

Legacy Data Analysis on Web with Forge

– Cost Prediction in Initial Design Stage

TAKAHIRO Oka

NIHONSEKKEI, INC.



Class Summary

The class presents cost management strategy using web based system that includes Forge.

In the system, we focused to analyze legacy project data interactively for on-going project with Machine Learning Algorithm In an attempt of 5D BIM. It supports decision-making of cost control at the initial design stage when Revit model don't have detail object for cost estimation. By improving quality of cost estimate in initial design stage, it is easy to manage the cost within target budget through project.

We will focus on as bellow;

- How to get past project data interactively through WebAPI of internal system.
- How to get and share on-going project data with "Data management API " and "Viewer" of Forge.
- Data analysis techniques for cost estimation of on-going project using "scikit-learn" that is machine learning library in Python.
- Data cycle system to improve quality of analysis, constantly.

Key Learning Objectives

- Describe effective cost management workflow at initial design stage for BIM project.
- Strategy of Utilization legacy project data with WebAPI of internal systems.
- Picking up the data of on-going project on Web using Forge.
- Data Analysis method for decision-making with “Scikit-learn” that is library of Python.
- About framework and library to make forge application.

About NINHONSEKKEI, INC.

Establishment – September 1, 1967

Employee – 951(May 2018)

Scope of Services

- 1.** Planning, Design, Supervision and Survey for projects related to Architecture, Landscape, Civil Engineering, Structural Engineering and Interiors.
- 2.** City and Regional Planning, Urban Redevelopment Planning and Environmental Assessment Surveys.
- 3.** Surveys and Planning for Information Technology and Management.
- 4.** All services related or incidental to the above.



1960's



1698 Kasumigaseki Building

1980's



1987 Tama Zoo Insectarium

2000's



2000 Ajinomoto Stadium



2005 Nihonbashi Mitsui Tower



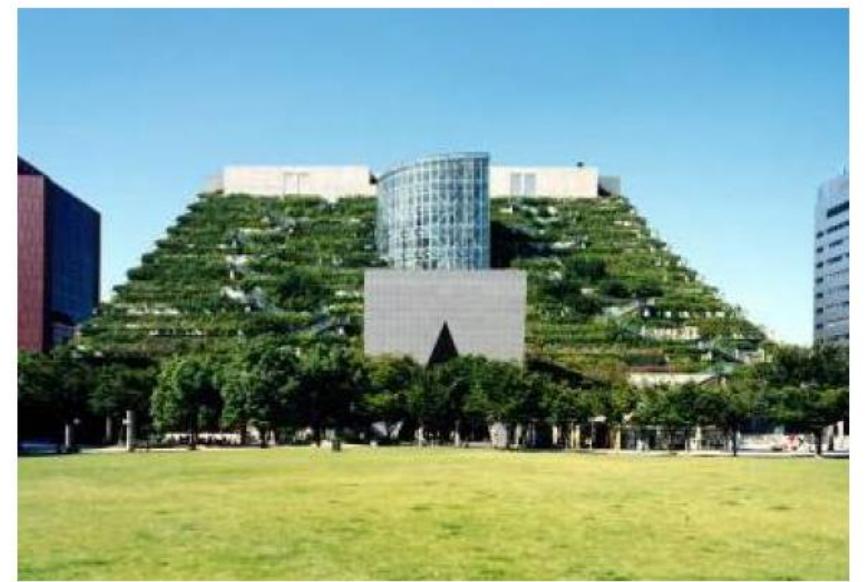
2006 National Art Center, Tokyo

1970's



1974 Shinjuku Mitsui Building

1990's



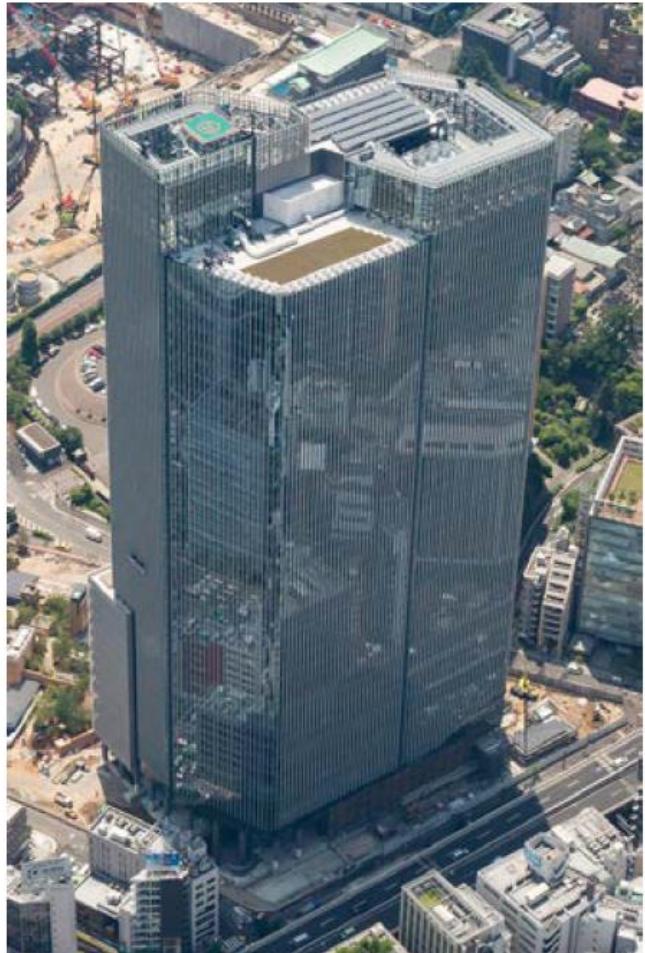
1995 ACROS Fukuoka

Achievement

2010~



2014
Toranomon Hills



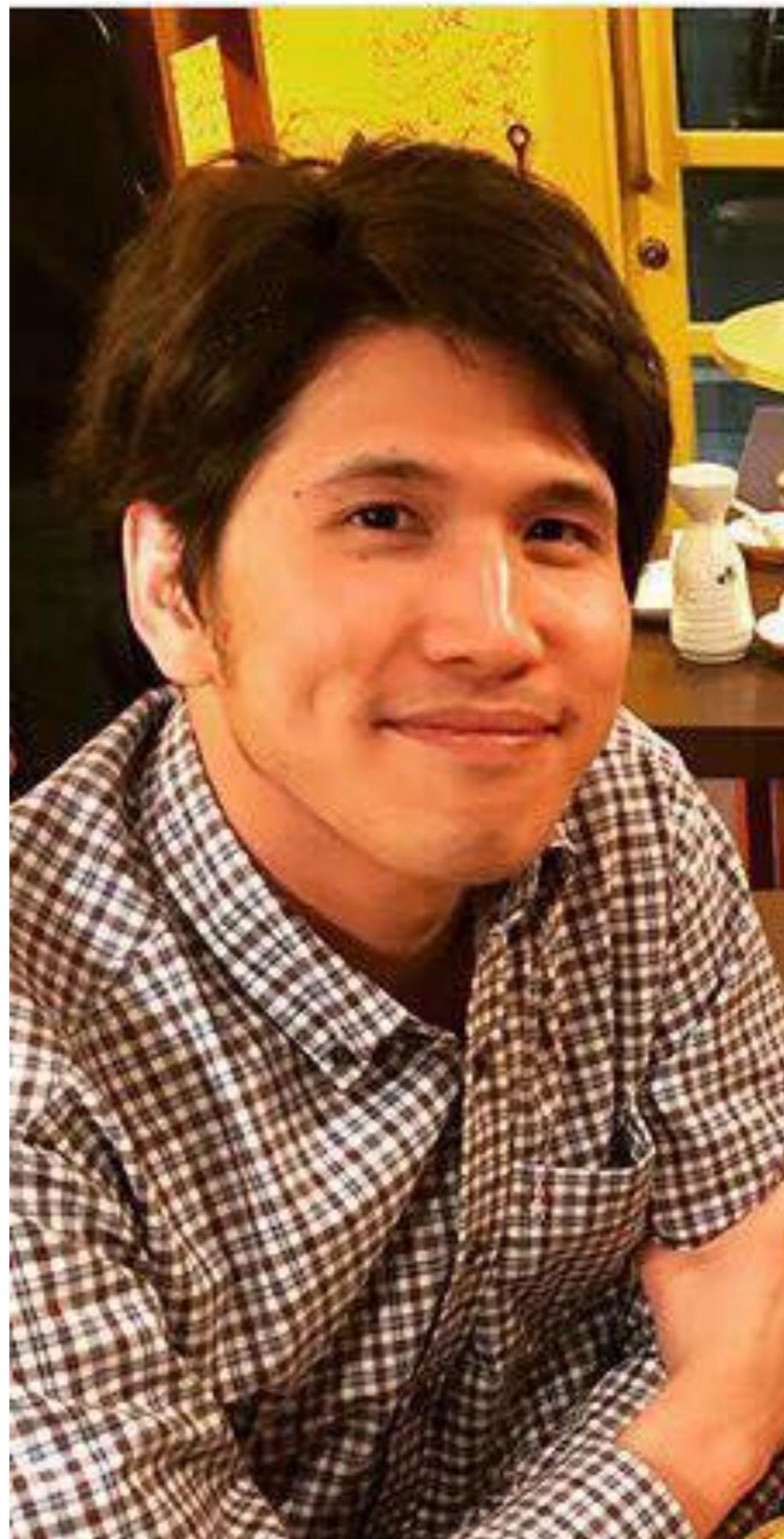
2017
Akasaka Inter City Air



2000 Aquamarine Fukushima



2002 Yamaguchi Kirara Dome



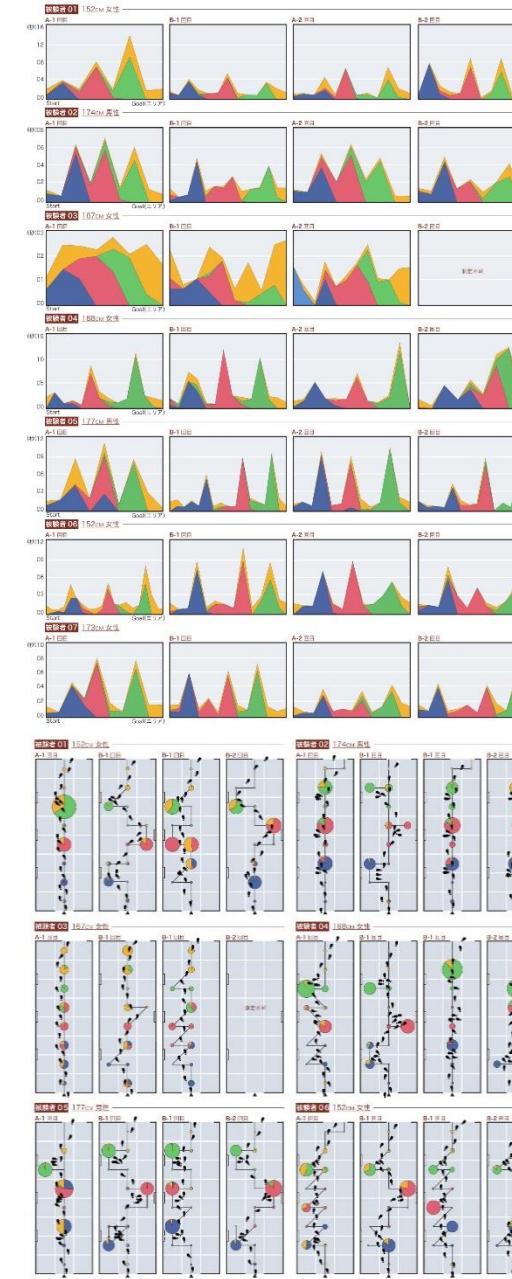
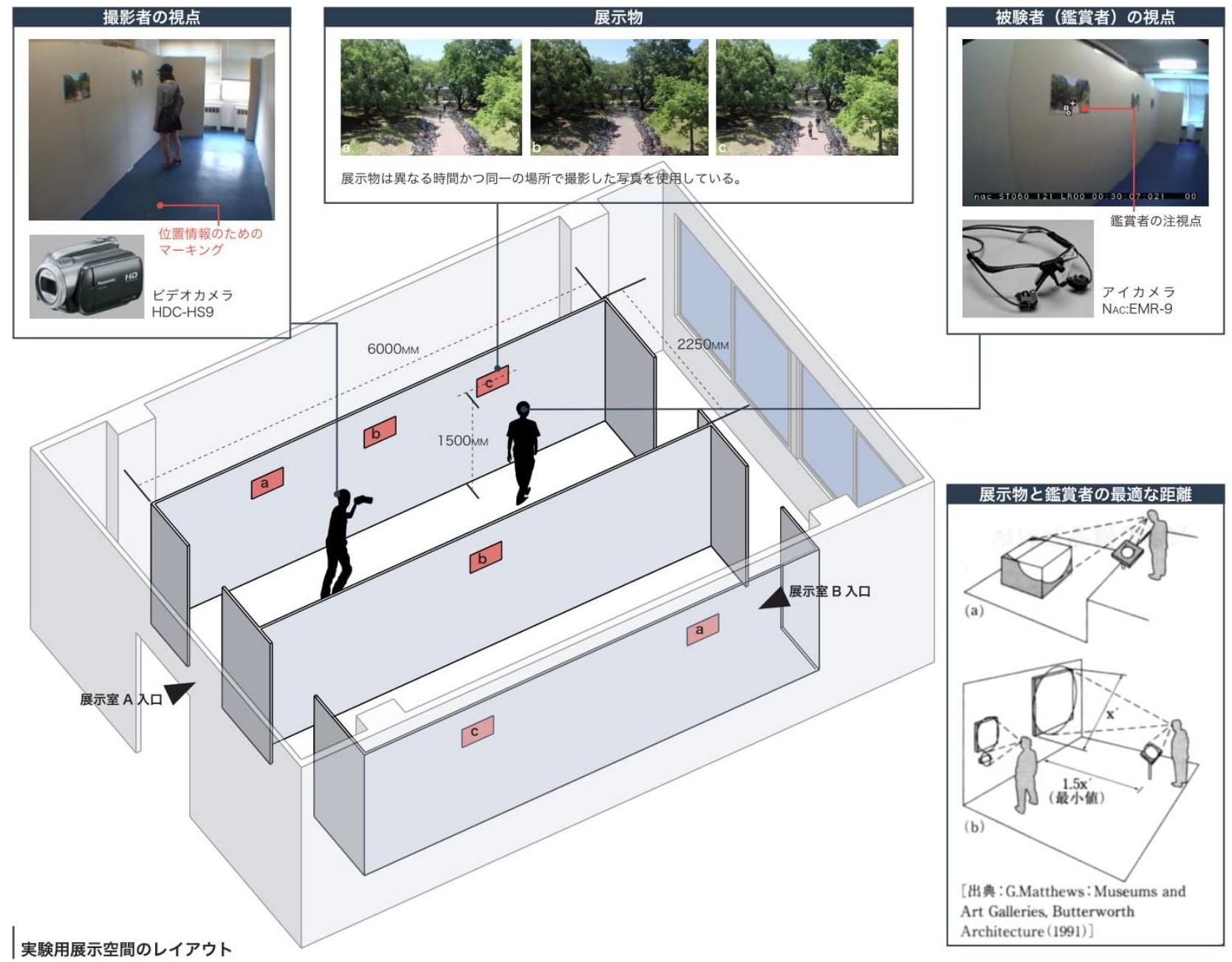
About the speaker

TAKAHIRO Oka

I'm Software Engineer for the NIHON SEKKEI, Inc, where I had developed plug-in with Revit API for Revit, and designed Web API for internal system corporation, analyzes data.

I studied spatial perception for the exhibition space using the eye tracking and VR device at the Chiba University.

I began using Revit and Dynamo from 2016 after graduation. Currently, I have developed various tools focusing on how to use legacy project data for on-going projects with web technology and data analysis in NIHON SEKKEI, Inc



DSB - Detail Sheet Browser

Sheet	Type	Scale Family	Name
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 01 - A_Roof/Balcony
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 02 - F_Exterior Fixture (Door & Window)
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 03 - N_Interior Floor
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 05 - K_Interior WALL
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 06 - L_Interior Ceiling
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 08 - N_Staircase
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 09 - O_Plumbing
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 10 - S_Other Work 1
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 11 - S_Other Work 2
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 12 - T_Exterior
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 21 - W_Furniture 2
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 22 - W_Furniture 3
Sheet 1	Sheet		Detail 13 - 無題

RUMS

プロパティ	概要開始時の値	現在の値
ファイルID	63faaffd8ace5c90feb931a4521a76a8057486d	63faaffd8ace5c90feb931a4521a76a8057486d
Revitユーザー名	syari1011	syari1011
RevitユーザーID	T5T9Q62JW8A6	T5T9Q62JW8A6
ファイルを開いた時の値	8/9/2018 3:24:52 PM	8/9/2018 3:24:52 PM
データ収集時間	00:00:02.4968010	00:00:02.4968010
プロジェクト番号	001-00	001-00
Revitのバージョン	2018	2018
マイナーバージョン	2018.0	2018.0
ファイル名	rac_basic_sample_project.rvt	rac_basic_sample_project.rvt
ローカルファイルパス	C:\Program Files\Autodesk\Revit 2018\Sample	C:\Program Files\Autodesk\Revit 2018\Sample
ファイルサイズ	17362944	17362944
ジャーナルファイル名	journal.0275.txt	journal.0275.txt
ジャーナルファイルパス	C:\Users\march\AppData\Local\Autodesk\Re	C:\Users\march\AppData\Local\Autode
ジャーナルファイルサイズ	92061	92061
ワークシェアリング状態	None	None
アクセラサーバー		
中央ファイルパス		
前回終了時の状態	None	Success
グラッシュ時間	1/1/0001 12:00:00 AM	1/1/0001 12:00:00 AM

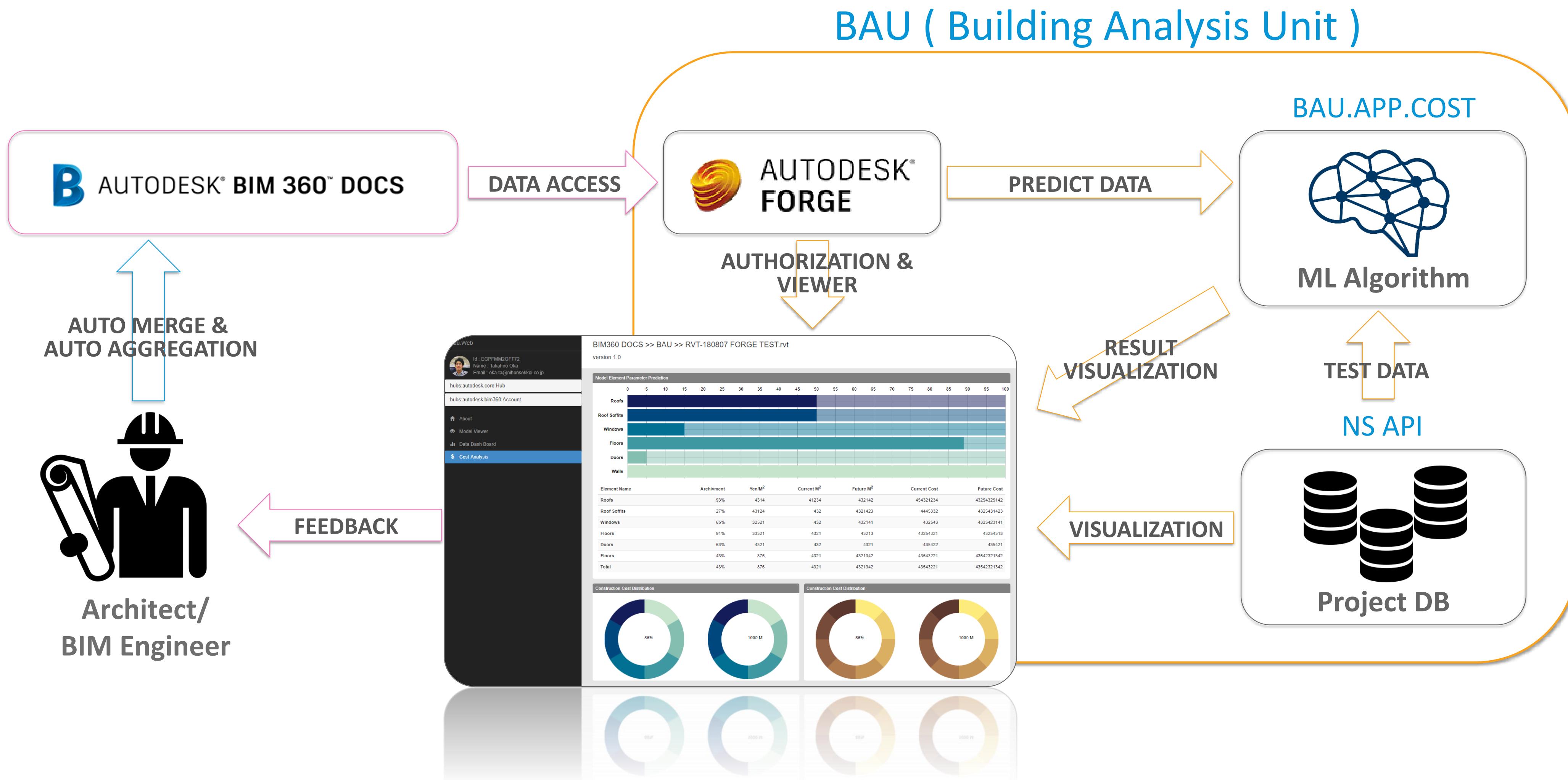
Study about Spatial Perception

Study about how behave human in exhibition space. In this study, I use eye-tracking device and VR device to collect some data such as sight point , subject's neck angle, subject position, etc. and analyzed them to find pattern of behavior.

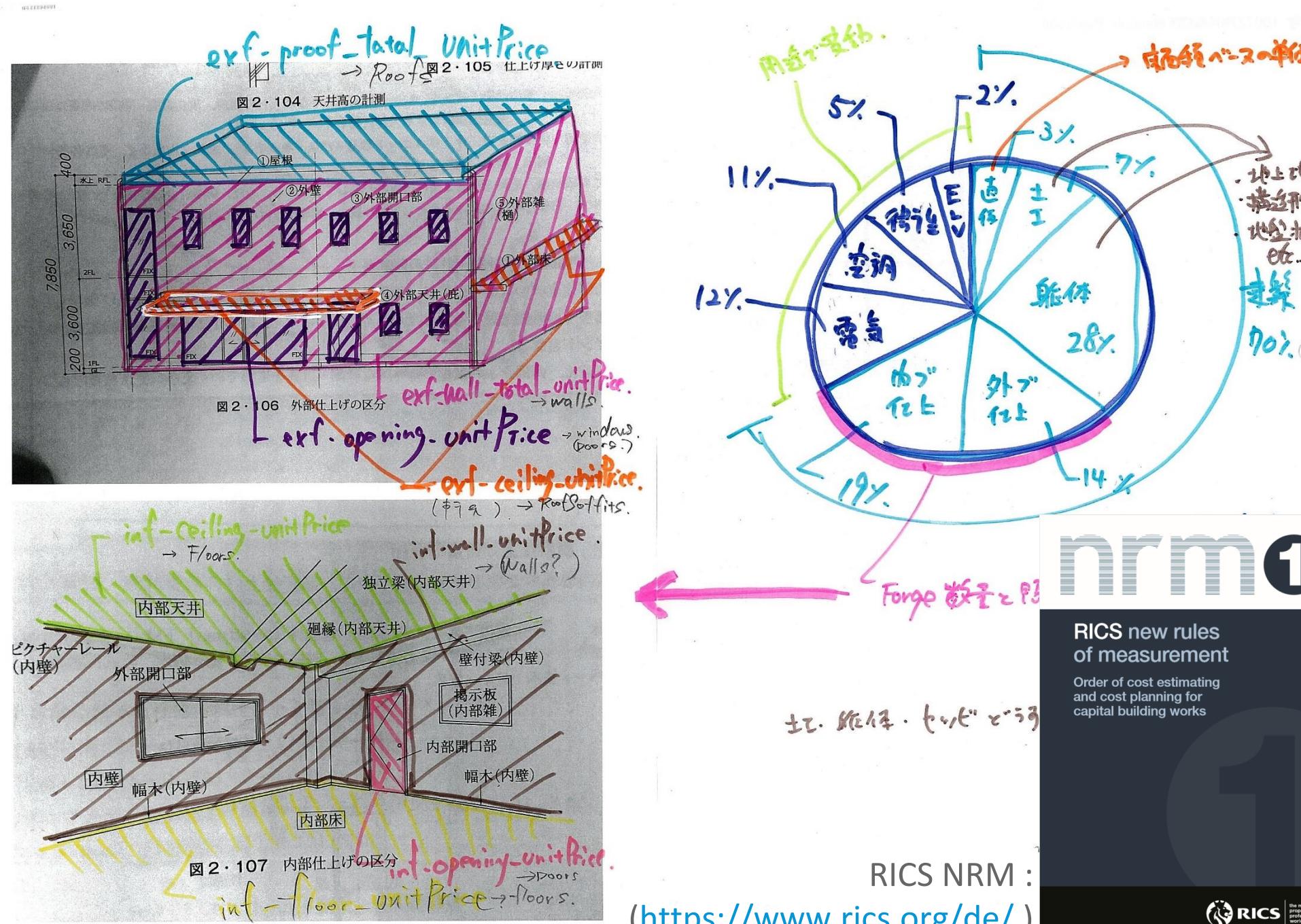
BIM Tool Development

Some application to support drawing and modeling in Revit. And, Revit Monitoring System, which collect Revit data when user open them, to prevent some errors by analysis error pattern.

