BUILD PIPELINE ON CLOUD

MENTOR: NGUYỄN HOÀNG VŨ THÂN TĂNG THỊ THỦY VÂN













01. BASIC KNOWLEDGE

PYTHON

- Concept
- Compiler & Interpreter

SQL

- Concept
- OLTP & OLAP

PYTHON

DEFINITION

- High-level
- Open source
- Cross-platform

LIBRARIES

- Faker
- Pandas
- Datetime

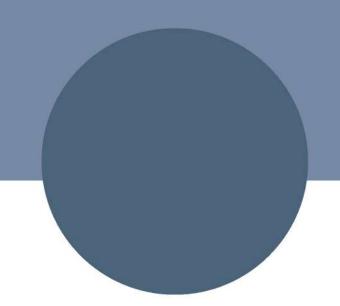


```
card.py > ...
    # Khởi tạo đối tượng Faker
     fake = Faker()
     # Kết nối đến cơ sở dữ liệu SQL Server
      sql server host = r'INTERN-NTNGHI-L\SQLSEVER
      sql_server_database = 'projectsale'
      sql server user = 'sa'
      sql_server_password = '1234567'
     # Tao SQLAlchemy engine
      engine = create_engine(f'mssql+pyodbc://{sql_server_user}:{sql_server_password}@{sql_server_host}/{sql_server_database}?driver=ODBC
      # Tạo DataFrame chứa dữ liệu
      data = {'card_number': [], 'cc_name': [], 'pin': [], 'b_street': [], 'b_city': [], 'b_state': [], 'b_zip': []}
      # Tạo một tập hợp để lưu trữ các card_number đã sử dụng
      existing_card_numbers = set()
25
      # Tạo 300 dòng dữ liệu
27
      for _ in range(300):
         card_number = ''.join(random.choices('0123456789', k=16))
29
         # Kiểm tra xem card number đã tồn tại chưa
30
31
          while card_number in existing_card_numbers:
             card_number = ''.join(random.choices('0123456789', k=16))
32
33
34
          # Thêm card number vào tập hợp đã sử dụng
35
          existing_card_numbers.add(card_number)
36
37
          cc name = fake.name()
          pin = ''.join(random.choices('0123456789', k=4))
          b_street = fake.street_address()
39
          b_city = fake.city()[:20]
          b_state = fake.state_abbr()
41
          b_zip = fake.zipcode()
```

COMPILER & INTERPRETER

Criteria	Compiler	Interpreter	
Input	Entire program	Single line of code	
Output	Intermediate object code	No intermediate object code is generated	
Mechanism	Compilation happens before execution	Compilation and execution happen simultaneously	
Speed	Faster	Slower	
Memory	Requires more memory due to intermediate object code generation Requires less memory since it does not generate intermediate object code		
Errors	Displays all errors after compilation, all at once	Displays errors one line at a time	
Error Detection	Very difficult	Relatively easy	
Programming Languages	C, C++, C#, Scala, typescript	PHP, Perl, Python, Ruby	

SQL



DEFINITION

- Programming language
- Storing and processing
- Relational databases

- □ Project
 - ⊞ Database Diagrams
 - ☐ Tables
 - **⊞** System Tables

 - ⊞ Graph Tables

 - **⊞** dbo.CARD
 - \boxplus \boxplus dbo.Customer_Order
 - ⊞ dbo.ltem
 - ⊞ dbo.Order_Item
 - ⊞ dbo.ORDER_STATUS

