the first item in the collection.
suppressErrors	Prior to September 2016, the include_products tag suppressed errors related to product search, but this behavior changed in September 2016. In general, you should not have to enable this parameter, but if you want to make absolutely sure that errors on supplemental calls to the include_products tag do not obscure primary page content, you can set this parameter to true. For example, you can set the parameter to true when you display related products on a product details page to ensure that intermittent search errors on the related products call do not prevent the entire product details page from loading. Note: If you use enable this parameter and the include_products tag is located inside a partial_cache tag, then any error that occurs causes the page to cache as a blank page. The page will continue to display to shoppers as a blank page until the cache clears.
pageSize	Default: 15 The maximum number of items to return in the model. Note: Setting this number too high may result in poor performance and a cumbersome UI experience.
searchQuery	A search term to search on for the product results.
sort	Default: null A string representing how to sort the collection. You can sort on any property, date (such as createDate), or document name. After specifying the name of the property you are sorting on, include a space followed by "asc" or "desc" to specify sorting in ascending or descending order.
includeFacets	Default: false Specifies whether facets should be returned with the products.
productCodes	Default: null Provides a shortcut for building the filter argument with multiple products. This argument accepts a string that specifies a comma-separated list of product codes. For example, productCodes="Product01,Product02,Product03" is an equivalent shorthand syntax to filter="ProductCode eq Product01 or ProductCode eq ProductO3". If present, this argument overrides the filter argument.
facetHierDepth	Default: 2 If filtering using category facets in a hierarchy, the number of category hierarchy levels to return for the facet. This option is only available for category facets.

Argument	Description
responseFields	Default: null A list or array of fields returned for a call. These fields may be customized and may be used for various types of data calls in Kibo eCommerce. For example, responseFields are returned for retrieving or updating specific attributes, carts, and messages in Kibo eCommerce rather than the whole object. To learn more about this field, refer to the Response Fields topic.
facet	Default: null Individually list the facet fields you want to display in a web storefront product search.
searchTuningRuleCode	Default: null The unique identifier of the search tuning rule.
enableSearchTuningRules	Default: null Enables search tuning rules.
searchTuningRuleContext	Default: null The category ID that the search tuning rule applies to.
facetTemplateExclude	Default: null A comma-separated list of the facets you want to exclude.
facetCategoryId	Default: null The unique identifier of a category for use in faceting.
categoryld	Default: pageContext.CategoryId This parameter is used as the default value for the facetTemplate , facetHierValue , and searchTuningRuleContext parameters. If the productCodes or filter parameters are not set, this parameter sets the filter parameter to " categoryId req [value] "
categoryCode	Default: null An alternative to categoryId . You can use this parameter to specify a category code instead of a category ID.
facetCategoryCode	Default: null Overrides the use of categoryld for the facetTemplate and facetHierValue parameters.

Argument	Description
facetPrefix	Default: null Filters facet values by a prefix. The syntax is facetPrefix="facetName:prefix", and you must also specify either facet or includeFacets as a separate parameter. For example, to filter a brand entry facet by facet values that start with "2016", specify the following in the include_products parameter list: facet="tenant~brandentry" and facetPrefix="tenant~brandentry:2016" To set a prefix for more than one facet, separate the values with commas. For example: includeFacets=themeSettings.showCategoryFacets and facetPrefix="tenant~color:b, tenant~size:s"

 $\{\%\ comment\ \%\}$ "Include products in the model of the template specified in the model.config object (or in the prod uct-list-tiled template if the model.config object does not contain a template), based on the product codes listed in the model.config object, and sort the results based on the additional parameters." {% endcomment %}

 $\{\%\ include_products\ model.config.template| default: "modules/product/product-list-tiled"\ with productCodes=model.config.productCodes\ and\ includeFacets=themeSettings.showCategoryFacets\ and\ includeFacets=themeSettings.showCategoryFacets\ and\ includeFacets=themeSettings.$ d pageWithUrl=true and sortWithUrl=true as_parameter %}

inline_style

Outputs the contents of a stylesheet as raw CSS.

Supported On	Hypr
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Always enclose this tag within HTML <style> tags. This tag takes the name of a stylesheet in your theme (such as "storefront.less" or "email.less") as its argument.

This tag is designed to support older email readers that cannot load and render external stylesheets.

<style>{% include_style "email.less" %}</style>

json_attribute

Encodes an object using HTML attribute encoding.

Supported On	Нург
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make_url

 $Generates\ a\ string\ that\ helps\ construct\ URLs\ for\ different\ Hypr\ objects,\ such\ as\ images\ or\ category\ models.$

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

This tag is the recommended method for creating consistent URLs across your site. The syntax for the tag is:

"mode" objectModel %}

 $The \ mode is \ how \ you \ specify \ what \ type \ of \ URL \ you \ are \ constructing. \ Depending \ on \ which \ mode \ you \ select, \ you \ pass \ in$ different objects and optional parameters. The modes for this tag are:

- image
- product
- category
- sorting
- facet
- cdn
- paging
- cart
- stylesheet

The result of the tag is a string that helps construct the URL in question. Depending on the mode, the URL may be scheme-relative (a relative URL that uses the current protocol, such as https: or http:, as its base) or domainrelative (a relative URL that uses the domain, such as http://www.yourSite.com/, as its base). For some modes, such as "image", the resulting string appends a cache key value, which is a random number that is updated every time someone busts the cache through the Admin General Settings.



If you set up custom routes for your site, the results of the make_url tag as listed in the examples of this $topic\ likely\ won't\ match\ your\ custom\ URLs.\ However,\ the\ make_url\ tag\ accounts\ for\ custom\ route$ changes and outputs a modified string according to the code you set up in the Custom Routing JSON $\,$ Editor, so there is no need for further action on your part.

image

The "image" mode generates a path to the CDN location for the specified image model. You can add image fields to the URL, such as size and quality fields, by including the parameters between the keywords $\ \ with \ \ and$ as_parameter at the end of the tag.

Cache key appended to result? Yes

Type of URL: Scheme-relative

Example:

<img src="" model.mainImage with max=themeSettings.listProductThumbSize quality=75 crop="</p> 10,10,10,10" as_parameter %}" />

 $\{\# \ Result: \ This \ code \ specifies \ the \ image \ location \ at \ ''/cdn.mozu.com/tenantlD-sitelD/cms/files/sweetlmage.jpg?max=150&quality=75&crop=10,10,10&mzCb=90239082348020" \ \#\}$

When you use the make_url tag on an image hosted on the Kibo eCommerce CDN, you can include the following additional fields at the end of the tag, between $\mbox{\ with\ and\ as_parameter}$:



⊠Delete

To avoid incorrect image rendering, do not apply the image manipulation fields to images that contain a dimension greater than 30,000 pixels in length.

Field	Description
max	Specifies a pixel limitation for the largest side of an image.
maxWidth	Specifies a pixel limitation for the width of the image, preserving the aspect ratio if the image needs resizing.
maxHeight	Specifies a pixel limitation for the height of the image, preserving the aspect ratio if the image needs resizing.
width	Specifies an exact width dimension for the image, in pixels.
size	Same as width . Provides backwards-compatibility for an earlier syntax.
height	Specifies an exact height dimension for the image, in pixels.
crop	Usage: crop="x1,y1,x2,y2" Crops the image based on the specified coordinates. The reference point has positive coordinates only. You can use this field to easily crop an equal amount of pixels from every edge of the image. For example, crop="10,10,10,10" removes 10 pixels from all edges of the image (crop="0,0,0,0" leaves the image uncropped). You can also use this field to specify a subset of the image. For example, crop="150,300,150,300". The only thing to remember is that you must always specify x2 to the right of x1 and y2 to the bottom of y1, otherwise no cropping takes effect.
quality	$\label{eq:Adjusts} Adjusts the image compression for JPEG files (other image types do not support this field). Accepts values from 0-100, where 100 = highest quality, least compression.$

product

The "product" mode generates a path to a product page based on a product model, product code, or product ID. You can also specify a variant for a configurable product using the variant parameter.

Cache key appended to result? No

Type of URL: Domain-relative

Example:

```
{# "uses the product model available in the Hypr template" #}
"product" model %}
{# Result: "/p/my-product-code ...unless you have configured a canonical custom route, in which c ase the result mirrors the custom route" #}

{# "uses a product code" #}
"product" "my-product-code" %}

{# Result: "/p/my-product-code" #}

# "uses a product ID" #}
"product" 1234 %}

{# Result: "/p/1234" #}

{# "uses a product code and a variant code" #}
"product" "my-product-code" with variant="small-green" as_parameter %}
{# Result: "/p/my-product-code?vpc=small-green" #}
```

category

The "category" mode generates a path to a category page based on a category model, category code, or category ID.

Cache key appended to result? No

Type of URL: Domain-relative

Example:

```
{# uses the category model available in the Hypr template #}
"category" categoryModel %}
{# Result: "/c/my-category-code ...unless you have configured a canonical custom route, in which case the result mirrors the custom route" #}

{# uses a category code #}
"category" "my-category-code" %}
{# Result: "/c/my-category-code" #}

{# uses a category ID #}
"category" 1234 %}
{# Result: "/c/1234" #}
```

sorting

The "sorting" mode generates a path to a sort query with URL-encoded sort parameters.

