Dataset Description

1. Food Table

- f_id: Unique identifier for each food item.
- item: Name of the food item (e.g., "Aloo Tikki Burger").
- veg_or_non_veg: Classification indicating whether the item is vegetarian or non-vegetarian.

2. Menu Table

- menu_id: Unique identifier for a specific menu entry.
- r_id: Identifier for the restaurant that offers the menu item.
- f_id: Foreign key linking the menu item to the Food table, allowing you to know what food is being offered.
- cuisine: Type of cuisine offered (e.g., Indian, Italian).
- **price**: Price of the food item on the menu.

3. Order Table

- order_date: Date when the order was placed.
- sales_qty: Quantity of items sold.
- sales_amount: Total amount of sales for the order.
- **currency**: Currency in which the transaction was made.
- **user_id:** Unique identifier for the customer placing the order.
- r_id: Restaurant identifier showing from which restaurant the order was made.

4. Order_Type Table

- Order_Id: Unique order identifier linking orders to their types.
- **Type:** Category of the order (this might indicate dine-in, delivery, take-away, etc.).

5. Restaurant Table

- id: Unique identifier for the restaurant.
- name: Restaurant name.
- Country: Country where the restaurant is located.
- city: City in which the restaurant operates.
- rating: Average customer rating for the restaurant.
- rating_count: Total number of ratings received.
- **cuisine**: The primary cuisine offered by the restaurant.
- link: URL or link to the restaurant's webpage or profile.
- address: Physical address of the restaurant.

Business request

Project Objectives:

1. Optimize Menu Offerings and Pricing Strategies:

- Utilize the connection between the Food and Menu tables to analyze which items (categorized by veg_or_non_veg and cuisine) generate the most revenue.
- Identify trends in customer preferences to optimize menu offerings and adjust pricing strategies accordingly.

2. Enhance Sales and Order Analysis:

 Examine the Order table to track sales performance over time, analyzing key metrics such as sales quantity, sales amount, and order frequency. Correlate order data with order types (from the Order_Type table) to understand the performance of dine-in, delivery, and take-away channels.

3. Monitor Restaurant Performance:

- Leverage data from the Restaurant table (including ratings, rating counts, city, and country) to evaluate restaurant performance across different regions.
- Identify high-performing restaurants and areas with growth potential, supporting targeted marketing and operational improvements.

4. Geographic and Customer Segmentation:

- Use restaurant city and country information to perform geographic segmentation, allowing us to tailor marketing efforts and resource allocation by region.
- Integrate customer order patterns (using user_id from the Order table) to profile customer segments and drive personalized promotions.

Expected Deliverables:

- Interactive Dashboard: A dynamic Power BI dashboard that integrates all the data sources, offering drill-down capabilities from overall sales to detailed menu performance and customer behavior.
- **Key Performance Indicators (KPIs):** Visualizations highlighting total sales, order counts, revenue trends, and restaurant ratings, enabling quick assessment of business health.
- Actionable Insights: Reports and analytics that provide recommendations on menu adjustments, pricing strategies, and targeted marketing campaigns.
- Regional Analysis: Insights into city and country-level performance, aiding in the identification of growth opportunities and operational challenges.