



Medical Image classifier

(Med-AI)

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MY LINKS:

[GITHUB](#) | [LINKEDIN](#) | [PROJECT](#) | [VIDEO](#)

Purpose

- Demonstrate how powerful AI can be.
- How AI can impact and save lives
- How AI can improve diagnosis with accuracy

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Research

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Frameworks

Tensorflow and Keras

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Purpose of Layers in models

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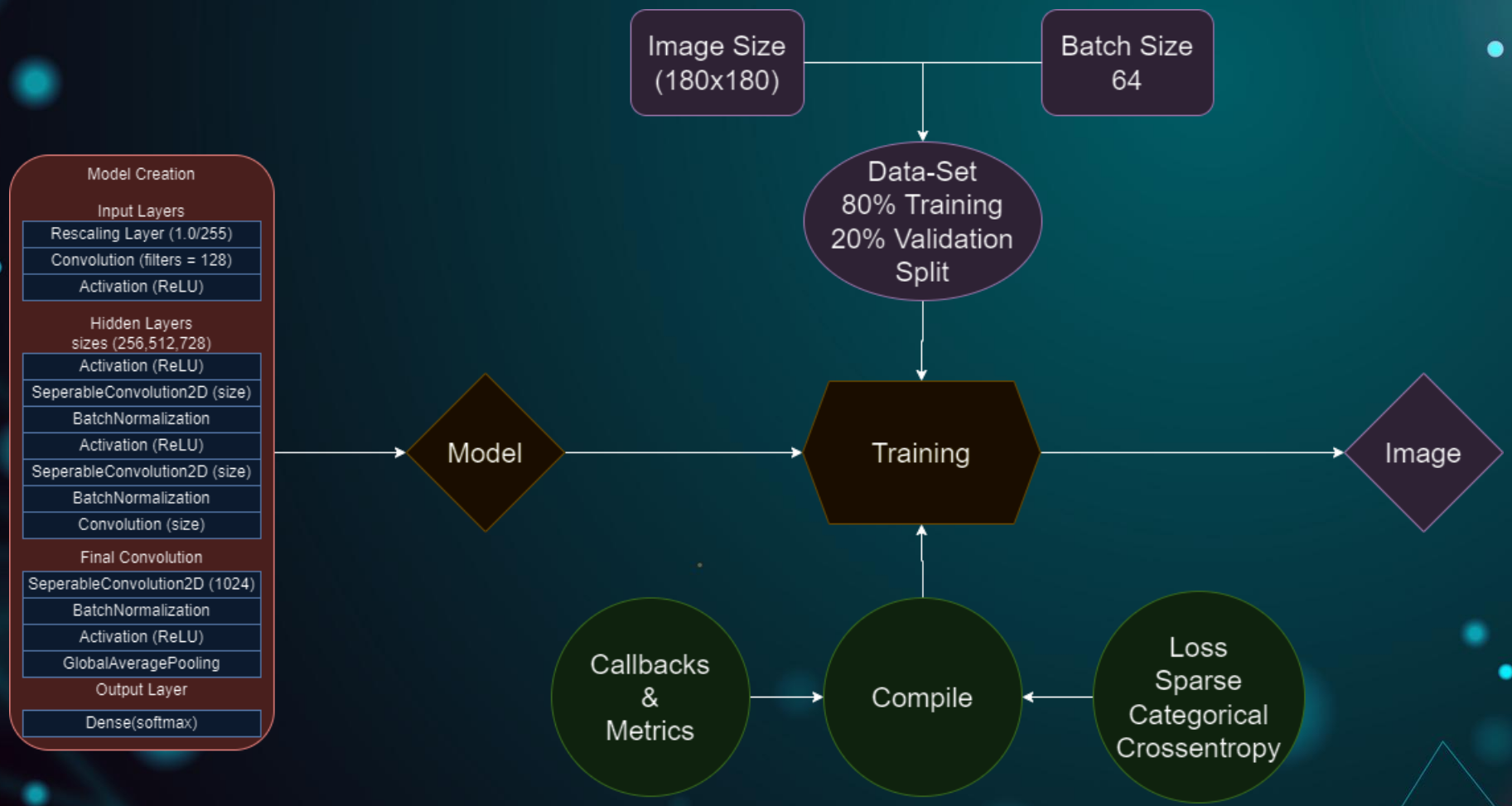
Activation