Cache key appended to result? No

Type of URL: Domain-relative

Example:

```
"sorting" "price:desc,rating:asc" %}
{# Result: "?sortBy=price%3Adesc%2Crating%3Aasc" #}
```

facet

The "facet" mode generates a path to a faceting query based on a facet value.

Cache key appended to result? No

Type of URL: **Domain-relative**

Example:

```
{% for facet in productSearch.facets %}

<div>{{facet.label}}</div>
{% for facetValue in facet.values %}

<a href=""facet" facetValue %}">{{facetValue.label}}</a>
{% endfor %}

{% endfor %}
```

{# Result (of tag): "This code creates a link that a shopper can use to apply a facet. For example, the facet label might be 'Small' and the result of the make_url tag might be '?facetValueFilter=size %3ASmall'" #

cdn

The "cdn" mode generates a URL on the CDN domain for your tenant, based on a full path to a filename, relative to root.

Cache key appended to result? Yes

Type of URL: Scheme-relative

Example:

"cdn" "/cms/files/video.mp4" %} {# Result: "//cdn.mozu.com/tenantID-siteID/cms/files/video.mp4?_mzCb=54654986689" #}

paging

The "paging" mode generates a path to a specific page within a product search model. You can specify to create a path to the previous page, next page, first page, last page, or a specific page with the following fields or page number, which you use at the end of the tag preceded by the with page= phrase:

- "previous"
- "next"
- "first"
- "last"
- zero-indexed page number

Cache key appended to result? No

Type of URL: **Domain-relative**

Example:

"paging" productSearch with page="previous" %}

"paging" productSearch with page=3 %}

cart

The "cart" mode generates a path to your cart page. This mode does not require you to pass it a Hypr object representing the cart.

Cache key appended to result? No

Type of URL: Domain-relative

Example:

```
"cart" %}
{# Result: "/cart" #}
```

document

The "document" mode generates a path to a document in the CMS based on a fully-qualified list name and a document name.

Cache key appended to result? No

Type of URL: Domain-relative

Example:

"document" listFQN="banners@namespace" name="banner007" %} {# Result: "/cms/banners@namespace/banner007" #}

stylesheet

The "stylesheet" mode generates a stylesheet link based on the stylesheet location.

Cache key appended to result? **Yes** (and the resulting key is more complicated than the keys generated by the other modes)

Type of URL: Scheme-relative

Example:

"stylesheet" "stylesheets/storefront.less" %} {# Result: "//cdn.mozu.com/tenantlD-sitelD//stylesheets/storefront.less?SBTHEME=~themeID&dt =8D2D95D6D734CC0-8D2D3E168157400" #}

now

Renders the current date and time using PHP date format.

Supported On Hypr

 $\{\%$ now "F, j, Y" $\%\}$ $\{\#$ Result: "Returns a date in the format of" January 1, 2016 $\#\}$

parent

Returns the output of the parent template block.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

This tag only works in child templates that extend a parent template.

% block title-tag-content $\%\$ if pageContext.metaTitle % {{pageContext.metaTitle}} {% else % {{model.content.productName}} - {% parent %} {% endblock title-tag-content %}

partial_cache

Caches the contents in the tag as a string to reduce the amount of Hypr logic that must be evaluated during page loads. Subsequent page loads reuse the cached content so long as the value of the monitored parameters don't change.

Supported On Hypr

This is a tag you must open, {% partial_cache thingToMonitor1 thingToMonitor2 ... %}, and close, {% endpartial_cache %}. You specify the properties to monitor as arguments to the tag. So long as these properties do not change, the contents in the tag are evaluated only once every five minutes.

The following example uses the <code>include_products</code> tag to request a list of products from the Kibo eCommerce API. Because server calls can take some time to execute, you can achieve better performance by caching the results of this call. Assuming the result of the query does not change so long as the category ID and the search query stay the same, you can set up the <code>partial_cache</code> tag with those two parameters as arguments. The cached result will remain in use for the default five minute interval unless the category ID or the query search change.

 $\{\%\ partial_cache\ model.categoryld\ pageContext.search.query\ \%\}$ $\{\%\ include_products\ "modules/product/faceted-products"\ with\ pageWithUrl=true\ \%\}$ $\{\%\ endpartial_cache\ \%\}$



Warning

Do not use tags whose effects should extend beyond the current template (such as the require_script and set_var tags) inside the partial_cache tag. To function properly, these types of tags should execute on every page load, which would be prevented by the partial_cache tag.

preload_json

Enables the full functionality of HyprLive by making the server-side model available on the client side.

Supported On Hypr

This tag serializes an object into JSON and embeds the results in a <code>script></code> tag. The <code>preload_json</code> tag takes two arguments: an object that is serialized into JSON and a name that helps construct the ID of the <code>script></code> tag that contains the results of the tag.

{% preload_json model "product" %} {# Result "The above code produces" <script id="data-mz-preload-product" type="text/json">Ser ialized JSON of Product Model #}

The require function exposed by Kibo eCommerce's RequireJS library has a static method that uses the scripts produced by this tag. This method is require.mozuData(name), where name is the string you supply as the second argument to the preload_json tag. This function returns a deserialized JavaScript object representing the object you supply as the first argument to the preload_json tag. For the prior example, you could write:

var p = require.mozuData("product")

In this case, p is created as an object with the product code, options, and properties of the product model.

Use the <code>preload_joon</code> tag on every page that requires complex JavaScript interaction with Kibo eCommerce data and also to fully enable the functionality of HyprLive. The core theme template, <code>template/modules/joon-required-for-hyprlive.hypr</code>, contains many (but not all) of these required preloads. Omitting them from a theme results in errors whenever HyprLive is used.

require_script

Declares that a template depends on a particular JavaScript module to be fully functional.

Supported On Hypr

This tag takes one argument as the filename of the required script: {% require_script "script" %}. The tag applies the .js extension to the filename you provide and assumes the scripts directory is the root folder for the path. Note that this tag does not work inside of the partial_cache tag.

This tag behaves like an HTML <script src=""> tag but also guarantees that each script is loaded only once, per the benefits of Kibo eCommerce's RequireJS library. The tag does not output any HTML or text in place but does keep track of the arguments sent through each invocation of the tag. When the all_scripts tag is called near the end of the template, each argument passed to the require_script tag is output as a comma separated list of quote-delimited strings. If you use the require_scripts to require a tag that is not already a default script included by your theme's build.js file, you must add the script to that file.

You can load external scripts (so long as they do not explicitly require synchronous loading) by supplying the require_script tag with a fully qualified URL (http://or https://). Using the require_script tag instead of HTML <script> tags to load external scripts improves the load times of pages on your site.

{% require_script "modules/login-links" %

set_header

Adds/modifies http headers on the request response.

Examples:

Set the x-frame-options header

{% set_header "X-Frame-Options:SAMEORIGIN" %}

You can also use this tag with custom headers.

{% set_header "foo:bar" &}

This tag also supports named parameters:

{% set_header name="foo" value="bar" replage=false %}

Field	Description
Name	Name of header
value	value of the header
replace	(Optional) Used to replace a header if the page already has a header set.

set_var

Assigns a value to a new variable of your choice. The variable persists in the global Hypr context for the rest of the render cycle. Note that this tag is only supported on Hypr. In HyprLive, assign values to variables by using Set. This discrepancy is due to Set_var replacing the older Set tag on the Hypr server but not replacing it on the client-side HyprLive.

```
Supported On Hypr
```

When possible, use the *with* tag to assign values to variables. The set_var tag is designed for advanced use cases, such as setting global variables from within a for tag. The set_var tag can run in an inner template and, because of its global context, may have unexpected effects in the outer template (which calls the inner template via the include tag).

This tag takes the name of a new global variable as its argument, followed by an equal sign, and then the value you wish to set the variable to: ${\% \text{ set_var fruit="apple" \%}}$

Simple examples:

```
{% set_var testBool=true %}
{{ testBool }} {# Renders true #}

{% set_var testFloat=123.456 %}
{{ testFloat }} {# Renders 123.456 #}

{% set_var testString="waffle cones" %}
{{ testString }} {# Renders "waffle cones" #}
```

The following, more in-depth example demonstrates how you can take advantage of the <code>set_var</code> tag's global scope to make the value of a Boolean available outside of the <code>for</code> tag where the Boolean is set. In this case, the Boolean is used to hide or display specific categories to shoppers depending on whether the shoppers are signed in or logged out.

```
{% for child in node.items %}
    {% if user.isAnonymous %}
    {% for hideld in themeSettings.hideldsForAnonymousUsers %}
    {% if hideld == child.categoryld %}
    {% set_var hideThisCat=true %}
    {% endif %}
    {% endfor %}
    {% endfor %}
    {% endfor %}

{% inot hideThisCat %}
    {% include_products "modules/cat/cat" with pageSize=200 categoryld=child.categoryld %}

{% endif %}
```

spaceless

Removes tab characters, new lines, and the white space between HTML tags.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

This tag does not remove spaces between text and HTML tags.

```
{% spaceless %}
<a href=""> Cool Gizmos </a>

{% endspaceless %}

{% comment %}

"The prior example returns:
<a href="> Cool Gizmos </a>"
{% endcomment %}
```

templatetag

Displays the syntax characters used to construct a Hypr tag or variable.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

Because the template system cannot escape, you must use the this tag to display Hypr syntax. Use this tag with the following arguments.