System Overview



Construction Cost Estimation with Machine Learning instead of Rule Based System



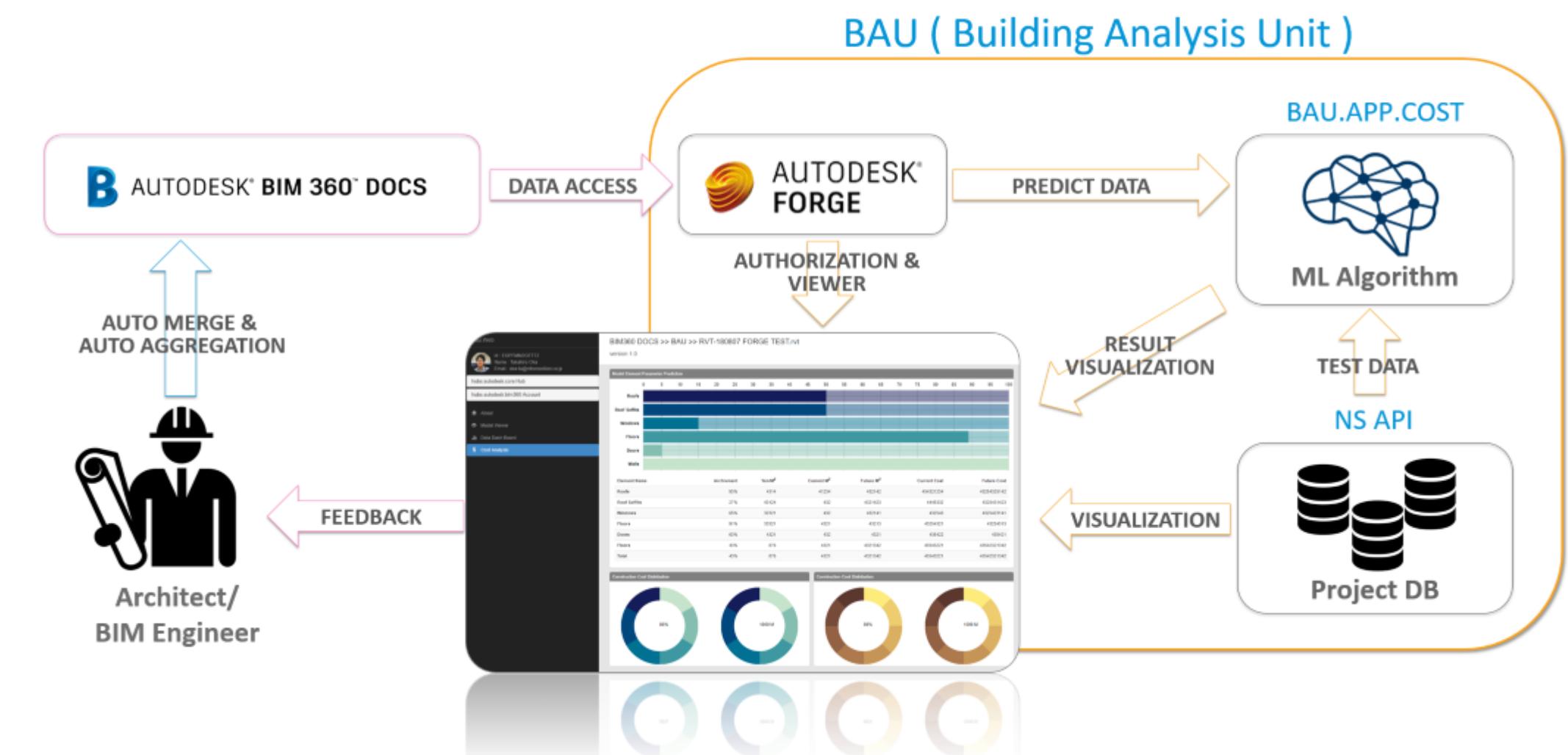
RULE BASED ESTIMATION

Construction Cost is estimated by rule based on
Knowledge and Experience of people.



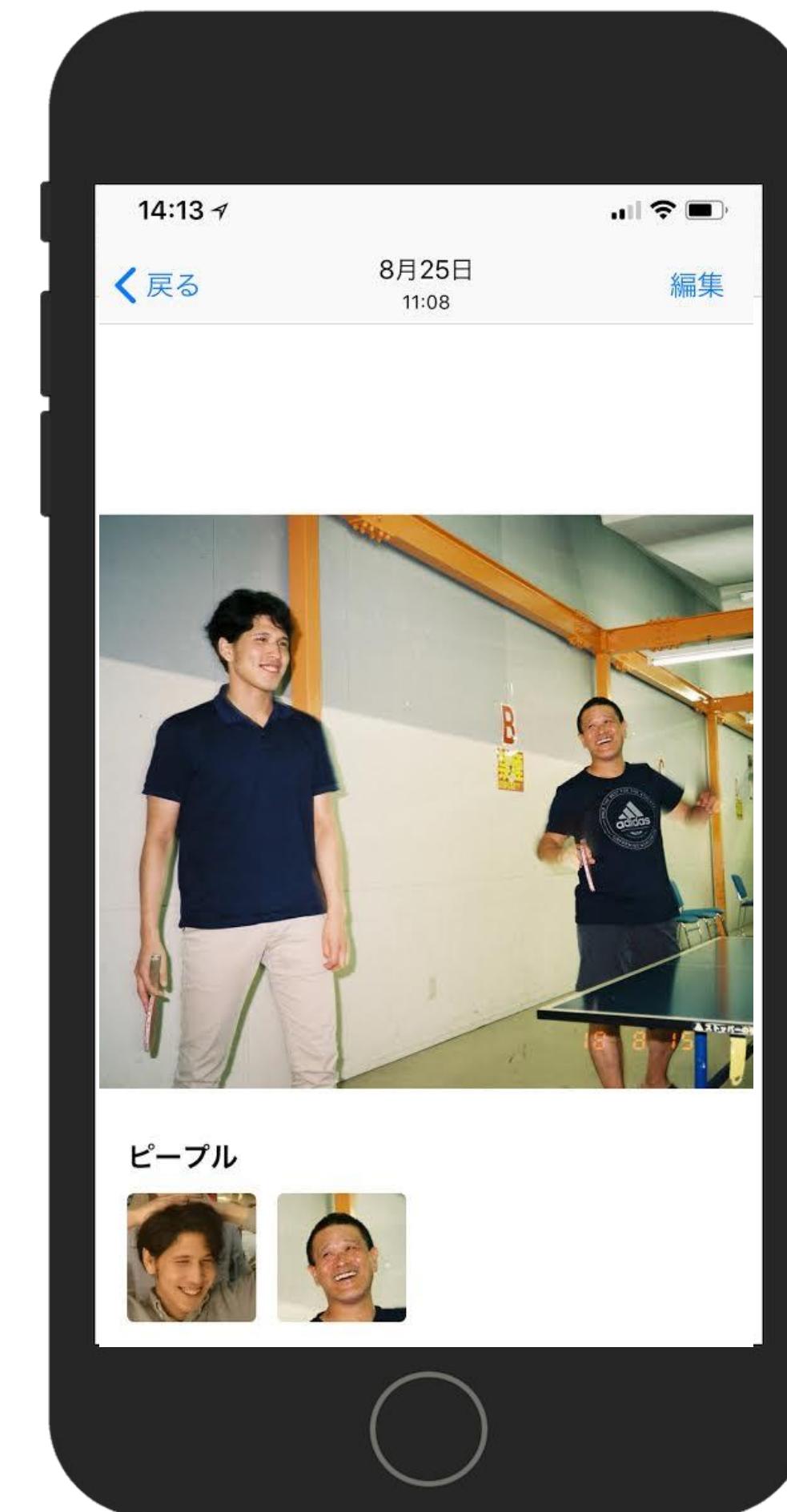
MACHINE LEARNING ESTIMATION

In Machine Learning concept, rule is found
by analyzing data with algorithm.



Demand of Big Data

Recently, growth of Machine Learning technology and API Economy accelerate increasing demand of Big Data, and based on the data, many services and researches are publishing at various department. As example, picture that take people were used for Machine Learning to generate analysis model of detecting people face, and the model have been incorporating into camera of smart phone device. And some item that you unintended but you want are recommended when You buy something at web shopping site.



amazon.com

Recommended for You

Amazon.com has new recommendations for you based on items you purchased or told us you own.

LOOK INSIDE!

Google Apps Deciphered: Compute in the Cloud to Streamline Your Desktop

Google Apps Administrator Guide: A Private-Label Web Workspace

Googlepedia: The Ultimate Google Resource (3rd Edition)

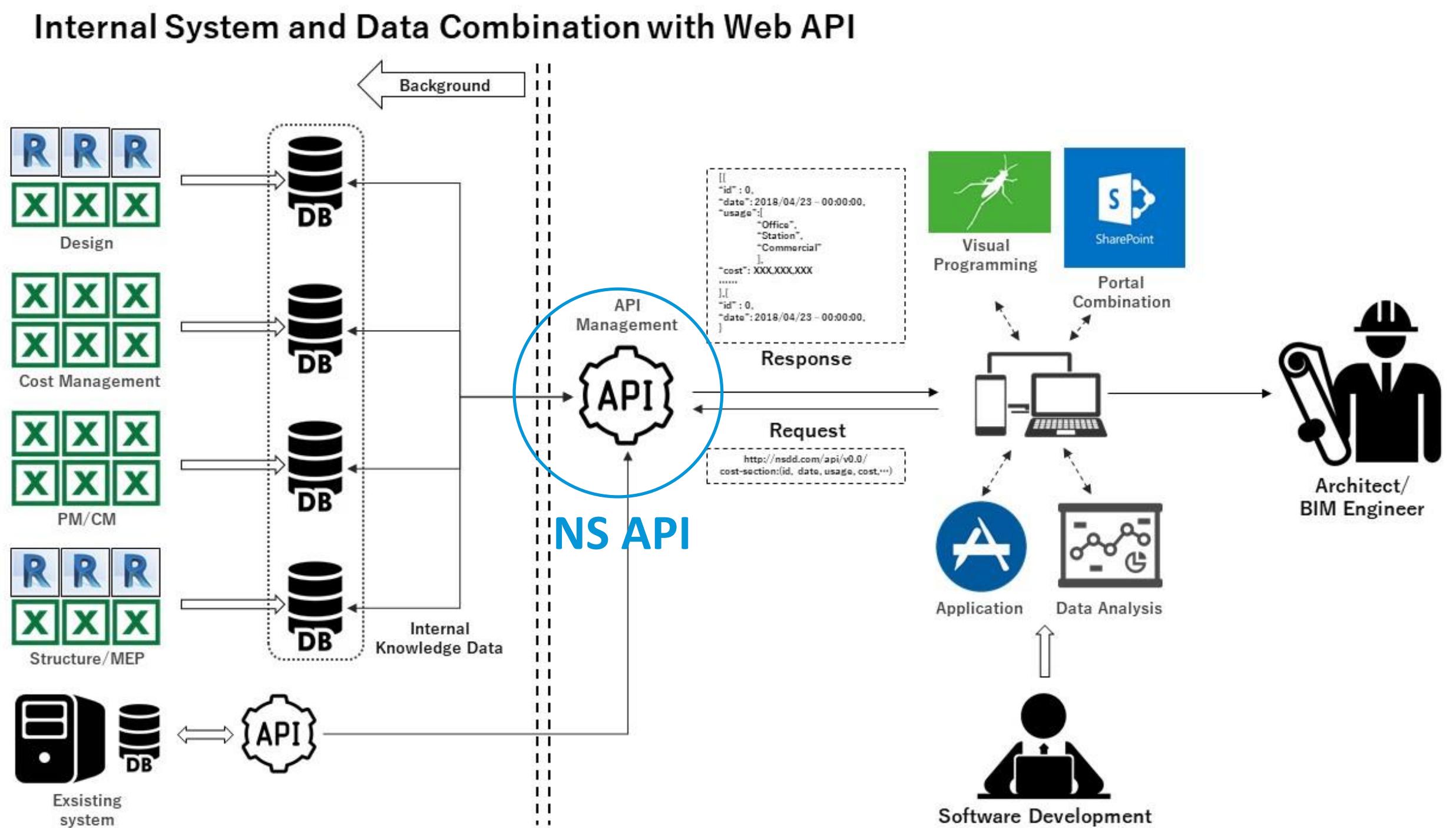
: Amazon
(Source : <https://www.amazon.co.jp/>)

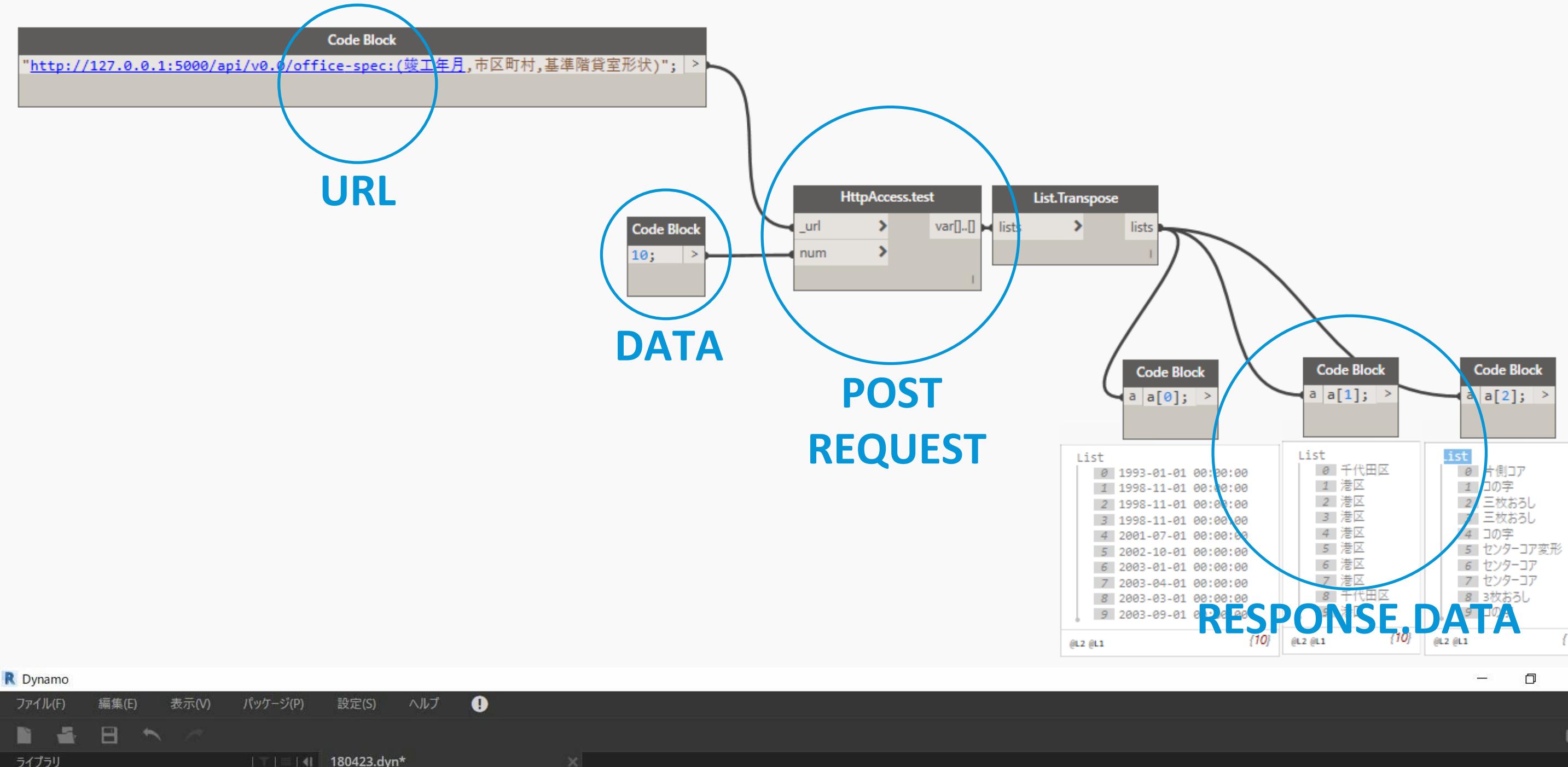


: Google Home Speaker
(Source : https://store.google.com/jp/product/google_home)

What is Big Data for us? How use it ?

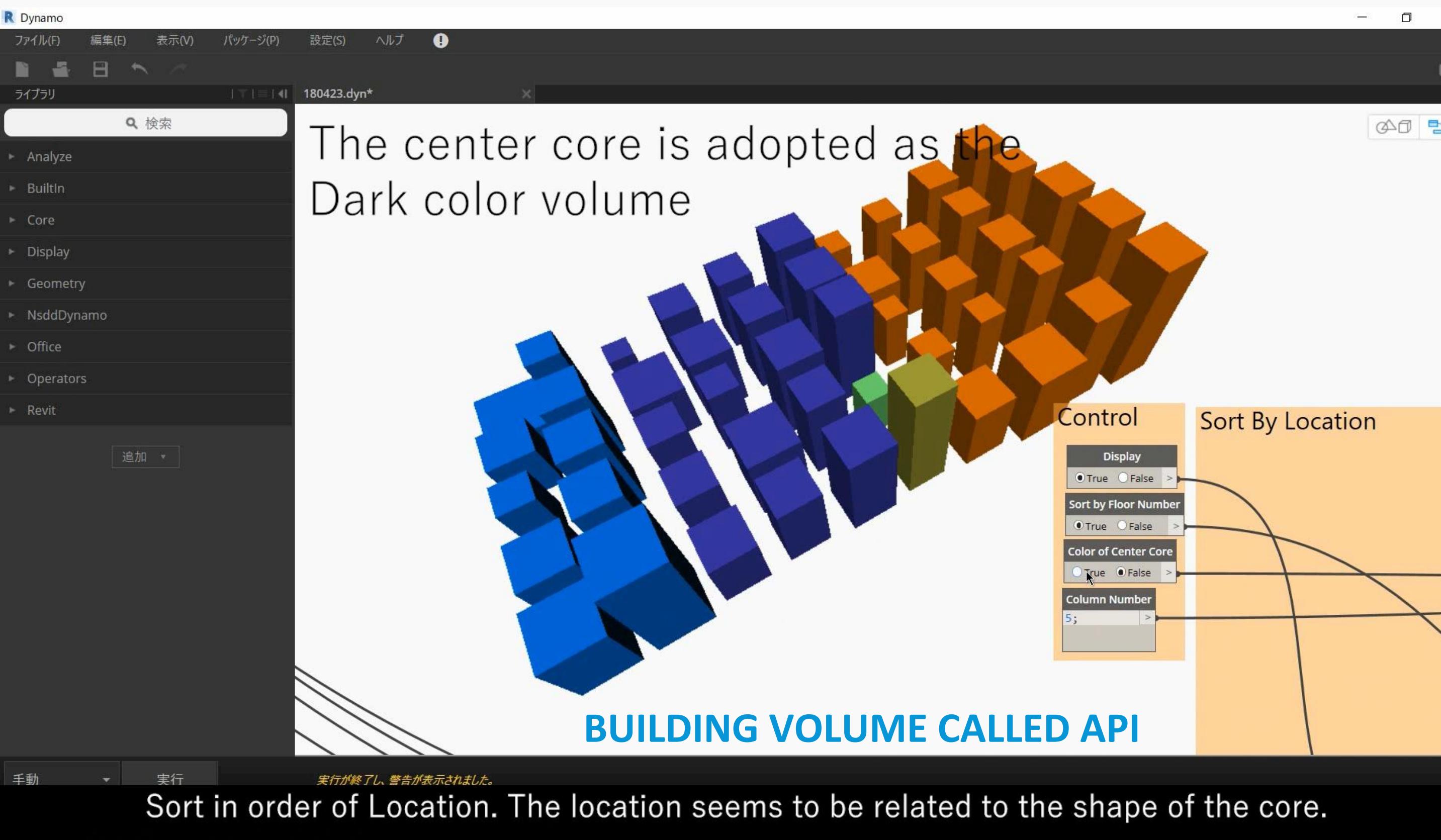
NIHONSEKKEI have been building a system to access accumulated project data from various platform easily, which called **NS API**. We can access accumulated project data with HTTP protocol by NS API which is Web API like Forge API, and this system accelerate collaboration with each internal systems and application development , data analysis, etc.





**POST
REQUEST**

RESPONSE, DATA

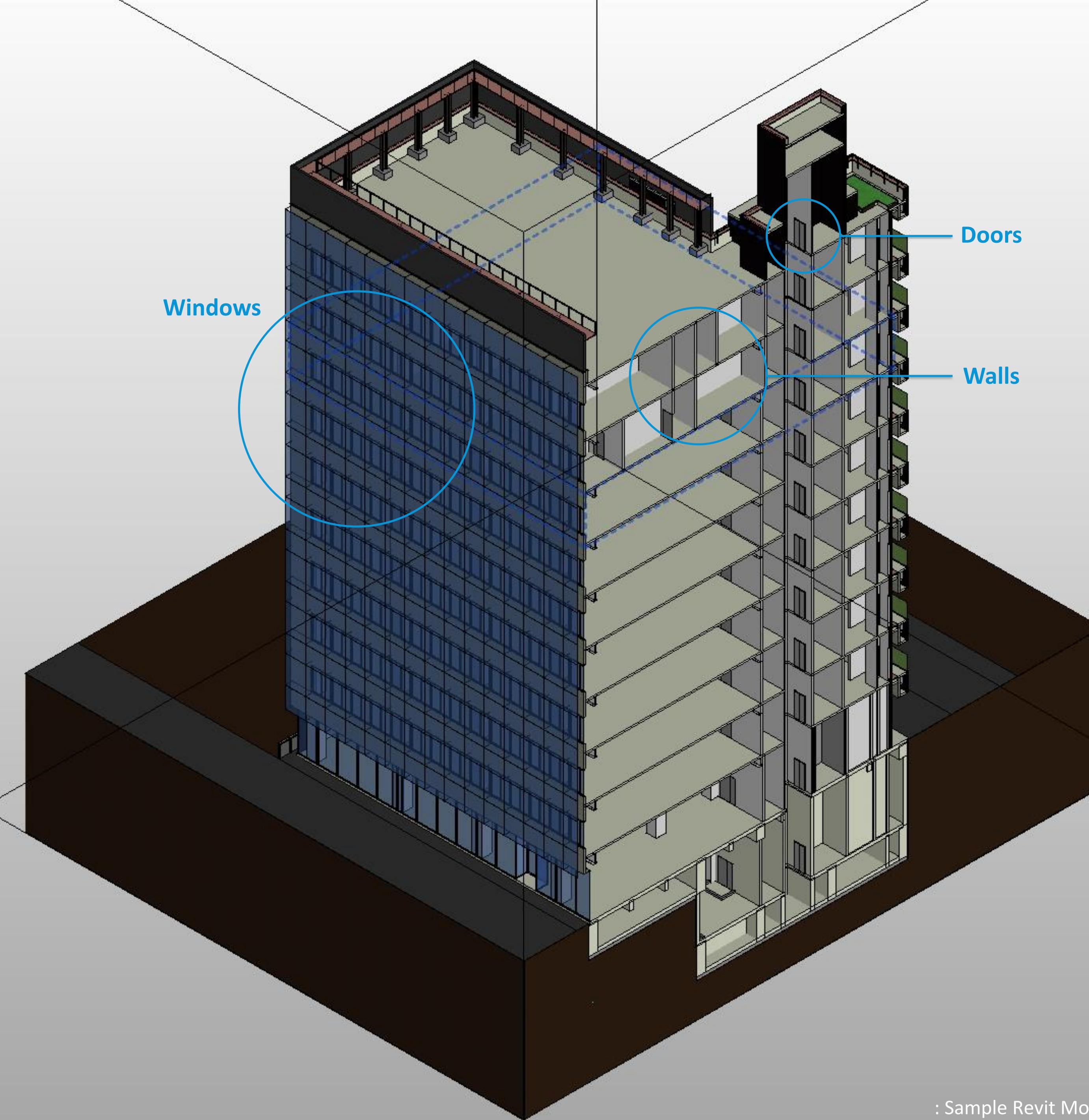


Dynamo × NS API

One way to use NS API, we made dynamo custom node for using HTTP Protocol in Dynamo. NS API approve to access past project database from Dynamo so that We can utilize the data ,which is such as curtain panel size and building volume , to review physical design for on-going Revit project.

