Getting Started with OMV Addendum C:

Installing OMV5 On i386 (32-bit) PC's and ** Alternate install for 64-bit PC's**



August 21rst, 2020 (rev 2.0)

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Version History:

December 27th, 2019 - Rev 0.5 (Removed update references. Added note. Minor edits.)

December 30th, 2019 - Rev 1.0 (Minor edits and cleanup.)

December 30th, 2019 - Rev 1.1 (Minor edit.)

Feburary 14th, 2020 – Rev 1.2 (Minor edits.)

April 4th, 2020 - Rev 1.3 (Minor edits.)

June 2nd, 2020 – Rev 1.4 (Updated Net Install Iso Link)

June 3rd, 2020 – Rev 1.5 (Alternate 64 bit install)

August 21rst, 2020 (rev 2.0) Added note RE PuTTY and keeping it open. Added external source for a bootable USB drive ISO.

Introduction

- In consideration of Debian's continued support of i386 32-bit platforms, support for the installation of Openmediavault on 32-bit Debian is available as a two part process. After Debian is installed, Openmediavault (hereafter referred to as OMV) is installed by script.
- This process may also be used as an *alternate* install method, for 64 bit platforms, in the event that the standard OMV ISO installation fails. Note the 64-bit down instructions in the i386 Download section.

About this Guide

The purpose and intent of this guide is to provide a walk-through for the i386 build process, to get i386 - 32-bit users up and running as quickly and as easily as possible.

On fairly rare occasions, the integrated OMV ISO installer will not work with some 64 bit motherboards and hardware. The OMV installation method described in this guide will work with 64 bit motherboards as well, if the single change under <u>Alternate 64-bit installation</u> is noted and observed.

** Considerations for i386 (32-bit) builds are very similar to amd64 (64-bit) builds. As an addendum to the Getting Started with Openmediavault User Guide, geared toward 64-bit platforms, users may benefit by reviewing preliminary information and notes in the larger guide, prior to the actual installation process.**

This guide assumes that users have a working Windows Client for installing and executing utilities. It is also assumed that Mac and Linux desktop users will be able to find, install, and use utilities equivalent to those called out in <u>Prerequisites</u>.

- This guide contains links to external sources of information and software. It's best used on an Internet connected PC.
- This is a community document and a work in progress. Input and feedback are welcome and can be sent to: omvguide@gmail.com

Hardware Suggestions

OMV/Debian will run on i386 32-bit platforms, with 1GB of ram or even less. Hardware in this category will work well as a basic NAS server for home use, but performance expectations should be adjusted accordingly.

- While not essential, more than 1GB of ram would be helpful. For file caching, in support of normal file system operations, performance is better with more RAM.
- A gigabit Ethernet adapter would be preferred, to better support concurrent LAN users and streaming video content. 100Mbs will work, but a gigabit Ethernet adapter may produce better overall results.

Prerequisites

This installation process requires a wired Ethernet connection and Internet access. To get started, a few utilities are needed.

_	<u>PuTTY</u> is an SSH of	lient that will allow users to connect to their SBC, from a Windows client, and get of	n
	the command line.	PuTTY is Windows installable.	

When Installing to a USB Thumbdrive

- h2testw_1.4 is a flash media test program. With a freshly formatted USB thumbdrive, h2testw_1.4 writes files with known content and verifies that content in a read operation, detecting errors in the process.
 - **h2testw_1.4** downloads as a zip file. By right clicking on the zip file, and using "Extract All", 7-Zip will expand the zip file to a folder named **h2testw_1.4** The executable inside this folder is a portable application. Simply run the executable. (If needed 7-Zip is available \rightarrow here.)
- SD Formatter is a utility for formatting flash media, that does a "TRIM" operation which cleans up remnants of deleted or previously existing files. While designed for SD-cards, it works with USB Thumbdrives as well.

i386 Download

Go to the <u>Debian download page</u>, find and download the **32-bit PC net install** version of Debian 10, Buster. ((While Debian's site changes often; look under **Download an installation image**, a **small installation image**, and select the **32-bit PC net install**.))

