

JS Programming Planning Doc

Task

Build a terminal-based Node.js app that parses TransLink data and provides a summary of all route stops.

Flow of the Application User Interface

1. Prompt User Input
2. Display Data w/ `console.table()`
 - a. The short name for the route
(Table column name: Route Short Name);
 - b. The long name for the route
(Table column name: Route Long Name);
 - c. The service ID for the trip
(Table column name: Service ID);
 - d. The head sign for the trip (otherwise known as destination sign)
(Table column name: Heading Sign);
 - e. The scheduled arrival time of the vehicle at the starting stop
(Table column name: Scheduled Arrival Time);
 - f. The live arrival time of the vehicle at the starting stop
(Table column name: Live Arrival Time);
 - g. The live geographic position of vehicle
(Table column name: Live Position).
 - h. Estimated time to destination stop
(Table column name: Estimated Travel Time).
The calculation of travel time does not need to take into account any live data.

3. Re-Prompt for User Input

File Structure

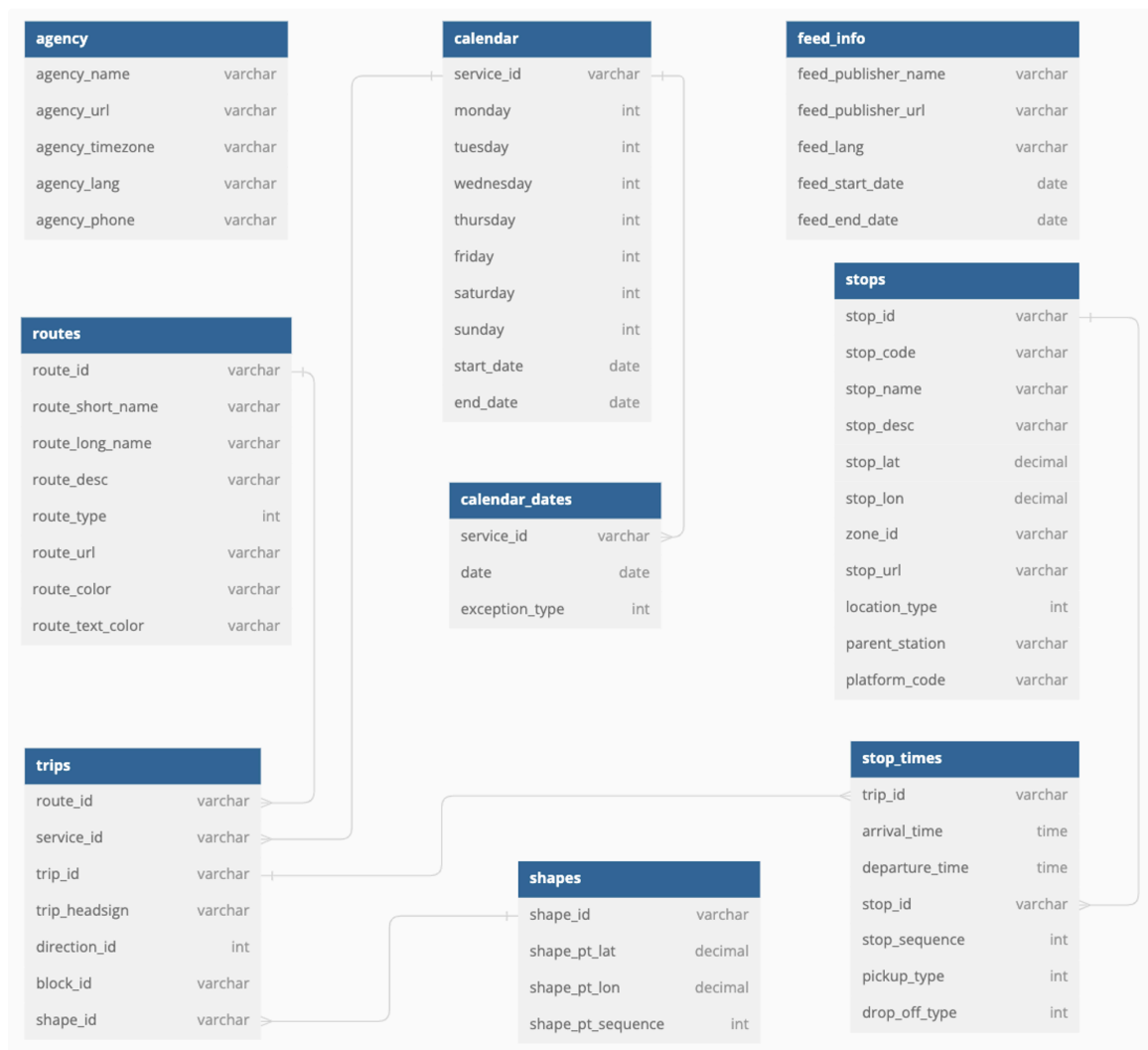
- TXT Static Data
- JSON Live Data Caching
- JS Main

- JS Helper Functions

Steps to Achieve Task

1. Build a UI Loop
2. Implement Join Functions
3. Implement Live Data Caching

Visualisation



▼ DBML

```
Table agency { agency_name varchar agency_url varchar
agency_timezone varchar agency_lang varchar agency_phone varchar
} Table calendar_dates { service_id varchar [ref: >
calendar.service_id] date date exception_type int } Table
calendar { service_id varchar [pk] monday int tuesday int
wednesday int thursday int friday int saturday int sunday int
start_date date end_date date } Table feed_info {
feed_publisher_name varchar feed_publisher_url varchar feed_lang
varchar feed_start_date date feed_end_date date } Table routes {
route_id varchar [pk] route_short_name varchar route_long_name
varchar route_desc varchar route_type int route_url varchar
route_color varchar route_text_color varchar } Table shapes {
shape_id varchar [pk] shape_pt_lat float shape_pt_lon float
shape_pt_sequence int } Table stop_times { trip_id varchar [ref:
> trips.trip_id] arrival_time time departure_time time stop_id
varchar [ref: > stops.stop_id] stop_sequence int pickup_type int
drop_off_type int } Table stops { stop_id varchar [pk] stop_code
varchar stop_name varchar stop_desc varchar stop_lat float
stop_lon float zone_id varchar stop_url varchar location_type
int parent_station varchar [ref: > stops.stop_id] platform_code
varchar } Table trips { route_id varchar [ref: >
routes.route_id] service_id varchar [ref: > calendar.service_id]
trip_id varchar [pk] trip_headsign varchar direction_id int
block_id varchar shape_id varchar [ref: > shapes.shape_id] }
```

Important Joins

Stop details (given route-short-name)

Find route given route.route_short_name.

Join routes.route_id on trips.route_id (need only 1 = find()) →

Join trips.trip_id on stop_times.trip_id →

Join stop_times.stop_id on stops.stop_id (need all stops = filter())

Get all route details (Given route route-information)

- The short name for the route (Table column name: Route Short Name);
- The long name for the route (Table column name: Route Long Name);
- The service ID for the trip (Table column name: Service ID);
- The head sign for the trip (otherwise known as destination sign) (Table column name: Heading Sign);
- The scheduled arrival time of the vehicle at the starting stop (Table column name: Scheduled Arrival Time);
- The live arrival time of the vehicle at the starting stop (Table column name: Live Arrival Time);
- The live geographic position of vehicle (Table column name: Live Position).
- Estimated time to destination stop (Table column name: Estimated Travel Time). The calculation of travel time does not need to take into account any live data.

References