Argument	Output
openblock	{%
closeblock	%}
openvariable	{{
closevariable	}}
openbrace	{
closebrace	}
opencomment	{#
closecomment	#}

 $\{\%\ templatetag\ openblock\ \%\}\ require_script\ "modules/customScript"\ \ \{\%\ templatetag\ closeblock\ \%\}$

<

visitor_tracking_pixel

Required for every page on your site, this tag relays visitor tracking information for billing purposes.

```
Supported On Hypr
```

This tag adds an HTML tag that renders a 1px by 1px transparent image on your page. Kibo uses the HTTP request for the image as a beacon to gather the necessary visitor information.

The tag is located near the end of the page.hypr template, as shown in the following example. If you don't extend from this template, you must add the tag manually.

```
...
{% visitor_tracking_pixel %}
</body>
{% endblock body-tag %}
</html>
```

with

Assigns the value of a Hypr expression to a local variable that you can use within the scope of the tag.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

 $The local \ variable \ helps \ reduce \ the \ amount \ of \ times \ a \ complex \ piece \ of \ Hypr \ logic \ must \ be \ evaluated.$

This is a tag you must open, $\{\% \text{ with } \textit{HyprExpression} \text{ as } \textit{variable } \%\}$, and close $\{\% \text{ endwith } \%\}$. You provide the tag an expression whose value you assign to a variable of your choice. Separate the expression and the variable with the keyword as .

{% with order.items|findwhere("fulfillmentMethod", "Digital") as digitalFulfillmentItem %} {# "Everything between here and the {% endwith %} tag will have access to a new local variab le called "digitalFulfillmentItem", which contains the first item in the order that is to be digitally fulf lled" #}

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} & \{\% & if digital Fulfill ment | tem \% \} & \{\# & use the variable to avoid repeating the same operation multiple times $^\#$ & $$

Deprecated Hypr Tags

This topic includes a list of deprecated Hypr tags.



cycle

 ${\tt DEPRECATED.}\ Modern\ web\ technologies\ allow\ you\ to\ achieve\ the\ effects\ of\ this\ tag\ using\ {\tt CSS.}$

Supported On Hypr

This tag is used in legacy systems to apply a particular CSS class to alternating rows in a table or list.

debug

DEPRECATED. Use the dump tag instead.

Supported On Hypr

Outputs a verbose amount of debugging information, including the current context and imported modules.

firstof

DEPRECATED

Supported On Not supported in most versions of Hypr.

Outputs the first argument that is not empty or false from a variable number of arguments. If all passed arguments are false, this tag outputs nothing.

{% firstof var1 var2 var3 %}

You can use a literal string as a fallback value if all passed arguments are false:

{% firstof var1 var2 var3 "fallback value" %}

ifchanged

DEPRECATED

Supported On Hypr

Determines whether a value has changed from the last iteration of a loop. This tag checks its rendered contents against the previous state and displays the content if it has changed. For example, the following code displays a list of days but only displays the month if it has changed:

```
{% for date in days %}
   {% ifchanged %} {{ date|date:"F" }} {% endifchanged %}
   {{ date|date:"M/d"|lower }}
   {{ date|date:"j" }}
{% endfor %}
```

If given a variable, this tag checks whether that variable has changed. For example, the following shows the date every time it changes, but only shows the hour if both the hour and the date change:

```
{% for date in days %}
  {% ifchanged date.date %} {{ date.date }} {% endifchanged %}
  {% ifchanged date.hour date.date %}
   {{ date.hour }}
  {% endifchanged %}
{% endfor %}
```

ifequal

Supported On Hypr

Outputs the contents of the block if the two arguments equal each other.

ifnotequal

DEPRECATED. Not supported in HyprLive. Use the not equal operator inside an if tag instead.

Supported On Hypr

Outputs the contents of the block if the two arguments do not equal each other.

json

DEPRECATED. Refer to the json_attribute and preload_json tags as alternatives, which also process JSON.

Supported On	Hypr
--------------	------

Outputs an object formatted in JSON.

{% json model %}

raw

DEPRECATED. This is a legacy tag that was used for complicated debugging scenarios.

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

Eliminates the processing of content inside tags. This is a tag you must open, $\{\% \text{ raw } \%\}$, and close $\{\% \text{ endraw } \%\}$.

```
{% raw %}
{% if %}
"Hello sweet world."
{{a|b}}
{% endraw %}

{% comment %}

Outputs as:
"{% if %}
Hello sweet world.
{{a|b}}
{% endf %}"
{% endcomment %}
```

widthratio

DEPRECATED

```
Supported On Hypr
```

Calculates the ratio of a given value to a maximum value, and then applies that ratio to a constant. For example:

If this_value is 10 and max_value is 20, then the image in the above example is 50 pixels wide because (10/20) * 100 = 50.

Hypr Filters

This topic includes a complete list of Hypr filters.

	 divisibleby 		
	• escape		
	• find	 linenumbers 	
• add	• findwhere	• lower	
add_time	• first	• mod	• subtract
• currency	• fix_ampersands	• multiply	• timesince
• date	• floatformat	• prop	• timeuntil
• default	• get_product_attribute	• replace	 truncateword
• dictsort	• get_product_attribute_value	• safe	• upper
• dictsortreversed	• get_product_attribute_values	slugify	 urlencode
• divide	• is_after	• split	
	• is_before	• string_format	
	• join		
	• last		

Deprecated Filters

Click here to view a list of deprecated Hypr filters.

add

Adds the filtered value to the argument.

Filtered Value	type: number If this is not a number, Hypr tries to parse it as a number.
Argument	type: number If this is not a number, Hypr tries to parse it as a number.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

add_time

Adds a specified amount of seconds to a date and returns a new date. You can pass the results of this filter to the date filter to format the resulting date.

Filtered Value	type: DateTime The date to add seconds to.
Argument	type: integer The number of seconds to add.
Supported On	Hypr
{{ now add_time(86400) date(" ") }}	

currency

Formats the filtered value as currency according to the rules of the locale for the site.

{# Result: Wednesday (assuming today = Tuesday) #}

```
Filtered Value type: number The number to format into currency. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.

Argument N/A

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

```
{{ 15.5|currency }}
{# Result (EN_US locale): "$15.50" #}
```

date

Formats the filtered value as a date and time using PHP date format.

Filtered Value	type: DateTime The date to format. If this is not a date, Hypr attempts to parse it as a date.
Argument	type: string The PHP formatting convention to format the date into.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive
{{ model.auditInfo.createDate date("F j, Y") }}	

default

{# Result: January 1, 2016 #}

 $Returns \ the \ filtered \ value \ if \ it \ exists. \ If \ the \ filtered \ value \ is \ null, \ this \ filter \ returns \ the \ argument.$

Filtered Value	type: any type The value to return, if it exists.
Argument	type: any type The value to return as a fallback when the filtered value does not exist.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

 $Welcome\ back,\ \{\{\ user.firstName| default(user.emailAddress)\ \}\}!$

 $\{\#\mbox{ Result: "Welcome back, Brenda!" or "Welcome back, brenda@mozu.com!" (depending on whether user.firstName exists) <math display="inline">\#\}$

dictsort

Sorts a list of objects in ascending order based on a property that all the objects have.

Filtered Value	type: list of objects The list to sort.
Argument	type: string The property to sort the list on.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

dictsortreversed

Same as $\mbox{\ \ dictsort\ }$, but sorts in descending order.

divide

Divides the filtered value by the argument.

Filtered Value	type: number The number to divide. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.
Argument	type: number The number to divide by. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive
{{ 21 divide(7) }}	
{# Result: 3 #}	

divisibleby

Returns TRUE if the argument divides into the filtered value evenly with zero remainder.

Filtered Value	type: number The number to divide. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.
Argument	type: number The number to divide by. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

Is six divisible by three? {{ 6|divisibleby(3) }} -- Is six divisible by four? {{ 6|divisibleby(4) }} {# Result: "Is six divisible by three? True -- Is six divisible by four? False #}

escape

Converts HTML special characters into HTML entities.

This filter is useful for sanitizing potentially malicious code supplied by users or third-parties. Note, however, that it is not necessary to use this filter on content enclosed by the autoescape tag.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to escape.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

```
{{ "

Hello Friends & Family

"|escape }}

{# Result: "Hello Friends & Family" #}
```

find

Searches a list of objects by the property $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ID}}$ and returns the first object that matches the ID.

Filtered Value	type: list of objects The list to search.
Argument	type: number The ID to match.

findwhere

Searches a list of objects to find the object that contains a matching property value.