Alternate 64-bit installation

((**If doing an **alternate** 64-bit installation, download and use the **64-bit PC net install** version of Debian 10, Buster. Other than this *one* change, the following installation process will apply.**))

Installation Media

This guide assumes that the downloaded ISO will be burned to a CD or DVD. If using a USB thumbdrive as a software source, help with creating a bootable USB thumbdrive ISO can be found here:

Burn an ISO file to a USB drive.

Choosing a Boot Drive

This subject is covered in the OMV5 guide, in the section titled; Selecting a Boot Drive.

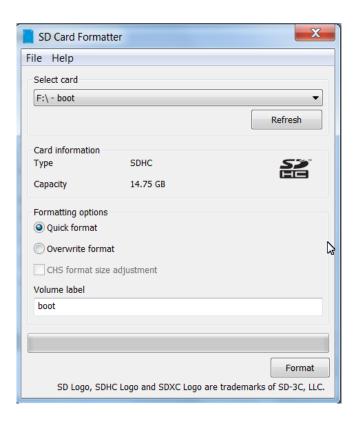
** If the decision is made to boot from a USB thumbdrive; pre-test the drive as shown, in the following, before use. Otherwise skip down to <u>Installation</u>.

Format and Test Flash Media

Using SDFormatter, do a clean format on the new USB Thumbdrive:

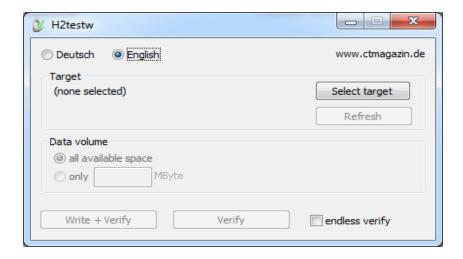
(Note that SDFormatter does a trim operation on the drive which cleans up remnants of deleted or previously existing files.)

In most cases, SDFormatter will detect the thumb-drive. A volume label is not necessary, at this point, and the default options are fine.

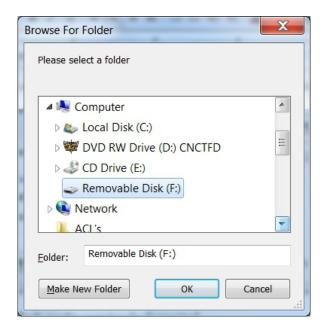


After the Thumdrive format is completed, open ${\bf h2testw}$ and select your language.

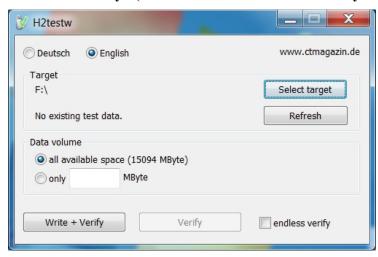
Then, click on Select target



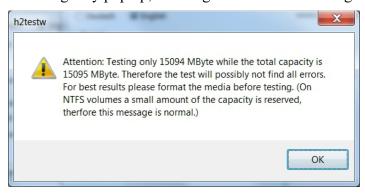
Under Computer, select the flash media previously formatted.



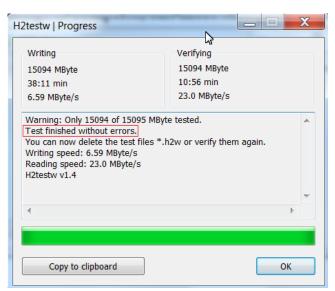
Select Write+Verify. (DO NOT check the endless verify box)



A dialog similar to the following may pop up, showing a 1MB difference. Ignore it and click on **OK**.



"Without errors" is the desired outcome. If the media tests with errors or is much smaller than is indicated by the Thumbdrive's labeled size, don't use it.