Process of Construction Cost Estimation with ML

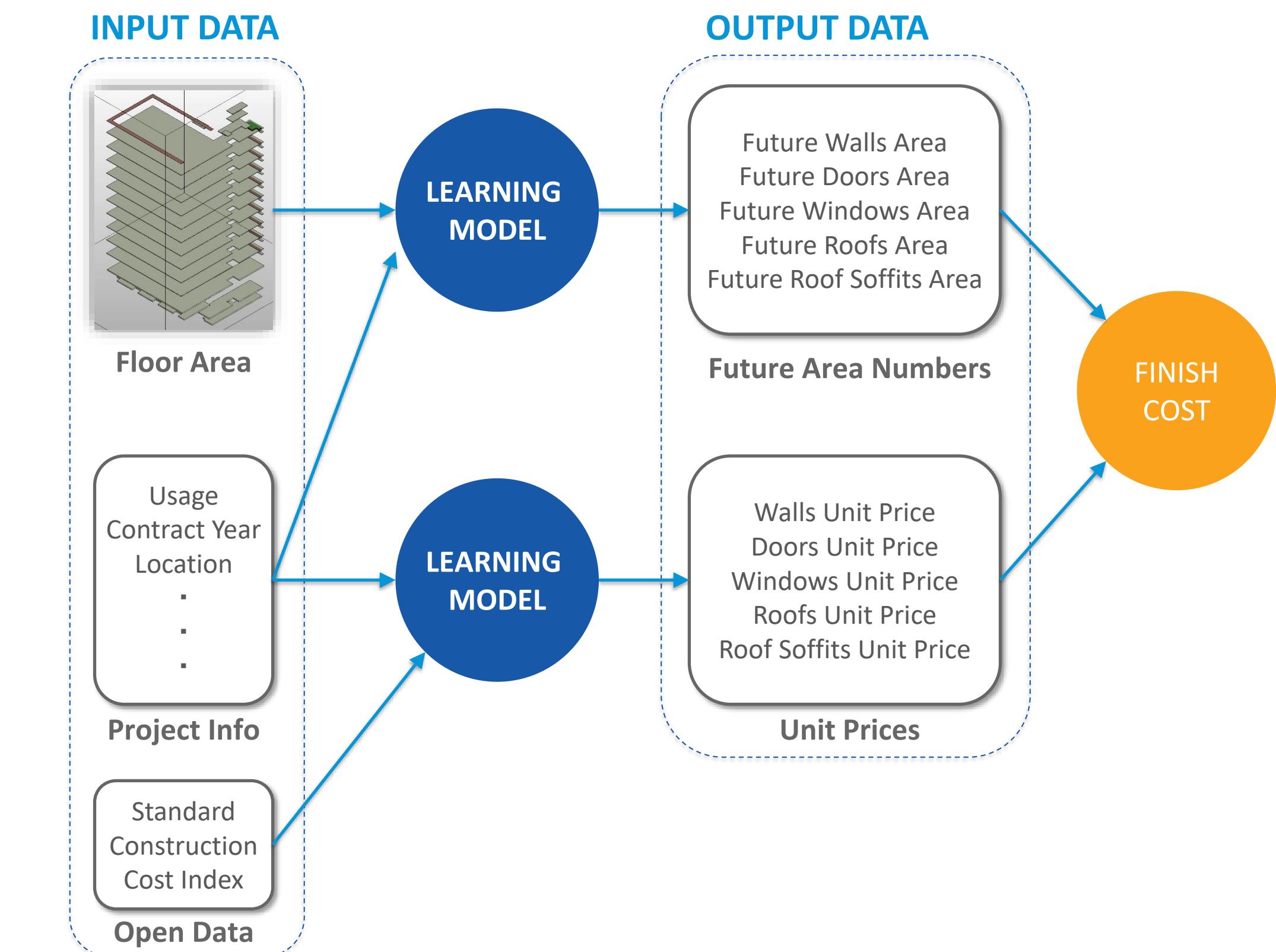


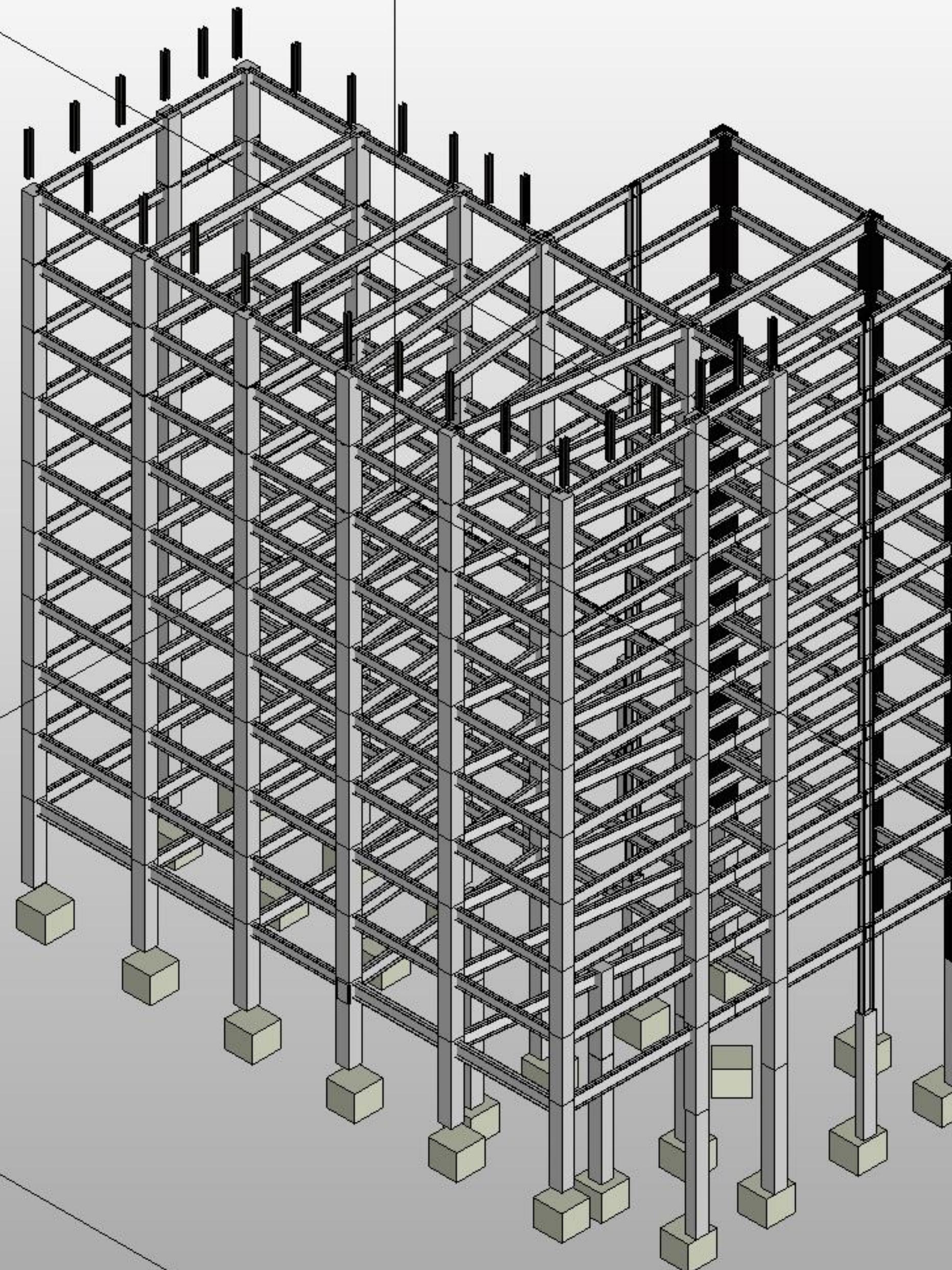


: Sample Revit Model

Cost Estimation - 1

Finish Cost Estimation

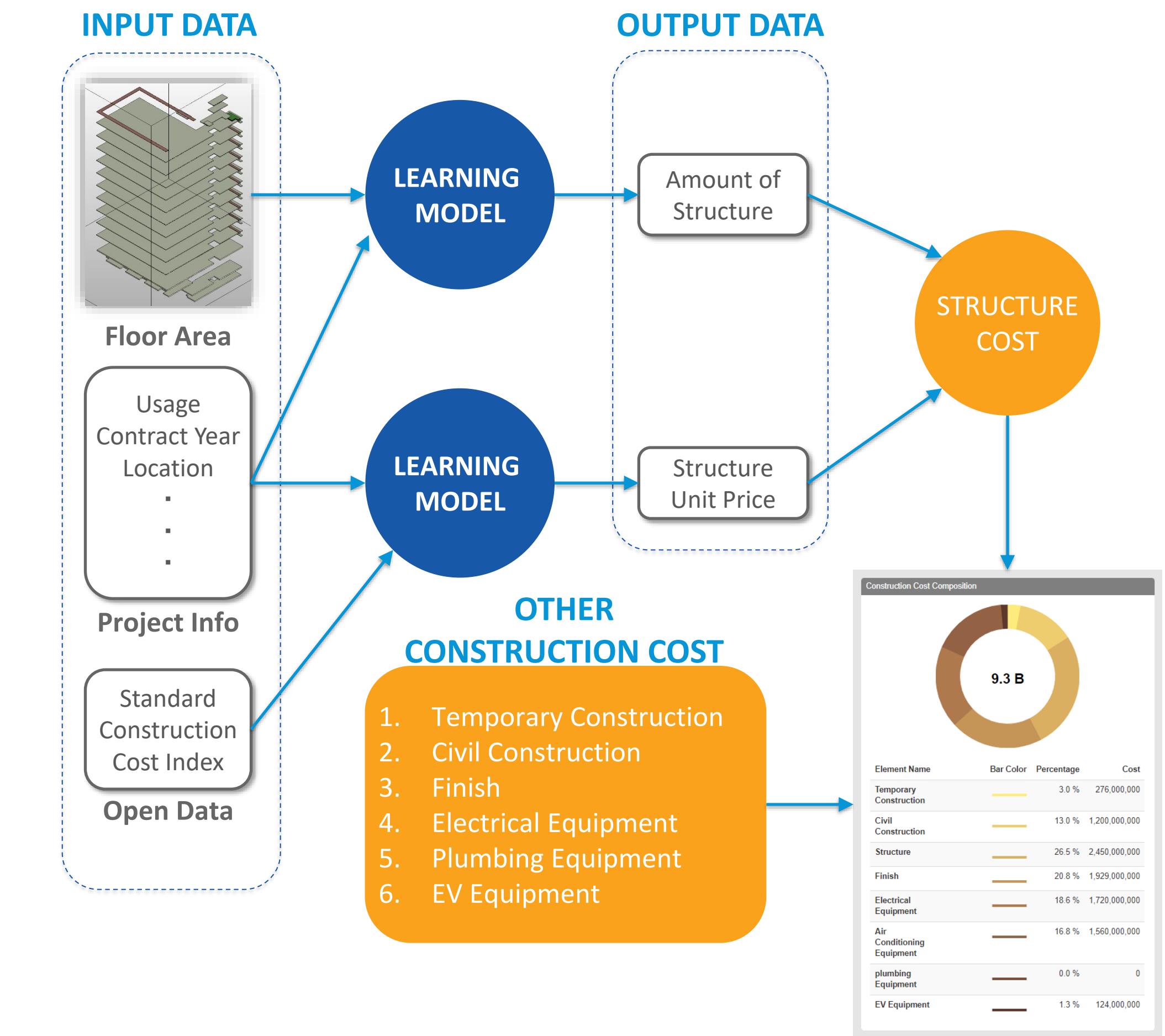




: Sample Revit Model

Cost Estimation - 2

Construction Cost Estimation



How Changes in Data Management Process by BIM and PaaS ?

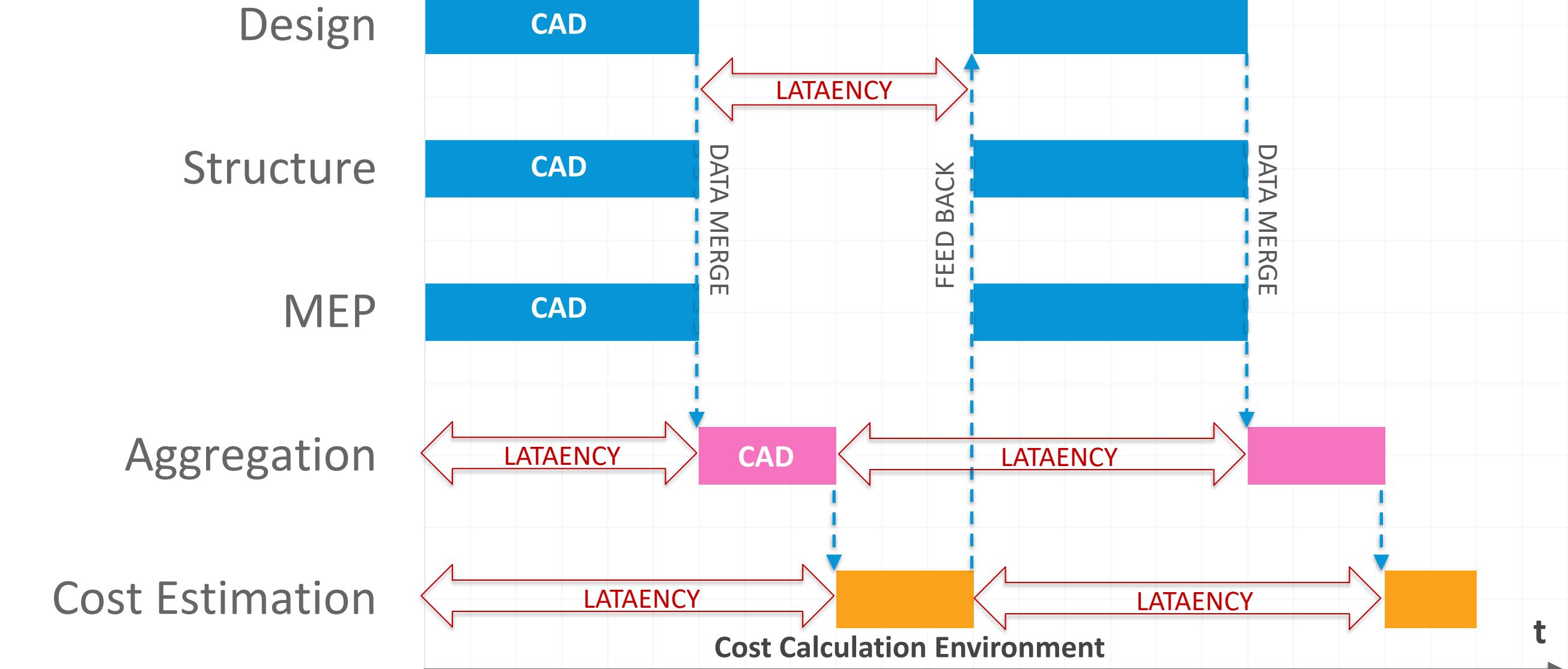


Legacy Process of Data Management

About Legacy Process

- Project data of each section such as Design, Structure, MEP, etc. had been only unified at break of each design phases, so adjustment of design beyond section had been secured by communication and strict workflow.
- Project data are always synchronous, so some process has to wait to use the data until the other process finish using them. **As the result, the throughput decrease.**

DATA WATERFALL

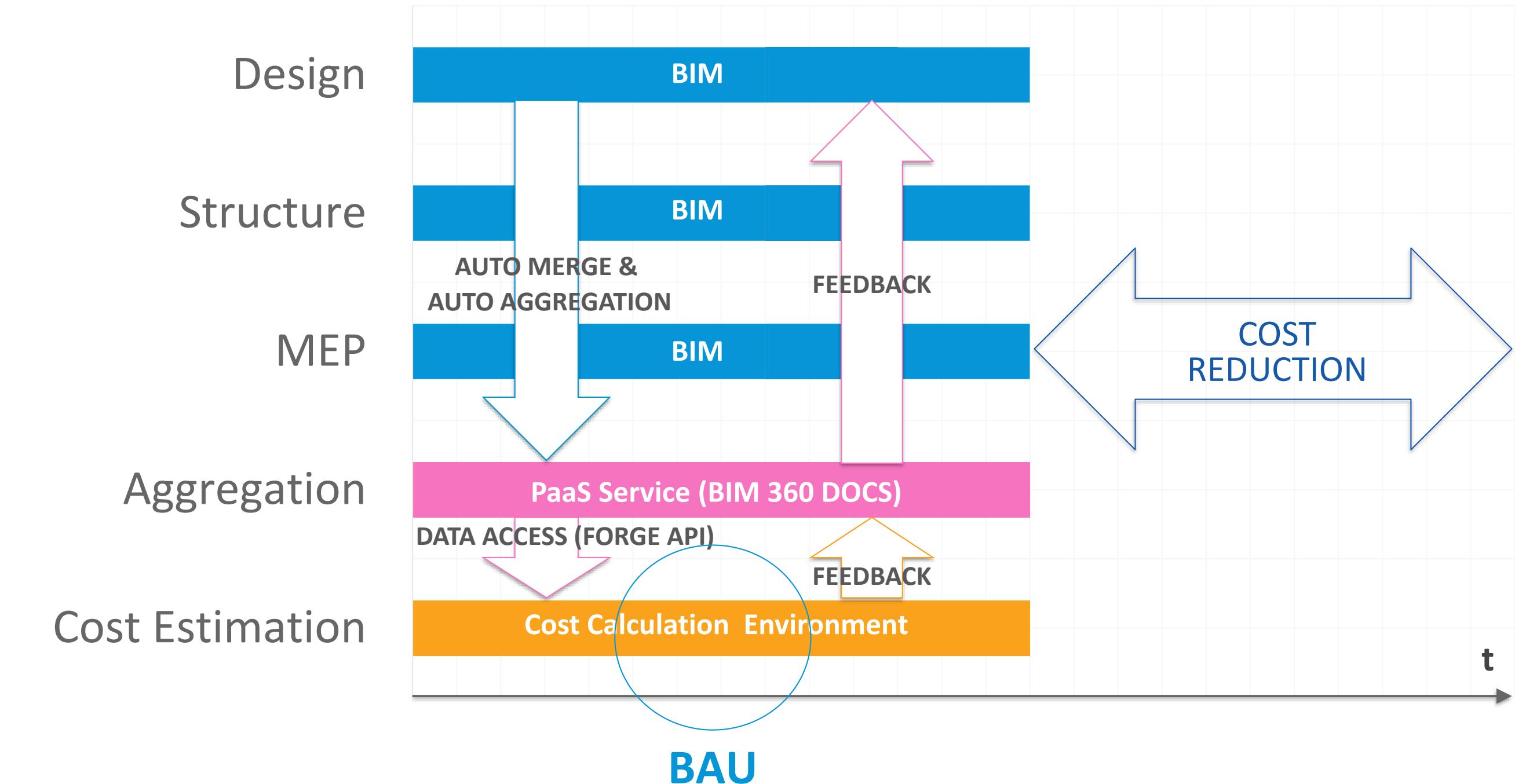


Current Process of Data Management

About Current Process

- Project data are uploaded to Autodesk cloud service like BIM 360 DOCS every specified time and task and merge them automatically.
- The project data can be accessed every time for adjustment of design beyond section and You can always do your own analysis on that data by your Forge Application.
- If other section 's process is not related to your tasks, you can process your task without waiting to finish of other process. which is like asynchronous operation. **As the result , the throughput increase.**

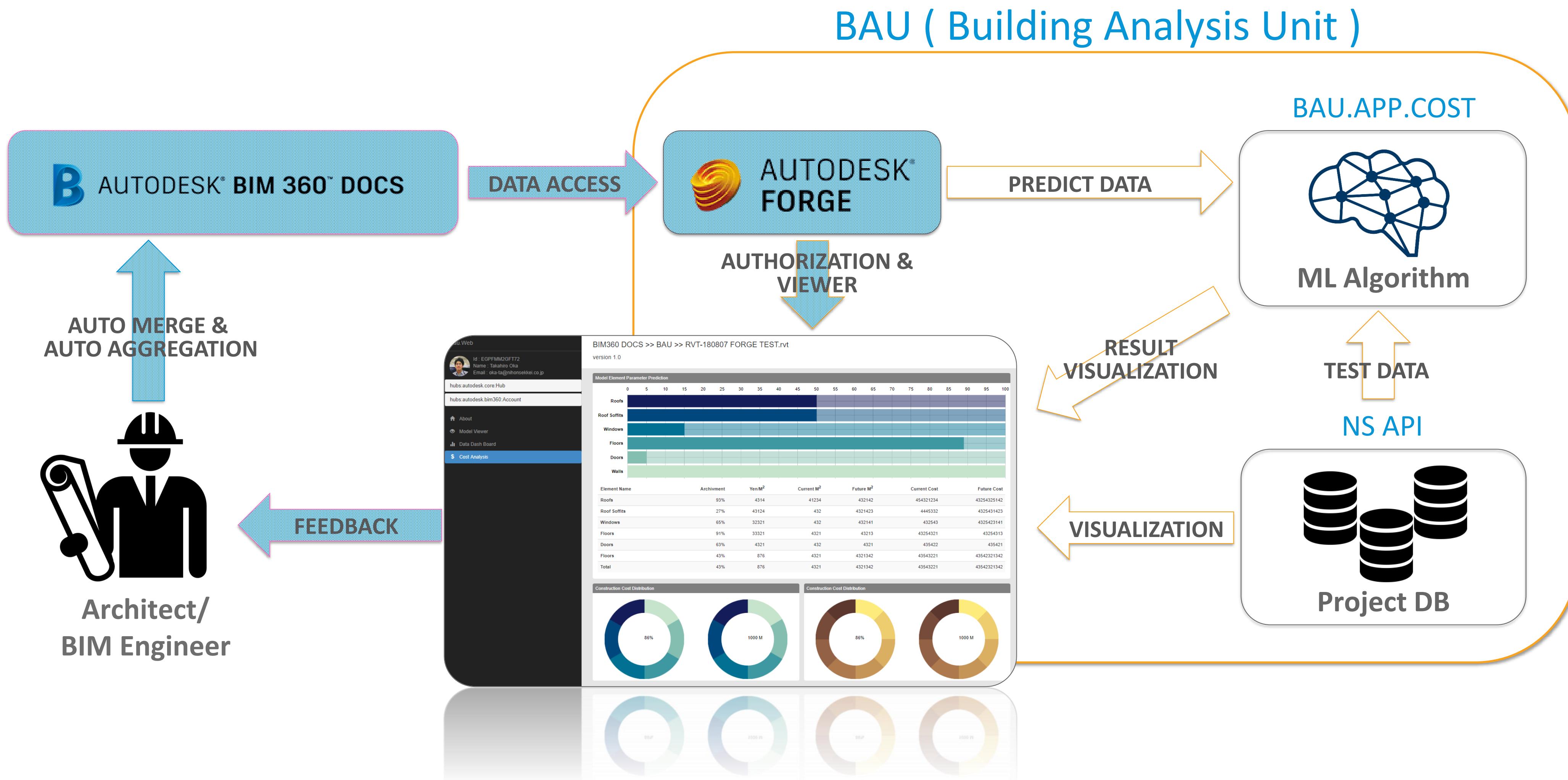
DATA WATERFALL



About Our Application by Forge



System Overview

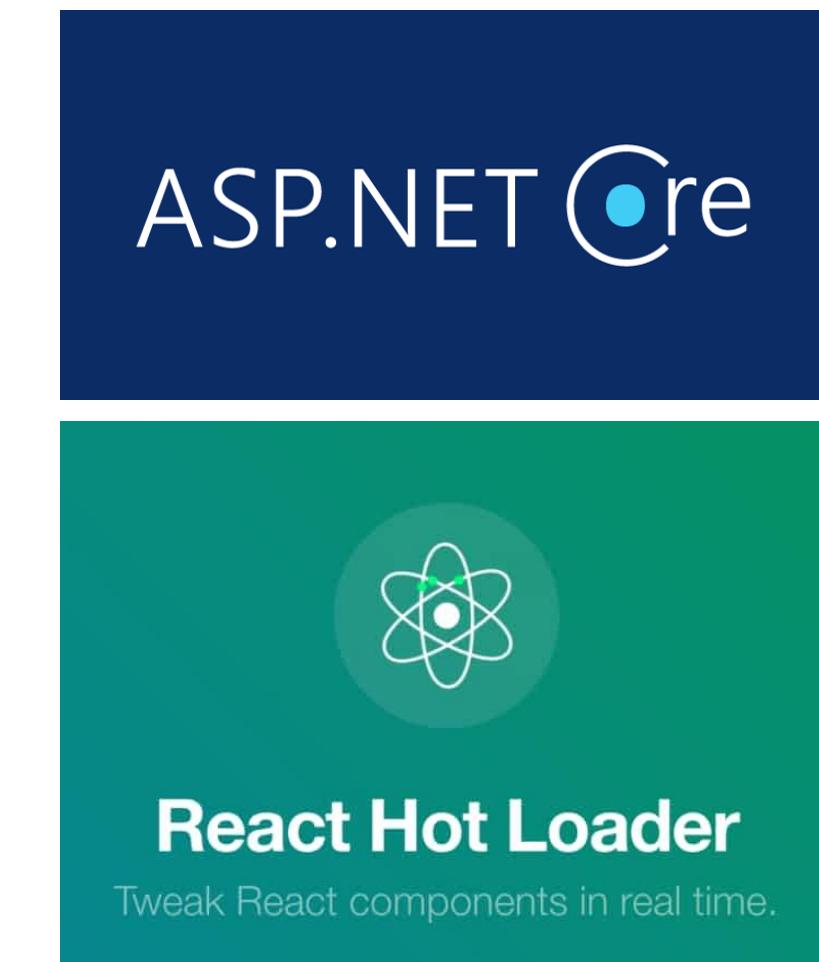
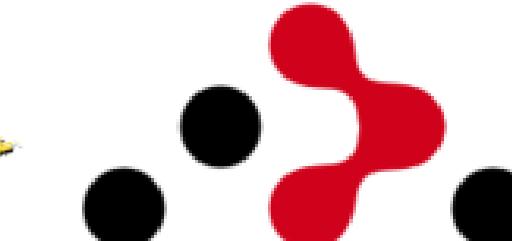
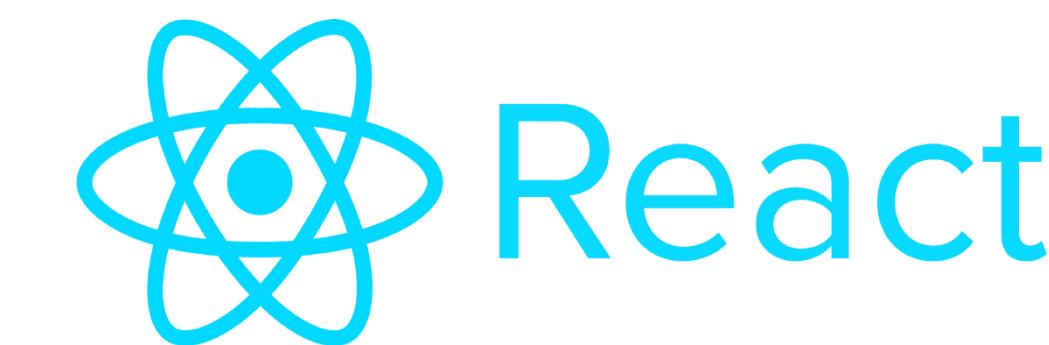


Movie 1

Adapted Technologies in Front-End

The following technologies are mainly adopted on BAU.WEB.

- **ASP.NET Core** - Open Source Framework to design Cloud Base Application.
- **WebPack** - Module Handler to manage JS Library.
- **React** - JS library for building user interface as SPA.
- **Redux** - Redux is a predictable state container for JavaScript apps.
- **React-hot loader** - Tweak React components in real time for development.
- **Bootstrap** - Free and open-source front-end framework for designing web applications.
- **Babel** - Convert ES 2015+ code into a backwards compatible version of JavaScript.
- **Axios** - Promise based HTTP communication library.