Sigmoid, Softmax, ReLU

E

Evaluation

How is a model evaluated



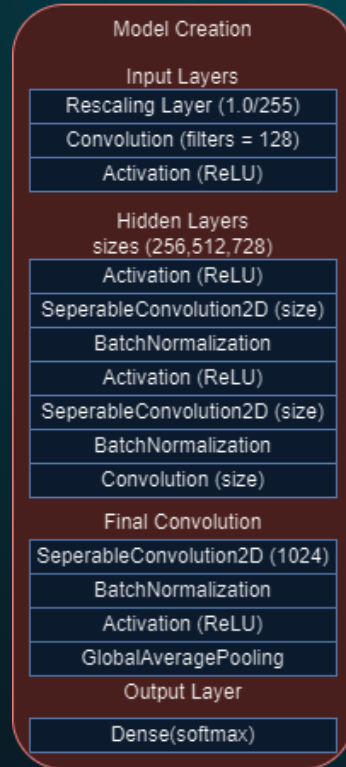
Model



Input Layers



Output Layer



Hidden Layers



Xception



Training



Process

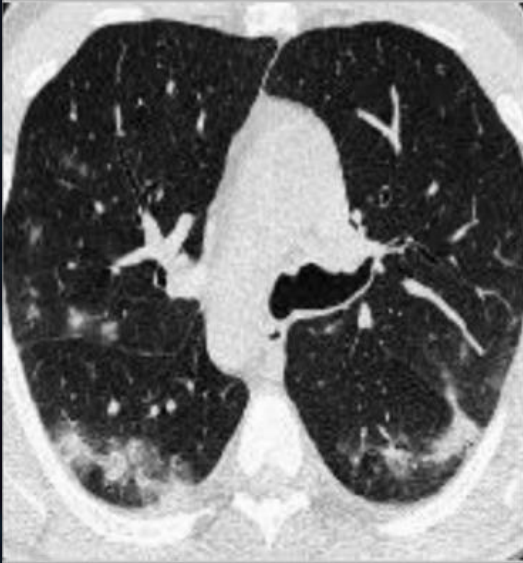
Data	Compile	Image
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• All images are preprocessed to ensure the highest quality of image is present then it gets resized to 180x180 pixels• Batch size of 64• Dataset gets split into 80% Training and 20% Validation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The data gets then compiled a loss called Sparse Categorical Crossentropy.• It uses callbacks such as early stopping to determine when the model is fully trained.• These callbacks use Metrics to determine how well the model is learning.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The Model then gets brought through epochs which are run-throughs of the data.• Once the early stopping function determines the model is satisfactory. This model then gets saved which can be used to predict images.

Results

X-ray Image of chest

Prediction: COVID

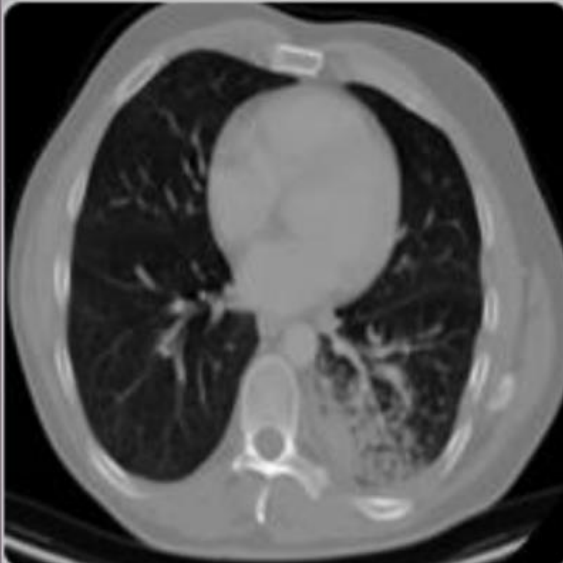
Confidence: 0.3521873950958252



CT Image of chest

Prediction: SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA

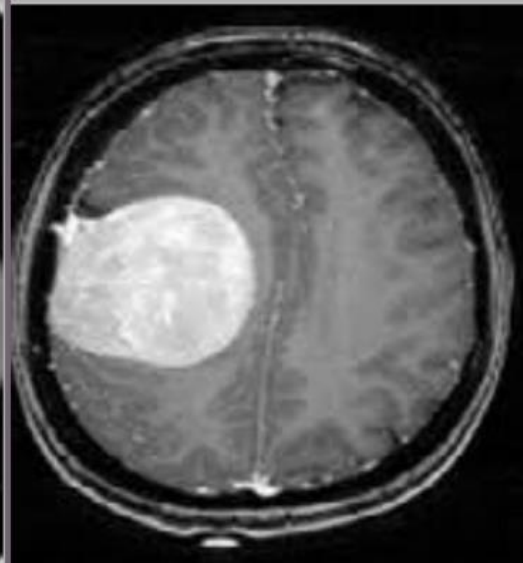
Confidence: 0.25303924083709717



MRI Image of brain

Prediction: TUMOR

Confidence: 0.4037858843803406



Organisation

First Burndown



Final Burndown



DEMO

Thank you

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