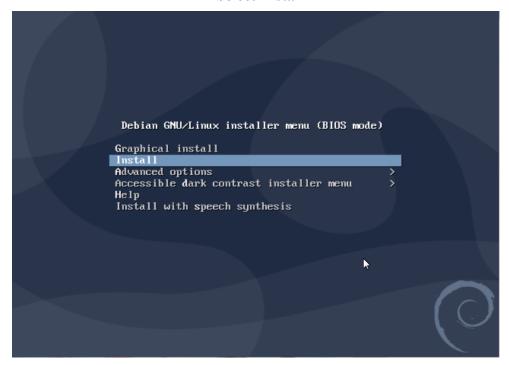
After H2testw verifies the USB thumbdrive; do one more clean format, using SDFormatter, before using thumbdrive.

Installation

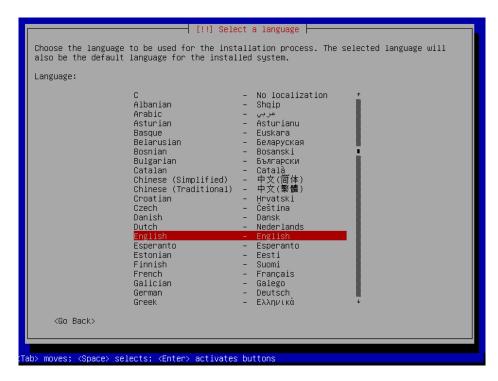
Boot up using the installation ISO.

The first screen offers a choice of installers. While both are roughly the same, for illustration, the standard (text) install is much clearer.

Select Install



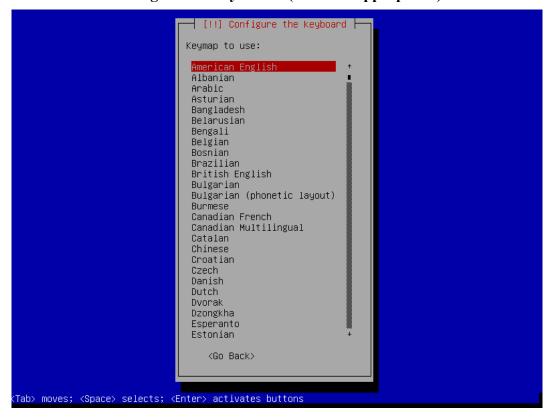
Select a Language: (As needed)



Select your Location: (As appropriate.)



Configure the Keyboard: (Select as appropriate)



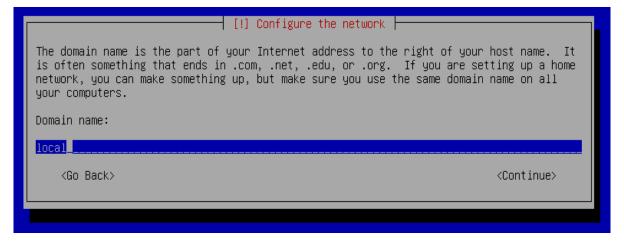
Configure the Network: Hostname

The default hostname, for this 32-bit install, is **debian**. In this example, it was changed to **openmediavault** which is the default hostname for an openmediavault install. Users might chose something like **OMV1** which is shorter and easier to type, for later use.



Configure the Network: Domain Name

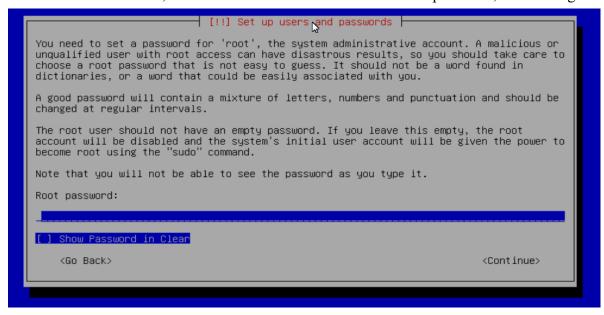
If applicable, enter your domain name suffix. Otherwise, this entry can be left blank. (**local** is the default for an openmediavault install.)



