

# **PRACTICAL FILE**

# **PROGRAMING IN PYTHON**



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## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

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# **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

## **1. Write a Program to find sum of two numbers.**

```
[ ] #program adds two numbers
    num1 = 93.6
    num2 = 78.89
    # Add two numbers
    sum = num1 + num2
    # Display the sum
    print('The sum of {0} and {1} is {2}'.format(num1, num2, sum))
```

The sum of 93.6 and 78.89 is 172.49

---

## **2. Write a Program to calculate area of rectangle.**

```
[ ] width=6
    height=4
    area=width*height
    print("Area of rectangle="+str(area))
```

Area of rectangle=24

---

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## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

### **3. Write a Program to find the simple interest.**

```
▶ # Simple interest in python
# Enter the amount
Amount = 1000
# Enter the number of years
Year = 23
# Enter the rate of interest
Rate = 2.9
# Calculate the simple interest
SI = (Amount*Year*Rate)/100
print("The simple interest is:", SI)
```

📄 The simple interest is: 667.0

---

### **4. Write a Program to enter two numbers and print the arithmetic operations. like +, -, \*, /, // and %.**

```
[ ] num1 = int(input("Enter first number: ")) # user input
num2 = int(input("Enter second number: ")) # user input
#Printing the result for all arithmetic operations
print("Addition: ", num1 + num2) # Addition
print("Subtraction: ", num1 - num2) # Subtraction
print("Multiplication: ", num1 * num2) # Multiplication
print("Division: ", num1 / num2) # simple Division
print("Floor Division: ", num1 // num2) # floor/ integer Division
print("Modulus: ", num1 % num2) # Modulus
print("Exponentiation: ", num1 ** num2) # Exponentiation
```

```
Enter first number: 67
Enter second number: 56
Addition: 123
Subtraction: 11
Multiplication: 3752
Division: 1.1964285714285714
Floor Division: 1
Modulus: 11
Exponentiation: 1820492739620332778518232025610612610279827112869643730930871333036160049705879923355440005299743818081
```

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

### **5. Write a program to find whether an inputted number is even or odd.**

```
[ ] # Python program to check if the input number is odd or even.  
# A number is even if division by 2 gives a remainder of 0.  
# If the remainder is 1, it is an odd number.  
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
if (num % 2) == 0:  
    print("{0} is Even".format(num))  
else:  
    print("{0} is Odd".format(num))
```

```
Enter a number: 57  
57 is Odd
```

---

### **6. Write a program to find the largest of three numbers.**

```
[ ] # Python program to find the largest number among the three input numbers  
# change the values of num1, num2 and num3  
# for a different result  
num1 = 778  
num2 = 934  
num3 = 934  
# uncomment following lines to take three numbers from user  
#num1 = float(input("Enter first number: "))  
#num2 = float(input("Enter second number: "))  
#num3 = float(input("Enter third number: "))  
if (num1 >= num2) and (num1 >= num3):  
    largest = num1  
elif (num2 >= num1) and (num2 >= num3):  
    largest = num2  
else:  
    largest = num3  
  
print("The largest number is", largest)
```

```
The largest number is 934
```

---

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

### **7. Write a Program to find sum of digits of a number.**

```
num = input("Enter Number: ")
sum = 0

for i in num:
    sum = sum + int(i)

print(sum)
```

```
Enter Number: 64
10
```

---

### **8. Write a Program to find reverse of the entered number.**

```
[ ] num = 63846
    reversed_num = 0

while num != 0:
    digit = num % 10
    reversed_num = reversed_num * 10 + digit
    num //= 10

print("Reversed Number: " + str(reversed_num))
```

```
Reversed Number: 64836
```

## PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)

### 9. Write a Program to enter the number of terms and to print the Fibonacci Series.

```
▶ # Program to display the Fibonacci sequence up to n-th term
nterms = int(input("How many terms? "))
# first two terms
n1, n2 = 0, 1
count = 0
# check if the number of terms is valid
if nterms <= 0:
    print("Please enter a positive integer")
# if there is only one term, return n1
elif nterms == 1:
    print("Fibonacci sequence upto",nterms,":")
    print(n1)
# generate fibonacci sequence
else:
    print("Fibonacci sequence:")
    while count < nterms:
        print(n1)
        nth = n1 + n2
        # update values
        n1 = n2
        n2 = nth
        count += 1
```

```
☞ How many terms? 10
Fibonacci sequence:
0
1
1
2
3
5
8
13
21
34
```

## PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)

**10. Write a Program to enter the string and to check if it's palindrome or not using loop.**

def str(n)

▶ # Program to check if a string is palindrome or not

```
my_str = 'aIbohPhoBiA'

# make it suitable for caseless comparison
my_str = my_str.casefold()

# reverse the string
rev_str = reversed(my_str)

# check if the string is equal to its reverse
if list(my_str) == list(rev_str):
    print("The string is a palindrome.")
else:
    print("The string is not a palindrome.")
```

▶ The string is a palindrome.

str(n) = str(l)