 - **⊞** dbo.Returns

 - ⊞ dbo.Save_For_Later

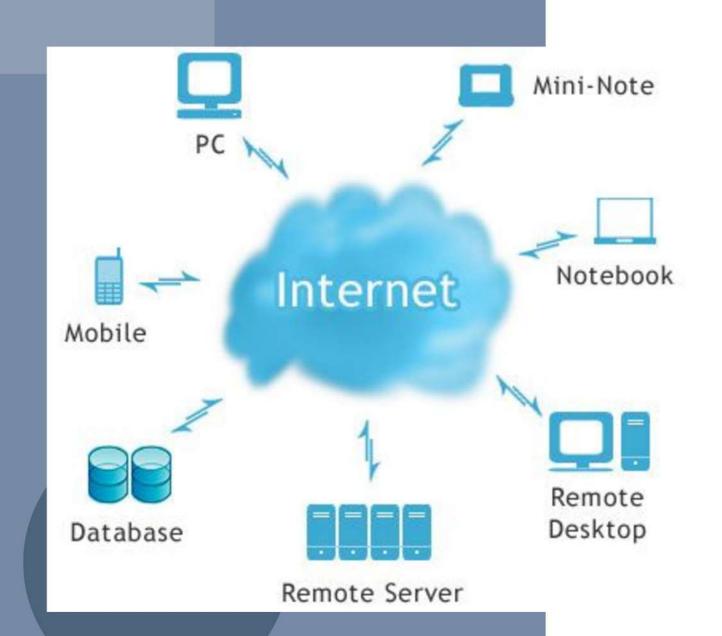


OLTP & OLAP

Feature	OLAP ~	OLTP	
Purpose	OLAP helps you analyze large volumes of data to support decision-making	OLTP helps you manage and process real-time transactions	
Data source	OLAP uses historical and aggregated data from multiple sources	Uses real-time and transactional data from a single source	
Data structure	OLAP uses multidimensional (cube) or relational databases	Uses relational databases	
Data model	Uses star schema, snowflake schema, or other analytical models	Uses normalized or denormalized models	
Data volume	Requires large storage capacity. Think terabytes (TB) and petabytes (PB).	Has relatively small storage requirements. Think gigabytes (GB).	
Response time	Has longer response times, typically in seconds or minutes	Has shorter response times, typically in milliseconds	
Example applications	Analyze trends, predict customer behavior, and identify profitability	Process payments, manage customer data, and fulfill orders	



