

Function definition

- Relationship between variables: $A = \pi r^2$
- $y = f(x)$ x: independent variable; y: dependent variable
- $y_0 = y|_{x=x_0} = f(x_0)$

Types

- Piecewise function: $f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x}, & x \geq 0 \\ -x, & x \leq 0 \end{cases}$
- Inverse function: $h = \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \rightarrow \underline{h} = \underline{h}(t) \quad t = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}} \rightarrow t = t(h)$
- Explicit function & implicit function: $y = x^2 + 1 \quad F(x, y) = 0$

Property

- Parity:
even function: $f(-x) = f(x) \quad f(x) = x^2$
odd function: $f(-x) = -f(x) \quad f(x) = x^3$
- Periodically:
 $f(x + T) = f(x)$
- Monotonicity: increasing and decreasing function

Limit

- $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} u_n = A \quad u_n \rightarrow A (n \rightarrow \infty)$
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{3^n} = 0 \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+1} = 1$
- Symbol: $x \rightarrow x_0^+$: close to the right
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{-x} = 0$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \arctan x = -\frac{\pi}{2}$
- sufficient and necessary condition
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = A : \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0^+} f(x) = A$

The continuity of function

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \Delta y = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} [f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)] = 0$$

Derivative

- $\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0)}{\Delta x}$
- $f'(x_0) \quad y'|_{x=x_0} \quad \frac{dy}{dx}|_{x=x_0} \quad \frac{df(x)}{dx}|_{x=x_0}$
- $(C)' = 0 \quad (x^\mu)' = \mu \cdot x^{\mu-1}$
 $(\sin x)' = \cos x \quad (\cos x)' = -\sin x$
 $(a^x)' = a^x \ln a \quad (e^x)' = e^x$
 $(\log_a x)' = \frac{1}{x \ln a} \quad (\ln x)' = \frac{1}{x}$
- $(u \pm v)' = u' \pm v' \quad (uv)' = u'v + uv'$
 $\left(\frac{u}{v}\right)' = \frac{u'v - uv'}{v^2} (v \neq 0)$

Partial Derivative

- $y = y_0$
 $z = f(x, y)$
 x_0, y_0
 $f_x(x_0, y_0) = \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \Big|_{y=y_0}^{x=x_0} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Big|_{y=y_0}^{x=x_0} = z_x \Big|_{y=y_0}^{x=x_0}$