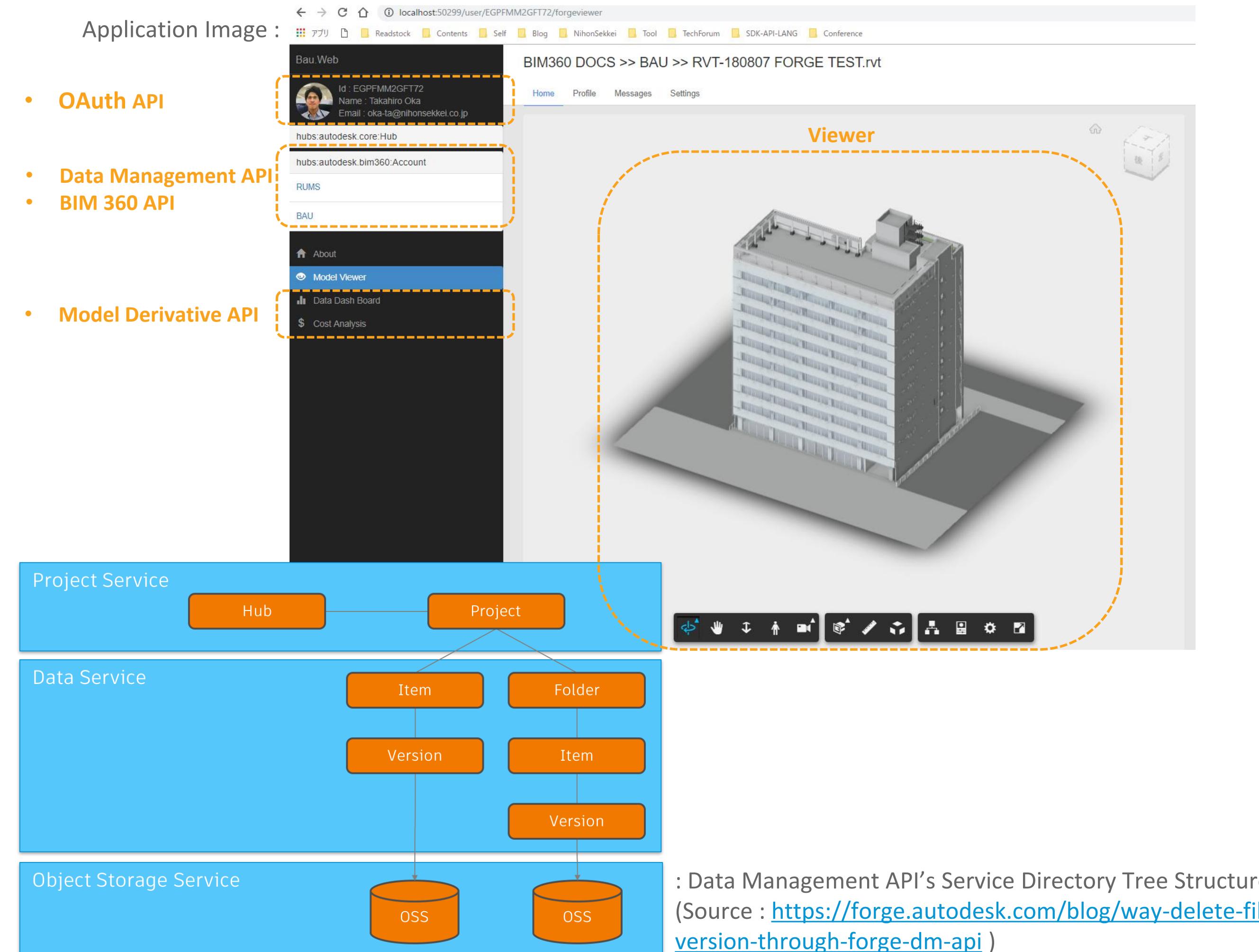


About Forge APIs

Forge is a set of web services has been provided by Autodesk, and It can be used from any application that can have environment to use HTTP protocol.

Currently, provides services are :

- OAuth
- Data Management API
- Design Automation API
- Model Derivative API
- Viewer
- Reality Capture API
- BIM 360 API
- Webhooks API



How get objects of 3D Model?

WHAT API NEED?

After you get access_token, you need some API request.

- 1. <https://developer.api.autodesk.com/project/v1/hubs>
- 2. https://developer.api.autodesk.com/project/v1/hubs/{hub_id}/projects
- 3. https://developer.api.autodesk.com/project/v1/hubs/{hub_id}/projects/{project_id}/topFolder
- 4. https://developer.api.autodesk.com/data/v1/projects/{project_id}/folders/{folder_id}/contents
- 5. https://developer.api.autodesk.com/data/v1/projects/{project_id}/items/{item_id}
- 6. <https://developer.api.autodesk.com/modelderivative/v2/designdata/{urn}/metadata>
 - a
- 7. <https://developer.api.autodesk.com/modelderivative/v2/designdata/{urn}/metadata/a/{guid}>

Data Management API

Model Derivative API

3D model object data :

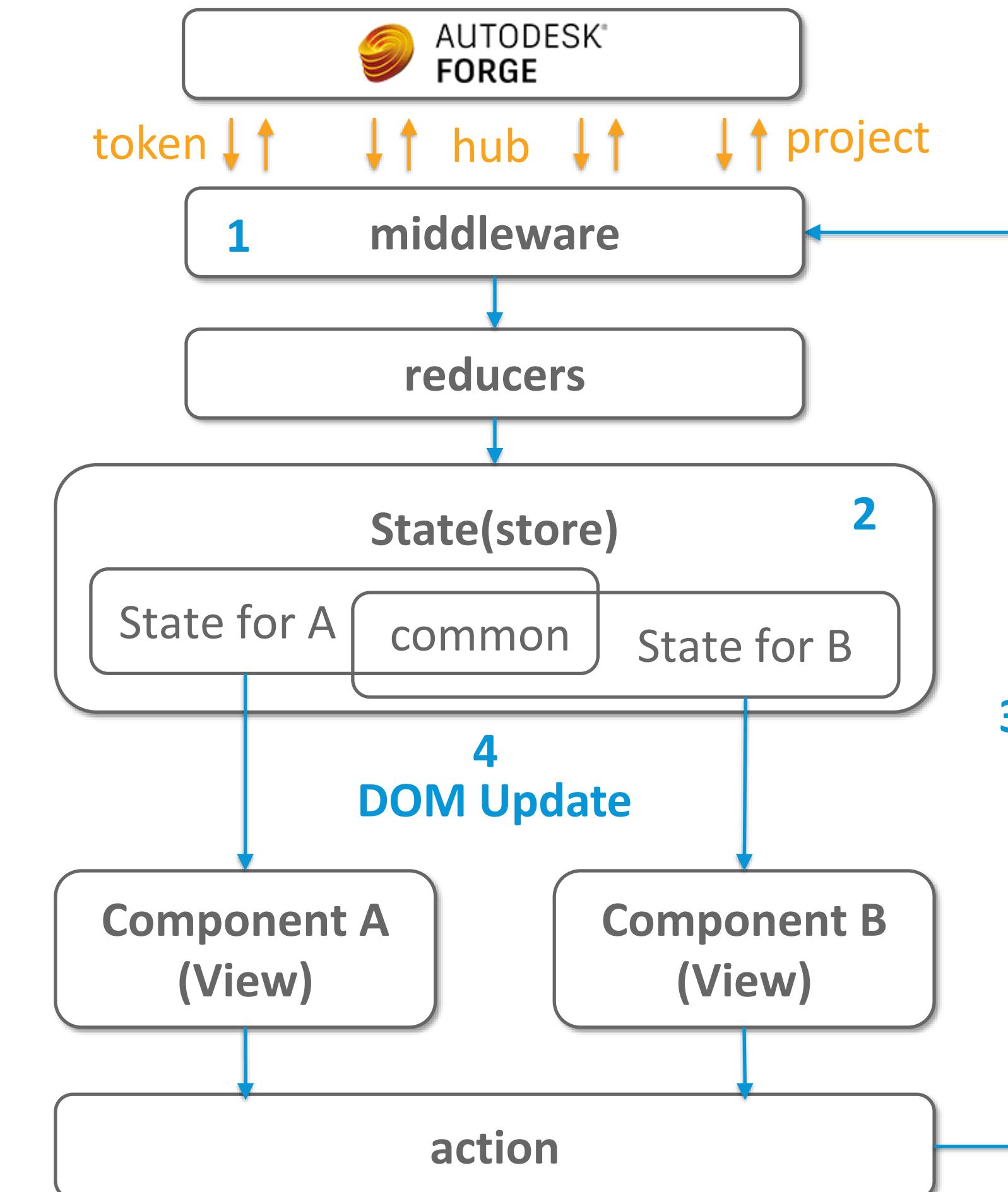


The screenshot shows the Postman application interface with a JSON response for 3D model object data. The response is a nested object structure:

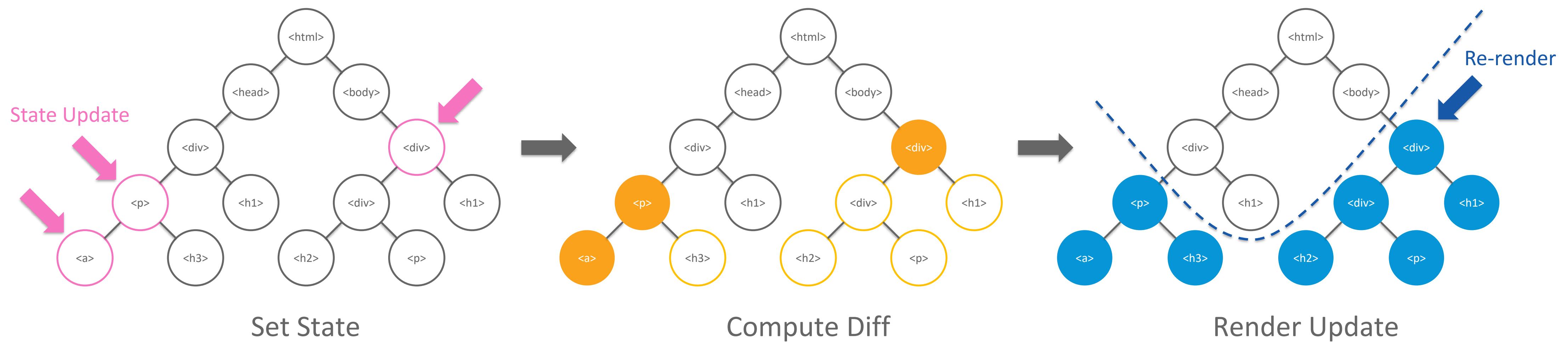
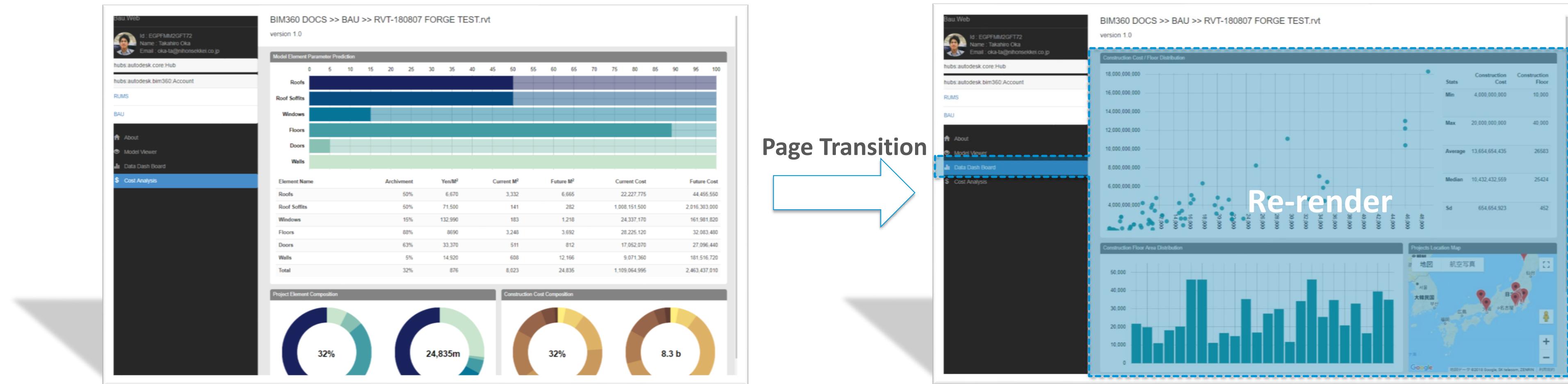
```
2 +   "data": {  
3 +     "type": "objects",  
4 +     "objects": [  
5 +       {  
6 +         "objectid": 1,  
7 +         "name": "Model",  
8 +         "objects": [  
9 +           {  
10 +             "objectid": 2549,  
11 +             "name": "Lines",  
12 +             "objects": []  
13 +           },  
14 +           {  
15 +             "objectid": 3274,  
16 +             "name": "Topography",  
17 +             "objects": []  
18 +           },  
19 +           {  
20 +             "objectid": 3331,  
21 +             "name": "Walls",  
22 +             "objects": []  
23 +           },  
24 +           {  
25 +             "objectid": 3351,  
26 +             "name": "Doors",  
27 +             "objects": []  
28 +           },  
29 +           {  
30 +             "objectid": 3409,  
31 +             "name": "Floors",  
32 +             "objects": []  
33 +           },  
34 +           {  
35 +             "objectid": 3496,  
36 +             "name": "Windows",  
37 +             "objects": []  
38 +           },  
39 +           {  
40 +             "objectid": 4531,  
41 +             "name": "Mechanical Equipment",  
42 +             "objects": []  
43 +           },  
44 +           {  
45 +             "objectid": 5147,  
46 +             "name": "Stairs",  
47 +             "objects": []  
48 +           },  
49 +           {  
50 +             "objectid": 5191,  
51 +             "name": "Railings",  
52 +             "objects": []  
53 +           },  
54 +           {  
55 +             "objectid": 5229,  
56 +             "name": "Generic Models",  
57 +             "objects": []  
58 +           },  
59 +           {  
60 +             "objectid": 6333,  
61 +             "name": "Columns",  
62 +             "objects": []  
63 +           },  
64 +           {  
65 +             "objectid": 6390,  
66 +             "name": "Top Rails",  
67 +             "objects": []  
68 +           },  
69 +           {  
70 +             "objectid": 7452,  
71 +             "name": "Structural Columns",  
72 +             "objects": []  
73 +           },  
74 +         ],  
75 +       }  
76 +     }  
77 +   }  
78 + }
```

Why Did I adopt React and Redux for Forge App?

1. When we use Forge API for Web App, many requests are generated. Therefore we need to call API from client side to ensure usability as Single Page Application (hereinafter, this is called "SPA") **React is one of the User Interface Libraries for SPA.**
2. If responded data is stored even once by some action in the view, the data can be read from the other view, so **you can short cut view transition time** except re-rendering time.
3. In React and Redux Framework, state are strongly related to each DOM. Therefore if state is updated , DOM is automatically re-rendered. By this process which is one way data flow, **we can make responsive user interface easily** without complex scraping coding such as jQuery.
4. React is adopt **Virtual DOM concept which accelerate DOM tree re-rendering.**



About Virtual DOM



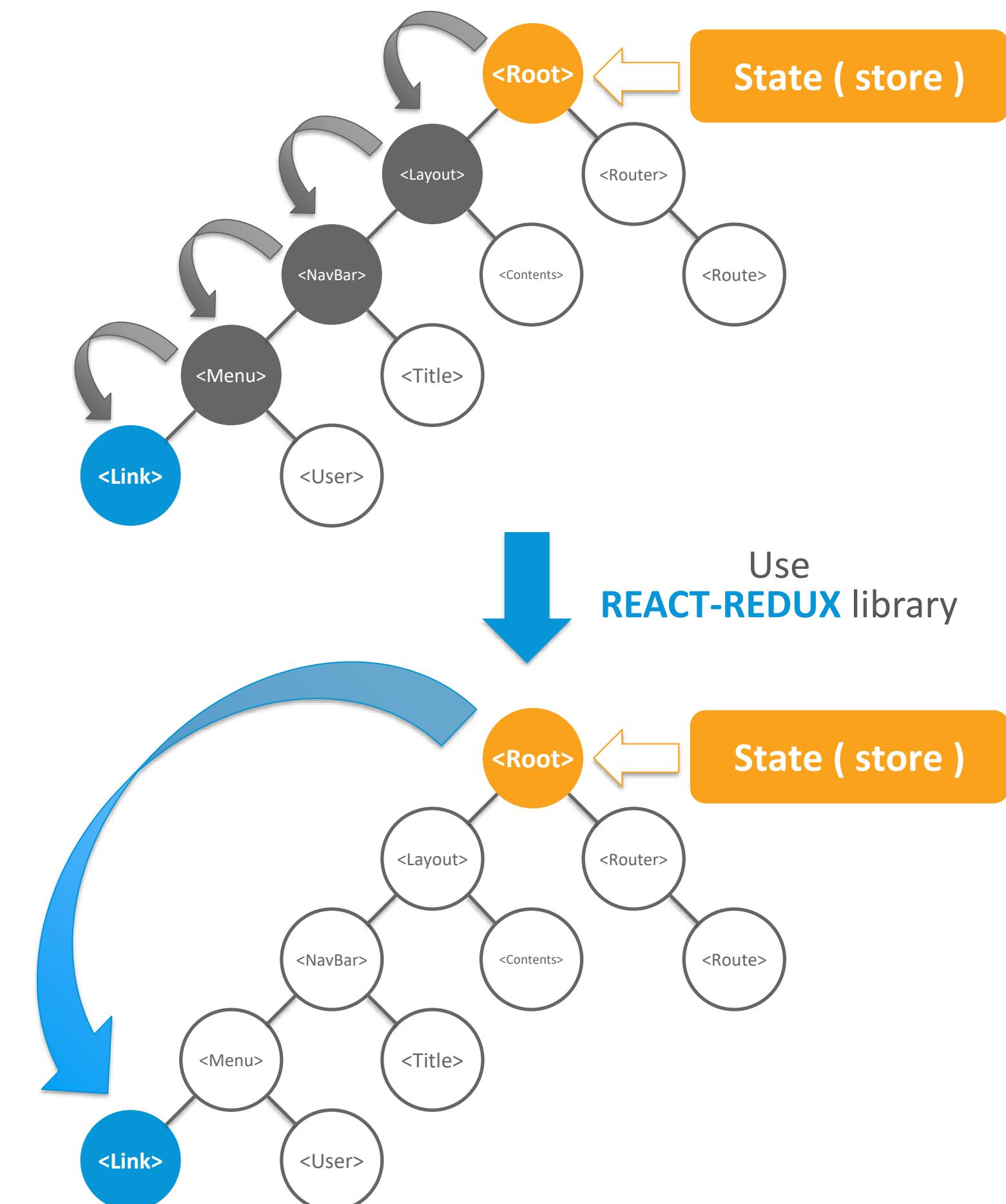
About React-Redux Library

WHAT IS REACT-REDUX ?

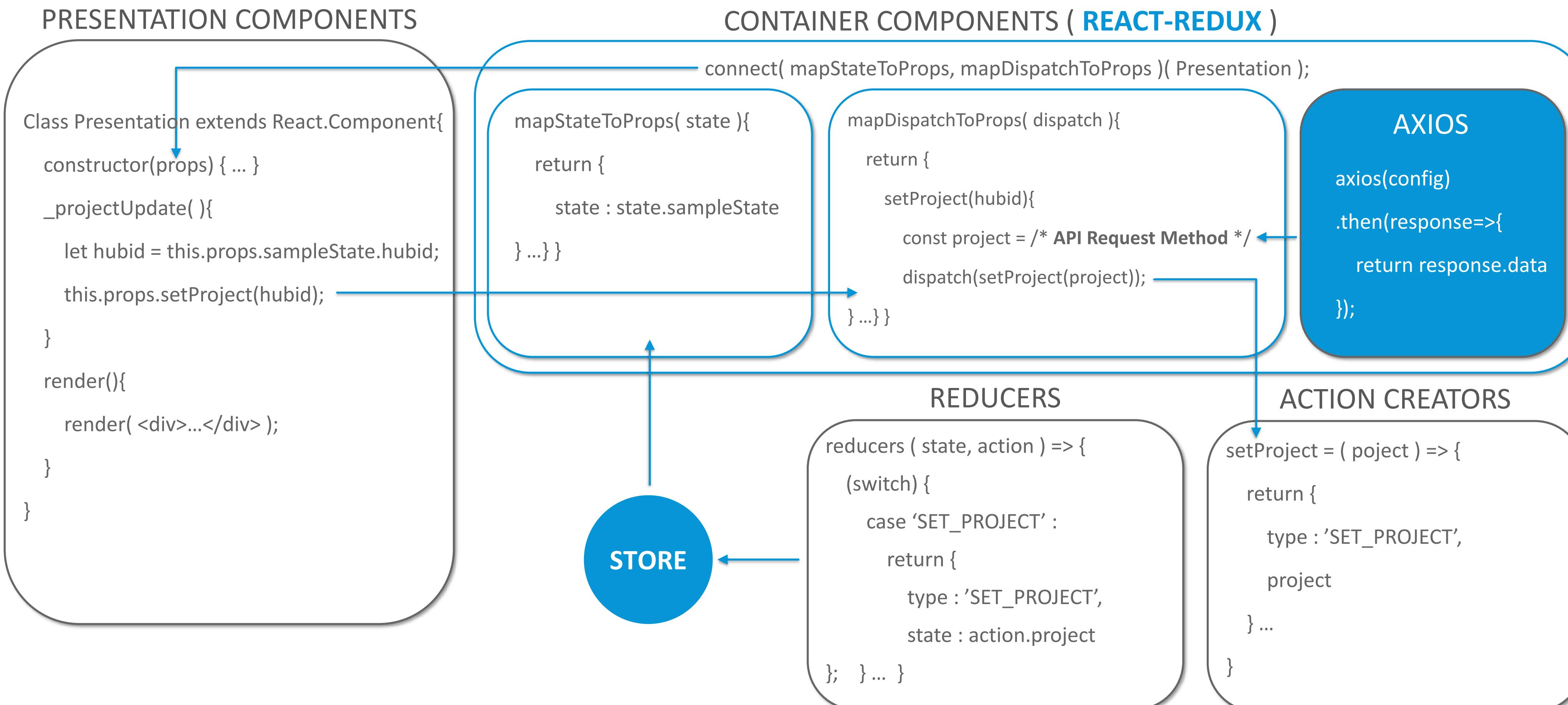
React-Redux is official React bindings for Redux. It support your developing of React and Redux application by wrapping some order. This library's feature are

1. Component(View) get application state (store) without data relay from parents.
2. It separate dispatch method, which is update your application state(store), from Component(View).

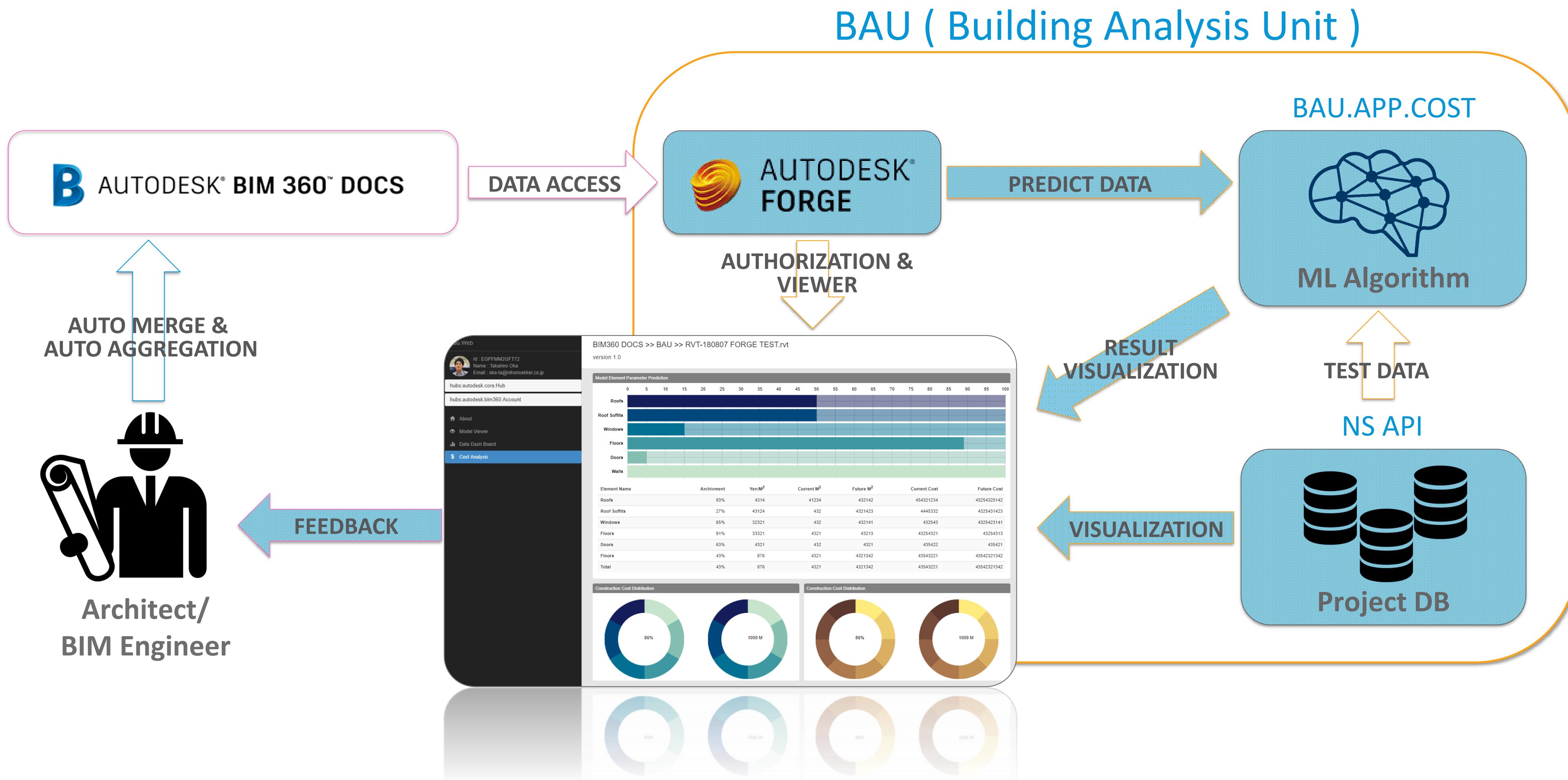
As the result, you can develop your application while keeping your code clean.



React-Redux Lifecycle with API Request



System Overview



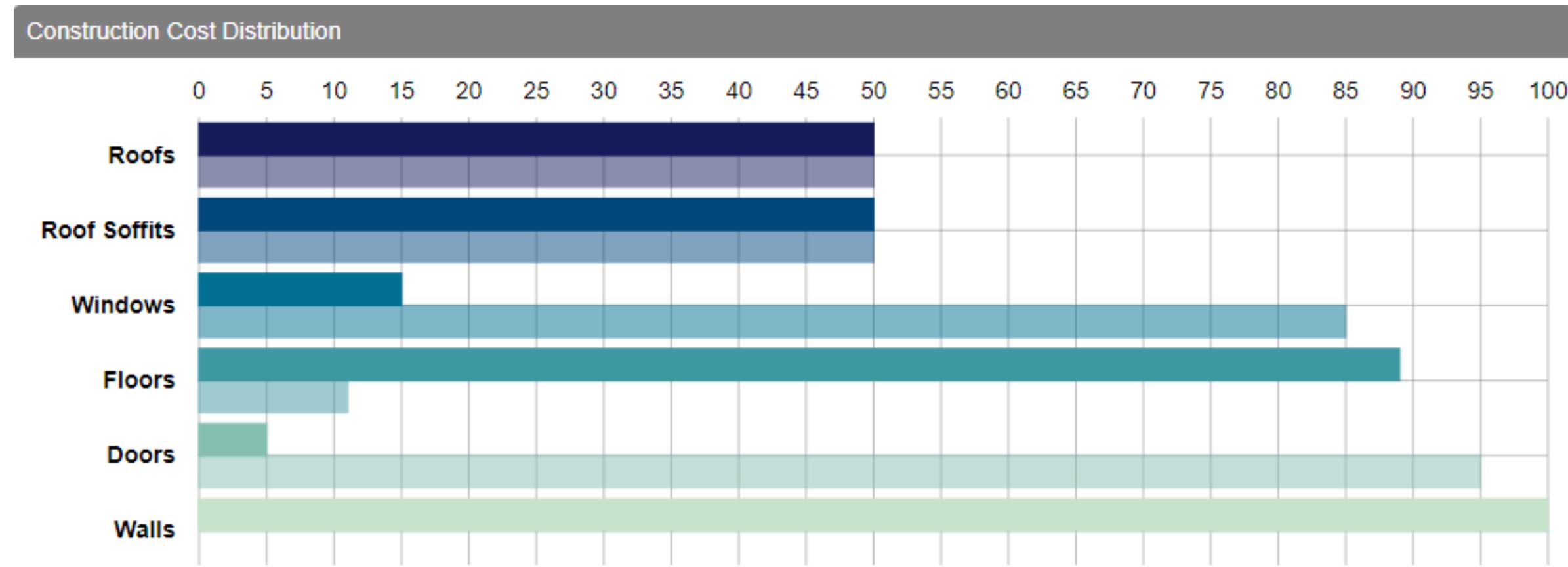
Movie 2

Visualization Tools (React-vis)

WHAT IS REACT-VIS ?