02. CLOUD COMPUTING



- Providing services
- Through the Internet

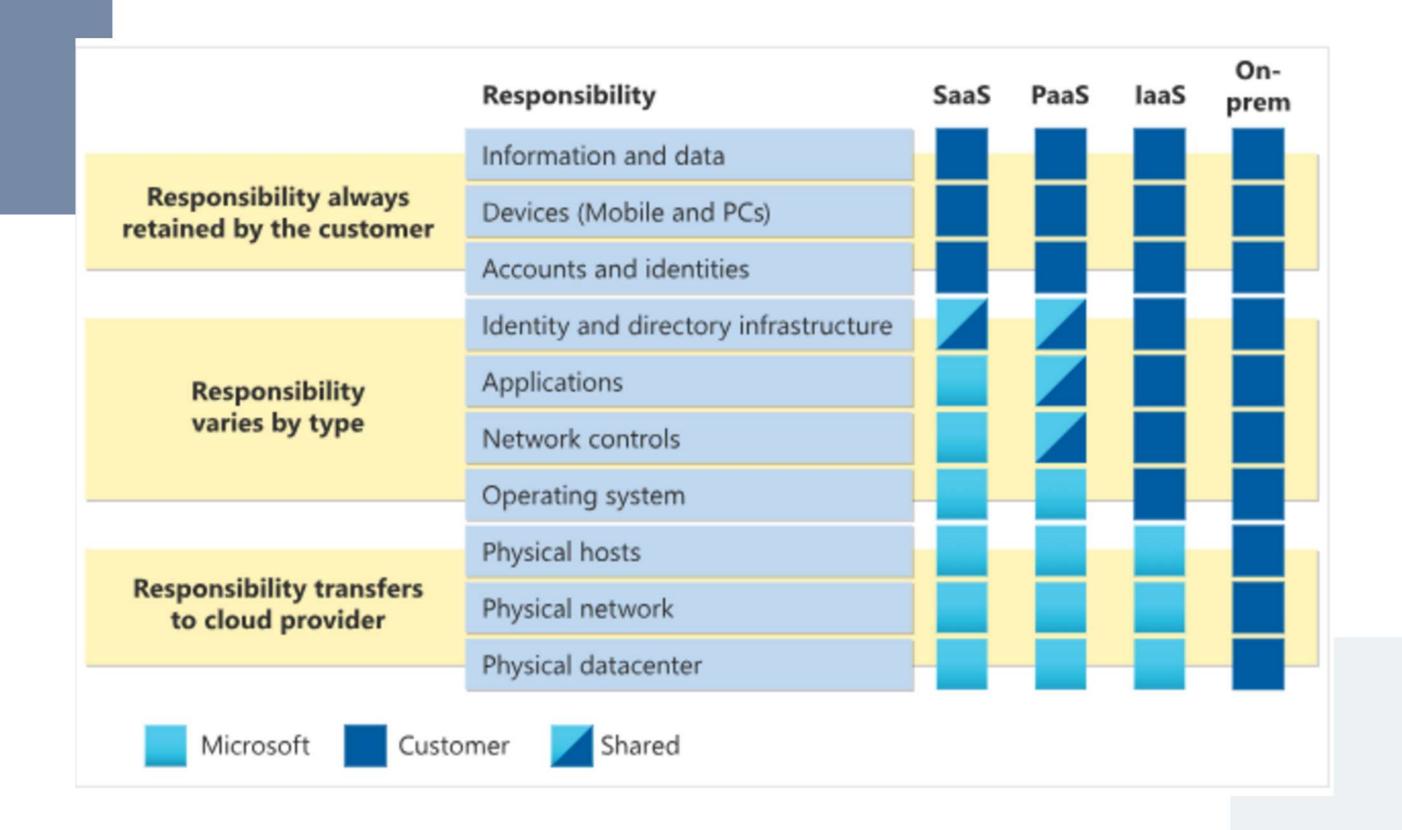
CLOUD SERVICE TYPES

- laas
- Paas
- Saas

CLOUD MODELS

- Private Cloud
- Public Cloud
- Hybrid Cloud

RESPONSIBILITIES OF EACH CLOUD SERVICE TYPE



CLOUD MODELS

Public Cloud ~	Private Cloud ~	Hybrid Cloud ~
No capital expenditures to scale up	Complete control	Provides the most flexibility
Quickly provisioned and deprovisioned	Data is not collocated with other organizations' data	Determine where to run their applications
Pay only for what they use	Hardware must be purchased for startup and maintenance	Control security, compliance, or legal requirements
Insufficient control over resources and security	Responsible for hardware maintenance and updates	No mention



- Azure Blob Storage
- Azure Data Factory
- Azure Databricks

AZURE BLOB STORAGE

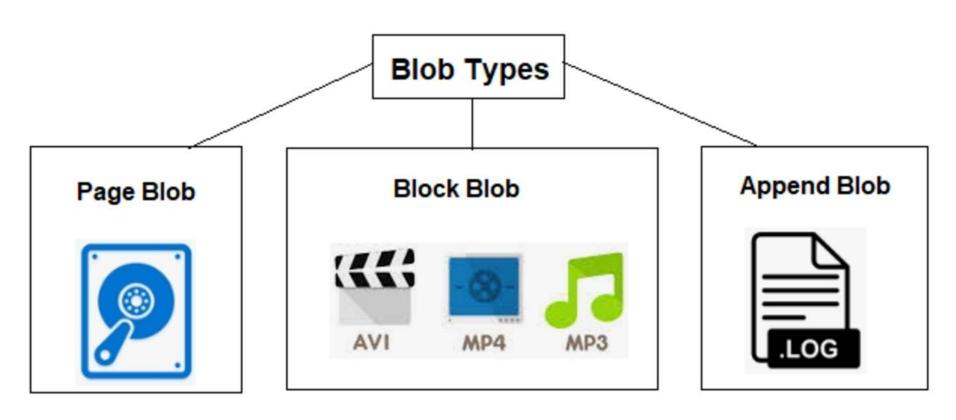
- Microsoft's object storage solution
- Store large amounts of unstructured data

Main components of Azure Blob Storage

Storage Account

Container

Blob



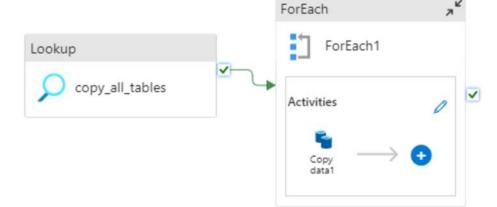
AZURE DATA FACTORY

Key features

- Data Integration Service
- Data Transformation
- Data Movement
- Automation and Scheduling

