# Chapter 18

## 18.1

- a. printf("an integer: %d\n a string: %s\n and a float %f\n", 111, "Eleventy One", 111.11);
- b. printf("Tel Number : (%d) -%d-%d\n", areaCode, exchange, number);
- c. printf("ID Number: %s-%s-%s\n", idPart1, idPart2, idPart3);
- d. scanf("%d-%d-%d",&id1, &id2, &id3);
- e. scanf("%s ,%s , %c %d %c", first, last, &middle, &age, &sex);

### 18.3

So that the user can edit the input stream before hitting enter and thereby confirming the input.

#### 18.5

The %d format specification causes printf to output the next parameter (in this case the value of x, which happens to be a floating point number) as an integer value. In this case, the bit pattern for x is interpreted as an integer.

### 18.7

- a. 46 29 BlueMoon
- b. 46 0 BlueMoon
- c. 111 999 888

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define LIMIT 20
struct freq t {
 int freq ;
 char word[100];
};
enum state t {
 IN,
 OUT
};
int LAST;
int nstrings = 0;
int nwords = 0;
struct freq t words[LIMIT];
void Initialize(void);
void Getwords(FILE* fin);
void AddUnique(char* w);
void Qsort(struct freq_t w[],int left, int right);
void Print(void);
int main()
  FILE* fp;
  Initialize();
  if ((fp = fopen("test1","r")) == NULL)
      printf("error File could not be opened \n");
      exit(1);
  else
      Getwords (fp);
  fclose(fp);
  printf("The number of unique words is %d\n",LAST);
  printf("Number of Strings = %d \n", nstrings);
  printf("Number of Words = %d \n", nwords);
  Qsort (words, 0, LAST);
  Print();
void Initialize(void)
  int i;
```

```
for(i=0;i<LIMIT;i++)</pre>
    {
      words[i].freq = -1;
      strcpy(words[i].word,"");
}
void Getwords(FILE *fin)
  char c;
  enum state_t StrState = OUT;
  enum state_t WordState = OUT;
  char word [\overline{100}];
  int j=0;
  while ((c=getc(fin))!= EOF)
      if (isspace(c))
        {
          StrState = OUT;
          if(WordState == IN)
              WordState = OUT;
              word[j] = ' \0';
              j=0;
              AddUnique (word);
        }
      else
          if(StrState == OUT)
            {
              ++nstrings;
              StrState = IN;
          if (isalpha(c))
            if(WordState == OUT )
              {
                ++nwords;
                WordState = IN;
                word[j++] = c;
              }
            else
              word[j++]=c;
          else
            if(WordState == IN)
              {
                WordState = OUT;
                 word[j] = ' \0';
                 j=0;
                 AddUnique (word);
              }
       }
   }
}
void AddUnique(char* w)
{
```

```
int found;
 found = binsearch(w);
  if (found !=-1)
      words[found].freq++;
      return;
 words[LAST].freq=1;
  strcpy(words[LAST].word,w);
 LAST++;
 return ;
int binsearch(char* w)
 int cond;
 int low, high, mid;
 low=0;
 high = LAST;
 while(low <= high)</pre>
    {
      mid = (low+high)/2;
      if((cond = strcmp(words[mid].word,w)) < 0 )</pre>
        high = mid-1;
      else if (cond > 0)
        low = mid+1;
      else
        return mid;
  return -1;
void Qsort(struct freq t w[],int left, int right)
 int i, last;
 void swap(struct freq t w[], int i, int j);
 if(left>= right)
   return;
 swap(w,left,(left+right)/2);
  last = left;
 for(i = left+1; i \le right; i++)
    if(w[i].freq > w[left].freq)
      swap(w, ++last, i);
 swap(w,left,last);
 Qsort(w,left,last-1);
 Qsort(w,last+1,right);
}
void swap(struct freq t w[], int i, int j)
 struct freq t temp;
 temp.freq = w[i].freq;
 strcpy(temp.word,w[i].word);
 w[i].freq = w[j].freq;
 strcpy(w[i].word,w[j].word);
```

```
w[j].freq = temp.freq;
strcpy(w[j].word ,temp.word);
}

void Print(void)
{
  int i;
  for(i=0;i<LAST;i++)
     printf("%s occurs %d times\n",words[i].word,words[i].freq);
}</pre>
```