## Chapter 17

#### 17.1

```
a) 9
b) n-1
c) 15
d) 2^{n}-1
e) 177
f) number of calls for Fib(n) = (Fib(n-1) + Fib(n-2) + 1)
```

### 17.3

The number would print in the reverse

### 17.5

```
a.1) The result is 0.
a.2) The result is 2.
a.3) The result is 0.
```

b) Power(a, b) = Floor(log<sub>b</sub> a)
c)

frame pointer
retaddr to Power
1
7
frame pointer
retaddr to Power
0
11
7

# 17.7

- a) The activation record for SevenUp occupies 4 slots (8 bytes). With 16Kbytes allocated to the stack, the largest input value that will work is 2048 (assuming the activation record of main is inconsequential).
- b) Again, if the activation record of SevenUp occupies 8 bytes, the a 4KB stack can accommodate SevenUp(512).

### 17.9

```
/*
** This function returns the position of 'item' if it exists
** between list[start] and list[end], or -1 if it does not.
*/
int BinarySearch(int item, int list[], int start, int end)
{
  int middle = (end + start) / 2;

  /* Did we not find what we are looking for? */
  if (end < start)
    return -1;

  /* Did we find the item */
  else if (list[middle] == item)
    return middle;</pre>
```

```
/* Should we search the first half of the array? */
 /* NOTE: The following line is changed from 17.16 */
 else if (item > list[middle])
   return BinarySearch(item, list, start, middle - 1);
 /\star Or should we search the second half of the array? \star/
 else
   return BinarySearch(item, list, middle + 1, end);
17.11
int M()
 int num = 1;
 int x = 0;
 while (num > 0) {
   printf("Type a number: ");
   scanf("%d", &num);
   if (num > x)
     x = num;
 return x;
}
17.13
int Balanced(char string[], int position, int count)
 if (count < 0 || string[position] == '\0')</pre>
   return count;
 else if (string[position] == '(')
   return Balanced(string, ++position, ++count);
 else if (string[position] == ')')
   return Balanced(string, ++position, --count);
 else
   return Balanced(string, ++position,
```