“react-vis” is open source library, which have been developing by *uber*, for data visualization like d3.js in React app.

Created histogram can set animation and be customized freely, so It is suitable for you If you want to make dashboard application like this.



```
const greenData = [{y: "Walls", x: 100, color:0},...{y: "Roofs", x: 50, color:5}];  
const blueData = [{y: "Walls", x: 0, color:0, opacity: 0.5},...,  
                 {y: "Roofs", x: 50, opacity: 0.5, color:5}];  
  
<FlexibleXYPlot  
    yType="ordinal"  
    height={300}  
    colorType="category"  
    colorDomain={[0,1,2,3,4,5]}  
    colorRange={[ "#c6e3cb", "#84beb1", "#3e98a1", "#007093", "#00477d", "#141c59" ]}  
    margin={{left: 110, right: 16, top:35, bottom:0}} >  
    <VerticalGridLines />  
    <HorizontalGridLines />  
    <XAxis align={{vertical: 'top', horizontal: 'left'}} top={0} />  
    <YAxis />  
    <HorizontalBarSeries data={greenData} animation />  
    <HorizontalBarSeries data={blueData} animation />  
</FlexibleXYPlot>
```

Visualization Tools (React-google-maps)

```
export const ProjectsMap = (props) =>{  
  return (  
    <Map  
      isMarkerShown = {true}  
      data = {[{lat:35.243, lng:139.05},  
              {lat:34.963, lng:138.27},  
              {lat:35.646, lng:139.90},  
              {lat:35.544, lng:134.82}]}  
      googleMapURL="https://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/js?key=<API Key>"  
      loadingElement={<div style={{ height: `100%` }} />}  
      containerElement={<div style={{ height: `100%` }} />}  
      mapElement={<div style={{ height: `100%` }} />}  
    />  
  );  
}  
  
const Map = withScriptjs(withGoogleMap((props) =>  
  <GoogleMap  
    defaultZoom = {5}  
    defaultCenter={{{lat:34.665108, lng:135.000000}}}>  
    {props.isMarkerShown &&  
      props.data.map(location=><Marker position={location}/>)}  
  </GoogleMap>  
)
```



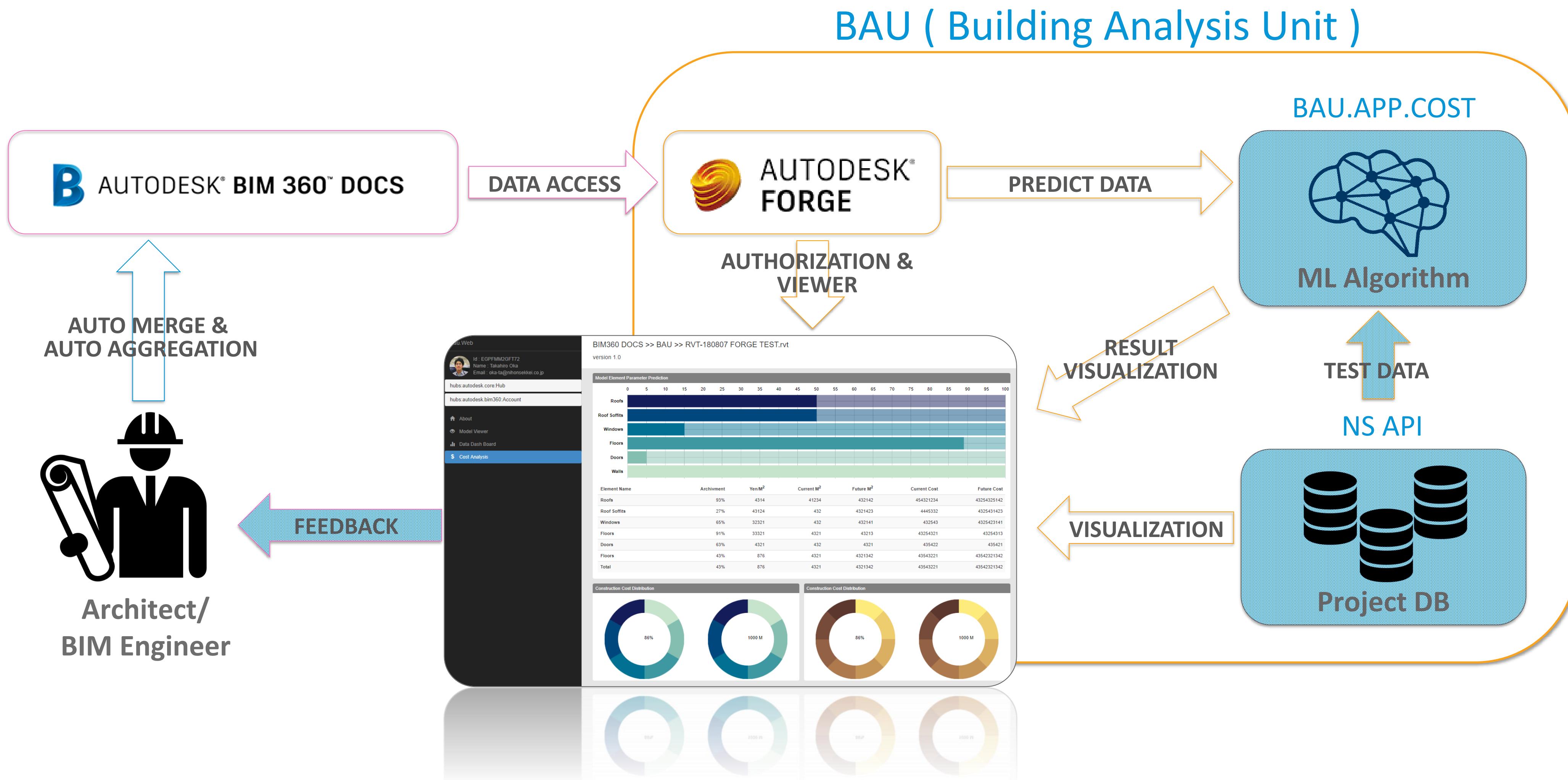
WHAT IS “REACT-GOOGLE-MAPS” ?

“react-google-maps” is open source library, which wrapped google maps javascript API, for displaying map in React app.

About Back-End (Business Logic)



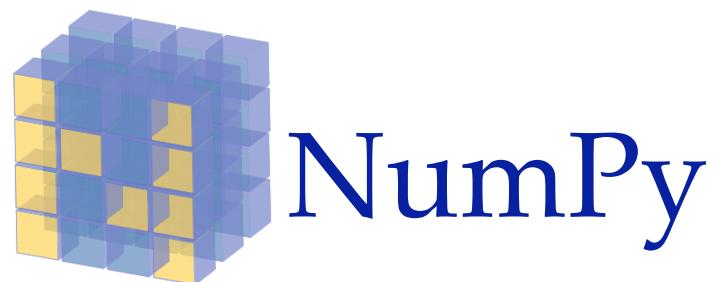
System Overview



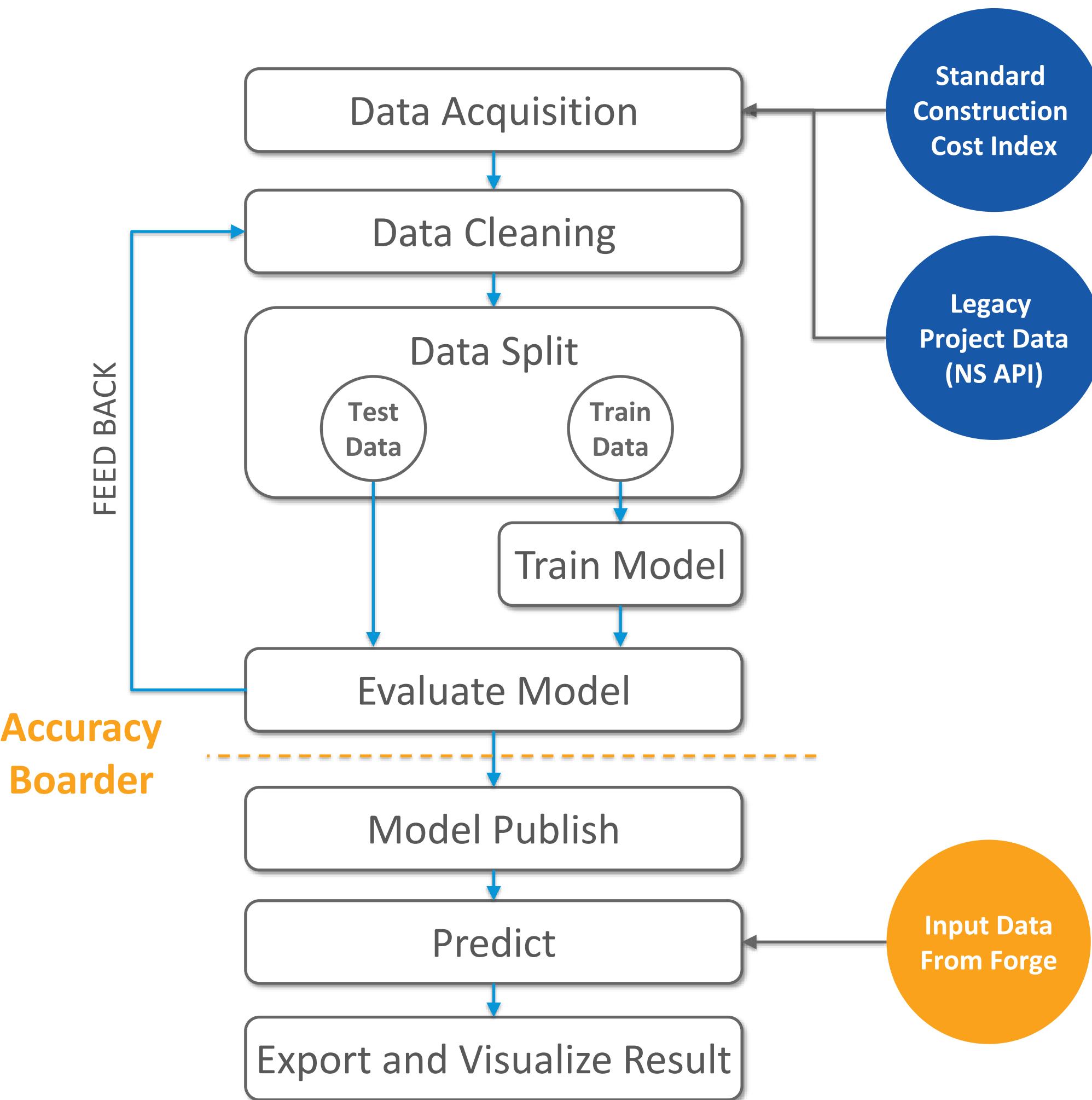
Adapted Technologies

The following technologies are mainly adopted on BAU.APP.COST

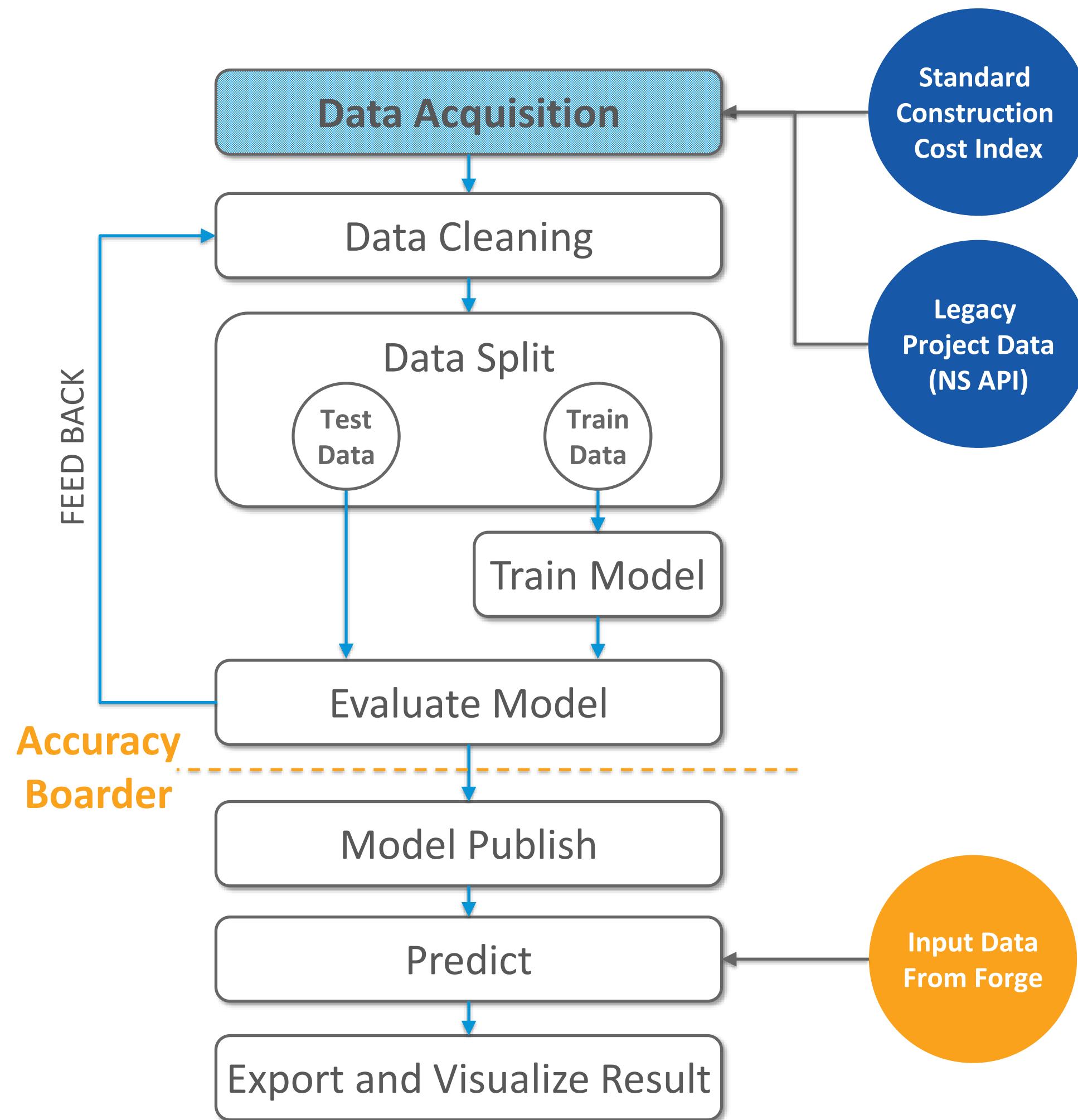
- **Flask** - Flask is a micro web framework written in Python.
- **scikit-learn** - It provides simple and efficient tools for data mining and data analysis.
- **Jupyter Notebook** - It is an open-source web application that allows you to create and share documents that contain live code, equations, visualizations and narrative text.
- **Matplotlib** - It is a Python 2D plotting library.
- **Numpy** - NumPy is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python.



Machine Learning Process



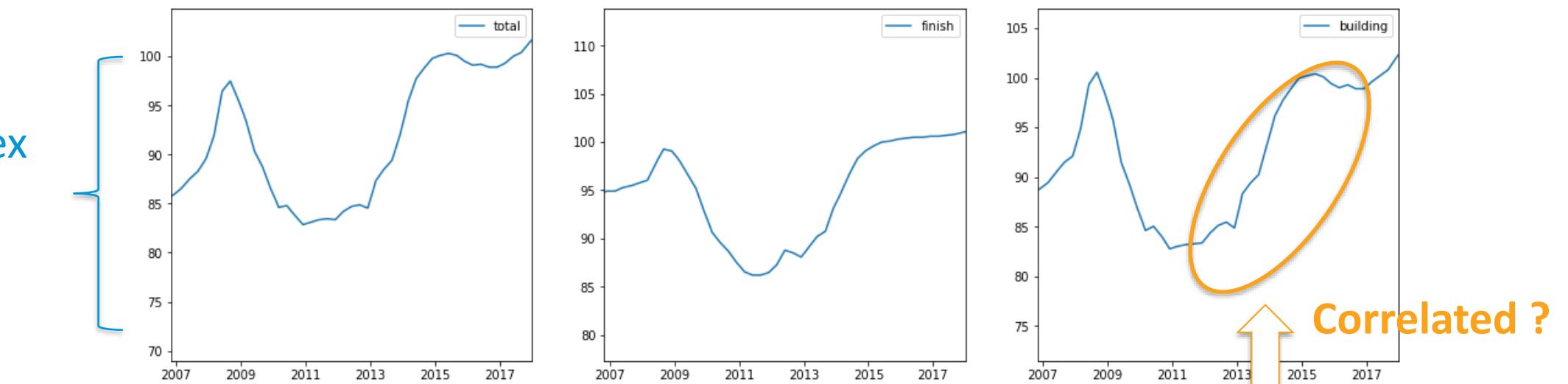
Data Acquisition



How decide data?

Price Index

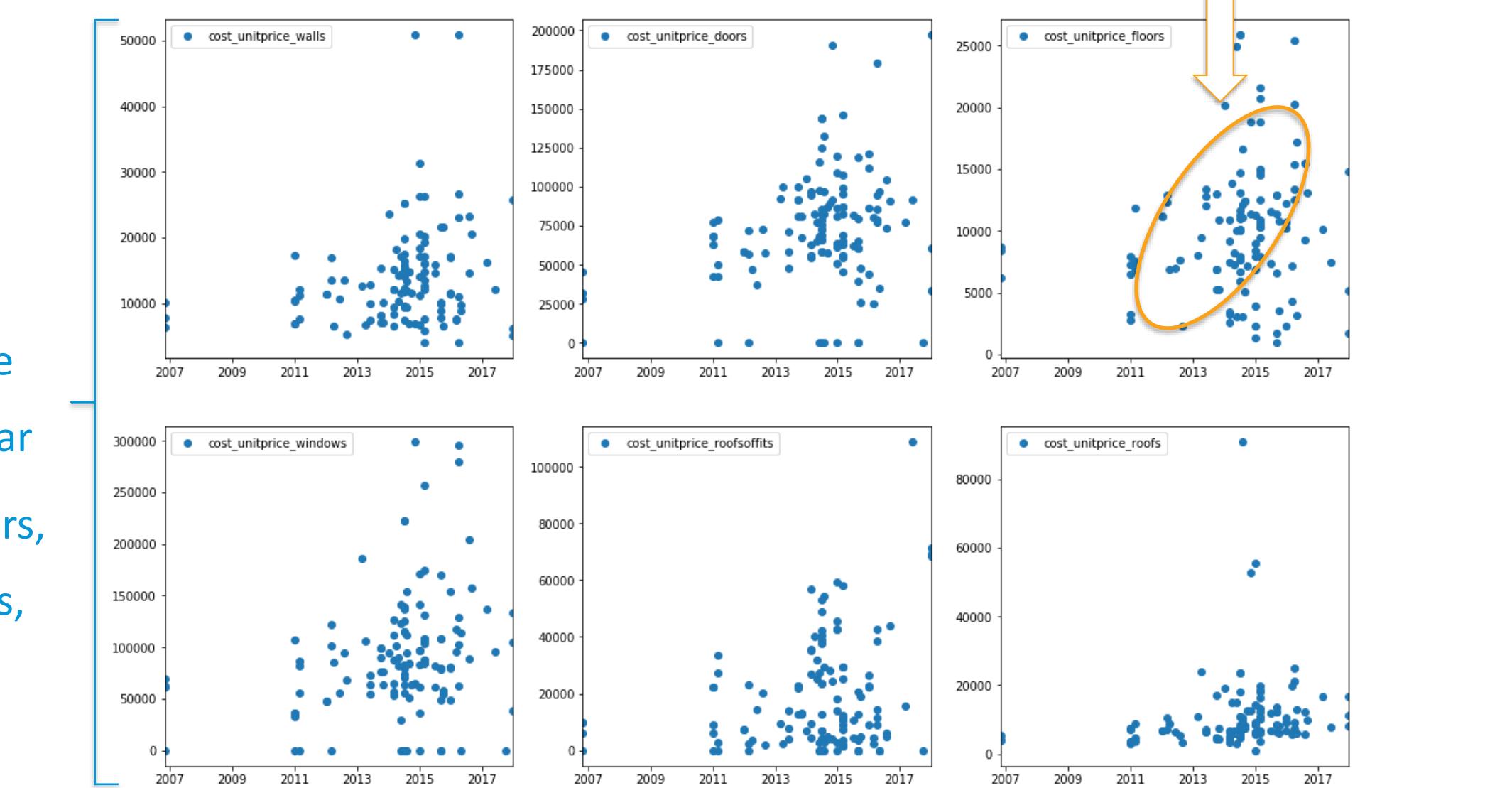
By Year



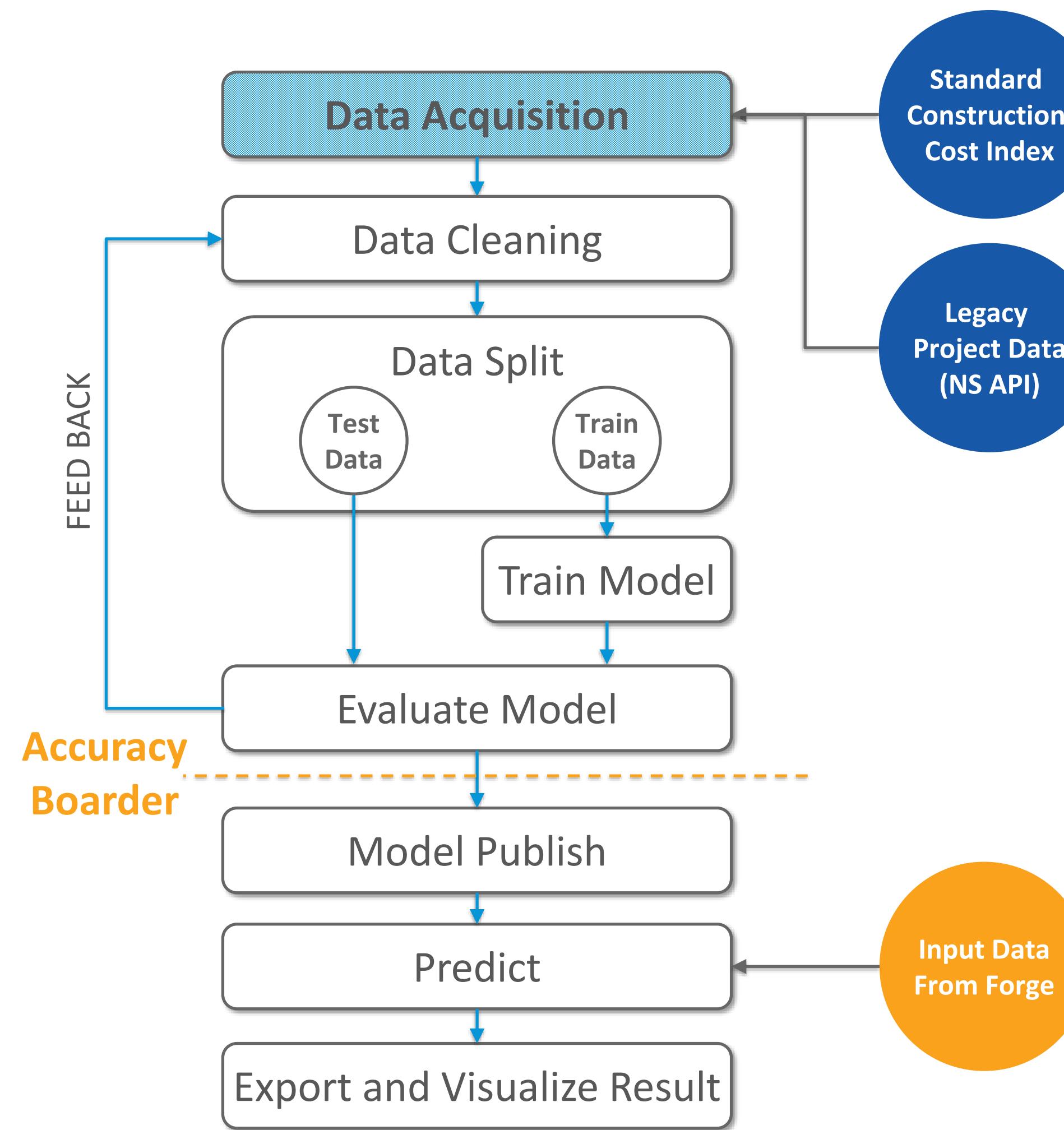
Correlated ?

