

Nama : Fifi Hermawan

Kelas : 2B

Nim : 20090066

1) A. Nested loop

a. Deklarasi package → ada → package Nested loop;

b. Import library → tidak ada

c. Bagian class → ada → public class no 2 {

d. Documentation section → tidak ada

e. Method main → ada → public static void main (String[] args) {

B. Array menggunakan looping

a. Deklarasi package → tidak ada

b. Import library → tidak ada

c. Bagian class → ada → public class array perulangan {

d. Documentation section → ada → // panjang array 3

e. Method main → ada → public static void main (String[] args) {

2.) Nested loop

package Nested loop;

public class nomor 2 {

public static void main (String[] args) {

int x, y;

for (x = 0; x <= y; x++) {

for (x = 0; y < x; y++) {

System.out.print (x);

}

System.out.println (" ");

}

}

}

penjelasan: output

x = 0; x <= y ? True → lanjut looping dalam

y = 0; 0 < 0 ? false → stop looping dalam

print ()

enter baris

x++; x = 0 + 1 = 1; x = 0 <= y ? True → lanjut looping dalam

y = 0; 0 < 1 ? True → print: x

x++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 1 ? false → stop looping dalam

print ()

x++; x = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 <= y ? True → lanjut looping dalam




```

y = 0; 0 < 2 ? True → print x
y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 2 ? True → print y
y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 2 ? false → stop looping dalam
print ()
y++; x = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 <= 4 ? True → lanjut looping dalam
y = 0; 0 < 3 ? True → print x
y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 3 ? True → print x
y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 3 ? True → print x
y++; y = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 < 3 ? false → stop looping dalam
print ()
y++; y = 3 + 1 = 4; 4 <= 4 ? True → lanjut looping dalam
y = 0; 0 < 4 ? True → print x
y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 4 ? True → print x
y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 4 ? True → print x
y++; y = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 < 4 ? True → print x
y++; y = 3 + 1 = 4; 4 < 4 ? false → stop looping dalam
print ()
x++; x = 4 + 1 = 5; 5 <= 4 ? false → stop looping dalam
print ()
end

```

Hasil = 1
22
333
4444

3.) array menggunakan looping

```

public class array perulangan3 {
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        String [] siswa = {"Rainan", "Odenna", "Geranno", }; // panjang array ?
        for (int i = 0; i < siswa.length; i++) {
            System.out.println ("indeks ke " + i + " = " + siswa [i]);
        }
    }
}

```

Penjelasan → siswa.length = 3
 i = 0 0 < 3 ? True → print "indeks ke " + i + " = " + siswa [i]
 output = indeks ke 0 = Rainan
 i++ ; i = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 3 ? True → print "indeks ke " + i + " = " + siswa [i]
 output = indeks ke 1 = Odenna



$i++$; $i = 1 + 1 = 2$; $2 < 3$? True \rightarrow print "indeks ke " + i + " = " + siswa [i]
output = indeks ke 2 = Geanno

$i++$; $i = 2 + 1 = 3$; $3 < 3$? false, stop array looping