Set up users and passwords: root password

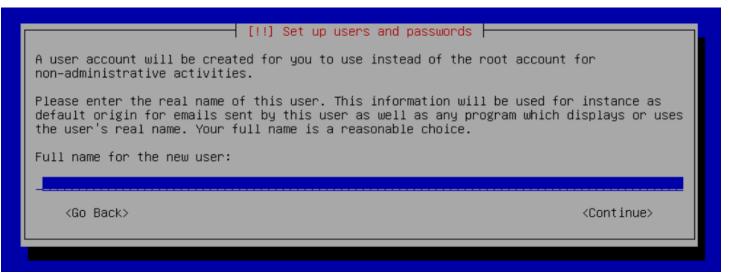
Follow the on screen guidance for setting the root password.

While not recommended, it would be better to write down the root password, then to forget it.



Set up users and passwords: Admin User

Follow the on screen guidance for setting up a new user and password. (This username and password are necessary for an SSH log in, later.)



Configure the Clock:

Select your time zone.

(NO PIC)

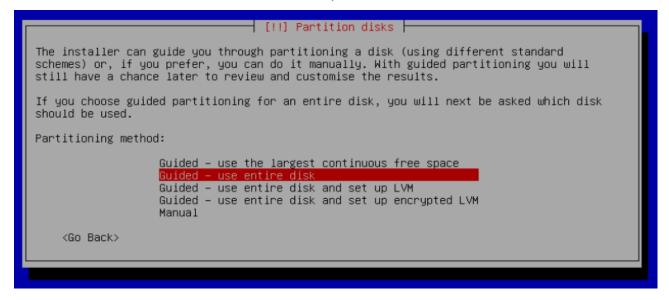
Partition Disks 1:

If two storage devices are available for installation, this screen may be displayed.



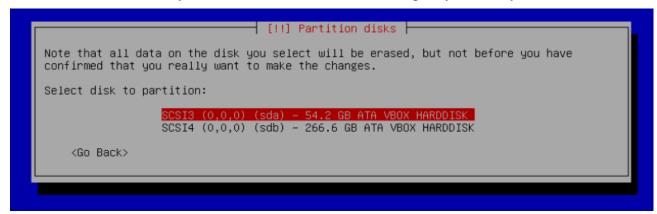
Partition Disks 2: Partitioning

Make the selection shown; Guided – use entire disk.



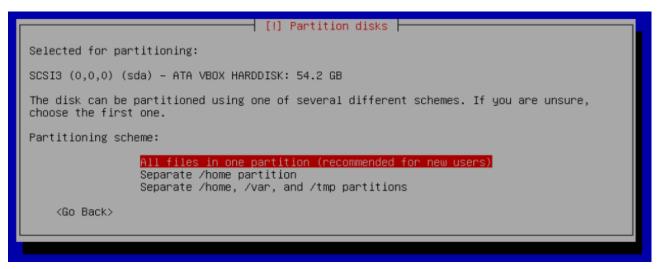
Partition Disks 3: Partition Disks

If installing to a single internal drive, there will be only one selection available. USB Thumb drives are obvious because many bear their OEM names and their capacity is usually small.



Partition Disk 4: Partitioning Scheme

Select as shown.