```
Filtered Value

type: list of objects The list to search.

type: string The first argument is the name of a property to search. Every object in the list should have this property.

type: string The second argument is the value of the property that results in a match.

type: Boolean (Optional) If TRUE, the search is case-sensitive.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

first

Returns the first value in a list or the first character in a string.

Filtered Value	type: list or string The list or string to apply the filter to.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

```
{{ "Hypr"|first }}
{# Result: "H" #}
```

fix_ampersands

Replaces unescaped ampersand characters with HTML entities.

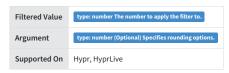
Filtered Value	type: string The HTML string to apply the filter to.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr

```
{{ "Hello Friends & Family"|fix_ampersands }}

{# Result: "Hello Friends & Family" #
```

floatformat

Formats the filtered value into a floating point number.



When used without an argument, this filter rounds a floating-point number to one decimal place (but only if there's a non-zero decimal place to be displayed).

Value	Filter	Result
34.23234	{{ value floatformat }}	34.2
34.00000	{{ value floatformat }}	34
34.5600	{{ value floatformat }}	34.6

If you specify a positive integer argument, this filter rounds the value to the specified number of decimal places (including zeroes).

Because of the differences in math handling between servers, the conversion accuracy is guaranteed up to the fifth decimal place only.

Value	Filter	Result
34.23234	{{ value floatformat(3) }}	34.232
34.00000	{{ value floatformat(3) }}	34.000
34.5600	{{ value floatformat(3) }}	34.560

If you specify a zero as the argument, this filter rounds the value to the nearest integer.

Value	Filter	Result
34.23234	{{ value floatformat(0) }}	34
34.00000	{{ value floatformat(0) }}	34
34.56000	{{ value floatformat(0) }}	35

If you specify a negative argument, this filter rounds the value to the specified number of decimal places (but only if there's a non-zero decimal place to be displayed).

Using this filter without an argument is equivalent to using this filter with an argument of $\,$ -1 $\,$.

Value	Filter	Result
34.23234	{{ value floatformat(-3) }}	34.232
34.00000	{{ value floatformat(-3) }}	34
34.5600	{{ value floatformat(-3) }}	34.560

get_product_attribute

 $Returns \, an \, attribute \, object \, for \, a \, specified \, product.$

```
Filtered Value type: object A Kibo eCommerce product, such as the model on a Product page or an item in a product list.

Argument type: string The fully-qualified name of a product attribute.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

```
{\ with mode||get_product_attribute("tenant~color") as colorAttr \} {\ colorAttr.attributeDetail.name \}:\{\ colorAttr.values|first|prop("value") \} {\ endwith \%} 

{# Result: "Color: Blue" #}
```

get_product_attribute_value

Returns the first string value of a product attribute.



```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

{{ model|get_product_attribute_value("tenant~color") }}

{# Result: "Aqua Blue" #}

{{ model|get_product_attribute_value("tenant~color", true) }}

{# Result: "aqua-blue" #}
```

get_product_attribute_values

Returns the list of string values for a product attribute.

```
Filtered Value

type: object A Kibo eCommerce product, such as the model on a Product page or an item in a product list.

type: string The fully-qualified name of a product attribute.

type: Boolean (Optional, and applicable only to string attributes) If TRUE, returns the value of the attribute instead of the string value. The string value is the user-facing label of the supported On

Hypr, HyprLive

{ model|get_product_attribute_values("tenant~color")|join(", ") }}

## Result: "Aqua blue, Mariner Green, Catawampus Orange" #}

{ model|get_product_attribute_values("tenant~color", true)|join(", ") }}

## Result: "aqua-blue, mariner-green, catawampus-orange" #}
```

is_after

Returns TRUE if the filtered value occurs after the argument.

```
Filtered Value

type: DateTime This date is later than the argument when this filter returns TRUE.

fype: DateTime This date is earlier than the filtered value when this filter returns TRUE.

Supported On

Hypr, HyprLive

{{ laterDate[is_after(earlierDate) }}

{# Result: True #}

{{ earlierDate[is_after(laterDate) }}

{# Result: False #}
```

is_before

Returns TRUE if the filtered value occurs before the argument.

```
Filtered Value type: DateTime This date is earlier than the argument when this filter returns TRUE.

Argument type: DateTime This date is tater than the filtered value when this filter returns TRUE.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

{{ earlierDate|is_before(laterDate) }}

{# Result: True #}

{{ laterDate|is_before(earlierDate) }}

{# Result: False #}
```

join

Joins the values of a list with the characters specified in the argument.

```
Filtered Value

type: list of strings or numbers The list of values to join. If the values are numbers, Hypr converts them to strings.

type: string The joining characters.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

{{ product.fulfillmentTypesSupported|join(" or " }}

{# Result: "InStorePickup or DirectShip" #}
```

last

Returns the last value in a list or the last character in a string.

Filtered Value	type: list or string The list or string to apply the filter to.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive
{{ "Hypr" last }}	
{# Result: "r" #}	

linenumbers

Filtered Value

Prepends text with line numbers, calculating the maximum line number width to align text with correct padding.

type: string The text to apply line numbers to.

Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr
text = "The quick brown fox" {{ text linenumbers }} {% comment %} Result: "1 The 2 quick 3 brown 4 fox" {% endcomment %}	

lower

Converts a string to lowercase.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to lowercase.
Argument	N/A

```
Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

{{ "Hypr"|lowercase }}

{# Result: "hypr" #}
```

mod

Returns the modulus (remainder) of dividing the filtered value by the argument.

```
Filtered Value type: number The number to divide. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.

Argument type: number The number to divide by. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive

{{7|mod(3) }}

{# Result: 1 #}
```

multiply

Multiplies two numbers

```
Filtered Value

type: number A number to multiply. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.

type: number A number to multiply. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.

Supported On

Hypr, HyprLive

{ 7 | multiply(3) } }

# Result: 21 #}
```

prop

Returns the value of an object property.

This filter may not seem immediately useful because you can use dot-lookup notation to access object properties in Hypr. For instance, object.length returns the length property for an object in Hypr. However, you can not use dot-lookup notation on the result of a filter unless you first assign the result to a variable. In these cases, the prop filter comes in handy by shortening the code you have to write.

```
Filtered Value type: object The object that contains the property.

Argument type: string The name of the property.

Supported On Hypr, HyprLive
```

replace

Removes or replaces all instances of the provided argument from a string.

```
Filtered
Value

type: string The string to remove or replace the argument in.

type: string If you provide one argument, this filter removes all instances of the argument from the filtered value.

If you provide two arguments, this filter replaces all instances of the first argument with the second argument.

Supported
On

HyprLive
```

```
{{ "HyprLive"|replace("Live") }}
{# Result: "Hypr" #}
{{ "HyprLive"|replace("Live", " has many filters") }}
{# Result: "Hypr has many filters" #}
```

safe

Excludes the filtered value from being escaped by the $\{\% \text{ autoescape } \%\}\$ tag. Use this tag to output raw HTML from inside the body of an $\{\% \text{ autoescape } \%\}\$ tag.

Filtered Value	type: string The content to exclude from HTML escaping.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

```
{\ \text{\cond} \text{\cond} \\
\text{
```

slugify

Converts text to conventional URL slug format to benefit SEO.

This filter works by converting text to lowercase and replacing special characters and spaces with hypens.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to slugify.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

```
{{ "Brenda is a closer"|slugify }}
{# Result: "brenda-is-a-closer" #}
```

split

Splits a string wherever there is a space and returns a list of the split components.

```
Filtered
Value

Argument

type: string The string to split.

Type: string (Optional) The character to split the string on. If you leave this argument blank, the default is to split the string on the space character.

Supported
On

Hypr, HyprLive

{ "Brenda is a closer"|split }}

{# Result: ["Brenda", "is", "a", "closer"] #}

{ "Brenda is a closer"|split("a") }}

{# Result: ["Brenda is ", " closer"] #}
```

$string_format$

Formats a string that contains placeholders (such as " $\{0\}$ " and " $\{1\}$ ") by injecting the filter arguments into the string according to the numbering of the placeholder and the order of the arguments.