Key components

Pipeline



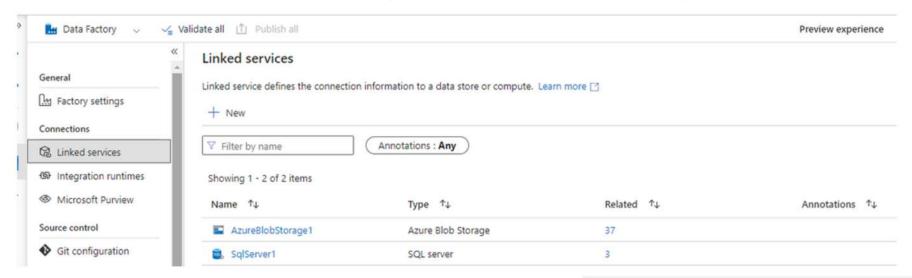
Activity

- Dataset
- Trigger



Linked Service







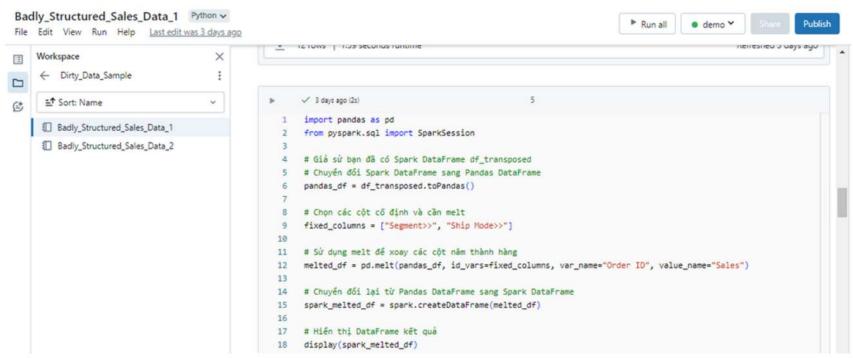
DATABRICKS

Workspace



Notebook