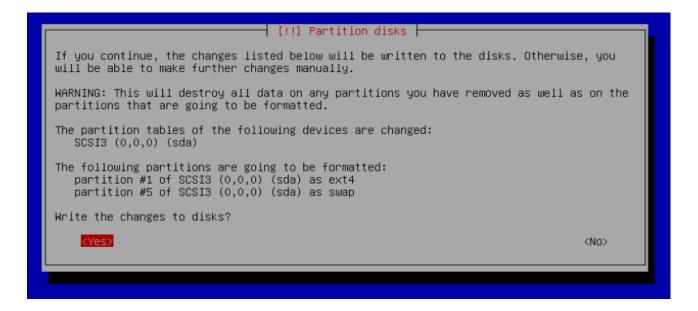
Partition Disk 4: Finish Partitioning

Select as shown.

```
[!!] Partition disks
This is an overview of your currently configured partitions and mount points. Select a
partition to modify its settings (file system, mount point, etc.), a free space to create
partitions, or a device to initialize its partition table.
                 Guided partitioning
                 Configure software RAID
                 Configure the Logical Volume Manager
                 Configure encrypted volumes
                 Configure iSCSI volumes
                 SCSI3 (0,0,0) (sda) - 54.2 GB ATA VBOX HARDDISK
                      #1 primary
#5 logical
                                   51.0 GB F ext4
3.2 GB F swap
                                     3.2 GB
                                                                 swan
                 SCSI4 (0,0,0) (sdb) - 266.6 GB ATA VBOX HARDDISK
                                     1.0 MB
                                              FREE SPACE
                                   266.6 GB
                                                   ext4
                 Undo changes to partitions
                 Finish partitioning and write changes to disk
    <Go Back>
```

Partition Disk 4: Write Changes

This screen forces the user to manually select **Yes**.



The system installs.....

Configure the Package Manager: Installation CD or DVD

(NO PIC)

User will be prompted to Scan another CD or DVD. Select **NO**.

Configure the Package Manager: Debian Archive Mirror Country

(NO PIC)

The default choice is usually best.

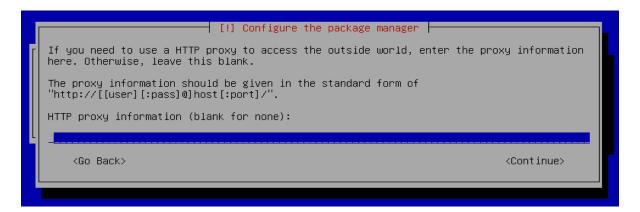
Configure the Package Manager: Debian Archive Mirror

(NO PIC)

The default choice is usually best.

Configure the Package Manager: HTTP proxy

In most cases this entry will be blank.
(If a proxy is required, note the form of entry required in the dialog box.)
Select **Continue**.



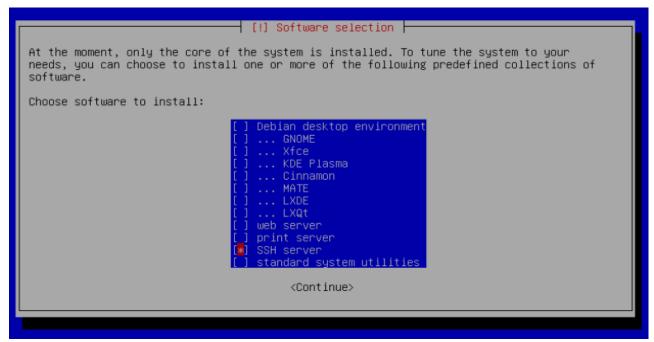
Configure popularity-contest Participate in the package usage survey?

(NO PIC)

The user's choice.

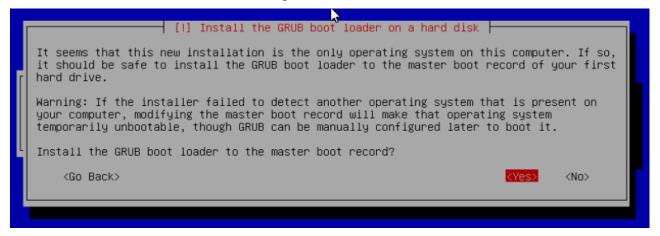
Software selection

Only the SSH server should be selected. Make changes to reflect the following and Continue.



Install the GRUB Boot Loader on a Hard Disk:

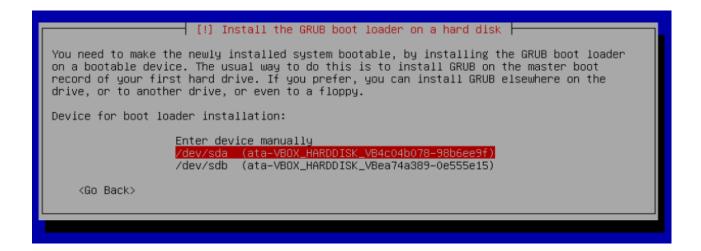
Accept the default - Yes.



Install the GRUB Boot Loader on a Hard Disk:

Select the appropriate boot disk in your server.

