Country	Annual Property Tax	Transfer/Transaction Tax	Other Property-Related Taxes	Notes/Sources
Brunei	Annual Assessment Tax on registered land titles:— BND 2/acre (Gen Ag I) to BND 150/1/4 acre (Inst'I, Ind'I) for land— BND 10–250 per 100 m² for strata titles, by use category (PwC Tax Summaries)	None (no land transfer tax).Stamp duty on instruments at ad valorem or fixed rates (PwC Tax Summaries)	Rental income withholding tax: 15% for non-residents (Expat Focus)	Valuation & Property Services Dept. sets categories and rates.
Cambodia	Annual Tax on Immovable Property (TOIP): 0.1% of assessed value > KHR 100 MUnused Land Tax: 2% of assessed value (cbre.com.kh)	Transfer Tax/Stamp Duty: 4% of the transaction value (Realestate.com.kh)	Rental tax: 10% for Cambodian nationals; 14% for non-residents (knightfrank.com.kh)	Properties under KHR 100 M, state-owned, agri/industrial lands exempt.
Indonesia	Pajak Bumi dan Bangunan (PBB): up to 0.5% of government-assessed market value annually (PwC Tax Summaries, ILA Global Consulting)	BPHTB transfer duty: 5% of the higher of transaction value or assessed value (PwC Tax Summaries)	Rental withholding tax: 20% of gross for non-residents (Global Property Guide)	Assessed value (NJOP) → taxable value (NJKP) formula applies.
Laos	Annual Land Tax: local rates per m² (varies by location/size), levied by district authorities (PwC Tax Summaries)	Stamp duty on transfer:— 5% of the gain if certified— 2% of transaction value otherwise (KPMG Assets)	Rental income tax: flat 15% on lease income (Global Property Guide)	Capital gains treated as income tax; regional Decree on Land Tax sets detailed bands.
Malaysia	Assessment Tax (Cukai Pintu/Taksiran): generally 2–7% of annual value (residential) (Global Property Guide, DWG Malaysia) Quit Rent (Cukai Tanah): MYR 1–2 per 100 ft²	Stamp duty on transfer: 1– 4% of property value (Global Property Guide)	Real Property Gains Tax (RPGT): 30% (yrs 1–3), 20% (yr 4), 15% (yr 5), 0% (yr 6+) (PwC)	Rates vary by state; assessment tax payable bi-annually; quit rent annually.
Myanmar	Municipal Property Tax: 8% general + 5% lighting + 8.5% waste on:– 3% of land value (per sq ft rate)– 6% of building value (LINCOLN)	Stamp duty: 2% of consideration (+ additional 2% in Yangon, Mandalay, Nay Pyi Taw) (PwC Tax Summaries)	Lease income withholding: 10% on rent (Multilaw)	Capital gains taxed at 10%; rates & basis set by municipal ordinances.
	Basic Real Property Tax (RPT):— up to 1% of assessed value (provinces)— up to 2% (cities in Metro Manila)Special Education Fund (SEF): + 1% (RESPICIO & CO., Bureau of Local Government Finance)	Local transfer tax: 0.5– 0.75% of value (provinces 0.5%, HUCs 0.75%) (RESPICIO & CO.)	Capital Gains Tax: 6% of higher of zonal/FMV/selling priceDocumentary Stamp Tax: 1.5% (Wikipedia, FileDocsPhil -)	Idle land ad valorem tax up to 5%; LGUs may levy special levies under RA 7160.
Singapore	Annual Property Tax:— Owner-occupied: 0–32% (progressive on Annual Value)— Non-owner-occupied: 12–36%— Commercial/Industrial: 10% (gov.sg, Default)	Buyer's Stamp Duty (BSD): 1–6% on purchase price (Default)	Additional BSD (ABSD): 20% for most foreigners; GST 8% (inc. in value)	Owner-occupied first \$12 k AV exempt; bands reset 1 Jan 2025.
Thailand	Land & Building Tax (LBT):- 0.01-0.10% agri- 0.02-0.30% residential- 0.30% commercial/industrial- 0.30% vacant + 0.30 pp every 3 yrs (max 1.2%) (ASEAN Briefing, PwC Tax Summaries)	Stamp duty & specific business tax: 0.5–2% of value; registration fee 0.1% (PwC Tax Summaries)	None	LBT effective from 1 Jan 2020; transition rates applied during 2020–21.
Vietnam	Land Tax (Non-agri): 0.03–0.15% of land value (progressive, by location/use) (Vietnam Briefing, Russin Vecchi)	Property Transfer Tax: 2% of transfer value (Russin Vecchi)	Rental income & PIT apply separately (not an ad valorem property tax)	Land value set by local authorities; new Land Law effective 1 Aug 2024.