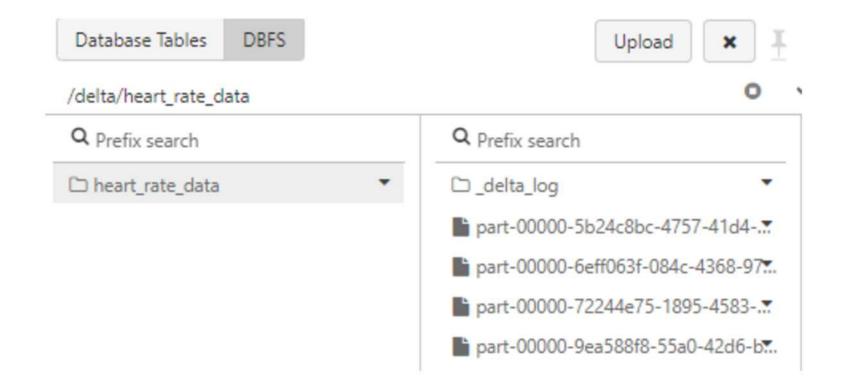


DATABRICKS

Clusters



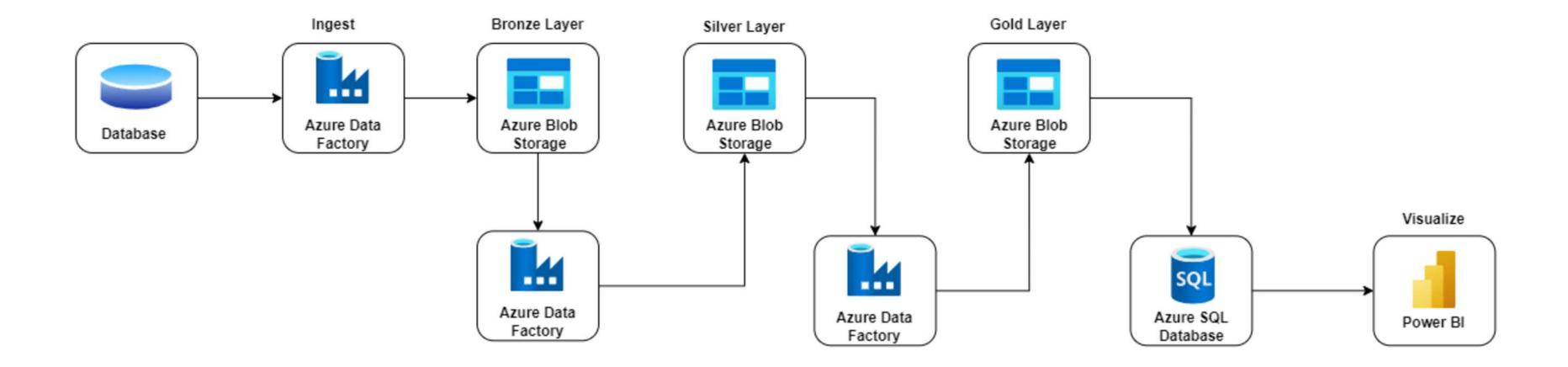
• Delta Lake



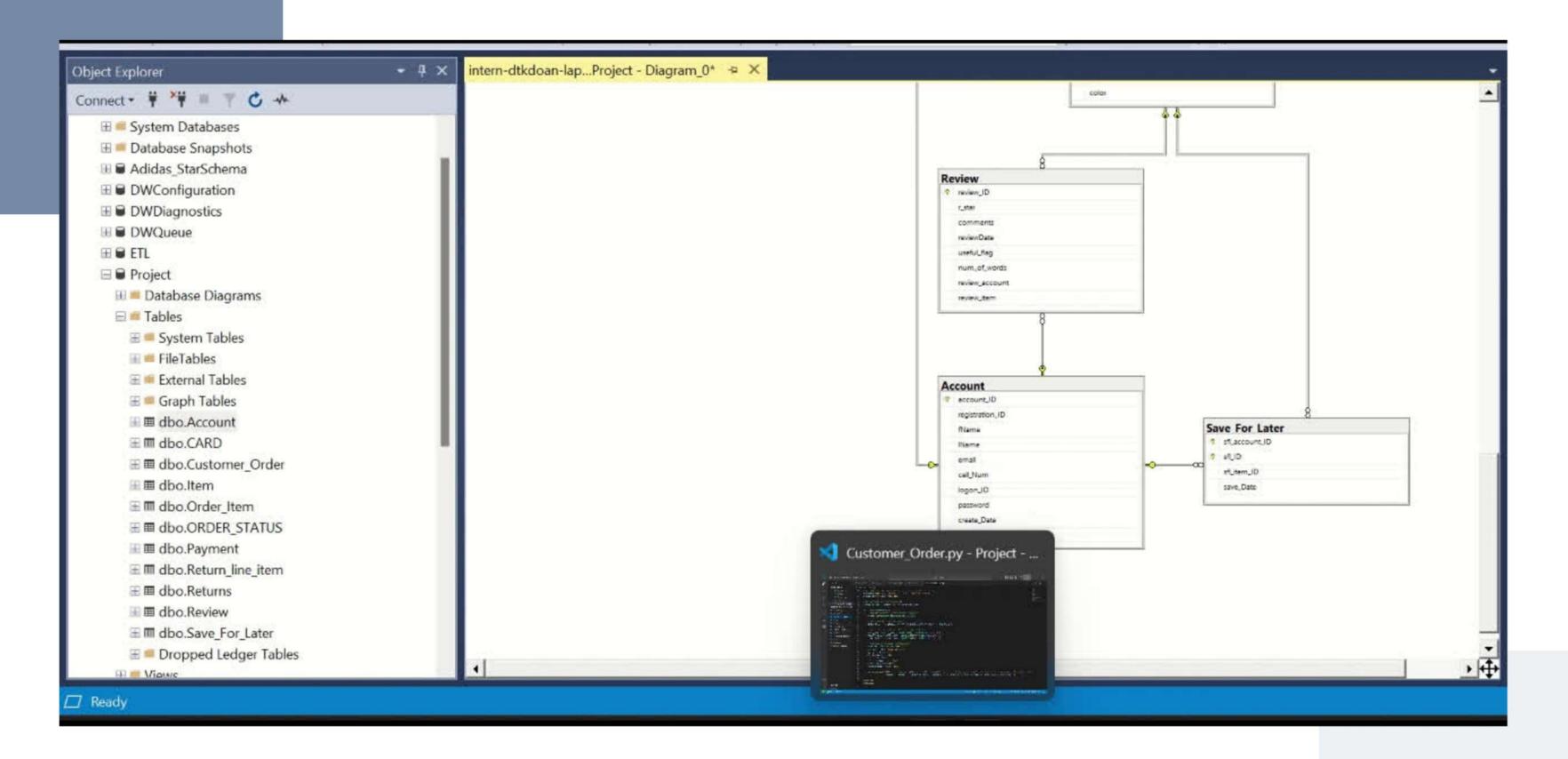
04. DEMO



DATA FLOW



04. DEMO



04. DEMO