Finish's Unit Price

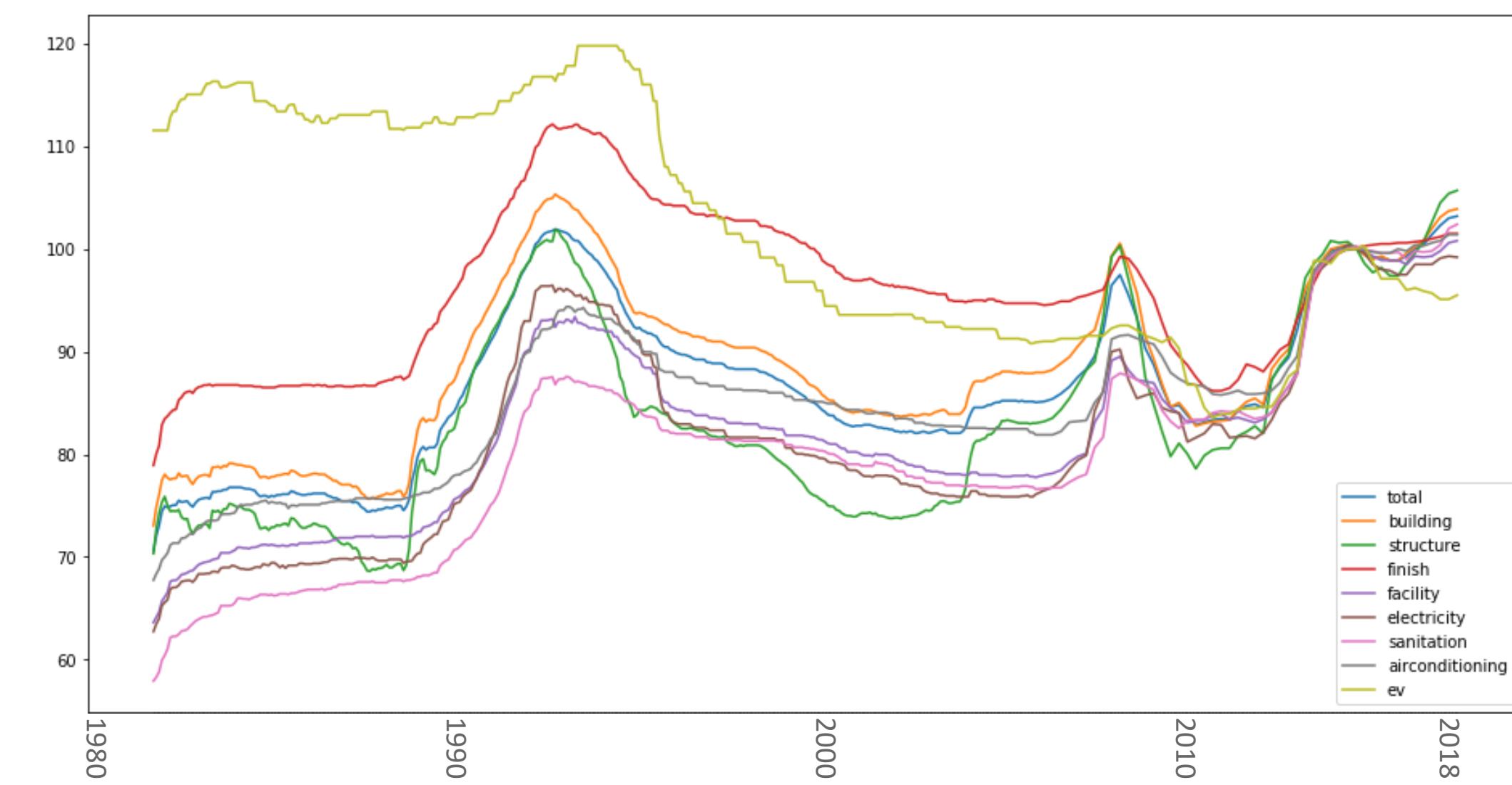
Distribution by Year
(Walls, Doors, Floors,
Roofs, Roof Soffits,
Windows)



Data Acquisition

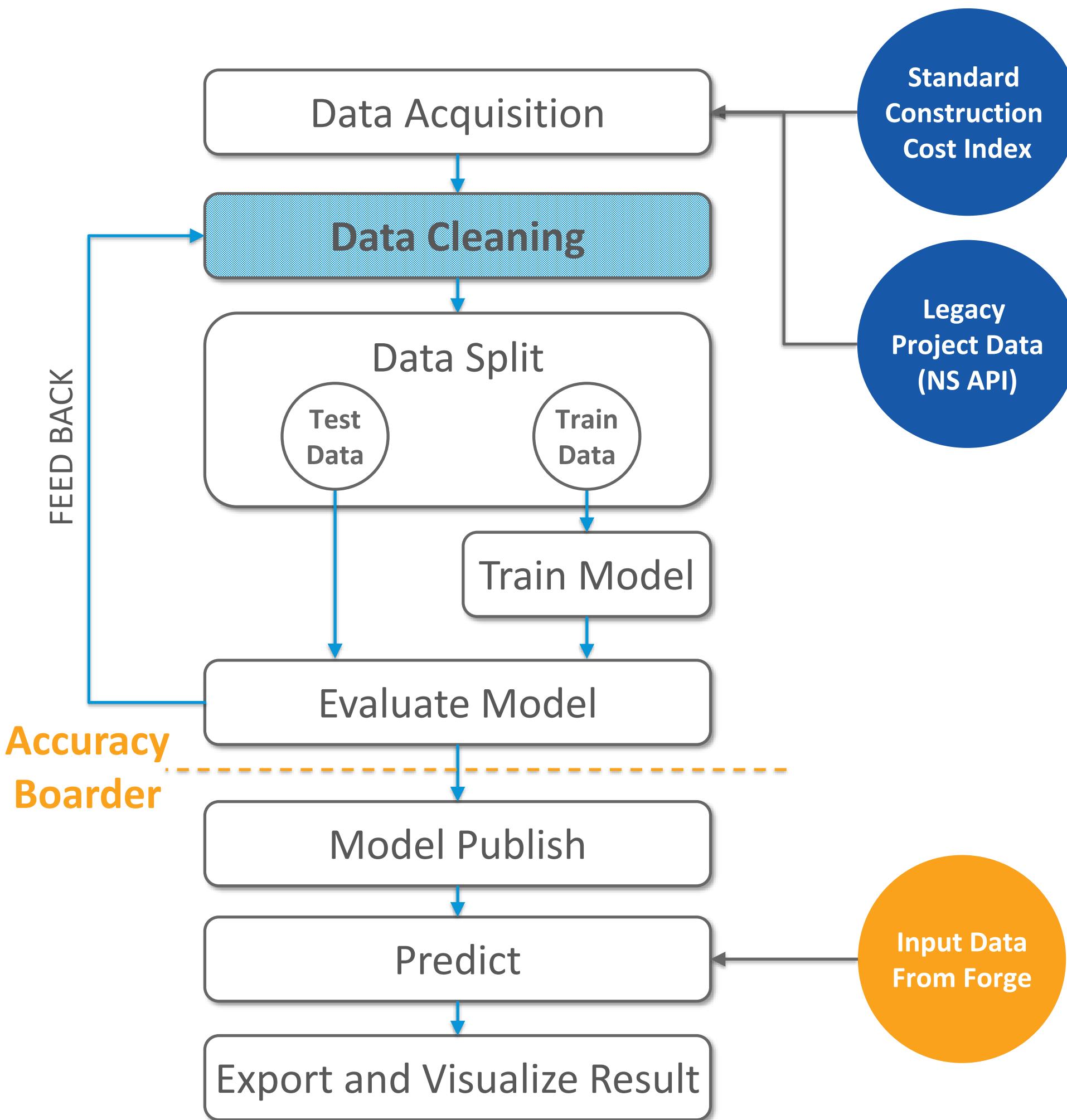


Standard Construction Cost Index (ja : 標準建築費指数)
This is one of the construction price index that reported by *Kensetu-Kogyo-Kenkyukai*. It reported value of each building element such as Finish, Structure, etc.



: Standard Construction Cost Index in Tokyo (average: Tokyo 2015 = 100)
(Source : <https://www.yoi-kensetsu.com/dantai/info.php?did=111>)

Data Cleaning



How clean the data?

	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
20	0	0.00	0	0
21	117.25	65.45	10.8	7.2
22	332.6	95.60	9	9
23	0	0.00	0	0
24		62.00		
25	144	80.00	12	8
26	46.78	42.00	6	5.3
27	50.4	18.22	7.2	12.25
28	135.45	69.40	9	9
29	62.23	37.16	6.4	19.75

COMPLETION
& DROP NAN

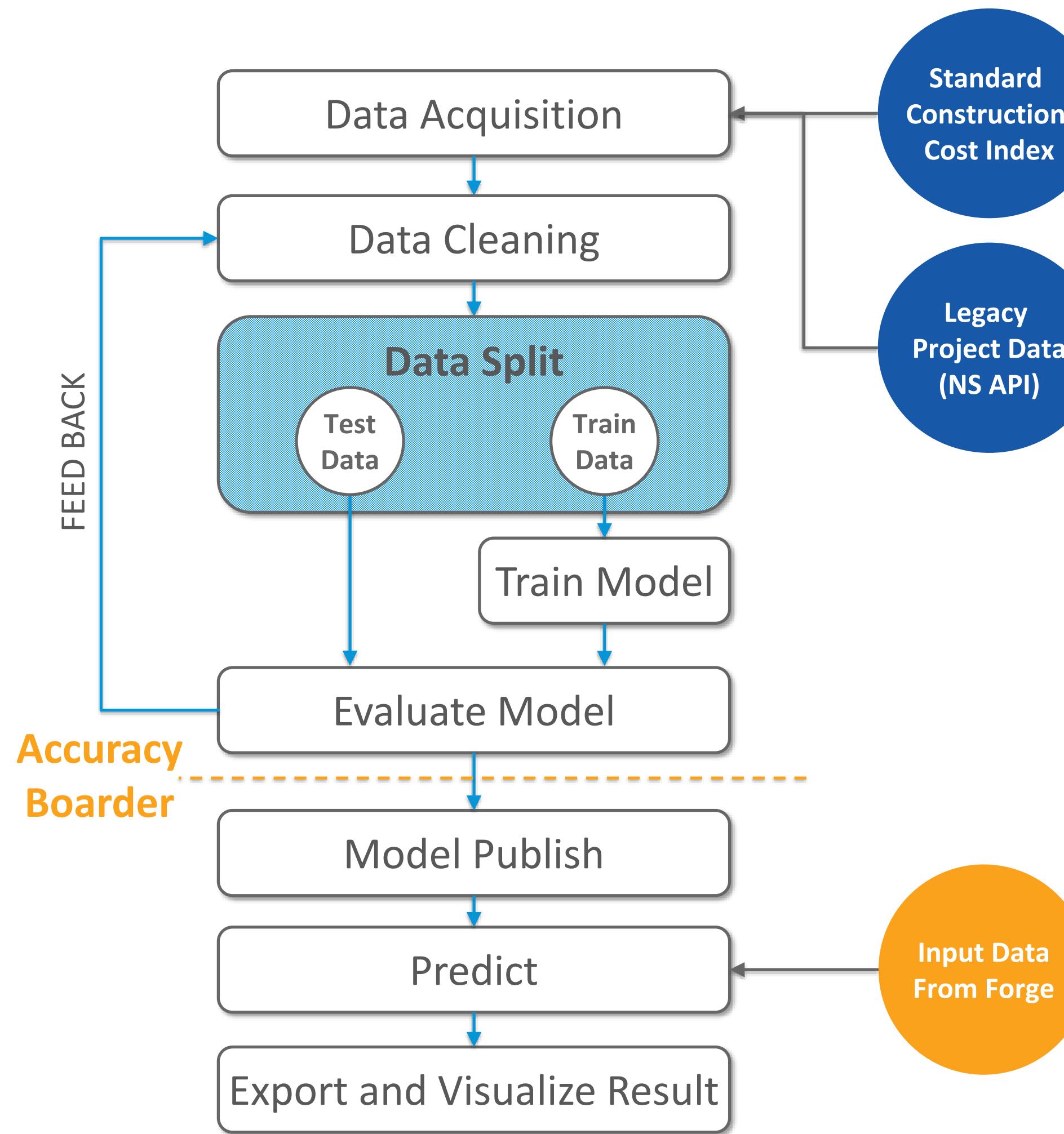
	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
20	126.958571	58.261429	8.628571	10.071429
21	117.250000	65.450000	10.800000	7.200000
22	332.600000	95.600000	9.000000	9.000000
23	126.958571	58.261429	8.628571	10.071429
25	144.000000	80.000000	12.000000	8.000000
26	46.780000	42.000000	6.000000	5.300000
27	50.400000	18.220000	7.200000	12.250000
28	135.450000	69.400000	9.000000	9.000000
29	62.230000	37.160000	6.400000	19.750000

NORMALIZATION

	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
20	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
21	-0.119681	3.267721e-01	1.183940e+00	-0.738617
22	2.535013	1.697306e+00	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
23	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
25	0.210076	9.881738e-01	1.838223e+00	-0.532833
26	-0.988389	-7.391984e-01	-1.433191e+00	-1.227353
27	-0.943764	-1.820170e+00	-7.789082e-01	0.560393
28	0.104677	5.063279e-01	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
29	-0.797931	-9.592111e-01	-1.215097e+00	2.489615

Adjust data for improving accuracy of machine learning model.

Data Split



How split the data ?

	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
20	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
21	-0.119681	3.267721e-01	1.183940e+00	-0.738617
22	2.535013	1.697306e+00	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
23	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
25	0.210076	9.881738e-01	1.838223e+00	-0.532833
26	-0.988389	-7.391984e-01	-1.433191e+00	-1.227353
27	-0.943764	-1.820170e+00	-7.789082e-01	0.560393
28	0.104677	5.063279e-01	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
29	-0.797931	-9.592111e-01	-1.215097e+00	2.489615

	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
23	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
20	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
25	0.210076	9.881738e-01	1.838223e+00	-0.532833
26	-0.988389	-7.391984e-01	-1.433191e+00	-1.227353
29	-0.797931	-9.592111e-01	-1.215097e+00	2.489615
21	-0.119681	3.267721e-01	1.183940e+00	-0.738617

	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
23	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
20	0.000000	-6.459852e-16	-9.685332e-16	0.000000
25	0.210076	9.881738e-01	1.838223e+00	-0.532833
26	-0.988389	-7.391984e-01	-1.433191e+00	-1.227353
29	-0.797931	-9.592111e-01	-1.215097e+00	2.489615
21	-0.119681	3.267721e-01	1.183940e+00	-0.738617

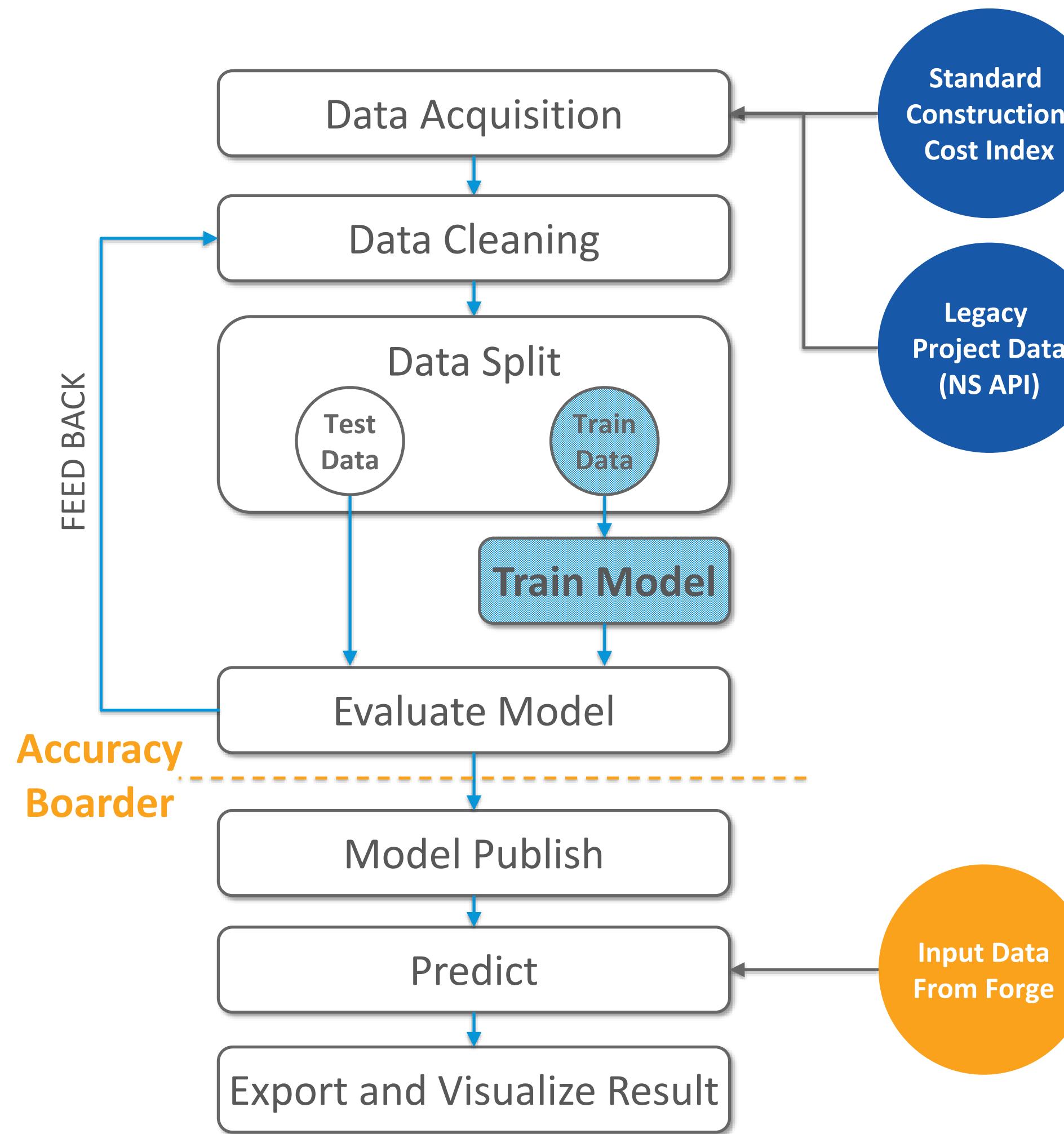
	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
28	0.104677	5.063279e-01	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
22	2.535013	1.697306e+00	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
27	-0.943764	-1.820170e+00	-7.789082e-01	0.560393

TEST OUTPUT

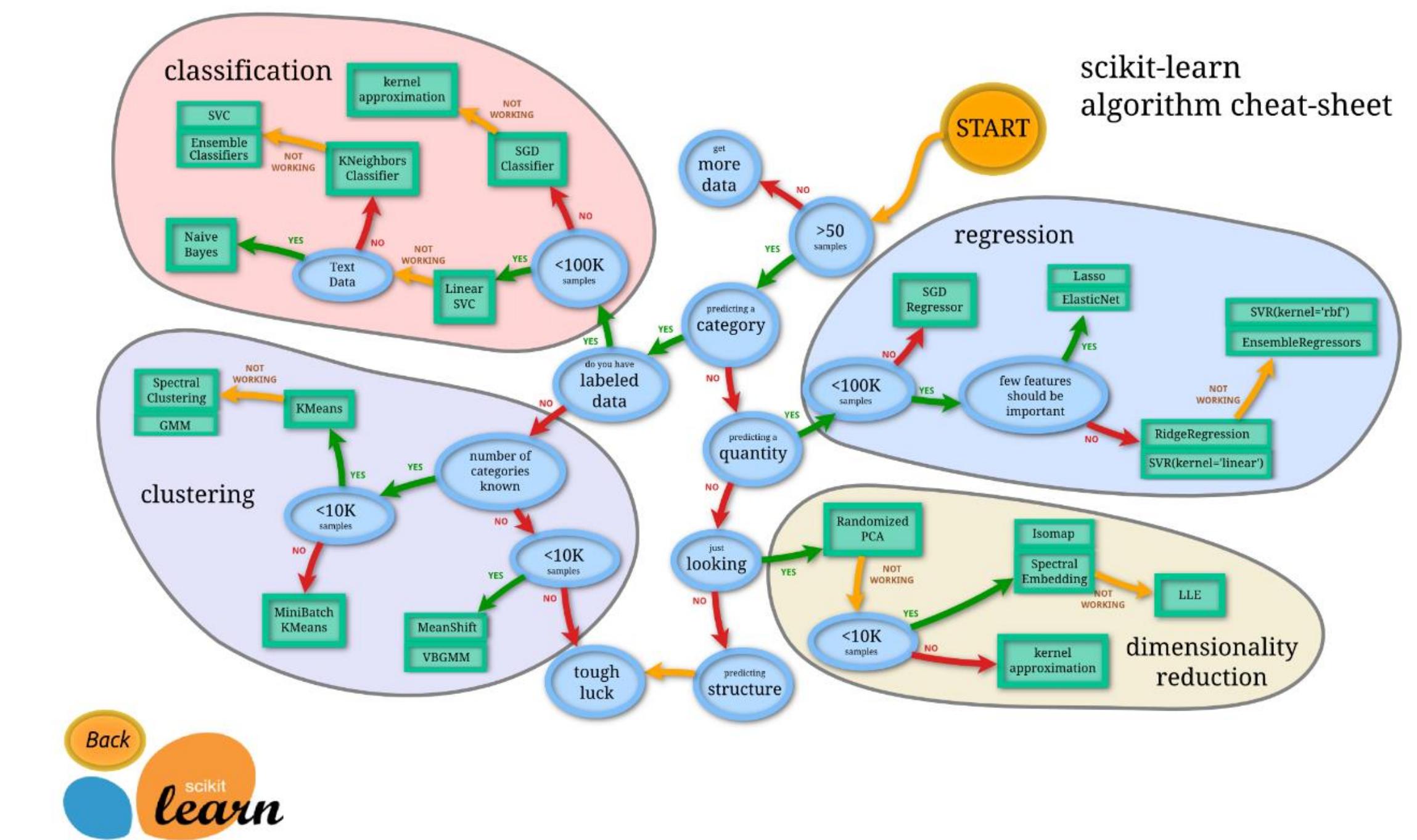
	general-sideX	general-sideY	general-spanX	general-spanY
28	0.104677	5.063279e-01	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
22	2.535013	1.697306e+00	2.025161e-01	-0.275603
27	-0.943764	-1.820170e+00	-7.789082e-01	0.560393

TEST INPUT

Train Model



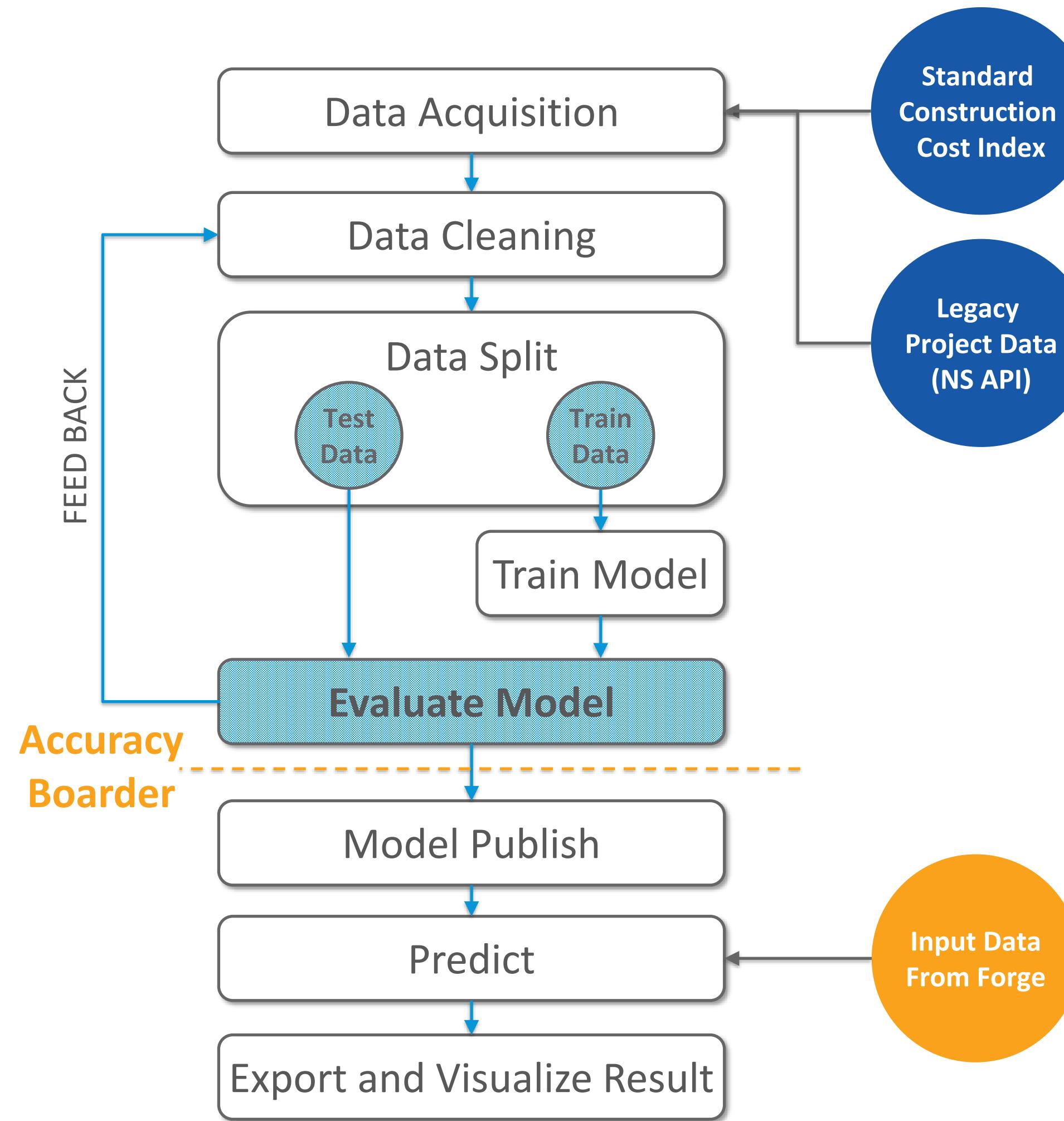
Which Algorithm is needed?