```
Filtered
Value

Argument type: string The value(s) to inject into the placeholder(s) located in the string. This filter takes a variable amount of arguments, separated by commas, to match the number of place supported
On

Hypr, HyprLive
```

labels.optIn = "Yes, I would like to receive offers from {0}. Send these bad boys to {1}!"

{{ labels.optIn|string_format(siteContext.generalSettings.websiteName, user.emailAddress) }}

{# Result: "Yes, I would like to receive offers from Your Awesome Site. Send these bad boys to my Email@coolShopper.com!" #}

subtract

Subtracts the argument from the filtered value.

Filtered Value	type: number The number to subtract from. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.
Argument	type: number This number to subtract. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive
{{ 11 subtract(3	3) }
{# Result: 8 #}	

timesince

Returns the elapsed time in seconds between the argument and the filtered value.

Filtered Value	type: DateTime The end time to measure to.
Argument	type: DateTime The start time to measure from.

Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive
{{ timeOfShopperPurchase t	imesince(timeOfShopperVisit) }}
{# Result: 9000 #}	

timeuntil

Same as the timesince filter, except reversed. This filter returns the elapsed time in seconds between the filtered value and the argument.

Filtered Value	type: DateTime The start time to measure from.
Argument	type: DateTime The end time to measure to.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

 $\label{lem:continuous} \begin{tabular}{ll} \{ timeOfShopperVisit|timeuntil(timeOfShopperPurchase) \end{tabular} \} \end{tabular}$

{# Result: 9000 #}

truncatewords

 $Truncates\ a\ string\ if\ it\ is\ longer\ than\ the\ specified\ number\ of\ words.\ Truncated\ strings\ end\ with\ an\ ellips is.$

Filtered Value	type: string The string to truncate.
Argument	type: integer The number of total words in the resulting string.
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

{{ "My Site is Awesome"|truncatewords(3) }}

{# Result: "My Site is..." #}

upper

Converts a string to uppercase.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to uppercase.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr, HyprLive

{{ "Hypr"|upper }} {# Result: "HYPR" #}

urlencode

Converts special characters in a string into their URL-encoded equivalents.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to apply the filter to.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Нург

```
urlText = "firstParam=1&secondParam=2"
{{ urlText|urlencode}}

{# Result: "firstParam%3D1%26secondParam%3D2" #}
```

Deprecated Hypr Filters

This topic includes a list of deprecated Hypr filters.

absolute_url addslashes capfirst center collection_filter cut default_edit	 escapejs filesizeformat force_escape get_digit length length_is linebreaks linebreaksbr 	 ljust make_list number_format phone2numeric pluralize random removetags rjust slice striptags 	stylesheet_tag time title truncatechars urlize urlizetrunc wordcount wordwrap yesno
--	--	--	---

absolute_url

DEPRECATED

Validates and returns an absolute URL assembled by prepending the argument to the filtered value.

Argument type: string The origin of the URL, which should include the protocol and host name. Supported On Hypr	Filtered Value	type: string The latter part of the URL.
Supported On Hypr	Argument	type: string The origin of the URL, which should include the protocol and host name.
	Supported On	Hypr

 $\{\{\ "/product/12345" | absolute_url(pageContext.url)\ \}\}$

{# Result: "http://yourSite.com/product/12345" #}

addslashes

DEPRECATED

Adds back slashes before quotation marks in order to escape strings.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to apply the filter to.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	HyprLive

 $\{\{\ "I'm\ being\ escaped!"|addslashes\ \}\}$

{# Result: "I\'m being escaped!" #}

capfirst

DEPRECATED

Capitalizes the first character of the filtered value.

```
Filtered Value type: string The string to apply the filter to.

Argument N/A

Supported On Hypr
```

```
{{ "hypr"|capfirst }}
{# Result: "Hypr" #}
```

center

DEPRECATED

Centers the filtered value by within a set amount of total characters.

```
Filtered Value type: string The string to center.

Argument type: integer The total amount of ASCII characters in the resulting string, including the centered value.

Supported On Hypr
```

```
{{ "Brenda"|center(10) }}

{# Result:" Brenda " (there are two spaces on either side) #}
```

collection_filter

DEPRECATED

Filters a collection (list of objects) to satisfy the string predicate in the first argument.

```
Filtered Value

type: list of objects The list to filter.

Argument

type: string The string predicate to use as a filter for the list.

Supported On Hypr
```

DEPRECATED. Use the replace filter instead.

Removes all instances of the argument from the filtered value.

Argument type: string The string to remove from the filtered value.	
Supported On Hypr	

```
{{ "Hyper"|cut("e") }}
{# Result: "Hypr" #}
```

default_edit

DEPRECATED

Similar to the default filter, except this filter only displays the fallback argument when the filtered value does not exist AND when the current page is in Edit mode, meaning that the page is being accessed through the Content Editor. You can use this filter to provide placeholder data such as usernames or product information, which helps users editing the site work within a realistic-looking page.

Supported On	Hypr
--------------	------

escapejs

DEPRECATED

 $Replaces single \ and \ double \ quotes \ with \ backslashes \ so \ that \ the \ resulting \ string \ can \ be \ safely \ embedded \ in \ JavaScript \ code \ and \ stored \ as \ a \ string \ in \ a \ variable.$

Supporte	d On	Hypr	

filesizeformat

DEPRECATED

Formats a number into a human-readable file size in powers of 1024.

Filtered Value	type: number The number to format into a file size. If this is not a number, Hypr attempts to parse it as a number.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr

```
{{ 123456789|filesizeformat }}
{# Result: "117.7 MB" #}
force_escape
DEPRECATED
Immediately\ escapes\ HTML\ characters\ into\ HTML\ entities.\ This\ filter\ is\ useful\ in\ the\ rare\ cases\ where\ you\ need\ multiple
escaping or want to apply other filters to the escaped results.
 Supported On
                                                                                Hypr
get_digit
DEPRECATED
Given a number, returns the digit in the position specified by the argument.
 Filtered
 Value
 Argument
 Supported
               Hypr
 On
{{ 107.853|get_digit(3) }}
{# Result: 8 #}
length
{\tt DEPRECATED.\,All\,Hypr\,collections\,have\,a}\ . \\ {\tt length}\ \ property\,you\,can\,use\,instead.}
 Supported On
                                                                                Hypr
Returns the length of a string or the number of items in a list.
length_is
DEPRECATED
 Supported On
                                                                                Hypr
```

Returns TRUE if the filtered value's length matches the argument.

linebreaks

DEPRECATED

Supported On	Hypr	
--------------	------	--

Replaces line breaks with HTML
tags, unless the line is surrounded by blank lines, in which case this filter wraps the line in HTML tags.

linebreaksbr

DEPRECATED

Supported On	Hypr
--------------	------

Same as the linebreaks filter, except this filter never outputs HTML $\,$ tags.

ljust

DEPRECATED

Left-aligns the filtered value within a set amount of total characters.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to left-align.
Argument	type: integer The total amount of ASCII characters in the resulting string, including the aligned value.
Supported On	Hypr

```
{{ "Brenda"|ljust(10) }}
```

{# Result: "Brenda " (contains four trailing spaces) #}

make_list

DEPRECATED. Use the split filer instead.

 $Returns\ the\ filtered\ value\ in\ list\ form.\ For\ integers, it\ returns\ a\ list\ of\ digits.\ For\ strings, it\ returns\ a\ list\ of\ characters.$

Filtered Value	type: string or number The value to convert into a list.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr

```
String list: {{ "Hypr"|make_list }} -- Number list: {{ 123|make_list }} 
{# Result: String list: ['H', 'y', 'p', 'r'] -- Number list: [1, 2, 3] #}
```

number_format

DEPRECATED. Use the floatformat filter instead.

Supported On	Нург
--------------	------

phone2numeric

DEPRECATED

Converts a phone number that contains letters into its numeric equivalent.

Filtered Value	type: string The phone number to apply the filter to.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr

```
{{ "1-800-PIRATES"|phone2numeric }}
{# Result: "1-800-747-2837" #}
```

pluralize

DEPRECATED

Returns a plural suffix if the filtered value is not one. By default, " s " is used as the suffix.

Filtered Value	type: number The string to apply the filter to.
Argument	type: string (Optional) An alternate suffix to use, such as "as ".
Supported On	Hypr

```
shopper{{ 0|pluralize }} {# Result: "shoppers" #}
shopper{{ 1|pluralize }} {# Result: "shopper" #}
shopper{{ 2|pluralize }} {# Result: "shoppers" #}
business{{ 3|pluralize("es") }} {# Result: "businesses" #}
```

random

DEPRECATED

Returns a random item from a list.



```
list = ["a", "b", "c", "d"]
{{ list|random }}
{# Result: "c" #}
```

removetags

DEPRECATED

Also deprecated in Django. Not recommended for use.

rjust

DEPRECATED

 $\label{light-aligns} \textbf{Right-aligns the filtered value within a set amount of total characters.}$

Filtered Value	type: string The string to right-align.
Argument	type: integer The total amount of ASCII characters in the resulting string, including the aligned value.
Supported On	Hypr

```
{{ "Brenda"|rjust(10) }}

{# Result: " Brenda" (preceded by four spaces) #}
```

slice

DEPRECATED

Returns a slice of the list. This filter uses the same syntax as Python's list slicing.

```
Filtered Value type: list The list to return a slice from.