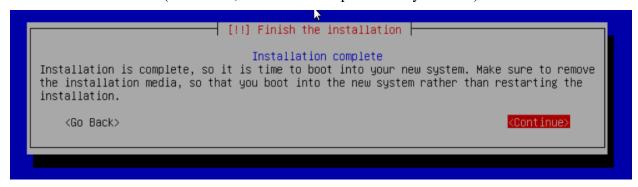
(Generally the boot drive will be /dev/sda which is, in most cases, the first sata port. Otherwise, a USB Tumb-drive will be obvious.)



Finish the Installation: Installation Complete

Remove the CD or USB installation source, then hit ENTER.

(Otherwise, the installation process may re-start.)



First Boot

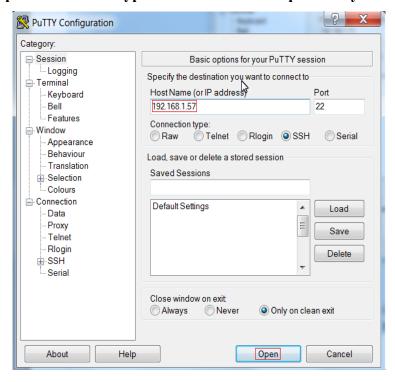
Allow the installation to boot.

Log into the console as **root** and type **ip addr** on the command line.

Note the address in this case - 192.168.1.57

First Time SSH Logon

Open PuTTY and type in the IP address as previously noted.



A PuTTY Security Alert will pop up in a first time connection. This is normal. Ignore it and select **Yes**.



- Log into the SSH connection with the Admin user account and password, set during the Debian install.
- To get root access to the installation, type the command **su root** <enter>. Type in the root password when prompted.

```
login as: fred1
fred1@192.168.1.57's password:
Linux openmediavault 4.19.0-6-686-pae #1 SMP Debian 4.19.67-2+deb10u2 (2019-11) i686

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.
fred1@openmediavault:~$ su - root
Password:
root@openmediavault:~#
```

Preliminary Prep for OMV

(**Note: "Paste" is supported by PuTTY, with a right mouse click.**)

Copy (highlight and Ctrl+C) and paste (right mouse click) the following into the SSH window. Hit Enter.

apt-get install wget sudo -y

Then hit Enter.

Install OMV

Installing OMV on i386 platforms is very easy, thanks to Arron Murray (**ryecoaaron** on the <u>OMV forum</u>) for providing a comprehensive installation script that's executed from a single line. Copy the following line complete (**Ctrl+C**) and paste it into PuTTY's SSH window, with a right mouse click.

wget -O - https://github.com/OpenMediaVault-Plugin-Developers/installScript/raw/master/install | sudo bash

Once the script is running, click out of the SSH window so the script will not be interrupted.

Note: Do Not close PuTTY – that will terminate the root session. Minimizing PuTTY is OK, but it must be running.

Depending on several factors, running this script may take up to 30 minutes.

When the script is complete, the PC will automatically reboot.

32-bit Limitations

Users should be aware that packages, plugins and other options that are available for 64-bit platforms may not be available or work on 32-bit platforms.

Further, certain types of dockers and other types of virtualization may not install or work on 32-bit platforms. (As a practical example, the Portainer Docker will not install on i386 platforms.)

First Time GUI Logon

After 3 to 5 minutes, OMV can be logged into using the same IP address that was used for the SSH client, entered in a web browser address bar.

The web GUI user is admin and the default password is openmediavault

With OMV installed and logged in, new users can continue to configure their servers, using the OMV5 guide found \rightarrow here. With the installation complete, users should begin with the section titled; **OMV - Initial Configuration**.

This concludes the i386, 32-bit, OMV installation.

Donate

Openmediavault on 32bit PC's is the project of OMVextras.org
In addition to enabling the installation of OMV on 32bit PC's and Single Board Computers, OMV-extras.org
develops plugin's for OMV that make Portainer (Dockers) and other extensions available for your R-PI possible.

Please consider a modest donation at <u>OMV-extras.org</u> to offset some of the Developer's costs and to support continuing development.