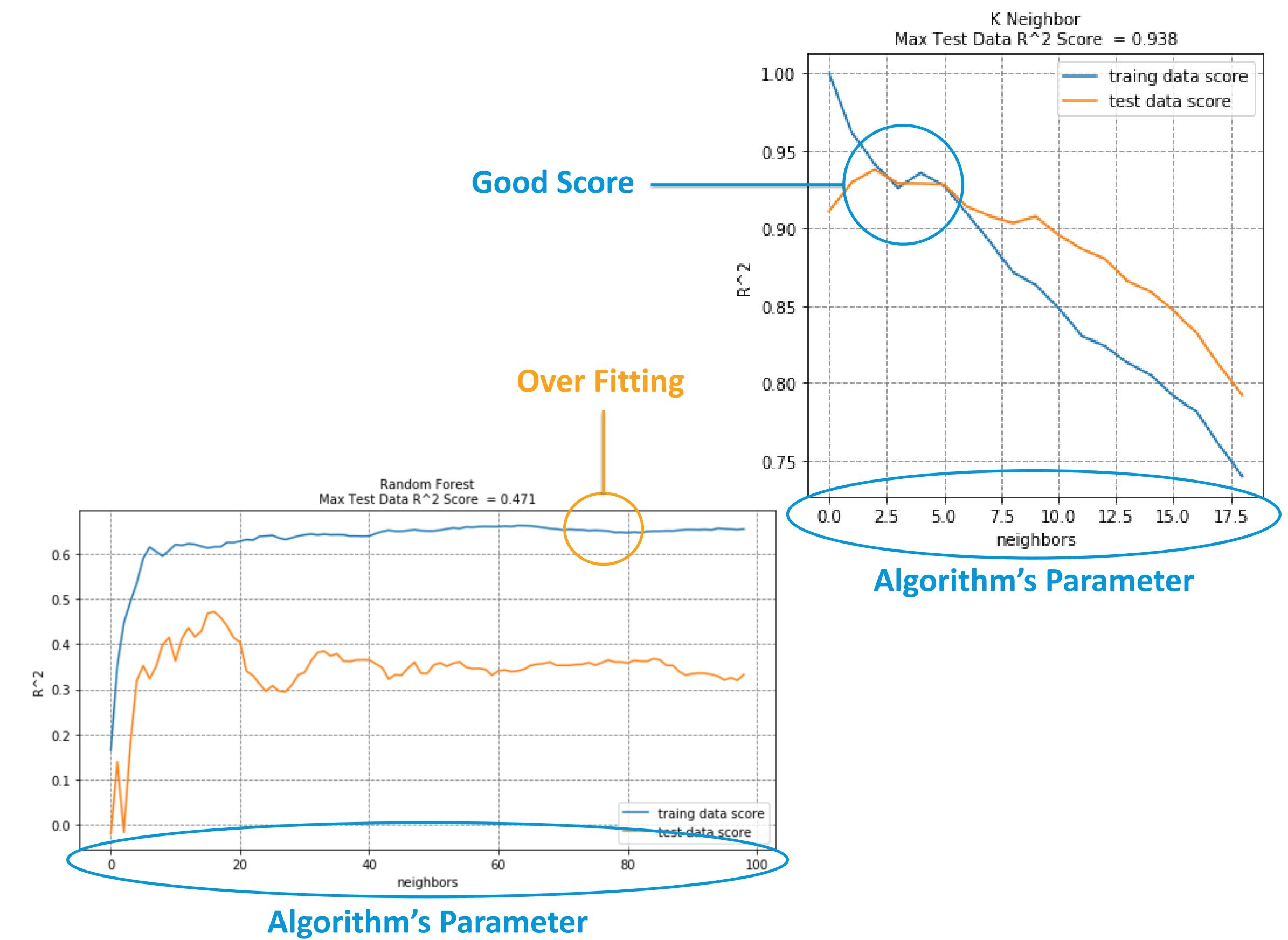
: Choosing the right estimator

(Source : https://scikit-learn.org/stable/tutorial/machine_learning_map/)

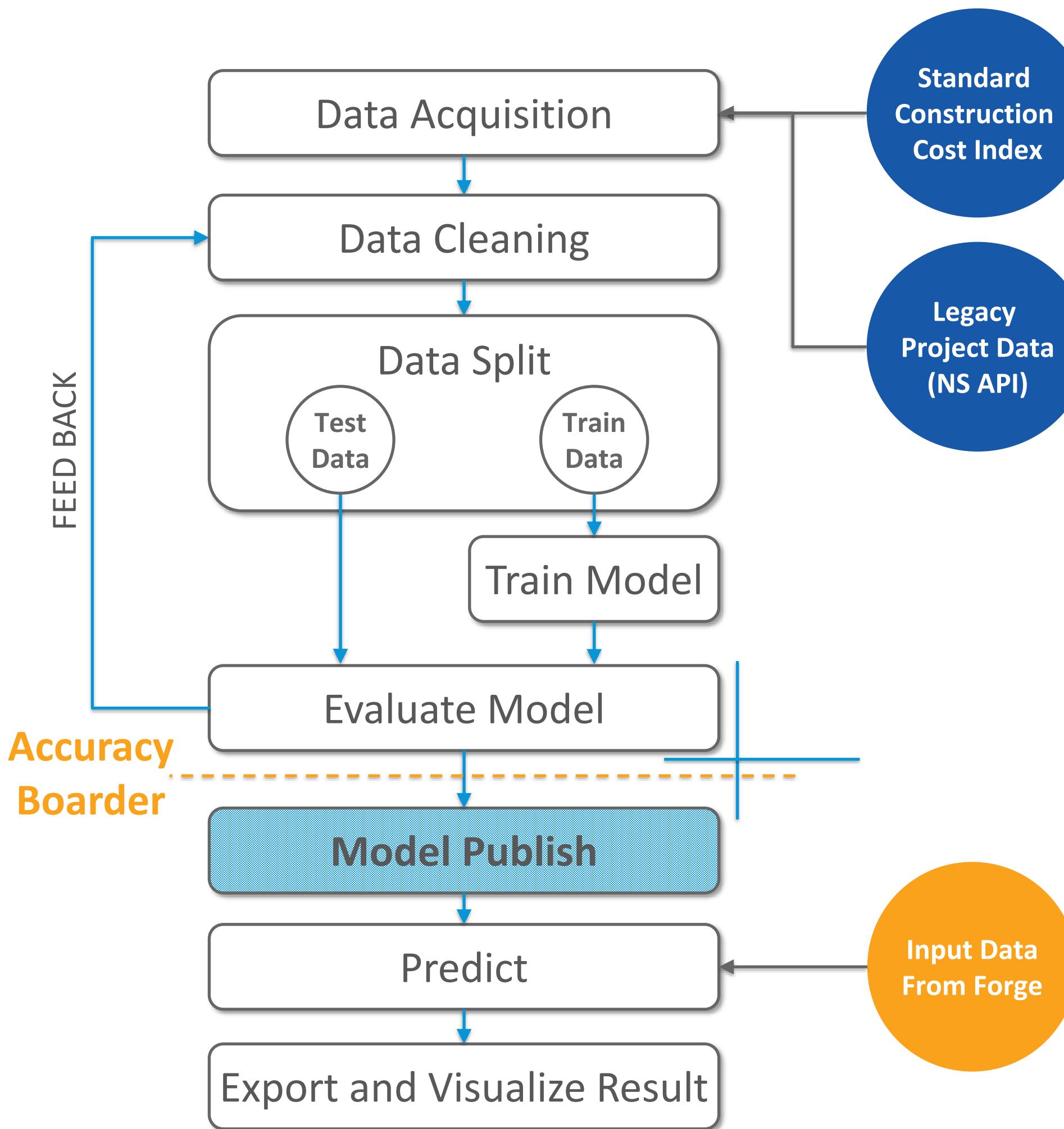
Evaluate Model



How Evaluate Model ?



Model Publish



How Publish Model ?

The diagram shows four steps for publishing the model:

- Data Analysis Environment (Jupyter Notebook)**

```
# In Jupyter Notebook for data analysis
regr = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=0, n_estimators=10)
regr.fit(np.array(X_train), np.array(y_train))

joblib.dump(regr, '../pkl/regr_construction_cost_composition.pkl')
```

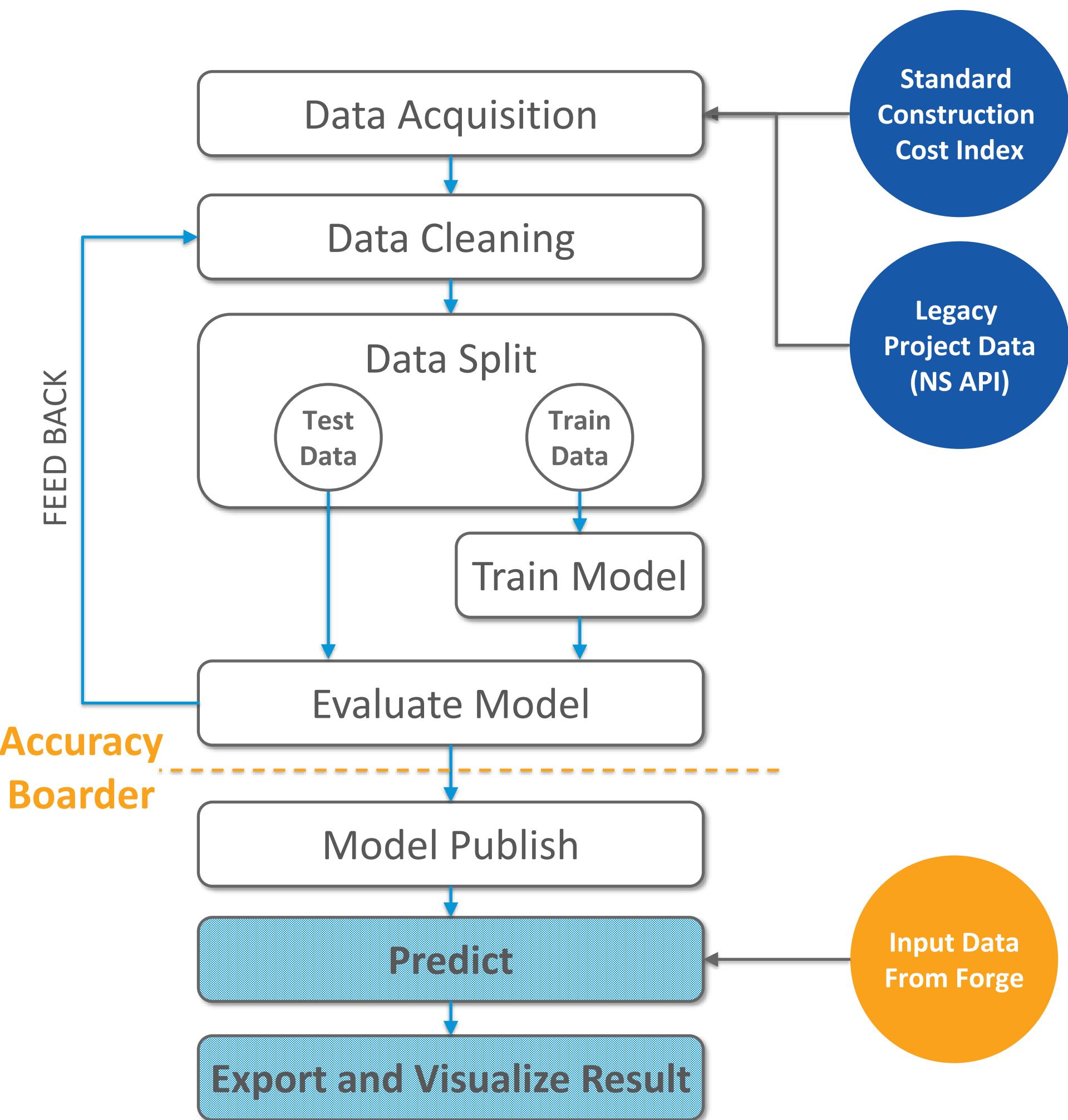
- Publish Model** (Orange box)
- Regenerate Model** (Orange box)
- Call API from your system** (Orange box)

System where you want use model

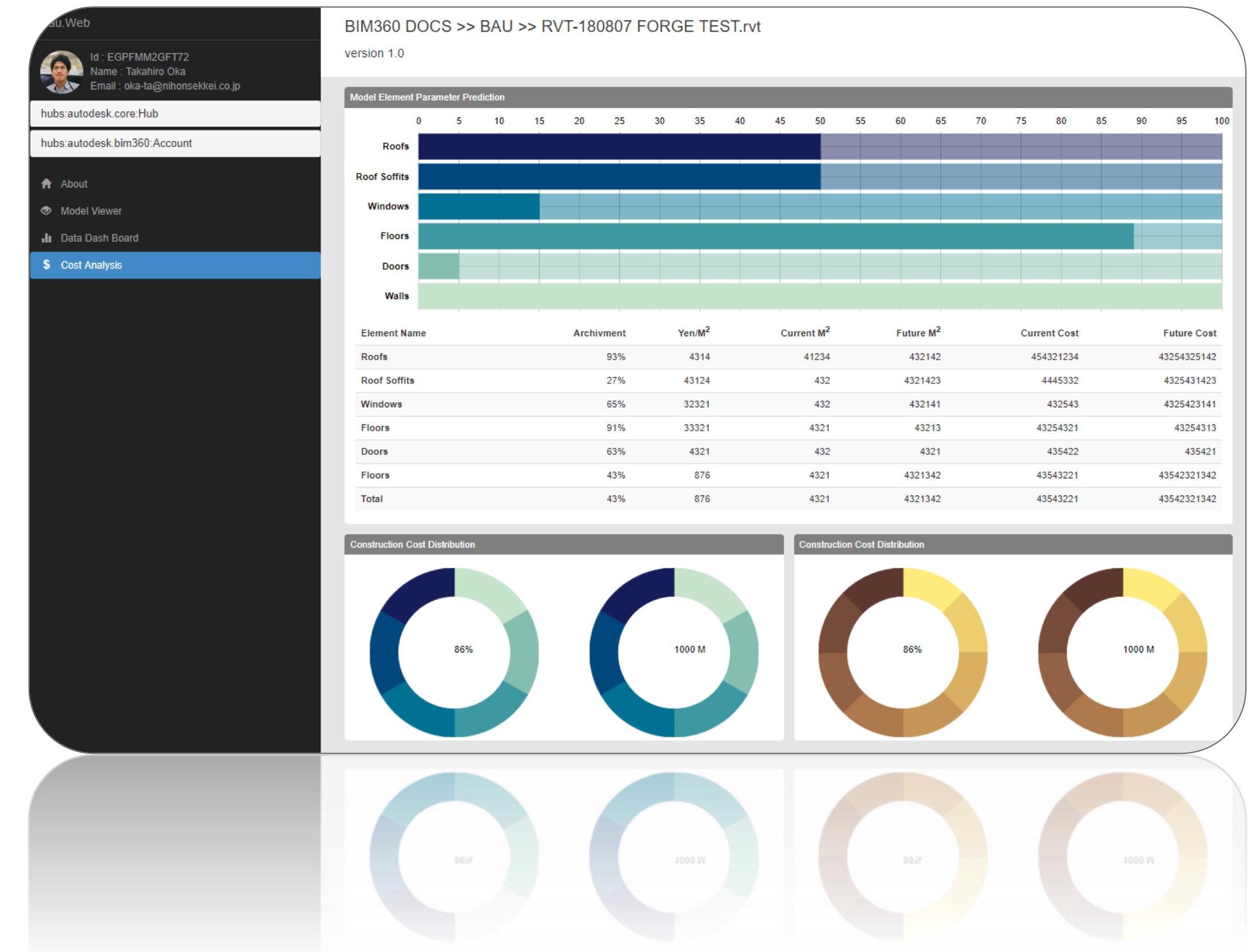
```
C:\コマンドプロンプト
C:\$Users\oka-ta>curl -X POST http://127.0.0.1:5001/cost-rf -d "total_floor_area=20000"
[
  "cost_total_prediction": [
    [
      4445709651.612666
    ]
  ],
  "r_coef": [
    [
      244286.99180634372
    ]
  ],
  "r_intercept": [
    -440030184.51420784
  ]
]
```

Code snippets for the Application Server (Flask) and Data Analysis Environment (Jupyter Notebook) are provided for generating and publishing the model.

Export and Visualize Result



Use Model at Your System



About Jupyter Notebook

The Jupyter Notebook is an open-source web application that allows you to create and share documents that contain live code, equations, visualizations and narrative text. Uses include: data cleaning and transformation, numerical simulation, statistical modeling, data visualization, machine learning, and much more.

Jupyter Notebook
(Source : <http://jupyter.org/>)

reserach

- Make regression model

In [50]:

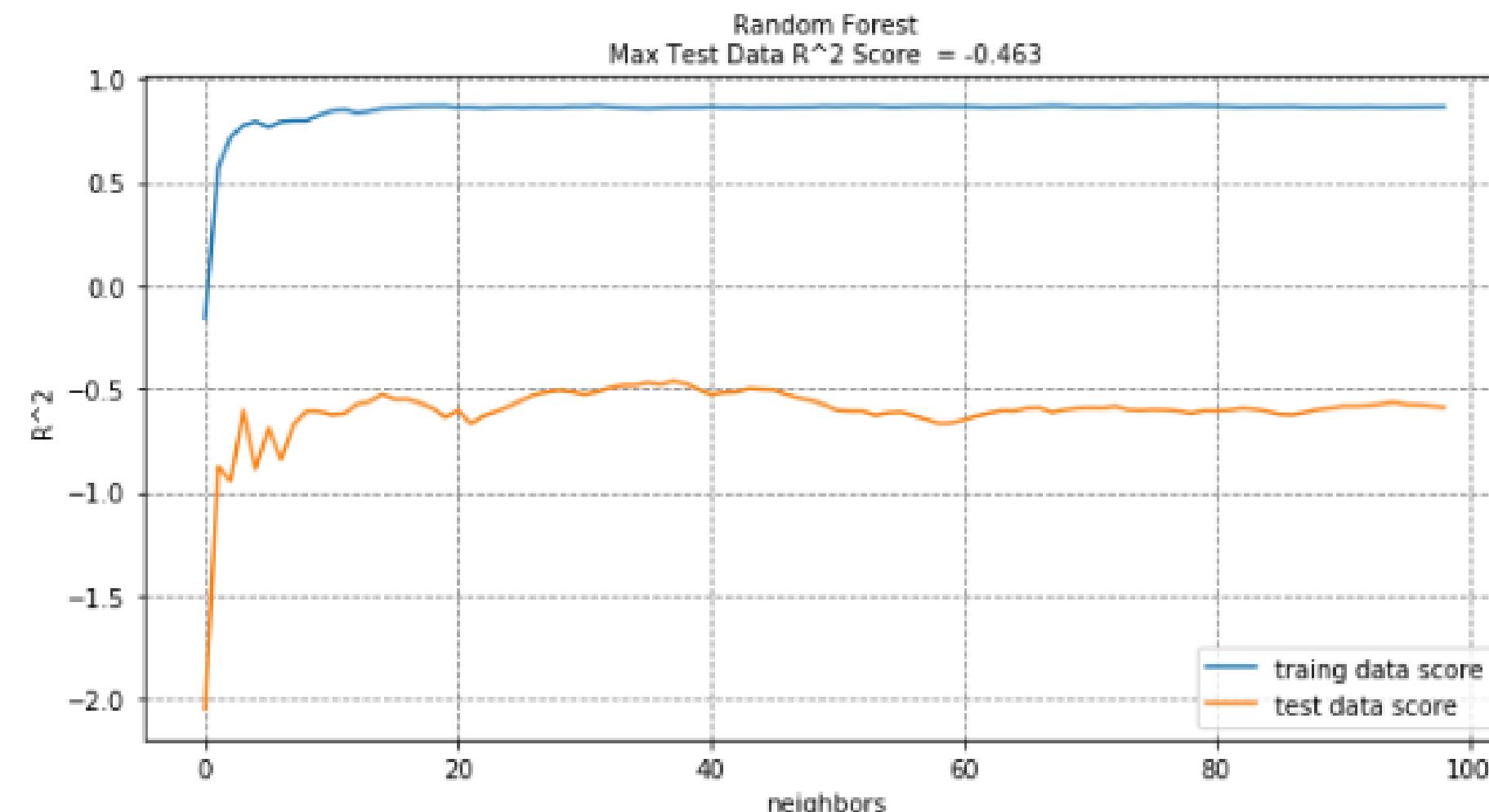
```
1 wall = pd.concat([cost_walls["cost_parameter_walls"],  
2 cost_walls["cost_unitprice_walls"],  
3 pd.DataFrame(project_total, columns=["scos_total"])), axis=1).replace(0, np.nan).dropna(how="any")  
4 input_wall = pd.concat([wall["cost_parameter_walls"], wall["scos_total"]], axis=1)  
5 output_wall = wall["cost_unitprice_walls"]  
6  
7 X_wall_train, X_wall_test, y_wall_train, y_wall_test = train_test_split(input_wall, output_wall, random_state=27)
```

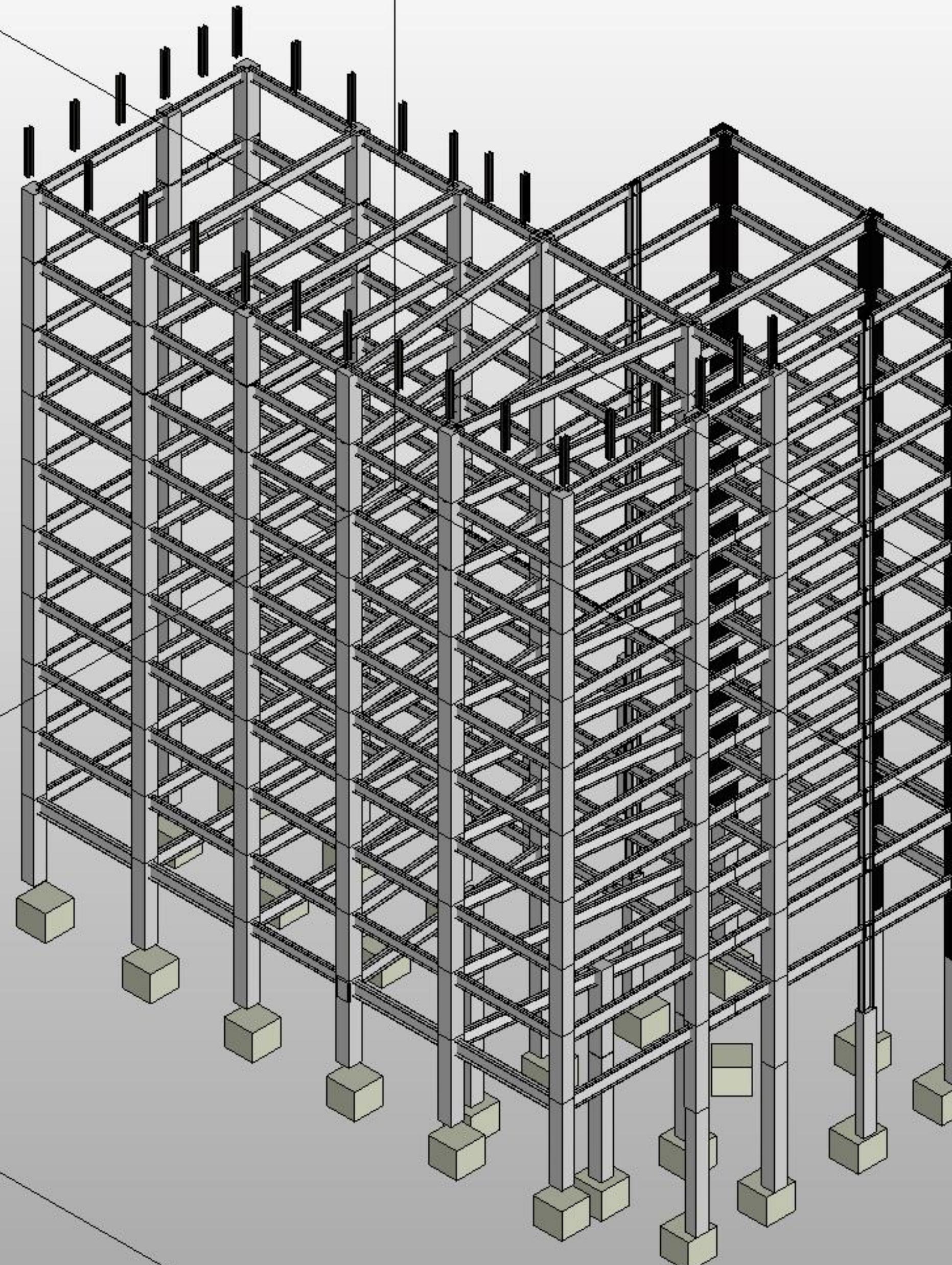
RandomForest

In [61]:

```
1 neighbors = range(1,100)  
2 r2_train_score = []  
3 r2_test_score = []  
4  
5 for i in neighbors:  
6     regr = RandomForestRegressor(random_state=27, n_estimators=i)  
7     regr.fit(np.array(X_wall_train), np.array(y_wall_train))  
8     r2_train_score.append(regr.score(X_wall_train, y_wall_train))  
9     r2_test_score.append(regr.score(X_wall_test, y_wall_test))  
10  
11 f,ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5))  
12 ax.grid(which='major',color='gray',linestyle='--')  
13 ax.plot(r2_train_score)  
14 ax.plot(r2_test_score)  
15 ax.set_title("Random Forest\n Max Test Data R^2 Score = {:.3f} ".format(max(r2_test_score)), size=10)  
16 ax.set_ylabel("R^2")  
17 ax.set_xlabel("neighbors")  
18 ax.legend(["traing data score", "test data score"])
```

