

# Inverting Stacks (A)

Code the following function:

```
template <typename T>
void invertBase(Stack<T> &s, int m);
```

which receives a stack  $s$  and an integer value  $m$  ( $0 \leq m \leq s.size()$ ) and modifies  $s$ , so that the  $m$  values on top of the stack remain in the same order, and the  $p.size() - m$  values at the bottom of the stack are inverted.

In order to code this function, you can only use the linear ADTs seen in class (not arrays).

## Input

The input has several test cases in separate lines. Each test case contains the number of elements of the stack, the value of  $m$  and the values stored in the stack, starting from the element at the top. The input ends when the number of elements in the stack is -1.

## Output

For each test case, the output must be the elements of the stack (separated by blanks), starting from the element at the top, after inverting the  $m$  elements at the bottom.

## Sample input

```
3 0 1 2 3
3 1 1 2 3
3 2 1 2 3
3 3 1 2 3
-1
```

## Sample output

```
3 2 1
1 3 2
1 2 3
1 2 3
```

## Notes

This exercise must be understood in the context of the *Data Structures and Algorithms* course, FDI-UCM 2016/2017 (prof. Gonzalo Méndez). Therefore, the only valid solutions are those that use the concepts studied in this course. Additional remarks may be provided in class.