# Assignment-12

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## Question

### Question

The random variable X has the Erlang density f(x)  $c^4.x^3.e^{-cx}$ . We observe the samples  $X_i = 3.1, 3.4.3.3$  Find the ML estimate c.

#### Question

Lets generalize and find ML.Lets take for n random values the p.d.f will be

$$f(x,c) = c^4 x^3 e^{-cx} (1)$$

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, ...x_n, c) = c^{4n}.(x_1...x_n)^3.e^{-nc\hat{x}}$$
 (2)

#### Solution

Where  $\hat{x}$  is the mean of random variable X.

Now to find ML of this function partially differentiate it w.r.t c.

$$\frac{\partial f(X,c)}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial c^{4n}.(x_1..x_n)^3.e^{-n^c\hat{x}}}{\partial c} \qquad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial f(X,c)}{\partial c} = n.c^{4n-1}.x^3e^{-cn\hat{x}}(4-c\hat{x}) \qquad (4)$$

$$\frac{\partial f(X,c)}{\partial c} = n.c^{4n-1}.x^3 e^{-cn\hat{x}} (4 - c\hat{x}) \tag{4}$$

#### Solution

for ML equate partial differentiation to zero and that value is the estimate of c,

$$n.c^{4n-1}.x^3e^{-cn\hat{x}}(4-c\hat{x}) = 0 (5)$$

$$4 - c\hat{x} = 0 \tag{6}$$

$$c = \frac{4}{\hat{x}} \tag{7}$$

#### Solution

given  $X_i = 3.1, 3.4.3.3,$ 

$$\hat{x} = \frac{3.1 + 3.3 + 3.4}{3} \tag{8}$$

$$\hat{x} = 3.27 \tag{9}$$

Now,

$$c = \frac{4}{\hat{x}} \tag{10}$$

$$c = \frac{x}{4} \tag{11}$$

$$c = 1.224.$$
 (12)