Out [61]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x2a5ef5f9c50>

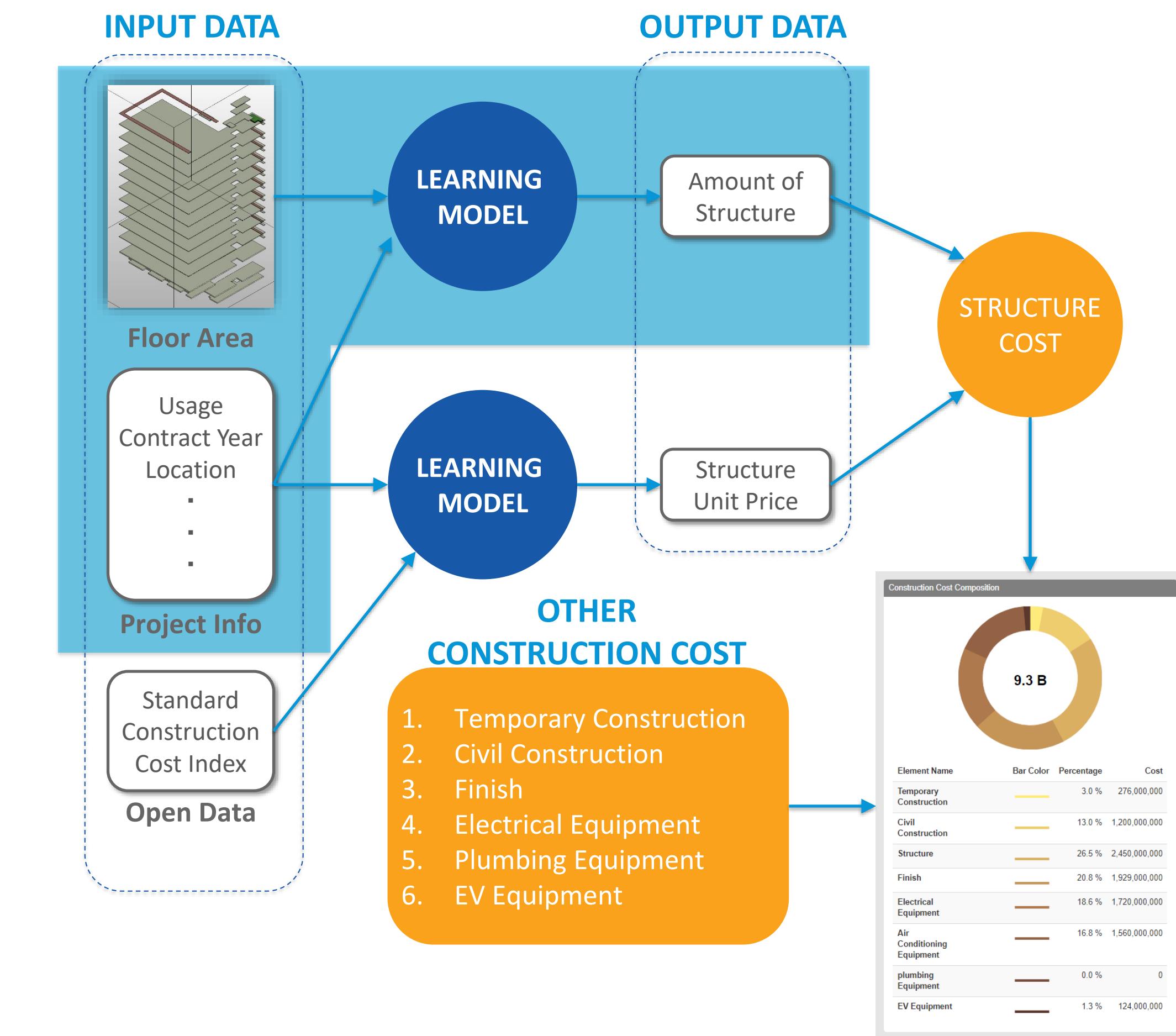


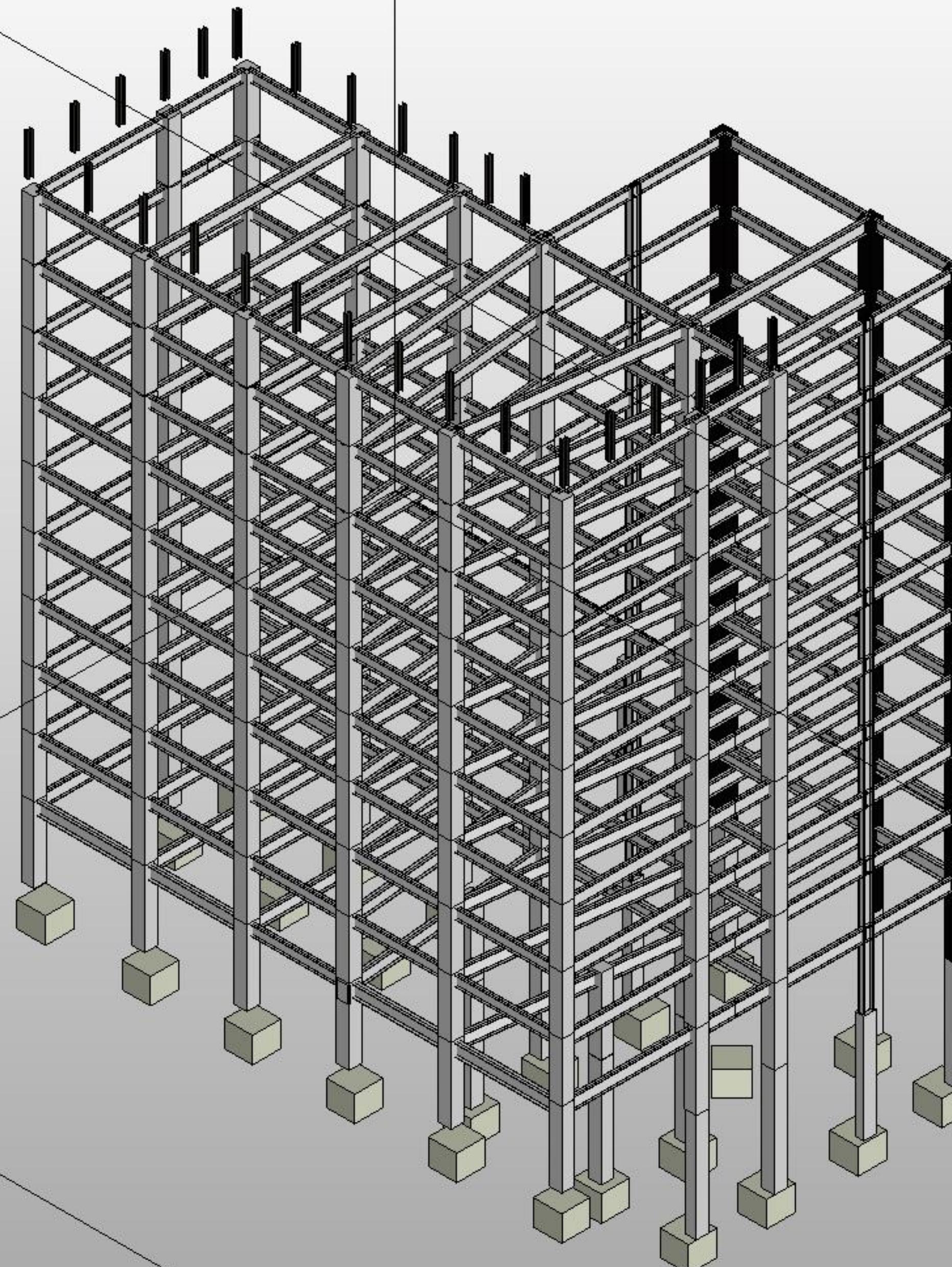


: Sample Revit Model

Example - 1

Construction Cost Estimation

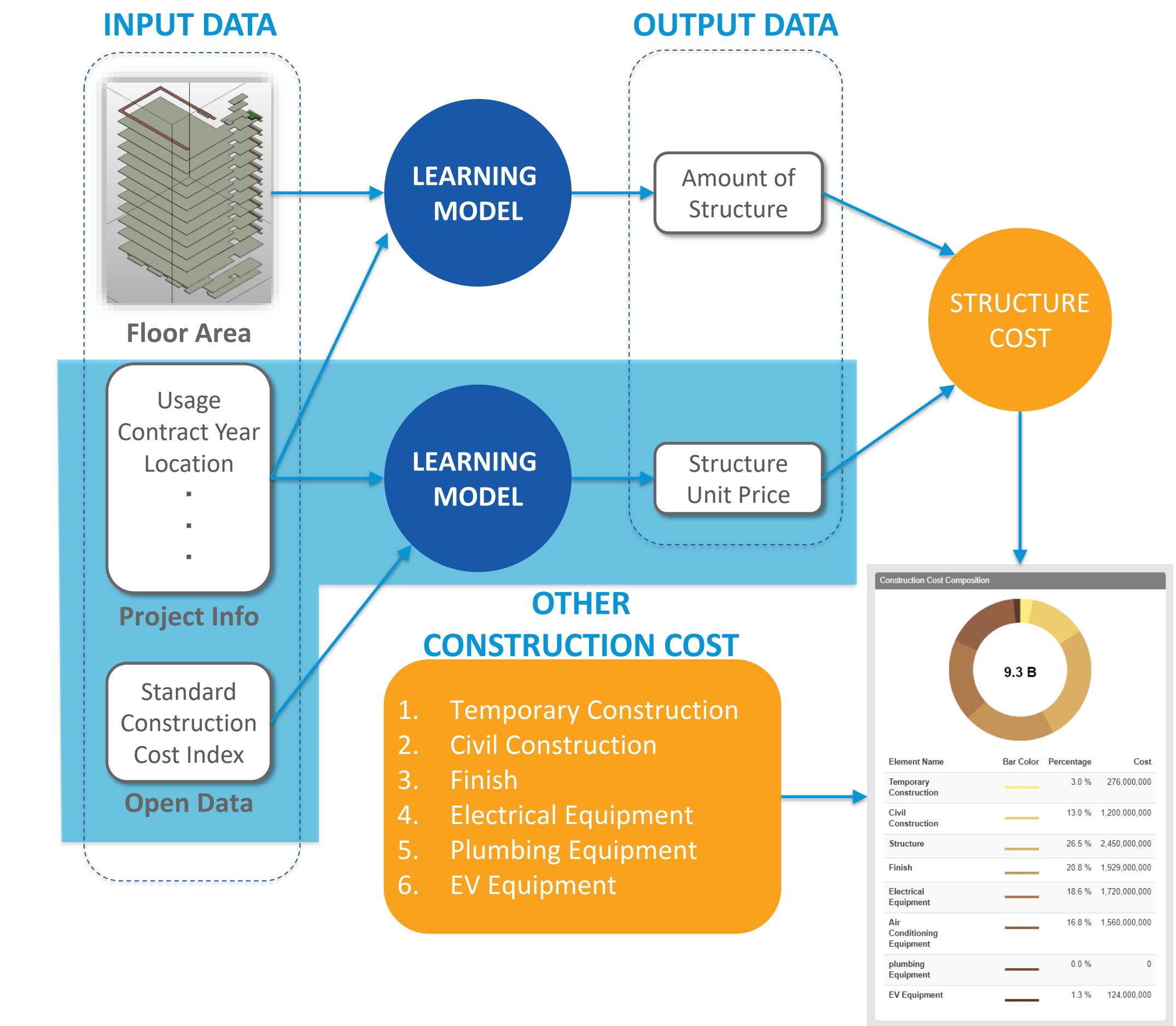




: Sample Revit Model

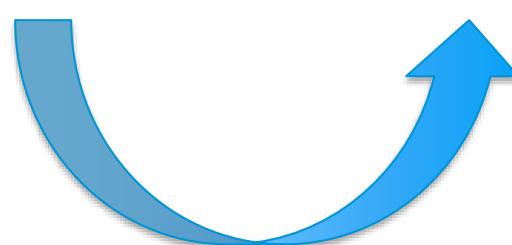
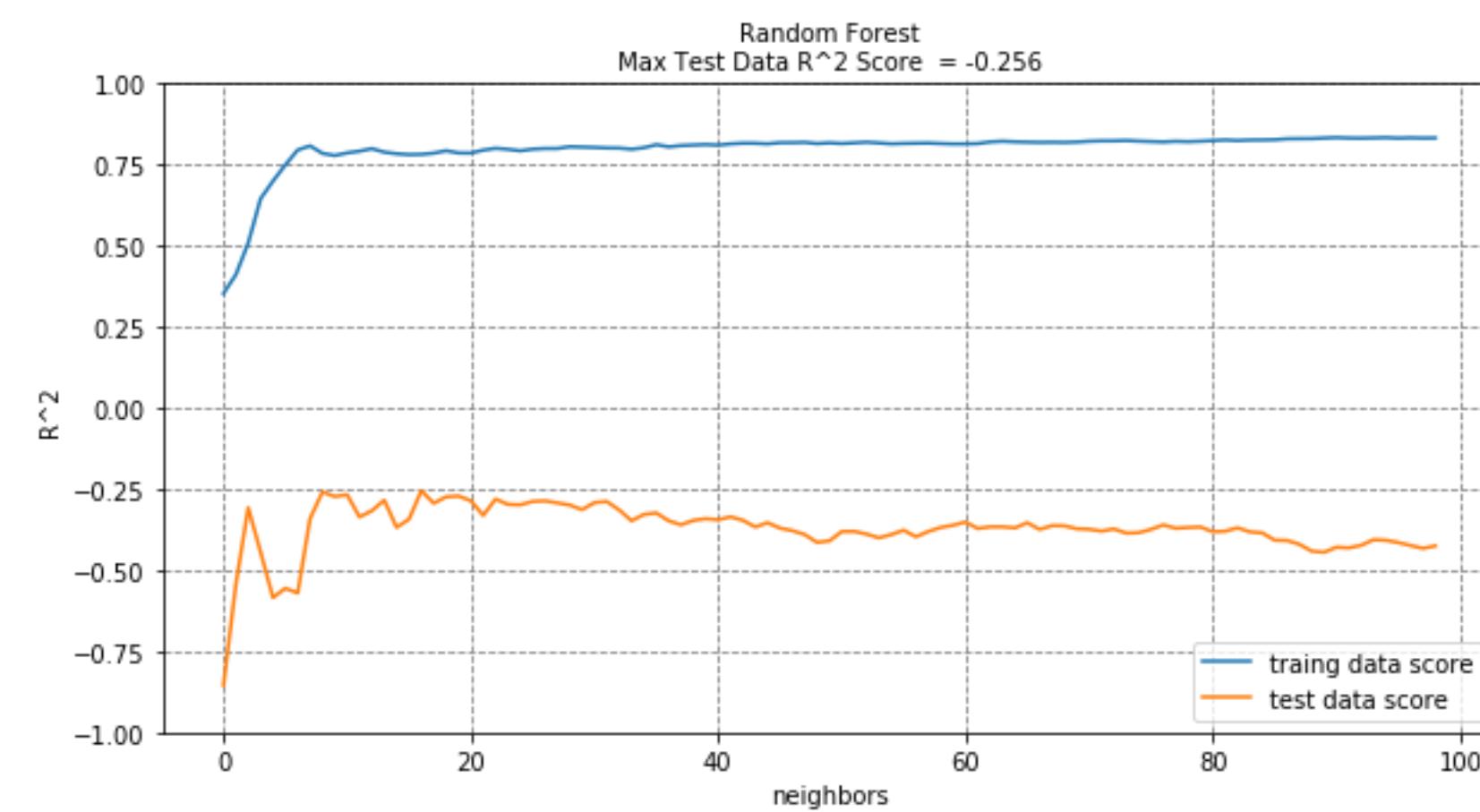
Example - 2

Construction Cost Estimation

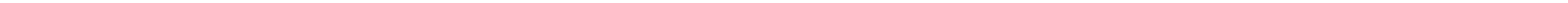


Jupyter Notebook Slide

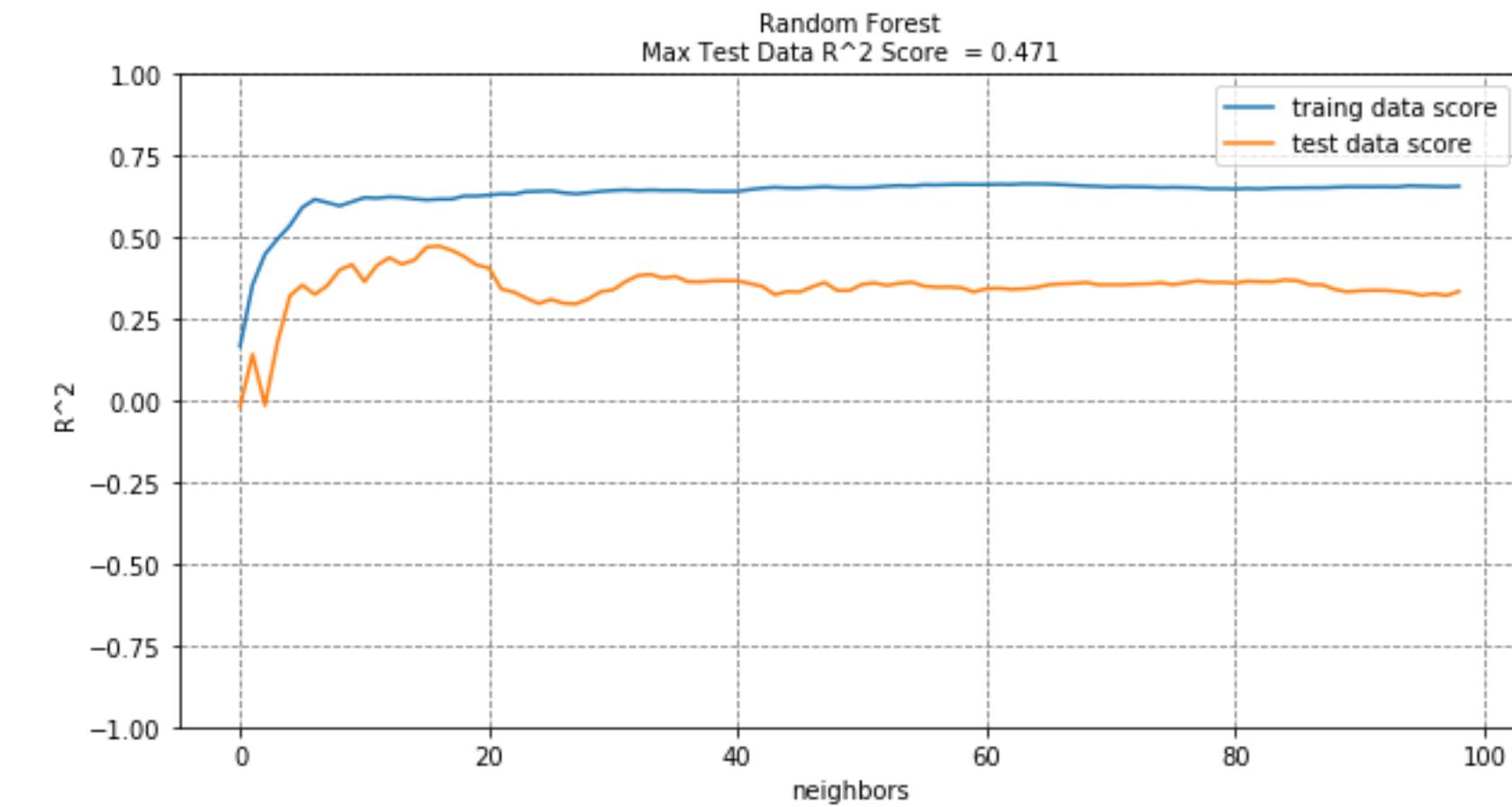
How improve Accuracy?



DATA ADDITION



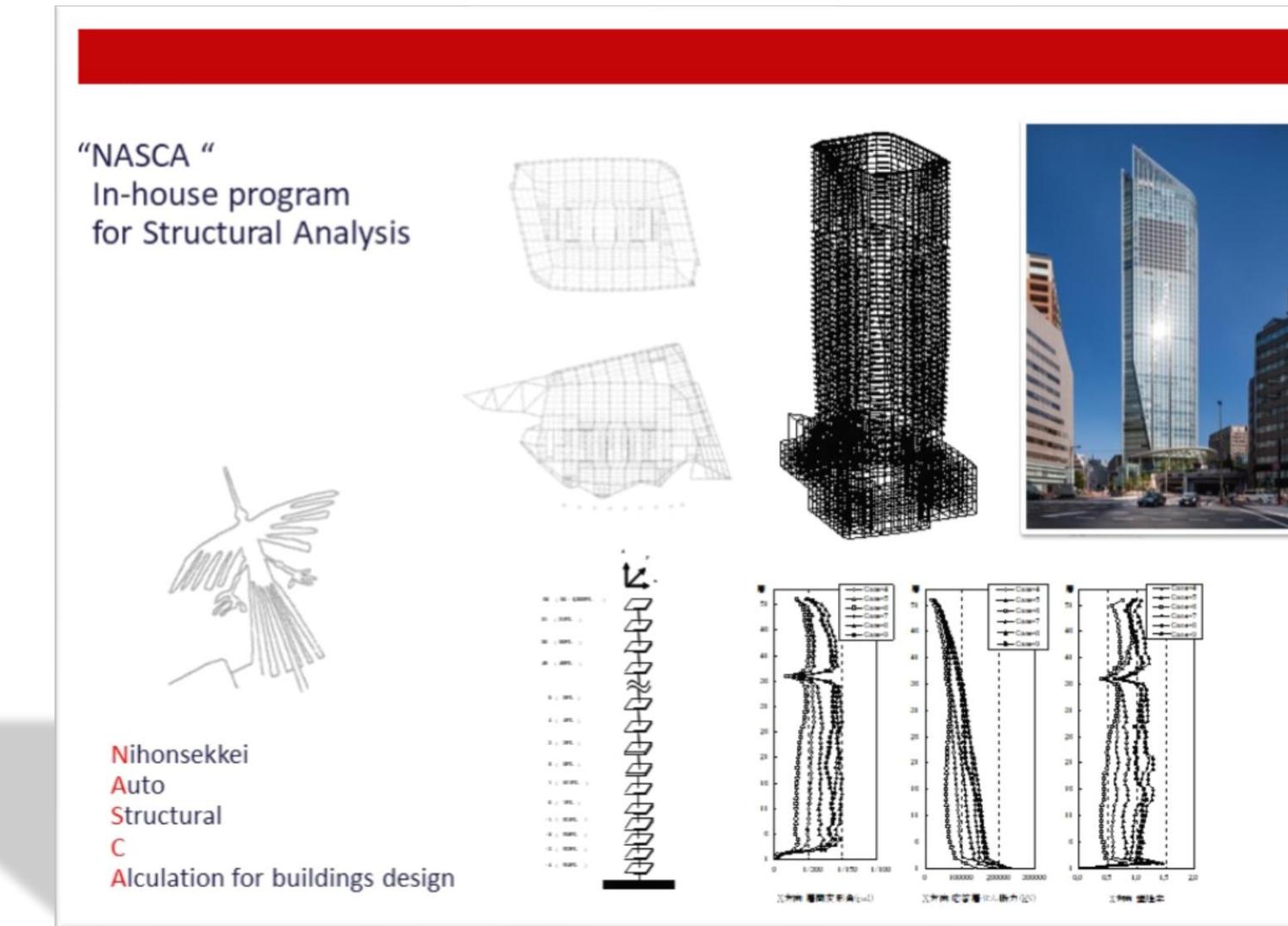
ALGORITHM
PARAMETER CHINING



Future Outlook

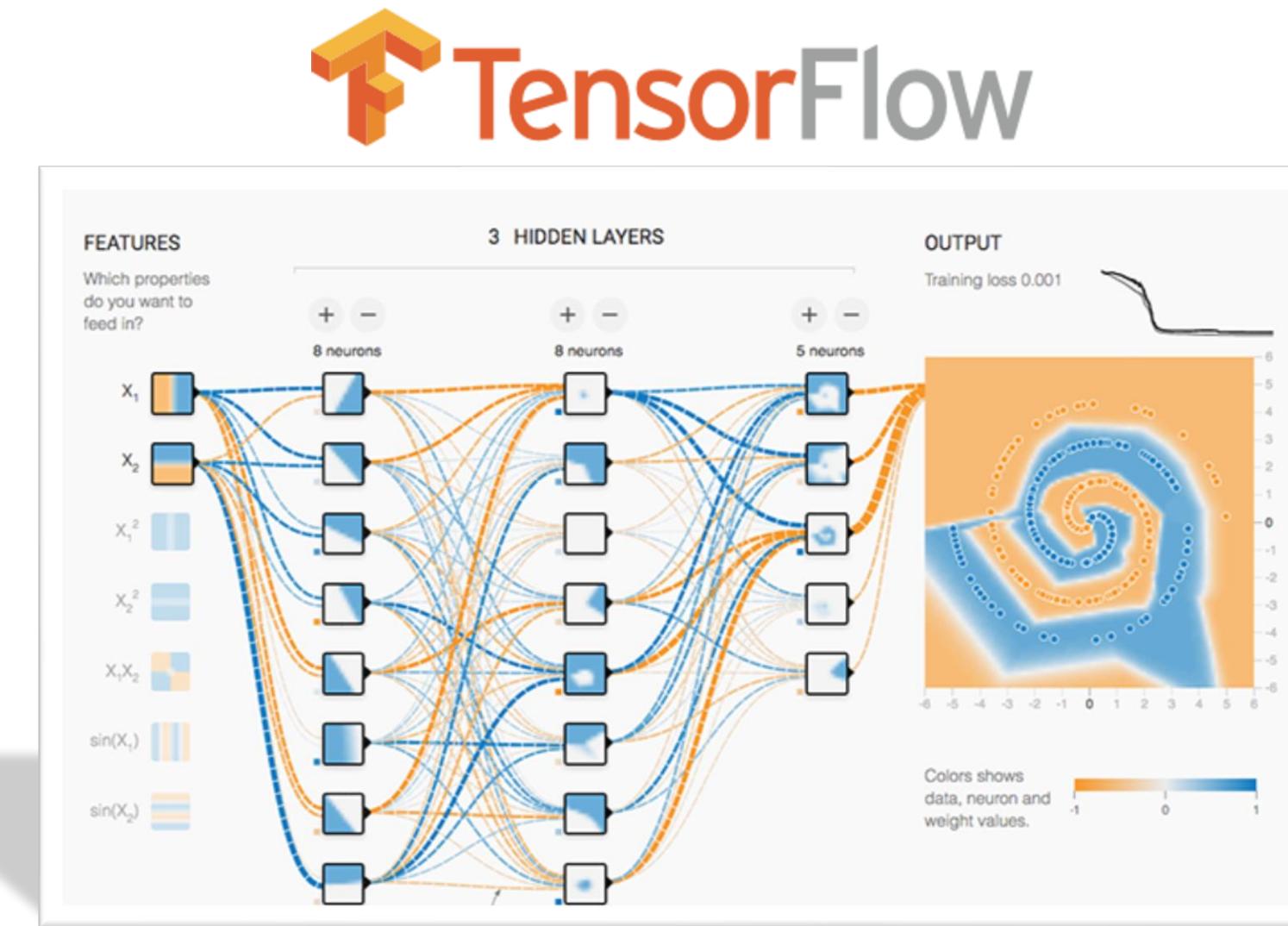


Future Outlook



Data Analysis with Structure and MEP Engineering

NIHONSEKEI, INC. have department of Structure and MEP, so we can extend this system for them. We will continue researching how use this system in their field such as predicting something spec of them for supporting decision-making.



Adopt Latest ML Algorithm called Deep Learning

We continue researching data analysis method for architectural field with not only legacy ML algorithm such as SVM and K-Neighbour but also latest ML which called Deep Learning that supported by Tensorflow and Keras.

Image Source :

<https://becominghuman.ai/creating-your-own-neural-network-using-tensorflow-fa8ca7c>

Question?

oka-ta@nihonsekkei.co.jp



Make anythingTM

Autodesk and the Autodesk logo are registered trademarks or trademarks of Autodesk, Inc., and/or its subsidiaries and/or affiliates in the USA and/or other countries. All other brand names, product names, or trademarks belong to their respective holders. Autodesk reserves the right to alter product offerings and specifications at any time without notice, and is not responsible for typographical or graphical errors that may appear in this document.

© 2018 Autodesk. All rights reserved.

