#### AND INVERSE OF 2X2 MATRICES DETERMINANT ANSWER SHEET

#### Exercise 1:

a) 
$$(3 \times 5) - (2 \times 2) = 11$$

b) 
$$(6 \times 10) - (3 \times 2) = 54$$

e) 
$$(4 \times 2) - (10 \times 1) = -2$$

$$f)$$
  $(8\times3)-(10\times3)=-6$ 

# Exercise 2:

$$\alpha ) \frac{1}{11} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{11} & \frac{-2}{11} \\ \frac{-2}{11} & \frac{3}{11} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -5 \\ -1 & 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{-5}{5} \\ \frac{-1}{5} & \frac{10}{5} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & -1 \\ -\frac{1}{5} & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{10}{54} & \frac{-1}{18} \\ -\frac{1}{27} & \frac{1}{9} \end{pmatrix}$$

d) 
$$\frac{1}{5}\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{5} & \frac{-5}{5} \\ -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{5}{5} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ \frac{-4}{5} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

d) 
$$\frac{1}{5}\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -5 \\ -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{5} & \frac{-5}{5} \\ -\frac{4}{5} & \frac{5}{5} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -\frac{1}{4} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 e)  $\frac{1}{-2}\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -10 \\ -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{-2} & \frac{-10}{-2} \\ -\frac{1}{-2} & \frac{14}{-2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 5 \\ \frac{1}{2} & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ 

$$\frac{1}{-6} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -10 \\ -3 & 8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{-6} & \frac{-10}{-6} \\ \frac{-3}{-6} & \frac{8}{-6} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{5}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{-4}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

### Exercise 3:

$$c)(20 \times 1) - (4 \times 5) = 0$$

a, c, d are all 0 so the matrices are 'singular'. this means you cannot find the inverse of the matrix as I doesn't have one.

# Exercise 4:

$$\frac{1}{43} \begin{pmatrix} 7 - 2 \\ -3 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{7}{43} & \frac{-2}{43} \\ \frac{-3}{43} & \frac{7}{43} \end{pmatrix}$$

b) 
$$\frac{1}{45}\begin{pmatrix} 9 & -3 \\ -3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{45} & \frac{-3}{45} \\ \frac{-3}{45} & \frac{6}{45} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & \frac{-1}{15} \\ \frac{-1}{15} & \frac{2}{15} \end{pmatrix}$$

c) 
$$\frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -6 \\ -6 & 10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{4} & \frac{-6}{4} \\ \frac{-6}{4} & \frac{10}{4} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3}{2} \\ -\frac{3}{2} & \frac{6}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$