

Solution of question 9.3.8

Gagan Singla - EE22BTECH11021

Question: Five cards are drawn successively with replacement from a well-shuffled deck of 52 cards. What is the probability that

- (a) all the five cards are spades?
- (b) only 3 cards are spades?
- (c) none is a spade?

Solution: Let us define:

Parameter	Value	Description
n	5	number of cards drawn
p	$\frac{1}{4}$	drawing a spade card
q	$\frac{3}{4}$	drawing any other card
$\mu = np$	$\frac{5}{4}$	mean of the distribution
$\sigma^2 = npq$	$\frac{15}{16}$	variance of the distribution

(i) Gaussian Distribution

Lets define a random variable Y which represents the number of spade cards drawn.

$$Y = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\} \quad (1)$$

The gaussian distribution function is defined as:

$$p_Y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \quad (x \in Y) \quad (2)$$

The central limit theorem states that we can take a random variable Z such that,

$$Z \approx \frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} \quad (3)$$

Now, Z is a random variable with $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$. Hence, the gaussian distribution function changes to:

$$p_Z(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \quad (x \in Z) \quad (4)$$

(a) If we consider all cards to be spades,

$$Y = 5 \quad (5)$$

$$Z \approx \frac{5 - \frac{5}{4}}{\sqrt{\frac{15}{16}}} \approx \sqrt{15} \quad (6)$$

Substituting values in (4),

$$p_Z(\sqrt{15}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{15}{2}} \quad (7)$$

$$= 0.0001245 \quad (8)$$

(b) If we consider 3 cards to be spades,

$$Y = 3 \quad (9)$$

$$Z \approx \frac{3 - \frac{5}{4}}{\sqrt{\frac{15}{16}}} \approx \frac{7}{\sqrt{15}} \quad (10)$$

Substituting values in (4),

$$p_Z\left(\frac{7}{\sqrt{15}}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{49}{30}} \quad (11)$$

$$= 0.044 \quad (12)$$

(c) If we consider 0 cards to be spades,

$$Y = 0 \quad (13)$$

$$Z \approx -\frac{5}{\sqrt{15}} \quad (14)$$

Substituting values in (4),

$$p_Z\left(-\frac{5}{\sqrt{15}}\right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{5}{6}} \quad (15)$$

$$= 0.0978 \quad (16)$$

(ii) Gaussian vs Binomial Comparison

Y	Gaussian	Binomial
0	0.0978	0.2373
3	0.044	0.08789
5	0.0001245	0.00098

(iii) Binomial vs Gaussian Graph

