INVARIANT POINTS AND LINES ANSWER SHEET

Exercise 1:

the 2 equations can only be true if x=0 and y=0 so the invariant point is (0,0)

Exercise 2:

the 2 equations can only be true if >c=0 and y=0 so the invariant point is (0,0)

Exercise s:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 8 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5x + y \\ 8x + 3y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$5x + y = x$$

$$8x + y = x$$

$$8x + 3y = y$$

$$5x + y = x$$

$$8x + 3y = y$$

$$5x + 3y = y$$

$$8x + 3y = y$$

the invariant points would be on the line y = -4x and be of the form $(\lambda, -4\lambda)$

Exercise 4:

- a) i) all 3 dashed lines are invariant lines
 - ii) the 3 parallel dashed lines are invariant lines
- b) i) any line through (0,0) is an invariant line, so those in the form $y = \kappa \infty$
 - ii) any line perpendicular to the mirror line (y=x) inthis case) so those in the form y=-x+c or x+y=c.