Argument type: string The index to slice to, assuming the first index is 0. If you provide more than one index (e.g. 1:3), then the slice happens between the first and second indices. Supported On Hypr
```

```
list = ["a", "b", "c", "d"]
{{ list|slice("2") }}
{# Result: ["a", "b"] #}
```

striptags

Strips all HTML and XHTML tags.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to remove HTML/XHTML tags from.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	HyprLive

{{'

Brenda is a Champion Who Deserves Her Own H1 Tags

"|striptags}}

{# Result: "Brenda is a Champion Who Deserves Her Own H1 Tags" #}

stylesheet_tag

DEPRECATED. Use the %} tag instead.

Supported On	Нург
--------------	------

Takes a relative URL as the filtered value and returns an HTML link tag with appropriate URL parameters for theme, CDN, and cache content.

time

DEPRECATED. Use the date filter instead.

Supported On	Hypr
--------------	------

title

DEPRECATED

Capitalizes every word in the supplied string.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to convert to title case.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	HyprLive

 $\{\{\ \text{"my site delivers an outstanding shopper experience"}| \text{title }\}\}$

{# Result: "My Site Delivers An Outstanding Shopper Experience" #}

truncatechars

DEPRECATED

Truncates a string if it is longer than the specified number of characters. Truncated strings end with an ellipsis.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to truncate.
Argument	type: integer The number of total characters in the resulting string, including the ellipsis if truncated.
Supported On	Hypr

```
{{ "HyprLive"|truncatechars(7) }}
{# Result: "Hypr..." #}
```

urlize

DEPRECATED

Converts URLs embedded within plain text into clickable links.

Filtered Value	type: string The string to apply the filter to.
Argument	N/A
Supported On	Hypr

```
{{ "Get started at www.mozu.com!"|urlize}}
{# Result: "Get started at www.mozu.com!" #}
```

urlizetrunc

DEPRECATED

Same as urlize, but truncates URLs after the specified character limit. This filter adds an ellipsis to truncated URLs.



```
{{ "Get started at www.mozu.com!"|urlizetrunc(9)}}
{# Result: "Get started at www.mo...!" #}
```

wordcount

DEPRECATED

Returns the number of words in the string.

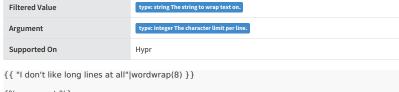


```
{{ "I love to count words"|wordcount }}
{# Result: 5 #}
```

wordwrap

DEPRECATED

Wraps lines of text after a specified character limit.



```
{{ "I don't like long lines at all"|wordwrap(8) }}

{% comment %}

Result:
 "I don't like
 long
 lines
 at all"

{% endcomment %}
```

yesno

DEPRECATED

Maps values for TRUE and FALSE to the strings "yes", "no", or a custom mapping passed as a comma-separated list in the argument, and returns one of those strings according to the filtered value.

```
Filtered Value

type: Boolean The Boolean value to map a string output to.

Argument

type: string (Optional) Custom words to map to TRUE and FALSE.

Supported On

Hypr

{ True|yesno } { # Result: "yes" # }

{ False|yesno } { # Result: "no" # }

{ True|yesno("yeah, nope") } }

# Result: "yeah" # }
```

Global Variables Available in Hypr Templates

{{ False|yesno("yeah, nope") }} {# Result: "nope" #} to the following global variables:

- pageModel
- siteContext
- pageContext
- navigation
- user
- categories
- themeSettings
- labels
- routeData

You can access these globals inside tags, e.g. $\{\% \text{ if user.isAuthenticated } \%\} \dots$, or variables, e.g. $\{\{ \text{labels.checkout } \}\}$.

pageModel

Accesses the current top-level model data. The model data changes depending on the template. For example, it is different depending on if the current template is for the home page, a category page, a product page, or a widget editor.

To learn about the model data that you can access with <code>pageModel</code> for a given template, use the <code>dump</code> tag. For example, you can include the following code to output the contents of the model within a template you are editing:

{% dump pageModel %}

siteContext

 $\label{eq:context} \mbox{Accesses the current site context.}$

Properties	Туре	Description
tenantId	integer	Unique identifier for the tenant.
siteId	integer	Unique identifier for the site.
hashString	string	A string to append to URLs that will change when cache is invalidated, either by a change to catalog or a publish of content.
labels	object	The theme labels, which are key-value pairs used for localization.
themeId	string	Unique identifier for the theme.
		An object that includes the following properties: • websiteName (string)—Name of the site as configured in the Admin general settings. • siteTimeZone (string)—The site time zone as configured under General Settings in Admin. Stored as human-readable string, e.g. "Mountain Standard Time". • allowInvalidAddresses (Boolean)—TRUE if address validation is enabled and invalid addresses are allowed, as configured in the Admin general settings. • isGoogleAnalyticsEcommerceEnabled

Properties	Туре	- Description — TRUE if Google Analytics is enabled and
generalSettings	GeneralSettings	Google Analytics eCom tracking parameters are also enabled. In the Core theme and Core-derived themes, this results in a set of extra calls to the Google Analytics tracking beacon on the Order Confirmation page. • isGoogleAnalyticsEnabled (Boolean)—TRUE if Google Analytics is enabled. In the Core theme and Core-derived themes this results in a call to the Google Analytics tracking beacon on every page. • googleAnalyticsCode (string)—The UA number provided by the Google Analytics account as configured by the site. • isAddressValidationEnabled (Boolean)—TRUE if address validation is enabled as configured in the Admin general settings.
checkoutSettings	CheckoutSettings	An object with the following properties: payByMail (Boolean)—TRUE if pay-by-mail is enabled in the Admin checkout settings. isPayPalEnabled (Boolean)—TRUE if PayPal Express is enabled in Admin checkout settings. supportedCards (Dictionary <string, string="">)—List of credit cards enabled in the Admin checkout settings. An object that contains the theme settings available in</string,>
		theme.json . The URL prefix for CDN content, composed of the host
cdnPrefix	string	name plus a unique CDN identifier for the site.
secureHost	string	HTTPS version of the requested host name.
supportsInStorePickup	Boolean	TRUE if store pickup is enabled in the Admin location settings.
domains	siteDomains	An object that lists the Current domain and the Primary domain, each of which has the following properties: • domainName (string)—the name of the domain. • isPrimary (Boolean)—TRUE if the given domain is the primary one.
currencyInfo	Currency	An object with the following properties: englishName (string)—the currency name. symbol (string)—the currency symbol. precision (integer)—the number of digits to display after the period. roundingType (string)—the rounding type value: "UpToCurrencyPrecision", "NearestNickel", "DownToNearestNickel", "DownToCurrencyPrecisionMinusOne", or "NearestHalfUnit". currencyCode (string)—for example, "USD" for U.S. dollars. Other values include: "EGP", "GBP", "TZS", "UYU", "UZS", "WST", "YER", "ZMK", "TWD", "GHS", "VEF", "SDG", "RSD", "MZN", and "AZN".

Example

{{ siteContext.generalSettings.isAddressValidationEnabled }}

pageContext

Accesses the current page context.

Properties	Туре	Description
themeId	string	Unique identifier for the theme.
is Debug Mode	Boolean	Indicates whether debug mode is enabled.
		The randomly generated number appended to t
cdnCacheBustKey	string	CDN content. This number changes in order to re
		cached content every time a Admin user clicks th
		Cache button available in the General Settings.
isSecure	Boolean	TRUE if the current page is a secure (HTTPS) pag
pageType	string	The documentType of the current page, suc
pagerype	String	"web_page", "cart", "search", etc.
isCrawler	Boolean	TRUE if the current page is requested by a search
Berawier	boolean	crawler.
isMobile	Boolean	TRUE if the current page is requested by a mobil
isTablet	Boolean	TRUE if the current page is requested by a tablet
isDesktop	Boolean	TRUE if the visitor's browser does not identify its
isbesktop	Boolean	mobile or tablet device.
		An object with the following the Page , Temp Site , which each have the following properties
cmsContext	CmsPageContext	path (string)—name or ID of the CMS do
		 documentTypeFQN (string)—the documentType such as "web_page".
		An object related to URL paging and URL queries collections on Search pages and Category pages the following properties: • startIndex (int)—The first item in the paresults. • pageSize (int)—The maximum number return in the collection.
search	SearchContext	 query (string)—A filter expression for Ki eCommerce collections. You can filter pro on their properties by writing a string expryour argument. For example: firstname "Brenda". sortBy (string)—A string representing his the collection. You can sort on any proper as createDate), or document name. Aff the name of the property you are sorting c space followed by "asc "or" desc "to sorting in ascending or descending order. categoryld (int)—The category to facet for. facets (collection)—A keyed collection of filter on.
title	string	The title of the current page.

Proportios	Typo	The contents of the description field entered into Description
Properties cription	S ARR g	settings for the current page.
metaTitle	string	The contents of the title field entered into the SEG for the current page.
metaKeywords	string	The contents of the keywords field entered into t settings for the current page.
user	User	An object with the following properties: isAuthenticated (Boolean)—TRUE if the logged in. userId (string)—the unique identifier for firstName (string)—the user's first name lastName (string)—the user's last name email (string)—the user's email address. isAnonymous (Boolean)—TRUE if the user logged in. accountId (int)—the unique identifier of account. segments (string array)—the list of custive segments the user belongs to. You can use display or hide content from users based or segments they belong to. For example: {% if pageContext.user.segments contain %} <div class="silver"><h3>Enjoy your Benefits! {% endif %}</h3></div>
isEditMode	Boolean	TRUE if the current site is being rendered inside a Editor frame. Use this to display preview content or templates that would not work properly in a C Editor session.
url	string	The canonical URL for the current page.
dataViewMode	string	Either "live" or "pending".
secureHost	string	The fully-qualified secure CDN domain for the site
now	DateTime	The current server date/time when the page is vie
categoryCode	string	The category code for the current page if the pag Category page or Search page.
categoryld	integer	The category ID for the current page if the page is page or Search page.
feedUrl	string	If an RSS feed is configured for this site, this is the that feed.
storefrontOrderAttributes	StorefrontOrderAttributes	A collection of active order attributes.
		An object with the following properties: IsCrawler (Boolean)—TRUE if the curren requested by a search engine crawler. Canonical (string)—The canonical URL, i the start index appended as a URL paramet CMS, product, or category page. If the page of these page types, this property is empty. has a filter applied or if the default sort and parameters are changed, this property is er

Properties	Туре	next (string)—The URL for the next categ Description
crawlerInfo	CrawlerInfo	it exists. If the page has a filter applied or if sort and page size parameters are changed property is empty. • previous (string)—The URL for the previous (string)—The URL for the previous (string)—The URL for the previous (ategory page, if it exists. If the page has a lapplied or if the default sort and page size lare changed, this property is empty. • noIndex (Boolean)—TRUE if crawlers are from indexing the page in search engine residefault this property is not initialized, so it an empty value. • noFollow (Boolean)—TRUE if crawlers are disallowed from following links on the page this property is not initialized, so it may retempty value.

Example:

{{ pageContext.categoryCode }}

navigation

Accesses the current navigation context.

Properties	Туре	Description
tree	NavigationNode array	The navigation tree used to build the main navigation bar for the site. Consists of a list of navigation nodes, each of which may contain children nodes which also are a list of nodes, and so on. The navigation nodes contain the following properties: name (string)—the name of the node. url (string)—the URL to which the node links. isHomePage (Boolean)—TRUE if the node refers to the homepage. index (int)—the unique identifier for the node. isHidden (Boolean)—TRUE if the node does not display in the site's navigation bar. parent (NavigationNode)—the parent of the current node, if applicable. items (list of NavigationNode)—the children of the current node, if applicable.
rootCategories	NavigationNode array	This is the same as the tree , except it only includes the root-level or top level of the tree, and also excludes CMS pages and external links.
currentNode	NavigationNode	The current node in the tree.
breadcrumbs	NavigationNode array	Shows the "breadcrumbs" that navigate to the current page. This is the same as the tree but it excludes the parent and items properties.

Example:

{{ navigation.currentNode.url }}

user

Accesses the current user context.

Properties	Туре	Description
accountId	integer	The customer ID of the logged-in user.

R r6peNas ne	Typeg	The username of the logged-in user (generally equal to the Description email).
email	string	The email of the logged-in user.
firstName	string	The first name of the logged-in user.
lastName	string	The last name of the logged-in user.
isAnonymous	Boolean	TRUE if the current user is not logged in.
isAuthenticated	Boolean	TRUE if the user is logged in.

Example:

{{ user.userName }}

categories

Accesses the full list of categories for a site.

Combine this variable with the find filter to retrieve a particular category by category code (string) or category ID (number), such as:

{{ categories|find('Bicycles') }}

{{ categories|find(107) }}

Properties	Туре	Description
all	Category array	All the categories for the site.
top	Category array	The top-level categories for the site.

Example:

{{ categories.all }}

themeSettings

Reflects the contents of the settings collection in the theme.json file as well as any runtime overrides established through Admin. You can view the theme.json file for the Core theme at https://github.com/Mozu/core-theme/blob/master/theme.json.

labels

Reflects the contents of the JSON file for the current locale in the labels directory of the current theme. You can view the labels directory for the Core theme at https://github.com/Mozu/core-theme/tree/master/labels.

routeData

Includes key-value pairs related to the route that retrieved the page, including any custom key-value pairs specified in the "defaults" object of a custom route or in the "mapTo" field of a regex mapping.

The key-value pairs within this variable are useful for rendering custom content through your Hypr template. You can also access this data for use in an API Extension application.

Form Controls

Form controls are inputs that display to Admin users in widget editors, document editors, and theme setting fields. Admin users make selections or enter text in form controls, and you can leverage these selections in other parts of your theme. For example, you can provide a checkbox that lets Admin users choose whether to enable wishlists, and include logic in your Hypr templates that displays wishlists on the storefront depending on the user's selection.

Example

}	
	Wishlist
	☐ Allow Wishlist
	Default Wishlist Name

Access Form Control Values

All form controls (with the exception of panel) have an xtype field, which specifies the type of form control, a name field, which uniquely identifies an instance of a form control, and a fieldLabel field, which displays a descriptive label about the control to Admin users. You can access a form control's user-specified values by referencing the name field in Hypr templates, stylesheets, or scripts, as explained in the Theme Settings topic.

Types of Form Controls

The following is the complete list of form controls:

- Panel
- Date Picker
- Code Editor
- Rich Text Editor
- Text Area
- Text Input
- Dropdown Menu
- Multiselect Menu
- Checkbox
- Number Input
- Advanced Image Input
- Intermediate Image Input
- Basic Image Input

- Product Multiselect
- Category Input
- Category Multiselect
- Discount Input
- Discount Multiselect
- Navigation Node Input
- Navigation Node Multiselect
- Color Picker

Tip: You can hide and display form controls depending on whether users have provided a value for another form control.

Panel

A panel provides a visual grouping and title for other form controls.

This is a panel with text and checkbox form controls Checkbox

Form Control Fields:

xtype	panel
title	A title to display at the top of the panel.
collapsed	A Boolean that specifies whether the panel options are collapsed (usually $\mbox{ false }).$
items	A collection of form controls that display as a group within the panel.

Example Code:

```
"xtype": "panel",
"title": "This is a panel with text and checkbox form controls",
"collapsed": false,
        "xtype": "mz-input-text",
"name": "text",
"fieldLabel": "Text Input"
        "xtype": "mz-input-checkbox",
"name": "checkbox",
        "fieldLabel": "Checkbox"
```

Date Picker A date picker with direct text input and calendar select. mm/dd/yy 12:00... Form Control Fields: xtype mz-input-date name A unique name of your choice. fieldLabel A unique label of your choice. (Optional) A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is emptyText blank. Example Code: { "xtype": "mz-input-date", "name": "date", "fieldLabel": "Date Input" Code Editor A code editor with syntax highlighting 1 Form Control Fields: mz-input-code xtype name A unique name of your choice. fieldLabel A unique label of your choice. (Optional) A width in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is $\,\,360\,$. width (Optional) The programming language to use for syntax highlighting (for example, javascript). If you omit mode this field, the default is html . Example Code: { "xtype": "mz-input-code", "name": "code", "fieldLabel": "Code Input" Rich Text Editor A rich text editor with formatting controls and HTML input. Rich Text Input B I <u>U</u> ⇔ ∷ ∴

Form Control Fields:	
xtype	mz-input-richtext
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
(Optional) width	A width in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is 360 .
(Optional) enableAlignments	A Boolean that specifies whether to provide text alignment options. If you omit this field, the default is $\ \text{false} $
(Optional) enableColors	A Boolean that specifies whether to enable font color and highlighting options. If you omit this field, the default is $$ false $$.
(Optional) enableFont	A Boolean that specifies whether to enable font type options. If you omit this field, the default is $ \begin{tabular}{ll} false . \end{tabular} $
(Optional) enableFontSize	A Boolean that specifies whether to enable font size options. If you omit this field, the default is $$ false $$.
Example Code:	
{ "xtype": "mz-input-rich "name": "html", "fieldLabel": "Rich Text }	
Text Area A multi-line text area input. Text Area Form Control Fields:	
xtype	mz-input-textarea
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
(Optional) width	A width in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is $\ensuremath{^{360}}$.
(Optional) emptyText	A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is blank.
Example Code:	
{ "xtype": "mz-input-text "name": "textArea", "fieldLabel": "Text Area }	
Text Input A single-line text input.	Text Input
Form Control Fields:	
xtype	mz-input-text
name	A unique name of your choice.

(Optional) width	A width in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is $\ 260 \ .$
(Optional)	A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is
emptyText	blank.

Example Code:

```
{
"xtype": "mz-input-text",
"name": "text",
"fieldLabel": "Text Input"
}
```

Dropdown Menu

A dropdown menu that allows for one selection.



Form Control Fields:

xtype	mz-input-dropdown
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
store	A collection of values for the menu.
(Optional) storeFrom	The name of another form control that contains an existing store that you want to reuse. If you use this field, omit the store field in the current form control (if you leave the field in place, it is ignored).
(Optional) width	A width in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is $\ 260 \ .$
(Optional) typeAhead	A Boolean that specifies whether users can type into the dropdown search box and see filtered results in real time. If you omit this field, the default is $false$.
(Optional) emptyText	A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is blank.

Example Code:

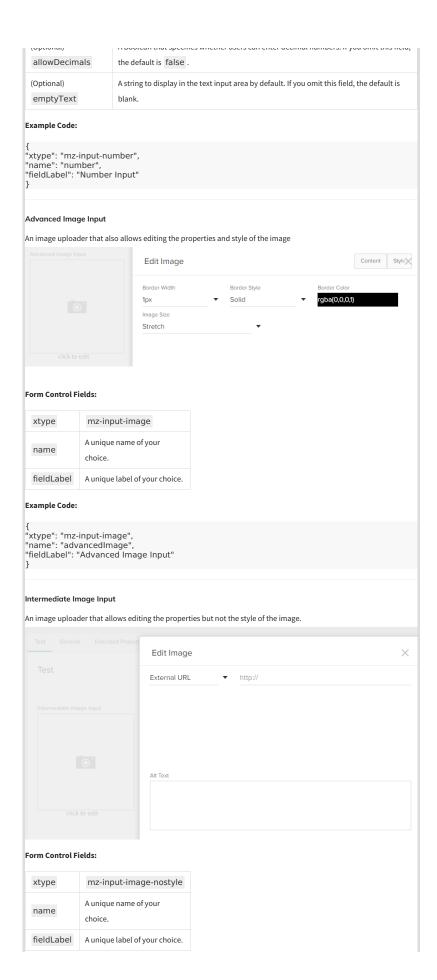
```
{
"xtype": "mz-input-dropdown",
"name": "dropdown",
"fieldLabel": "Dropdown Menu",
"store": [
    "15px",
    "20px",
    "25px",
    "30px",
    "35px"
]
}
```

Multiselect Menu

A dropdown menu that allows for multiple selections.



		30px	
		35рх	
Form Control Fi	ields:		
xtype	mz-ir	nput-selectmulti	
name	A uniqu	jue name of your choice.	
fieldLabel	A uniqu	jue label of your choice.	
store	A colle	ection of values for the menu.	
(Optional) width	A width	th in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is 260 .	
(Optional) typeAhead		lean that specifies whether users can type into the dropdown search box and see filtered s in real time. If you omit this field, the default is $false$.	
(Optional) emptyText	A string	ng to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is blank.	
Example Code:			
"xtype": "mz- "name": "mul "fieldLabel": ' "store": ["15px", "20px", "25px", "30px", "35px"] }	tiselect"	ll ,	
Form Control F	ields:	Checkbox	
xtype	mz-inp	put-checkbox	
name	A unique	e name of your	
fieldLabel	A unique	A unique label of your choice.	
Example Code:			
{ "xtype": "mz- "name": "che "fieldLabel": ' }	ckbox",		
Number Input			
An input that on	An input that only accepts numbers.		
		Number Input	
Form Control F	ields:		
xtype		mz-input-number	
name		A unique name of your choice.	
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.		
(Optional) wie	(Optional) width A width in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is 260.		
(Ontional)		A Roolean that specifies whether users can enter decimal numbers. If you omit this field	





xtype	mz-input-productmulti
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
(Optional)	A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is
emptyText	
xample Code:	
'xtype": "mz 'name": "pro	-input-productmulti", ductMultiselect", "Product Multiselect"
Category Input	ı
An input that al	lows you to select an existing category from a catalog.
Category Input	
	Add
Form Control F	ields:
xtype	mz-input-category
	A unique name of your
name	choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel":	
'name": "cat	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input"
[xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": - Category Multi	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input"
[xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multi	einput-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog.
(xtype": "mz 'name": "cat 'ffieldLabel": Category Multi	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog.
[xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multi	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct X Jackets (53) X Add
(xtype": "mz. name": "cat ffieldLabel": Category Multi an input that al Category Multisele Cycling (38)	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct X Jackets (53) X Add
[xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multi An input that al Cycling (38) Corm Control F	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct X Jackets (53) X Add
(xtype": "mz name": "cat ffieldLabel": Category Multi An input that al Category Multisele Cycling (38)	input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x
(xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multi An input that al Category Multisele Cycling (38) Form Control F xtype name fieldLabel	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x Jackets (53) x Add ields: mz-input-categorymulti A unique name of your choice. A unique label of your choice.
(xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multi An input that al Category Multisele Cycling (38) Form Control F xtype name fieldLabel Example Code:	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x Jackets (53) x Add ields: mz-input-categorymulti A unique name of your choice. A unique label of your choice.
(xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multivan input that al Category Multisele Cycling (38) Form Control F xtype name fieldLabel Example Code: (xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": "cat fieldLabel":	-input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x Jackets (53) x Add ields: mz-input-categorymulti A unique name of your choice. A unique label of your choice.
(xtype": "mz. name": "cat ffieldLabel": Category Multi In input that al Category Multisele Cycling (38) Form Control F xtype name fieldLabel Example Code: [xtype": "mz. name": "cat	input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x Jackets (53) x Add ields: mz-input-categorymulti A unique name of your choice. A unique label of your choice.
(xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multivan input that al Category Multisele Cycling (38) Form Control F xtype name fieldLabel Example Code: (xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": "cat fieldLabel":	input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x Jackets (53) x Add ields: mz-input-categorymulti A unique name of your choice. A unique label of your choice. input-categorymulti", egoryMultiselect", "Category Multiselect"
(xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multisele Cycling (38) Form Control F xtype name fieldLabel Example Code: (xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Discount Input that all	input-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x Jackets (53) x Add ields: mz-input-categorymulti A unique name of your choice. A unique label of your choice. input-categorymulti", egoryMultiselect", "Category Multiselect"
(xtype": "mz name": "cat fieldLabel": Category Multisele Cycling (38) Form Control F xtype name fieldLabel Example Code: { xtype": "mz frame": "cat fieldLabel": }	rinput-category", egoryPicker", "Category Input" select lows you to select multiple categories from a catalog. ct x Jackets (53) x Add ields: mz-input-categorymulti A unique name of your choice. A unique label of your choice. cinput-categorymulti", egoryMultiselect", "Category Multiselect" lows you to select an existing discount.

xtype	mz-input-discount
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
(Optional) emptyText	A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is Select Discount .

Example Code:

```
{
    "xtype": "mz-input-discount",
    "name": "discountPicker",
    "fieldLabel": "Discount Input"
}
```

Discount Multiselect

An input that allows you to select multiple discounts.



Form Control Fields:

xtype	mz-input-discountmulti
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
(Optional) emptyText	A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is Select Discounts .

Example Code:

```
{
"xtype": "mz-input-discountmulti",
"name": "discountMultiselect",
"fieldLabel": "Discount Multiselect"
}
```

Navigation Node Input

An input that allows you to select a navigation node (such as a page, template, or email template) from your Content Editor tree.



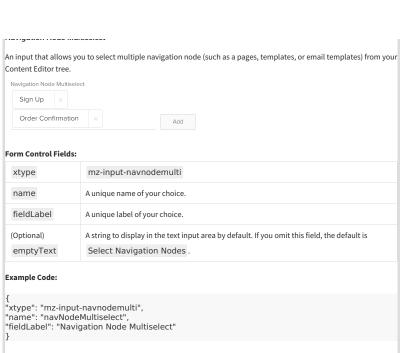
Form Control Fields:

xtype	mz-input-navnode
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
(Optional) emptyText	A string to display in the text input area by default. If you omit this field, the default is Select Navigation Nodes .

Example Code:

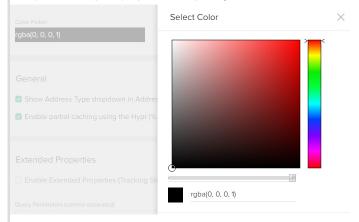
Naviaation Node Multiselect

```
{
"xtype": "mz-input-navnode",
"name": "navNodePicker",
"fieldLabel": "Navigation Node Input"
}
```



Color Picker

A color picker that allows you to specify a color manually or using a GUI.



Form Control Fields:

xtype	mz-input-color
name	A unique name of your choice.
fieldLabel	A unique label of your choice.
(Optional) width	A width in pixels. If you omit this field, the default is $$260\ .$$

Example Code:

```
{
"xtype": "mz-input-color",
"name": "colorPicker",
"fieldLabel": "Color Picker"
}
```

Hide and Display Form Controls

 $You \ can \ hide, show, enable, or \ disable form \ controls \ using \ the \ following \ Boolean \ fields:$

Field Name	Description
enableIf	Enables the form control if $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
disableIf	Disables (grays out) the form control if true . Otherwise, the form control is enabled.



Example

Let's assume you want to enable a checkbox only if a user enters text into a text input. Furthermore, let's assume you only want to display an image input only if the user enables the checkbox. Here's code that would accomplish that:

Results

Before the User Completes the Form:

Store Name and Logo

Store Name

Display Logo?

After the User Completes the Form:

Store Name and Logo

Store Name

Virtual Reality Superstore

Display Logo?