**11. Write a Program to check if a number is prime or not.**

▶ # Program to check if a number is prime or not

```
num = 63
# To take input from the user
#num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
# define a flag variable
flag = False
if num == 1:
    print(num, "is not a prime number")
elif num > 1:
    # check for factors
    for i in range(2, num):
        if (num % i) == 0:
            # if factor is found, set flag to True
            flag = True
            # break out of loop
            break
    # check if flag is True
    if flag:
        print(num, "is not a prime number")
    else:
        print(num, "is a prime number")
```

▶ 63 is not a prime number



## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

### **12. Write a program to find sum of n numbers using recursion.**

```
# Python program to find the sum of natural using recursive function

def recur_sum(n):
    if n <= 1:
        return n
    else:
        return n + recur_sum(n-1)

# change this value for a different result
num = 69

if num < 0:
    print("Enter a positive number")
else:
    print("The sum is",recur_sum(num))
```

☞ The sum is 2415

---

### **13. Write a program to find sum of array elements.**

```
[ ] #Initialize array
arr = [1, 9, 3, 3, 54];
sum = 0;

#Loop through the array to calculate sum of elements
for i in range(0, len(arr)):
    sum = sum + arr[i];

print("Sum of all the elements of an array: " + str(sum));

Sum of all the elements of an array: 70
```

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

### **14. Write a program to convert list into array.**

```
[ ] from array import array

# Initializing the list
list = [1, 4, 2, 9, 5]

# Printing the list
print("The list is : " + str(list))

res = array("i", list)

print("List after converting to array : " + str(res))
print("Type of data structure is :", type(res))
```

The list is : [1, 4, 2, 9, 5]  
List after converting to array : array('i', [1, 4, 2, 9, 5])  
Type of data structure is : <class 'array.array'>

---

### **15. Write a program find the factorial of the number using function.**

```
▶ def factorial(n):
    if n == 0 or n == 1:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * factorial(n - 1)

# Get input from the user
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))


# Call the factorial function
result = factorial(num)

# Print the result
print("The factorial of", num, "is", result)
```

↳ Enter a number: 15  
The factorial of 15 is 1307674368000

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

**16. Write a program to find the factorial of the number using recursion.**

```
 # Factorial of a number using recursion

def recur_factorial(n):
    if n == 1:
        return n
    else:
        return n*recur_factorial(n-1)

num = 10

# check if the number is negative
if num < 0:
    print("Sorry, factorial does not exist for negative numbers")
elif num == 0:
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1")
else:
    print("The factorial of", num, "is", recur_factorial(num))
```

The factorial of 10 is 3628800

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

### **17. Write a Program to store Employee Details using class.**

```
class Employee:
    """A class to represent an employee."""

    def __init__(self, name, designation, salary):
        """Initialize the employee's details."""
        self.name = name
        self.designation = designation
        self.salary = salary

    def print_details(self):
        """Print the employee's details."""
        print("Name:", self.name)
        print("Designation:", self.designation)
        print("Salary:", self.salary)

def main():
    """Create two employee objects and print their details."""
    employee1 = Employee("John Doe", "Software Engineer", 100000)
    employee2 = Employee("Jane Doe", "Manager", 200000)

    employee1.print_details()
    employee2.print_details()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

```
Name: John Doe
Designation: Software Engineer
Salary: 100000
Name: Jane Doe
Designation: Manager
Salary: 200000
```

**18. Write a program to define a class rectangle and calculate area and perimeter of rectangle.**

```
▶ class Rectangle:
    def __init__(self, length, width):
        self.length = length
        self.width = width

    def calculate_area(self):
        return self.length * self.width

    def calculate_perimeter(self):
        return 2 * (self.length + self.width)
# Create a rectangle with length 4 and width 5
my_rectangle = Rectangle(4, 5)

# Calculate and print the area
area = my_rectangle.calculate_area()
print("Area:", area)

# Calculate and print the perimeter
perimeter = my_rectangle.calculate_perimeter()
print("Perimeter:", perimeter)
```

```
□> Area: 20
    Perimeter: 18
```

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**

**19. Write a program to create a class student and display the of student that include name roll no, course, average marks also count the number of students.**

```
class Student:
    count = 0 # Class variable to count the number of students

    def __init__(self, name, roll_no, course, avg_marks):
        self.name = name
        self.roll_no = roll_no
        self.course = course
        self.avg_marks = avg_marks
        Student.count += 1

    def display(self):
        print("Name:", self.name)
        print("Roll No:", self.roll_no)
        print("Course:", self.course)
        print("Average Marks:", self.avg_marks)

# Example usage:
student1 = Student("John", "13", "BCA", 85)
student2 = Student("DON", "14", "BCA", 92)

# Display student information
student1.display()
student2.display()

# Count the number of students
print("Number of students:", Student.count)
```

```
☞ Name: John
Roll No: 13
Course: BCA
Average Marks: 85
Name: DON
Roll No: 14
Course: BCA
Average Marks: 92
Number of students: 2
```

## PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)

**20. Write a Program to perform reading and writing operation in a text file.**

```
def write_to_file(filename, data):  
    with open(filename, "w") as f:  
        f.write(data)  
  
def read_from_file(filename):  
    with open(filename, "r") as f:  
        data = f.read()  
    return data  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    data = "This is some data to write to a file."  
    write_to_file("data.txt", data)  
    data = read_from_file("data.txt")  
    print(data)
```

➤ This is some data to write to a file.

## **PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH PYTHON(BCA)**